学习UILabel

```
1
2
    #import "ViewController.h"
3
    #import <CoreText/CoreText.h>
   @interface ViewController ()
4
5
   @property (strong, nonatomic) UILabel *label;
6
7
   @property (strong, nonatomic) UILabel *MuTabelLabel;
8
9
   @end
10
11
   @implementation ViewController
12
13
    - (void)viewDidLoad {
14
15
    [super viewDidLoad];
16
    /*-----设置Label基本属性------
17
    */
18
19
   ### 初始化,设置坐标
20
21
    self.label = [[UILabel alloc] initWithFrame:CGRectMake(25, 200, 325, 100
22
   )];
23
   //设置Label文字
24
25
   self.label.text = @"今天天气真冷,天气又要降温了,大家要注意保暖啊";
26
   //设置Label文字格式(居中对齐等)
27
    self.label.textAlignment = NSTextAlignmentCenter;
28
29
   //设置Label的行数(默认是1)
30
   self.label.numberOfLines = 2;
31
32
33
   //设置Label文字颜色
34
    self.label.textColor = [UIColor orangeColor];
35
   //设置Label的背景颜色
36
    self.label.backgroundColor = [UIColor grayColor];
37
38
   //设置Label的文字的阴影颜色
39
    self.label.shadowColor = [UIColor cyanColor];
40
41
   //设置Label文字的阴影部分的偏移量
42
    self.label.shadowOffset = CGSizeMake(5, 30);
43
44
```

```
//默认是NSLineBreakByTruncatingTail。用于单和多行文本
45
    self.label.lineBreakMode = NSLineBreakByTruncatingTail;
46
47
48
    NSLineBreakByWordWrapping = 0,//以空格为边界,保留单词(包装在单词边界)
    NSLineBreakByCharWrapping, //保留整个字符(包装在字符边界)
49
    NSLineBreakByClipping, //简单剪裁, 到边界为止
50
   NSLineBreakByTruncatingHead, //按照".....文字"显示
51
   NSLineBreakByTruncatingTail, //按照"文字....."显示
52
    NSLineBreakByTruncatingMiddle //按照"文字.....文字"显示
53
54
55
56
    //启用用户交互(触发touchBegan)
    self.label.userInteractionEnabled = YES;
57
58
   //更改标签如何绘制 (默认是YES)
59
    self.label.enabled = YES;
60
61
    /*-----设置Label自动版式,属性文本的设置-----
62
63
    */
64
65
   //属性字符串
    NSMutableAttributedString *String = [[NSMutableAttributedString alloc] i
66
    nitWithString:@"忽如一夜春风来, 千树万树梨花开"];
67
68
69
    //设置属性字符串的字体大小(方法1) add方法
70
    [String addAttribute:NSFontAttributeName value:[UIFont systemFontOfSize:
71
    12 range: NSMakeRange(3, 4);
72
73
    //设置属性字符串的颜色(方法2)set方法
74
    [String setAttributes: [NSDictionary dictionaryWithObjectsAndKeys: [UIColo
75
    r redColor, NSForegroundColorAttributeName, nil range: NSMakeRange(0, 4)
76
77
    //设置属性字符串的下划线样式、需要导入<CoreText/CoreText.h>头文件
78
    [String addAttribute:(NSString *)kCTUnderlineStyleAttributeName value:(i
79
    d) [NSNumber numberWithInt:kCTUnderlineStyleDouble] range: NSMakeRange(0,
80
    9)];
81
82
83
    //初始化一个新的Label
    self.MuTabelLabel = [[UILabel alloc] initWithFrame:CGRectMake(25, 400, 3
84
85
    25, 100)];
    self.MuTabelLabel.backgroundColor = [UIColor cyanColor];
86
87
88
    //给Label添加属性文本
89
    self.MuTabelLabel.attributedText = String;
90
91
   //设置对齐基线,默认是否定的。如果是的,文本将缩小minFontSize基线
    self.MuTabelLabel.adjustsFontSizeToFitWidth = YES;
92
```

```
/* UIBaselineAdjustmentAlignBaselines //文本最上端与Label中线对齐, 默认值
    UIBaselineAdjustmentAlignCenters //文本中线与Label中线对齐
94
    UIBaselineAdjustmentNone //文本最下端与Label中线对齐
95
96
97
    //UILabel接受的最小字体
98
    self.MuTabelLabel.minimumScaleFactor = 12;
99
100
101
    //当父试图的interaction置为NO,子控件,子试图的也不会触发
102
    self.view.userInteractionEnabled = YES;
103
    104
105
    ----*/
106
107
    //加载到视图中
108
    // [self.view addSubview:self.label];
109
110
    [self.view addSubview:self.MuTabelLabel];
111
    }
112
113
    //响应者链 : 如果父试图的userInteractionEnable置为NO, 那么子试图变无法响应(响应
114
    者链的原理)
115
    - (void)touchesBegan:(NSSet *)touches withEvent:(UIEvent *)event
116
    {
    NSLog(@"%@",[touches valueForKey:@"view"]);
    - (void)didReceiveMemoryWarning {
    [super didReceiveMemoryWarning];
    // Dispose of any resources that can be recreated.
    }
    @end
```