



Course: Computer and Communication Networks

Topic: Techniques to Improve QoS

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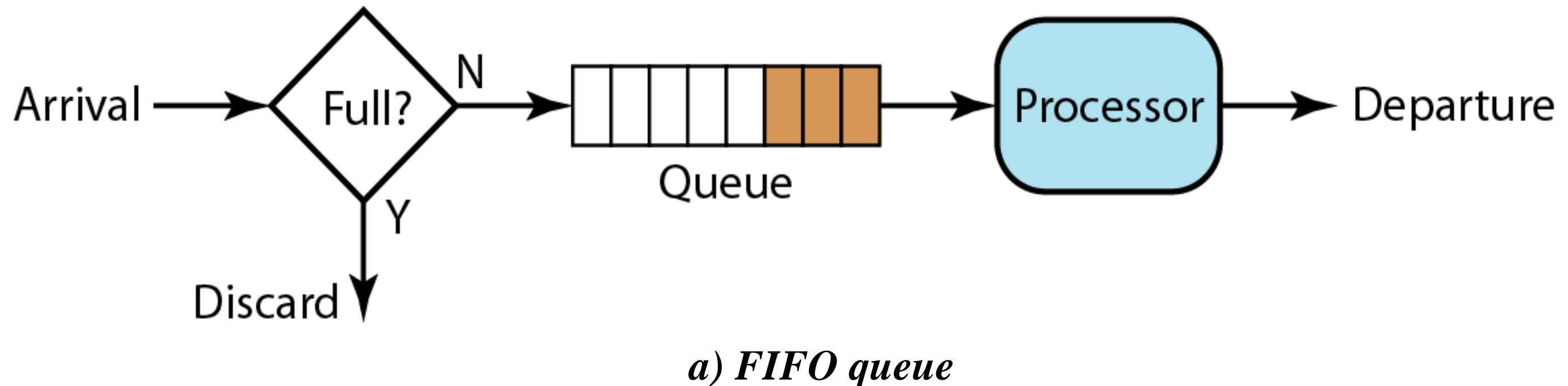
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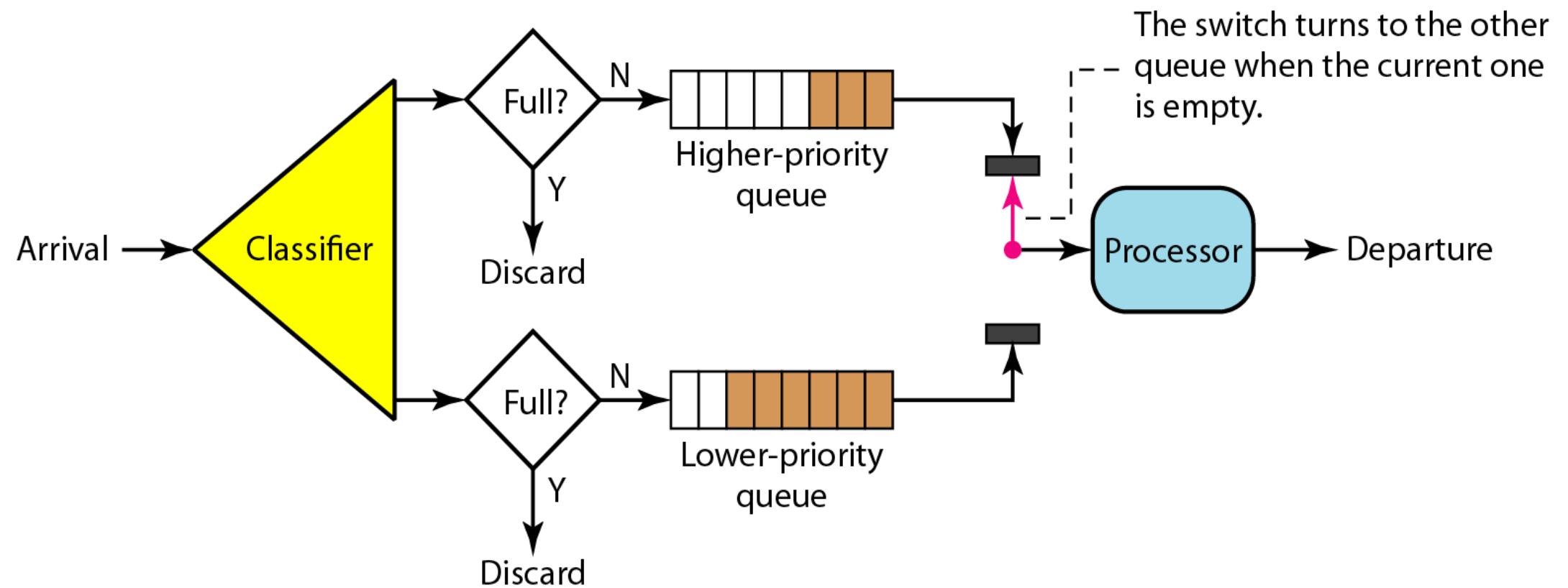
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TECHNIQUES TO IMPROVE QoS

