



Engineering Design – II (Buggy)

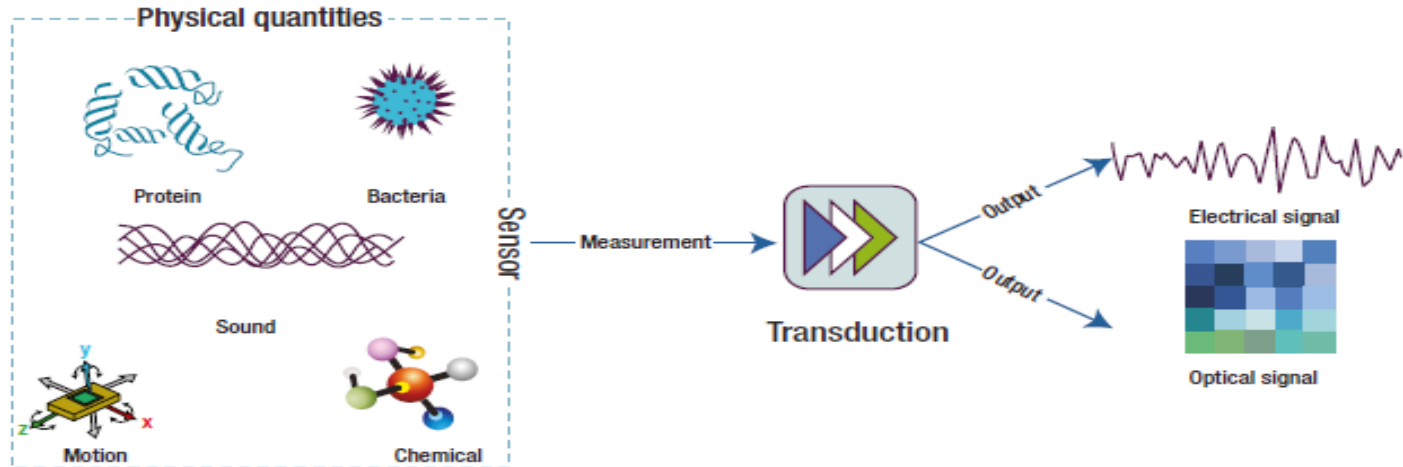
<https://sites.google.com/thapar.edu/buggy/home>

Introduction to Sensors

Dr. Ashutosh Mishra

What is a sensor?

- A device that receives a stimulus and responds with an electrical signal.
- A special type of transducer (device that converts one type of energy into another).



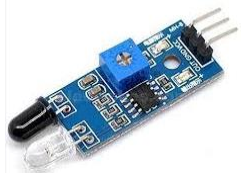
Common Sensors

- ▶ Mechanical
 - Accelerometers: measure acceleration forces
 - Gyroscopes: useful for measuring or maintaining orientation.
- ▶ Optical
 - Photodetectors: Detect light
 - Infrared: emitting and/or detecting infrared radiation
 - Gas
 - Temperature
 - Magnetic

Sensors to be used in this course

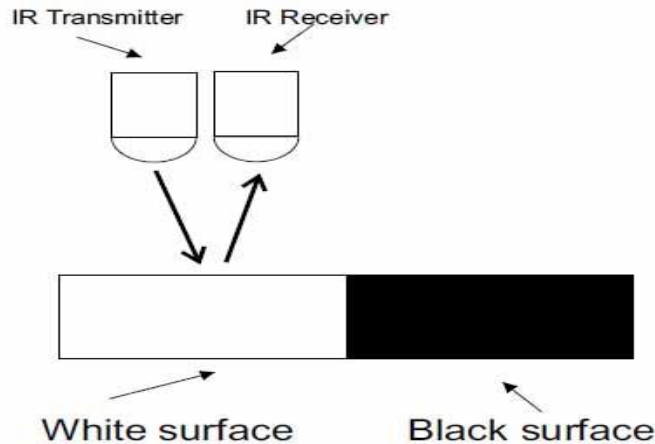
- Infra Red (IR) Sensor
- Ultrasonic Sensor
- Pulse Receiver
- Zig-Bee module (For inter buggy and Command centre communication)

IR- SENSOR

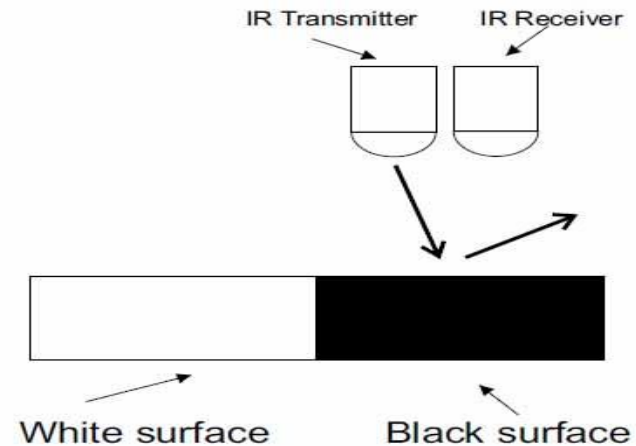


- ▶ IR sensor basically works on intensity of light
- ▶ RGB code for white is (255,255,255) and for Black is (0,0,0)

