

*Course: Computer and Communication Networks*

*Topic: Techniques to Improve QoS*

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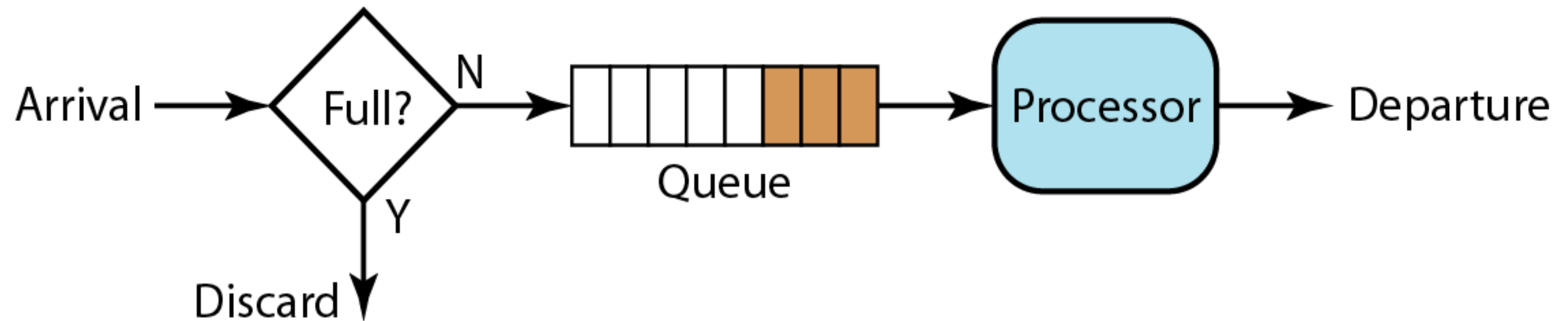


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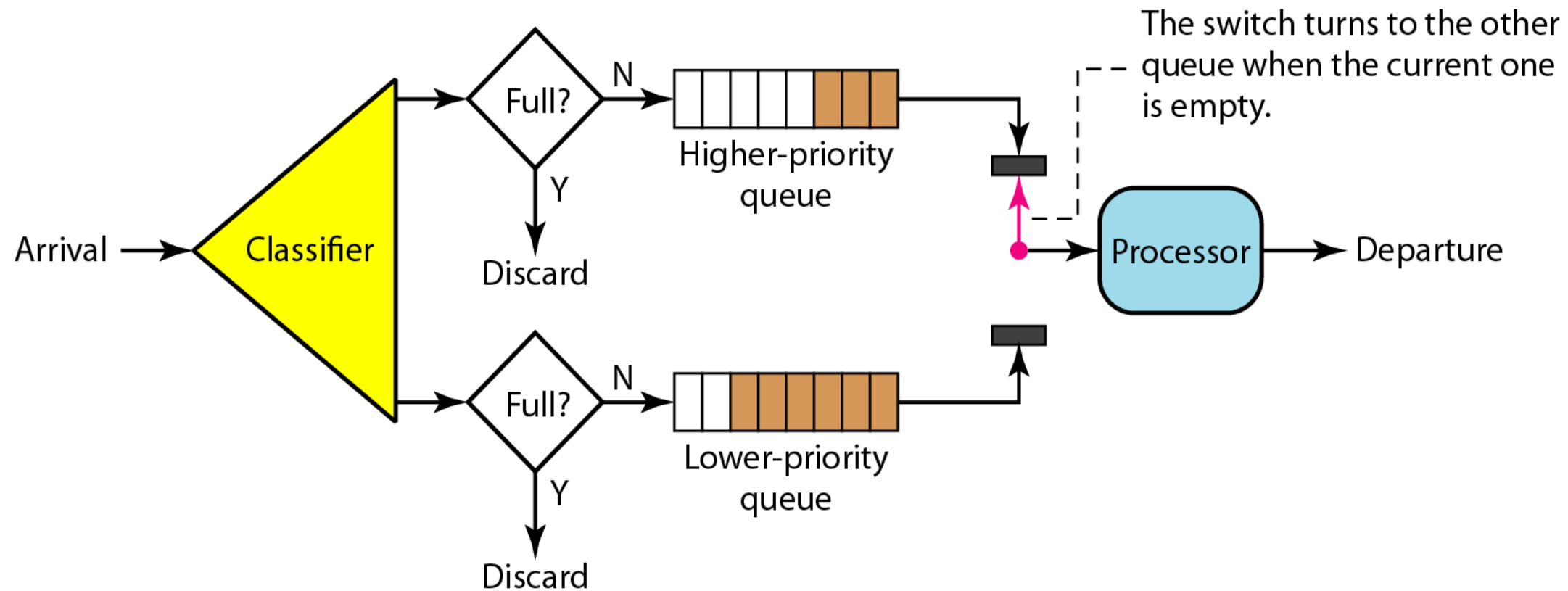
# TECHNIQUES TO IMPROVE QoS