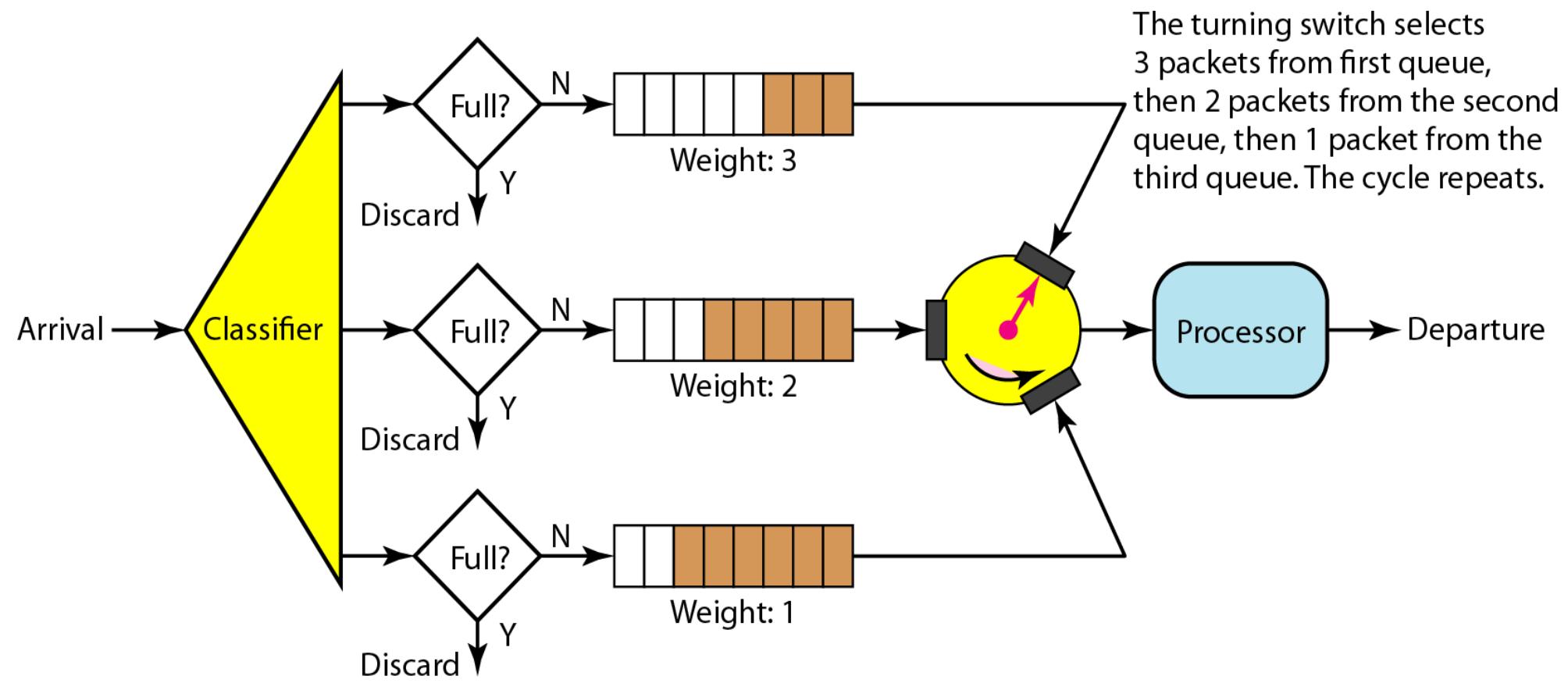
1. Scheduling



b) Priority queuing

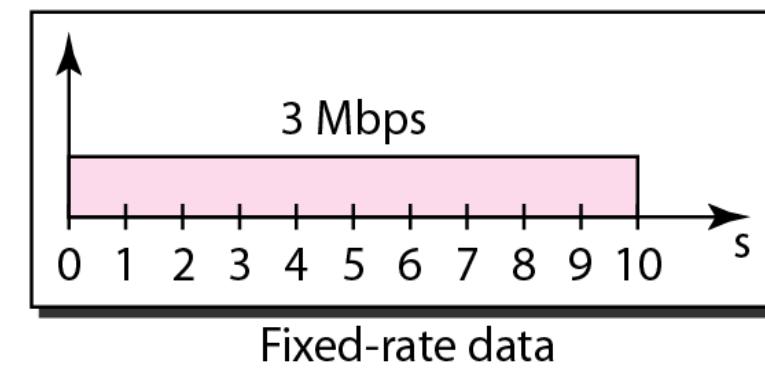