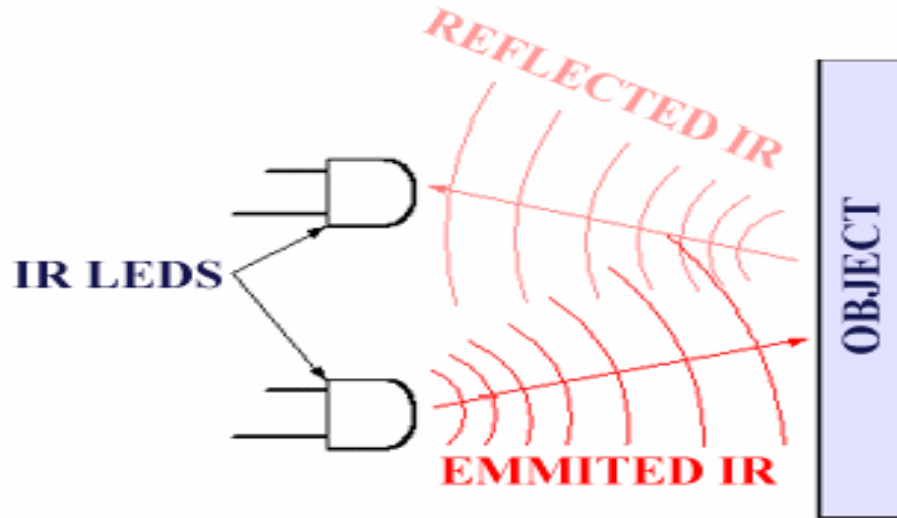
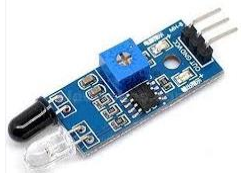
Light Reflected by White Surface



Light Reflected by Black Surface

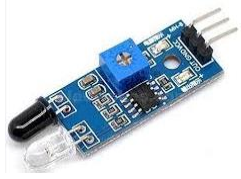


IR LEDS



- ▶ IR-LED -Tx
- ▶ PD - Rx

IR LED

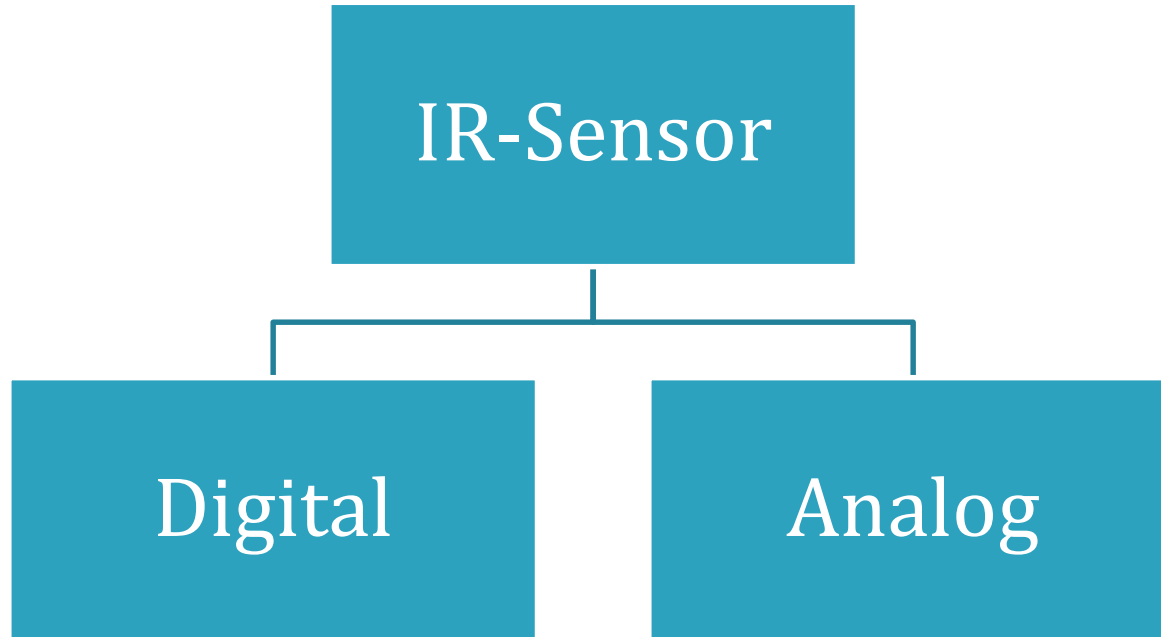
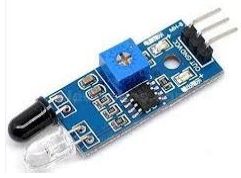