## 1. Scheduling

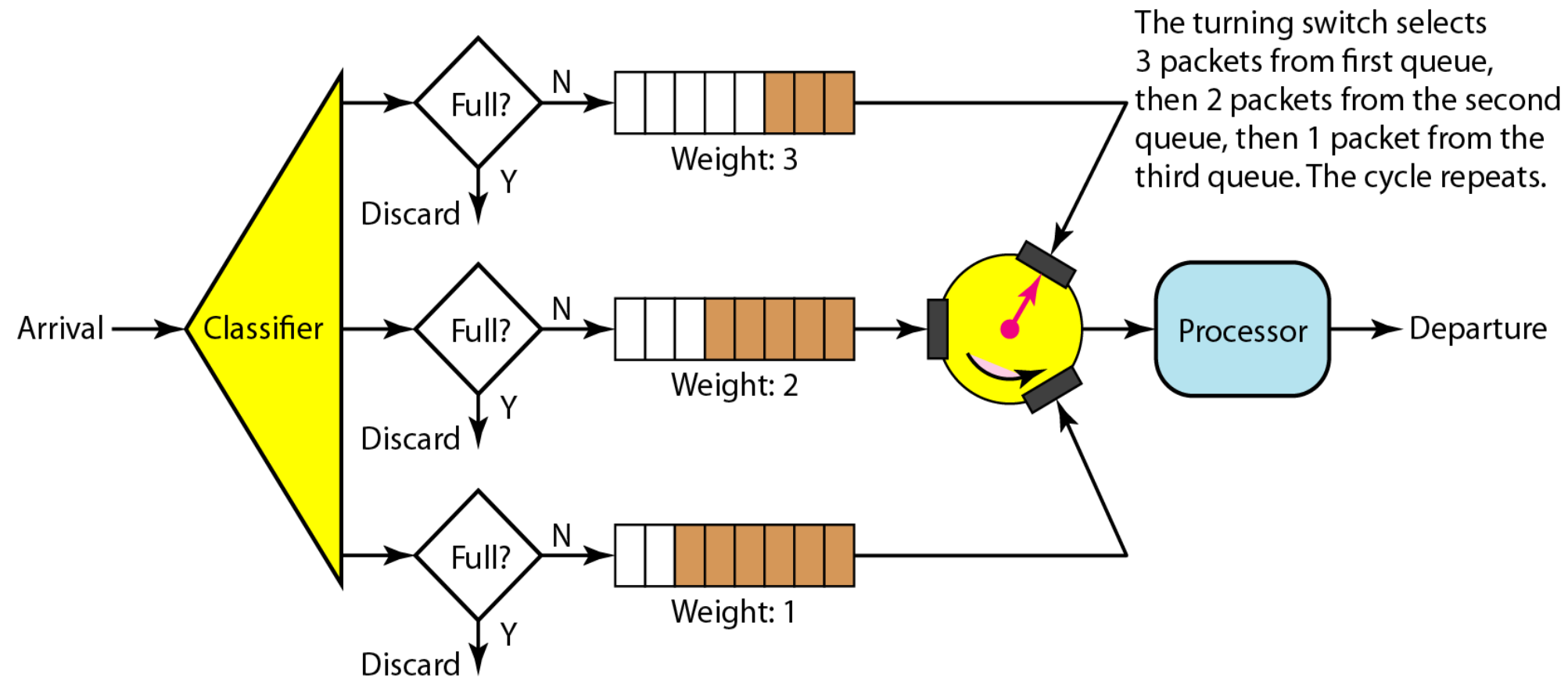


*a) FIFO queue*

## *b) Priority queuing*