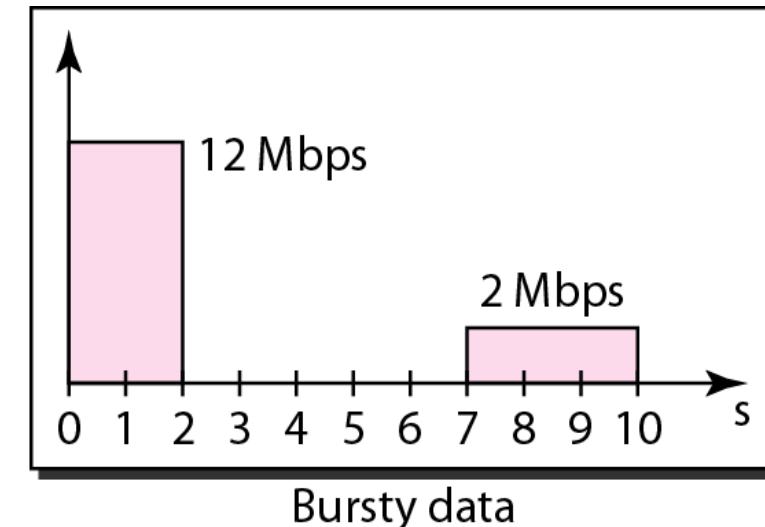
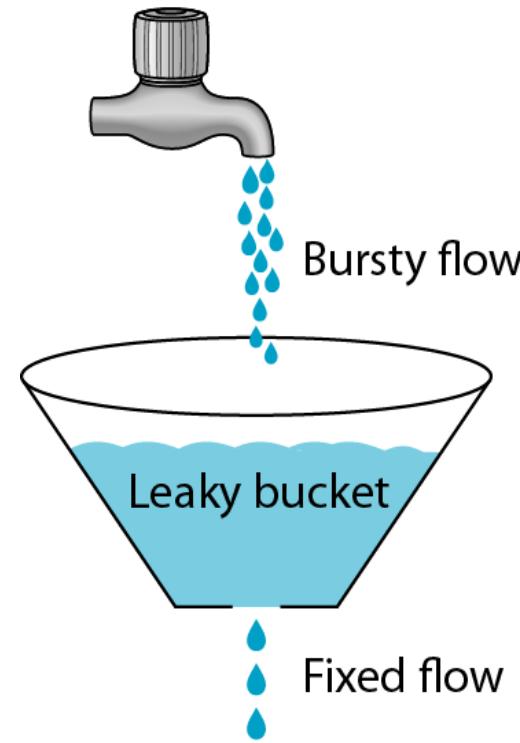