- ▶ IR-LED work similar to normal LED
- ▶ IR-LED transmit infrared light
- ▶ IR light is not visible to our naked eye
- ▶ IR light is detected by Photodiode

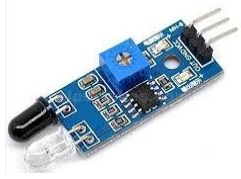
PHOTODIODE (PD)

- ▶ How **PD** work ?
- ▶ PD generate the voltage depending on the intensity of light

TYPES OF IR-SENSOR

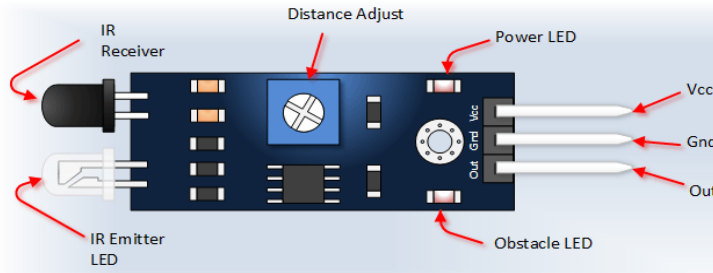
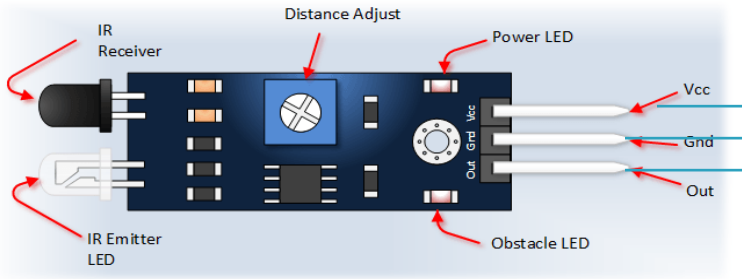


TYPES OF IR-SENSOR

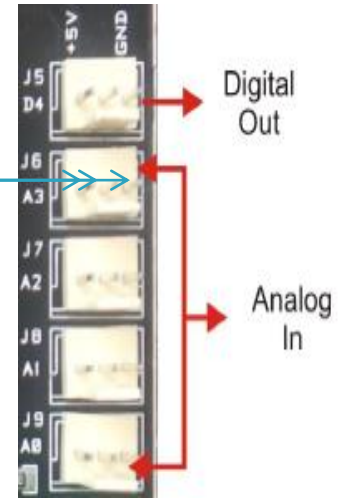


- ▶ **Digital** – In digital sensor output is digital (**High** or **Low**).
- ▶ **Analog** – In analog sensor detection depend on intensity of light received.

IR-SENSOR MODULE PIN-OUT

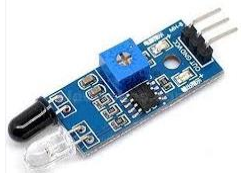


ANALOG INPUT PORT IN BUGGY



In some module output is middle pin while in other its sideline pin. Extra caution is required to attach these pins to Arduino.

IR SENSOR IN ARDUINO



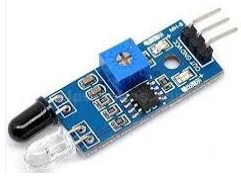
```
int r1;  
int r2;  
int r3;  
int r4;  
void setup() {  
  Serial.begin(9600);  
  pinMode(A1,INPUT);  
  pinMode(A3,INPUT);  
}
```

```
void loop() {  
  r1=analogRead(A1);  
  r2=analogRead(A3);  
  r3=digitalRead(A1);  
  r4=digitalRead(A3);  
  Serial.println(r1);  
  Serial.print("\t");  
  Serial.println(r2);  
  Serial.print("\t");  
  Serial.println(r3);  
  Serial.print("\t");  
  Serial.println(r4);  
}
```

```
if(r1==LOW&&r2==LOW)
{
    digitalWrite(pin5,HIGH);
    digitalWrite(pin6,LOW);
    digitalWrite(pin7,LOW);
    digitalWrite(pin8,HIGH);

}
if(r1==HIGH&&r2==LOW)
{
    digitalWrite(pin5,LOW);
    digitalWrite(pin6,HIGH);
    digitalWrite(pin7,HIGH);
    digitalWrite(pin8,LOW);

}
```



Forward



Right



```
if(r1==LOW&&r2==HIGH)
{
    digitalWrite(pin5,HIGH);
    digitalWrite(pin6,LOW);
    digitalWrite(pin7,LOW);
    digitalWrite(pin8,HIGH);
}
if(r1==HIGH&&r2==HIGH)
{
    digitalWrite(pin5,HIGH);
    digitalWrite(pin6,LOW);
    digitalWrite(pin7,LOW);
    digitalWrite(pin8,HIGH);
}
}
```



Left



Forward



Thanks