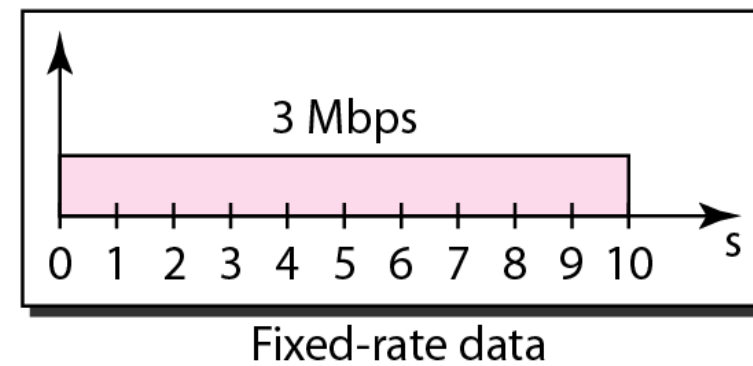
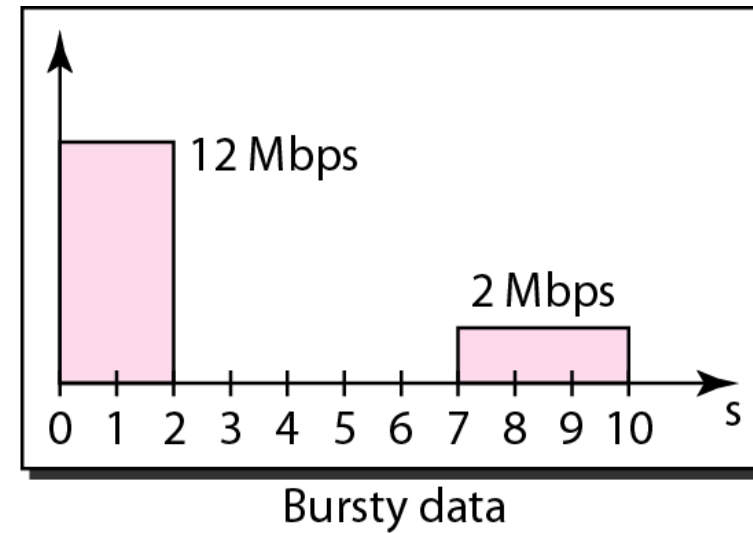
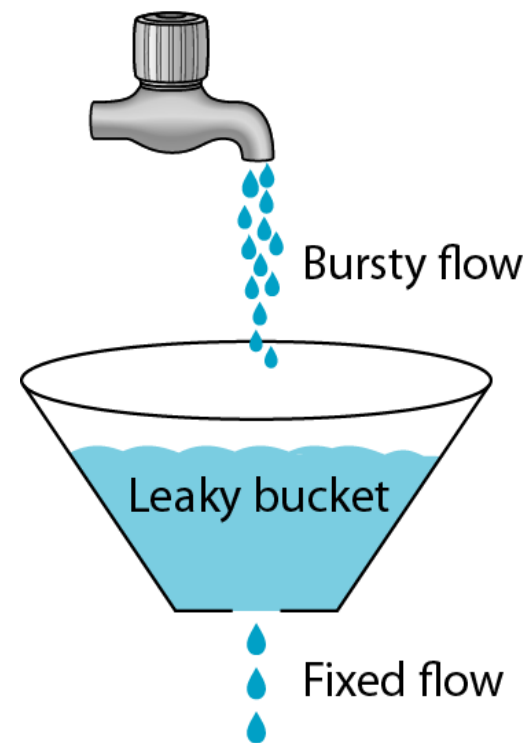