c) Weighted fair queuing

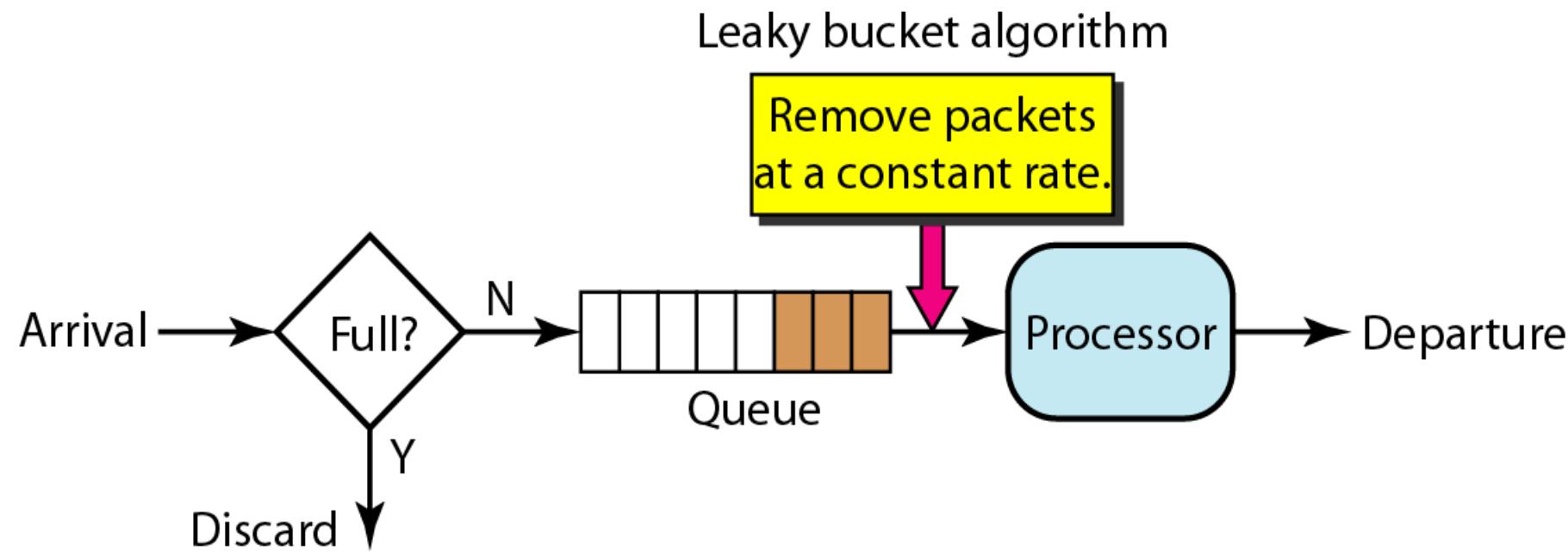


2. Traffic Shaping

a) Leaky bucket

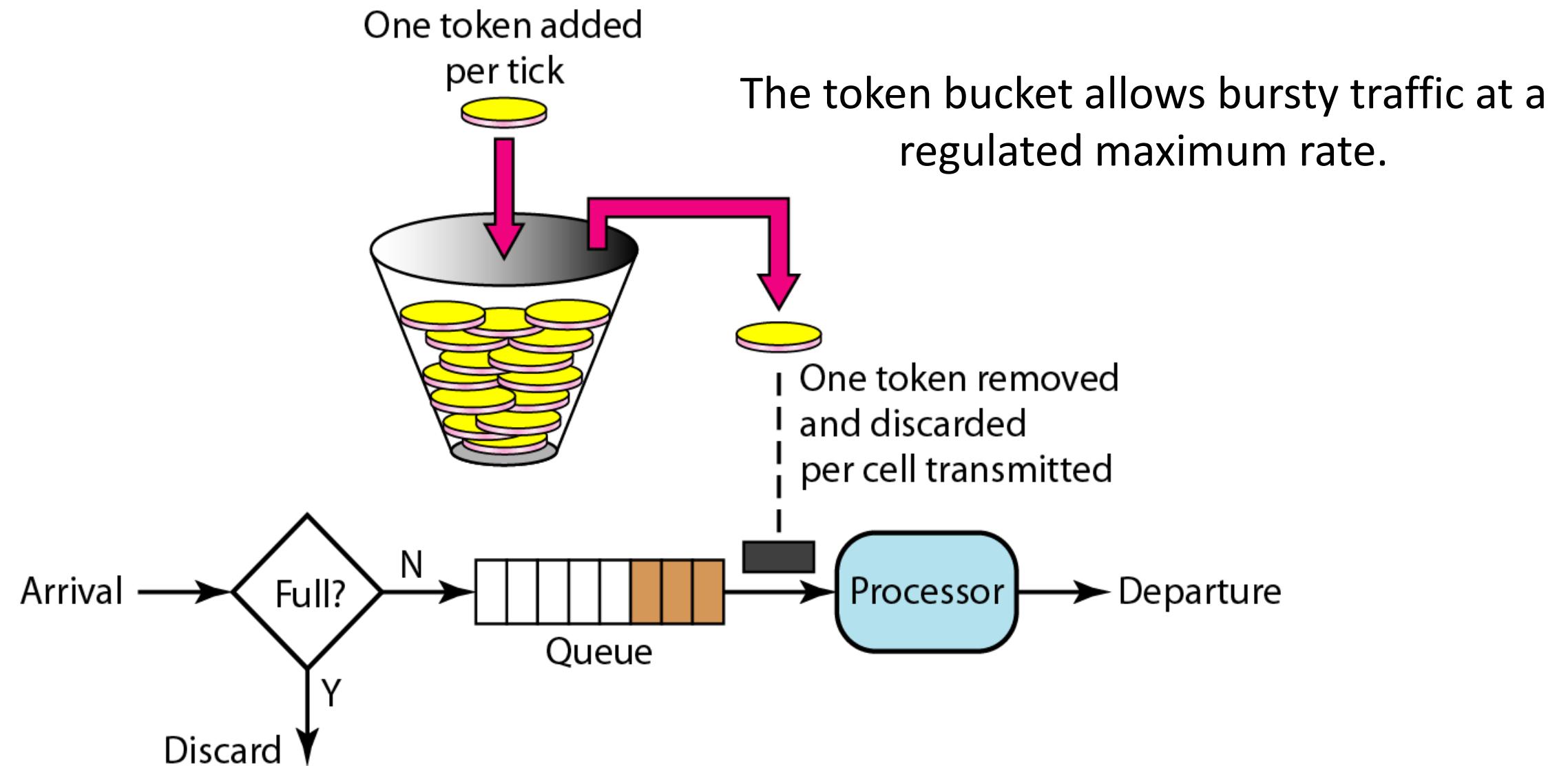


b) Leaky bucket implementation



A leaky bucket algorithm shapes bursty traffic into fixed-rate traffic by averaging the data rate. It may drop the packets if the bucket is full.

c) Token bucket



3. RESOURCE RESERVATION: (INTEGRATED SERVICES)

Integrated Services is a flow based QoS model designed for IP

- Signaling
- Flow Specification
- Admission
- Service Classes:
 - a) *Guaranteed Service Class, and b) Controlled-Load Service Class*



