

TUTORIAL - 11

Q1 <p>Determine the channel capacity of Binary Symmetric Channel and discuss the following case:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ When channel is noise -free, $p = 0$, ➤ When channel is noisy and $p = 1/2$ ➤ When channel is 100 % noisy and $p = 1$ 	Q2 <p>For an audio communication channel, the SNR is 10 dB, and the transmission bandwidth is 3.2 kHz. What will be the channel capacity and Shannon Limit</p>	Q3 <p>Consider a DMS X with symbols $x_i, i = 1,2,3,4$. Following are the four possible binary codes:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th>x_i</th><th>Code A</th><th>Code B</th><th>Code C</th><th>Code D</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x_1</td><td>00</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr> <td>x_2</td><td>01</td><td>10</td><td>11</td><td>100</td></tr> <tr> <td>x_3</td><td>10</td><td>11</td><td>100</td><td>110</td></tr> <tr> <td>x_4</td><td>11</td><td>110</td><td>110</td><td>111</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(a) Determine which codes are prefix code by using Kraft inequality. (b) Determine which codes are uniquely decodable.</p>	x_i	Code A	Code B	Code C	Code D	x_1	00	0	0	0	x_2	01	10	11	100	x_3	10	11	100	110	x_4	11	110	110	111	Q4 <p>Consider a DMS X has five symbols x_1 to x_5 with probabilities 0.4, 0.19, 0.16, 0.15, and 0.1. construct a Huffman code and determine the efficiency of code</p>
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x_2	01	10	11	100																								
x_3	10	11	100	110																								
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