### *c) Weighted fair queuing*

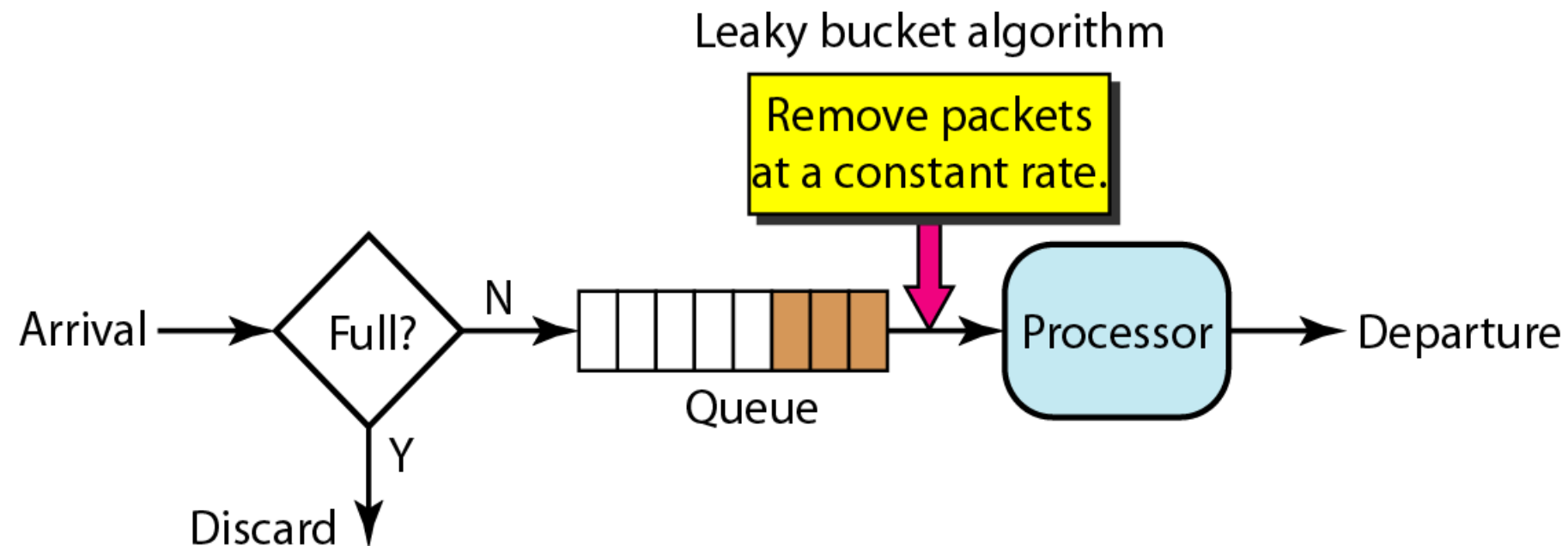


## 2. Traffic Shaping

### a) Leaky bucket

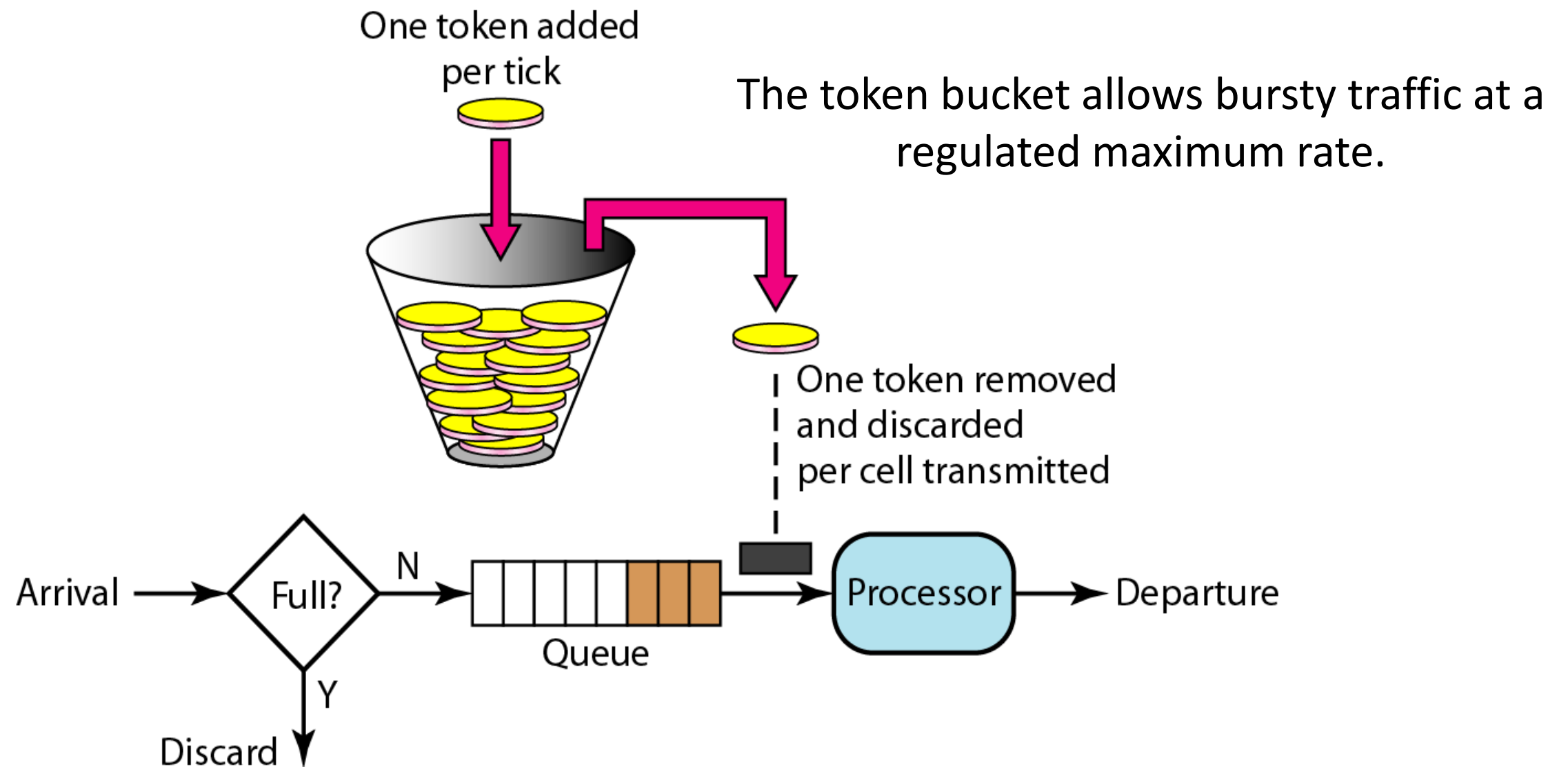


## *b) Leaky bucket implementation*



A leaky bucket algorithm shapes bursty traffic into fixed-rate traffic by averaging the data rate. It may drop the packets if the bucket is full.

