



Department of Chemical Engineering  
Thapar Institute of Engineering &  
Technology, Patiala

Course: Material and Energy Balances  
UCH301

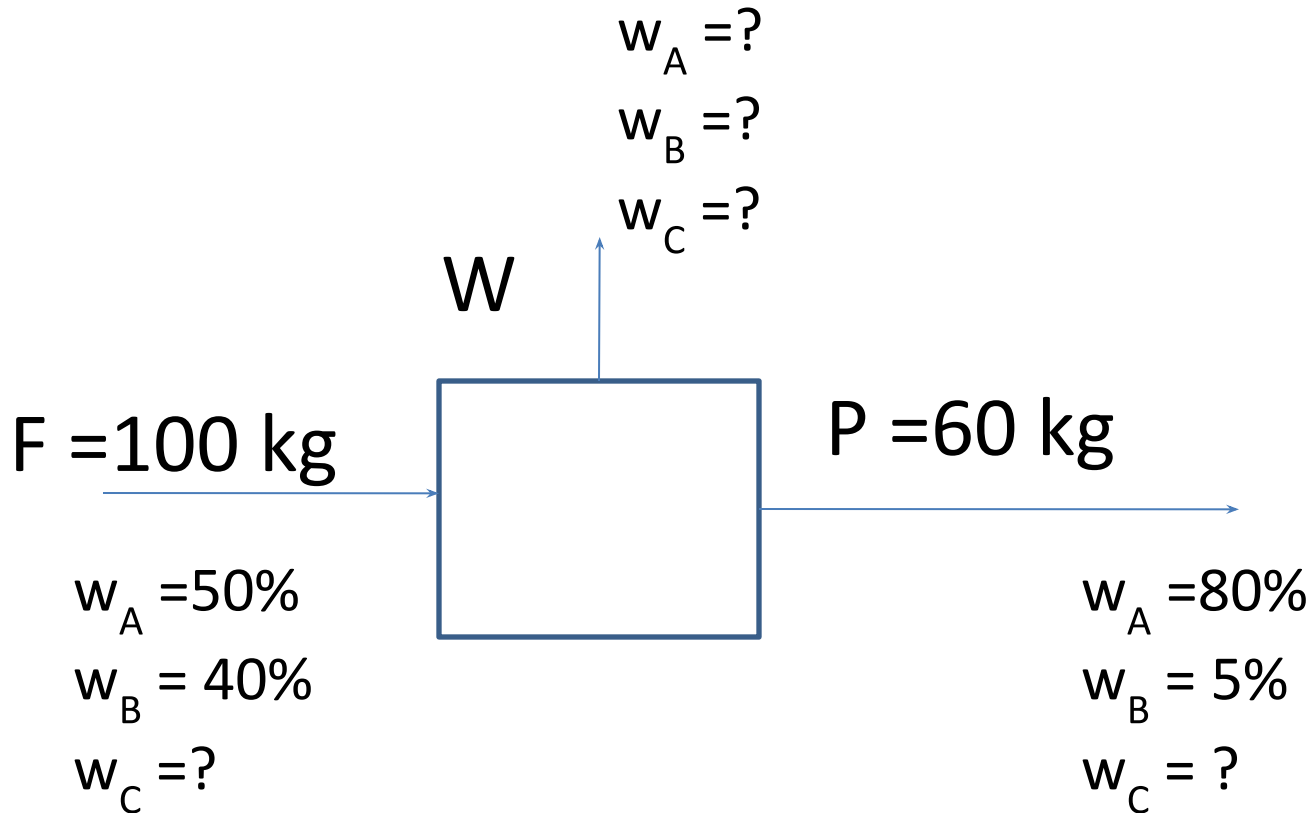
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Carry out degrees of freedom analysis for a separator problem shown in the figure



# Solution

- If we have to solve this problem for material balance, we can ignore T & P variables

- $N_V = N_s (N_{sp} + 2) = 3(N_{sp}) = 3N_{sp}$

- $N_{sp} = 3$  (i.e., A, B, & C)

- $N_V = 3 * 3 = 9$

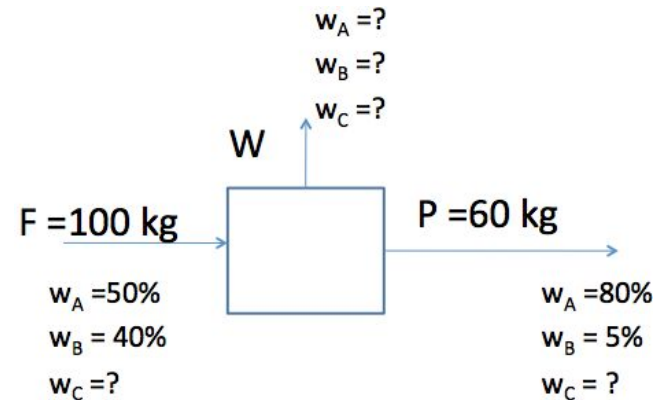
$N_R$  (identifying independent relations):

— Material balances = number of species = 3

— Known values in stream F = 3 ( $F, w_A, w_B$ )

— Known values in stream P = 3 ( $P, w_A, w_B$ )

Therefore,  $N_R = 3 + 3 + 3 = 9$





Thus,  $N_d = 9 - 9 = 0$

We can say that the problem is properly specified and no additional information is required to solve this problem.





