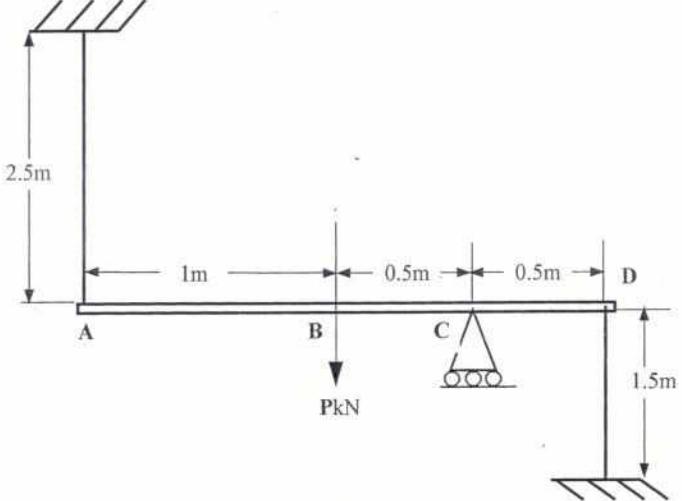
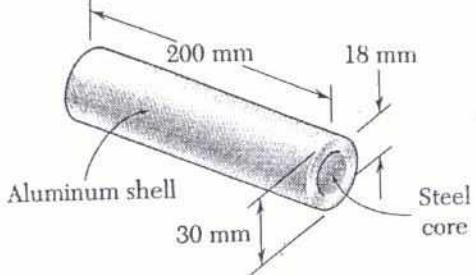


**Thapar University, Patiala**  
**Mid Semester Examination**

B. E. (Second Year): Semester-II (2016/17) (COE, SEM, CML, CAG, ECE, ENC)	Course Code: UES010 Course Name: Solids and Structures
March 21, 2017	Tuesday, 08.00 – 10.00 Hrs
Duration: 2 Hours	Name Of Faculty: RSQ, SHG, NG, SHR, APH, DJ, GB, SB, RG, DN
M. Marks: 50	

**Note:** Attempt all questions. Assume missing data suitably (if any). Please mention the page number for each question on the answer booklet.

Q1	<p>The pin connected assembly, as shown in <b>Figure 1</b>, consists of rigid beam ABCD and two supporting bars. Bar (1) of 2.5 m is made up of bronze alloy (<math>E = 105 \text{ GPa}</math>) with a cross sectional area of <math>A_1 = 290 \text{ mm}^2</math>. Bar (2) of 1.5 m is made up of aluminium alloy (<math>E = 70 \text{ GPa}</math>) with a cross sectional area of <math>A_2 = 650 \text{ mm}^2</math>. If a load of <math>P = 30 \text{ kN}</math> is applied at B. Determine:</p> <p>(a) The normal stresses in both bars (1) and (2)  (b) The downward deflection of point A on the rigid bar</p> 	12
Q2	<p>The assembly consists of an aluminium shell (<math>E_{al} = 73 \text{ GPa}</math>, <math>\alpha_{al} = 23.2 \times 10^{-6} /{}^\circ\text{C}</math>) fully bonded to a steel core (<math>E_s = 200 \text{ GPa}</math>, <math>\alpha_s = 11.7 \times 10^{-6} /{}^\circ\text{C}</math>) and is unstressed as shown in <b>Figure 2</b>. The rise in temperature of the assembly is <math>64 {}^\circ\text{C}</math>. Calculate the stresses in the aluminium shell and steel core due to the rise in temperature.</p> 	8

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10

- Q3 The compound shaft consisting of steel and aluminium segments carries two torques, as shown in **Figure 3**. Determine the maximum permissible values of  $T$  subject to the following design conditions:  $\tau_{st} \leq 80 \text{ MPa}$ ,  $\tau_{al} \leq 55 \text{ MPa}$  and  $\theta \leq 6^\circ$  (where  $\theta$  is the angle of rotation at the free end). Use  $G = 83 \text{ GPa}$  for steel and  $G = 28 \text{ GPa}$  for aluminium.

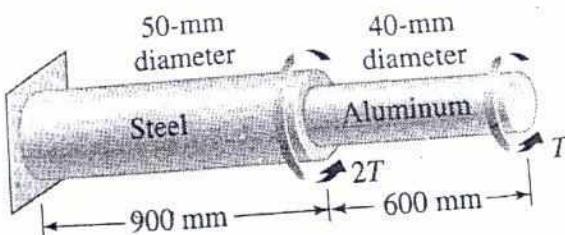


Figure 3

- Q4 A bar of cross section 100 mm x 150 mm is extended by 0.025 mm on a length of 4 m when a tensile load of 10kN is applied. Find the Euler's critical load of this bar when used as a column with one end fixed and other end hinged.

6

- Q5 Construct the Shear force and Bending moment diagram for the beam as shown in **Figure 4**. Also, mark all the salient points in the diagram.

14

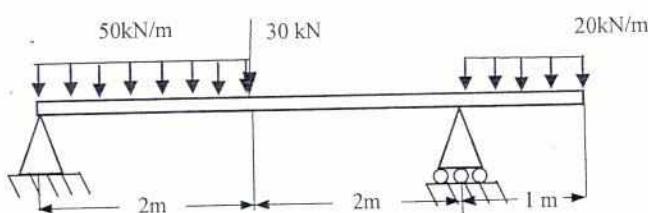


Figure 4

END

PTO