### *c) Token bucket*



### 3. RESOURCE RESERVATION: (INTEGRATED SERVICES)

Integrated Services is a flow based QoS model designed for IP

- Signaling
- Flow Specification
- Admission
- Service Classes:

*a) Guaranteed Service Class, and b) Controlled-Load Service Class*



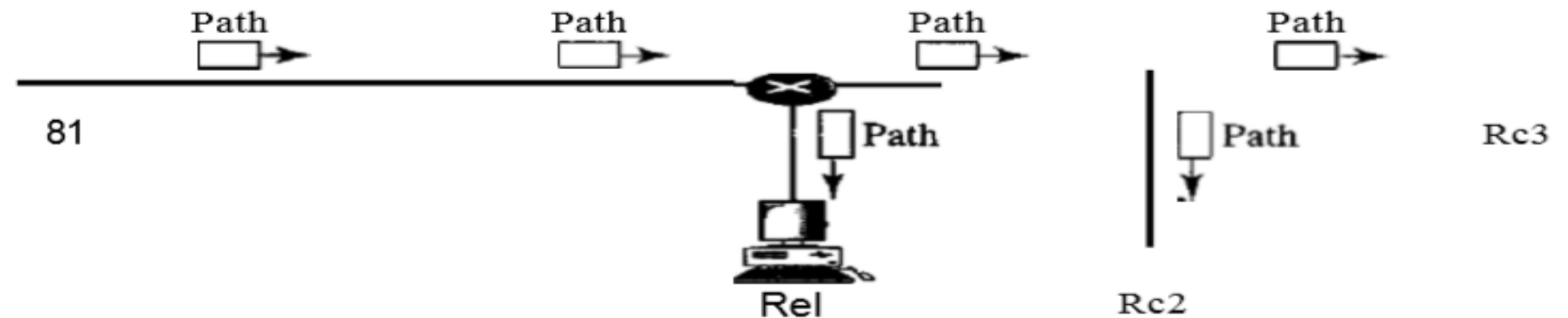
# RSVP (The Resource Reservation Protocol)

a) Multicast Trees

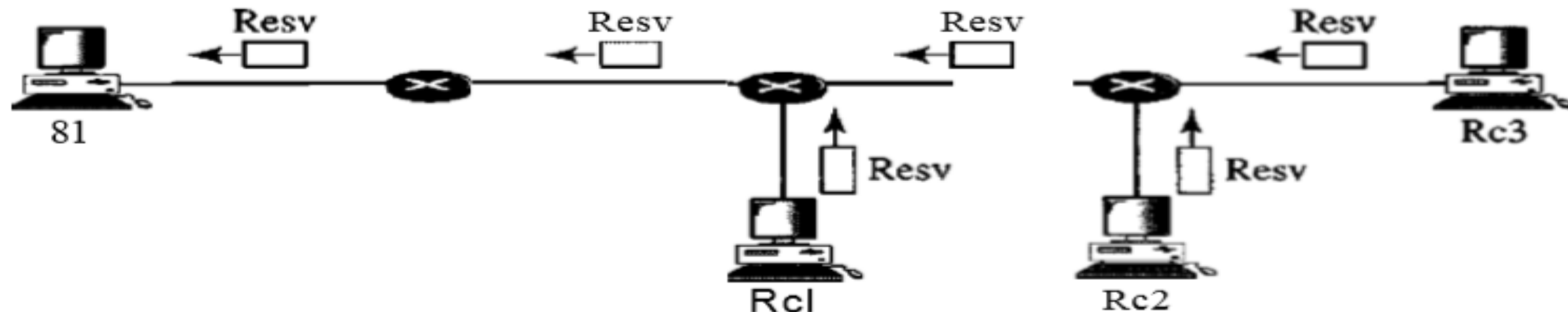
b) Receiver-Based Reservation

## RSVP Messages:

a) Path Message



b) Resv Messages



# DIFFERENTIATED SERVICES

Differentiated Services is a class-based QoS model designed for IP

**Two fundamental changes were made:**

1. The main processing was moved from the **core of the network to the edge of the network**. This solves the **scalability** problem. The routers do not have to store information about flows. The applications, or hosts, define the type of service they need each time they send a packet.
2. **The per-flow service is changed to per-class service**. The router routes the packet based on the class of service defined in the packet, not the flow. This solves the service-type limitation problem. We can define different types of classes based on the needs of applications.

**Benefits:** a) Low loss                      b) Low latency                      c) Ensured bandwidth