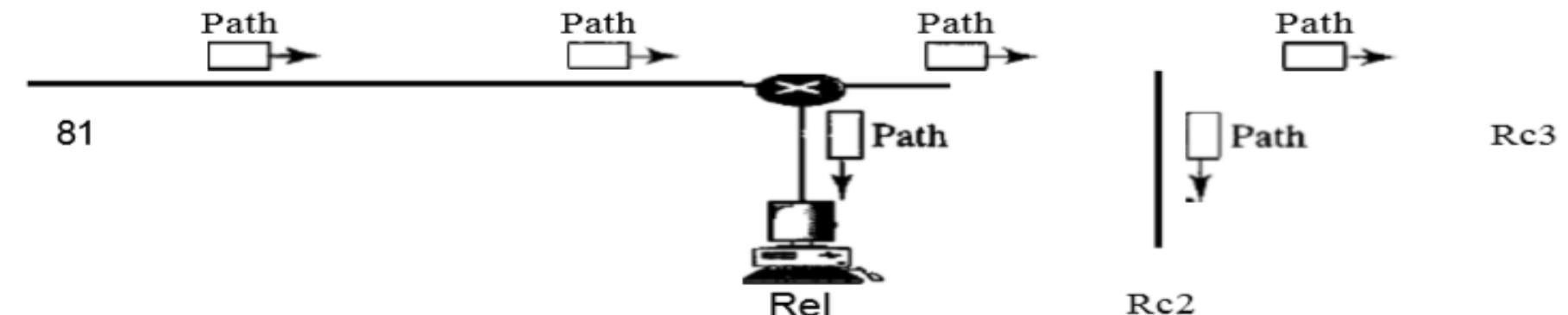
RSVP (The Resource Reservation Protocol)

a) Multicast Trees

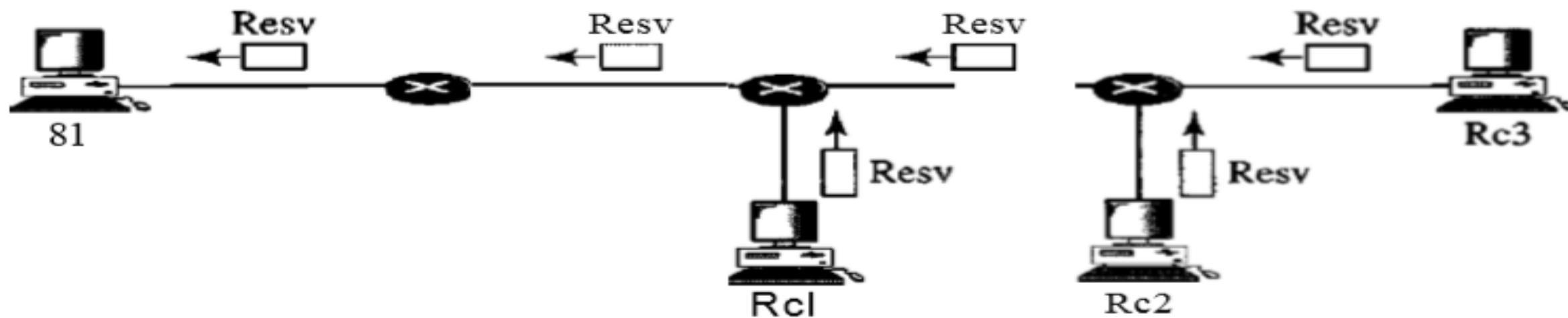
b) Receiver-Based Reservation

RSVP Messages:

a) Path Message



b) Resv Messages



DIFFERENTIATED SERVICES

Differentiated Services is a class-based QoS model designed for IP

Two fundamental changes were made:

1. The main processing was moved from the **core of the network to the edge of the network**. This solves the **scalability** problem. The routers do not have to store information about flows. The applications, or hosts, define the type of service they need each time they send a packet.
2. **The per-flow service is changed to per-class service.** The router routes the packet based on the class of service defined in the packet, not the flow. This solves the service-type limitation problem. We can define different types of classes based on the needs of applications.

Benefits: a) Low loss

b) Low latency

c) Ensured bandwidth