## Alternate Solution

$N_d$  = Number of unknown variables -  
Number of independent equations

There are three unknown variables:

$W, w_A, w_B$  (in stream W)

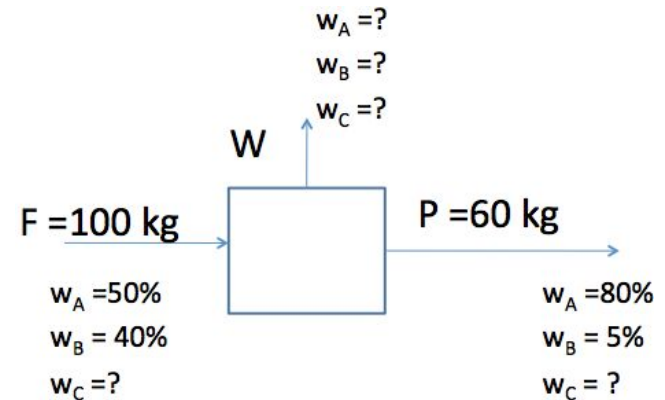
The three independent equations are:

Two component balance equations & one total balance

Or

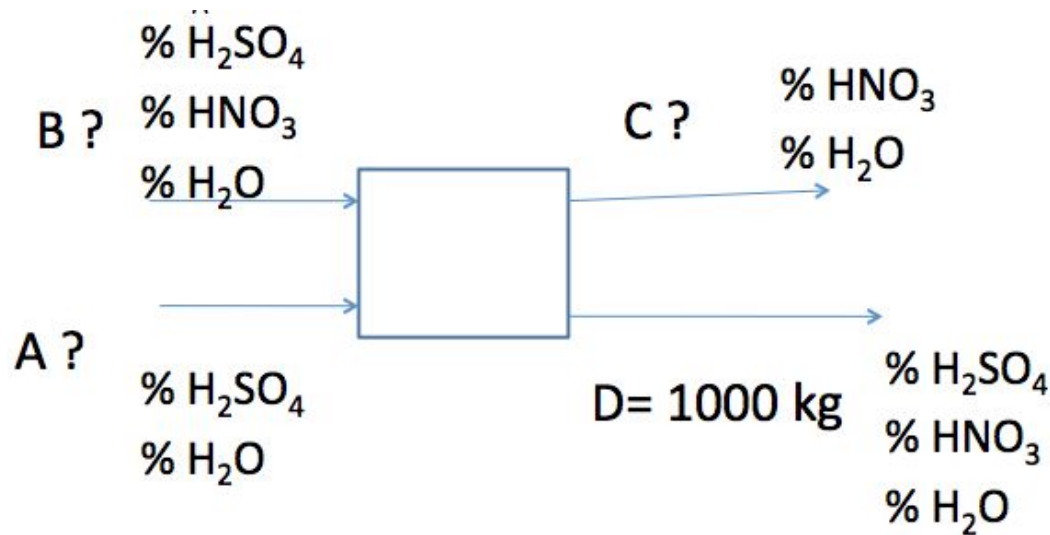
Three component balance equations

Thus,  $N_d = 3 - 3 = 0$



# Exercise

- Determine number of degrees of freedom for the following process( assume that the T, and P of all streams are same ,  $T_A = 30^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $P_A = 1 \text{ atm}$ )



# Solution

- Number of Species: 3 ( $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ ,  $\text{HNO}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ )

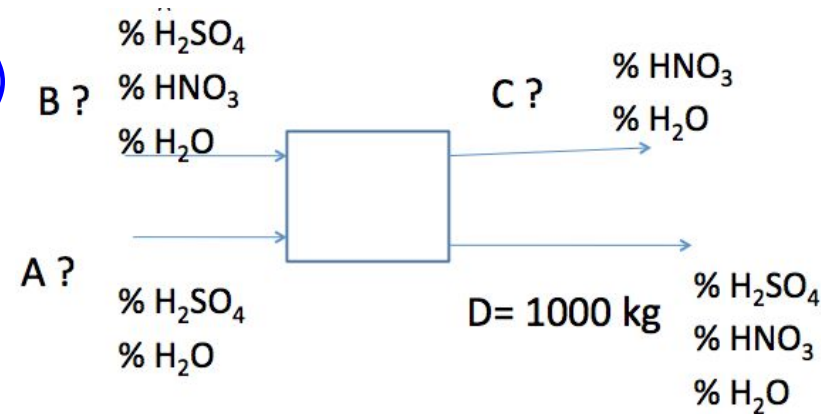
- Stream Variables

A 3 + 2

B 3 + 2

C 3 + 2

D 3 + 2



Total variables ( $N_V$ ) :  $N_s (N_{sp}+2) = 4(3+2) = 20$

Number of independent relations ( $N_R$ ):

Material balances = 3

No. of Variables specified = 1 (in stream A,  $\% \text{HNO}_3 = 0$ )

= 1 (in stream C,  $\% \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 = 0$ )

= 1 (in stream D, Amount of D = 1000 kg)

= 3 Temp equalities ( $T_A = T_B$ ;  $T_B = T_C$ ;  $T_C = T_D$ )

= 3 Pressure equalities ( $P_A = P_B$ ;  $P_B = P_C$ ;  $P_C =$

$P_D$ )

= 1 Temperature of stream A ( $T_A = 30^\circ\text{C}$ )

= 1 Pressure of stream A ( $P_A = 1 \text{ atm}$ )



We get,  $N_R = 14$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Degree of freedom} &= N_V - N_R \\ &= 20 - 14 = 6\end{aligned}$$

Now 6 variable values that need to be specified may be:

2 flows, any two from A, B & C = 2

1 composition in A = 1

2 compositions in B = 2

1 composition in any of the outlet streams = 1







# PROBLEM

An experiment on the growth rate of certain organisms requires an environment of humid air enriched in oxygen. **Three streams are fed** into an evaporation chamber **to produce an output stream** of air having desired composition.

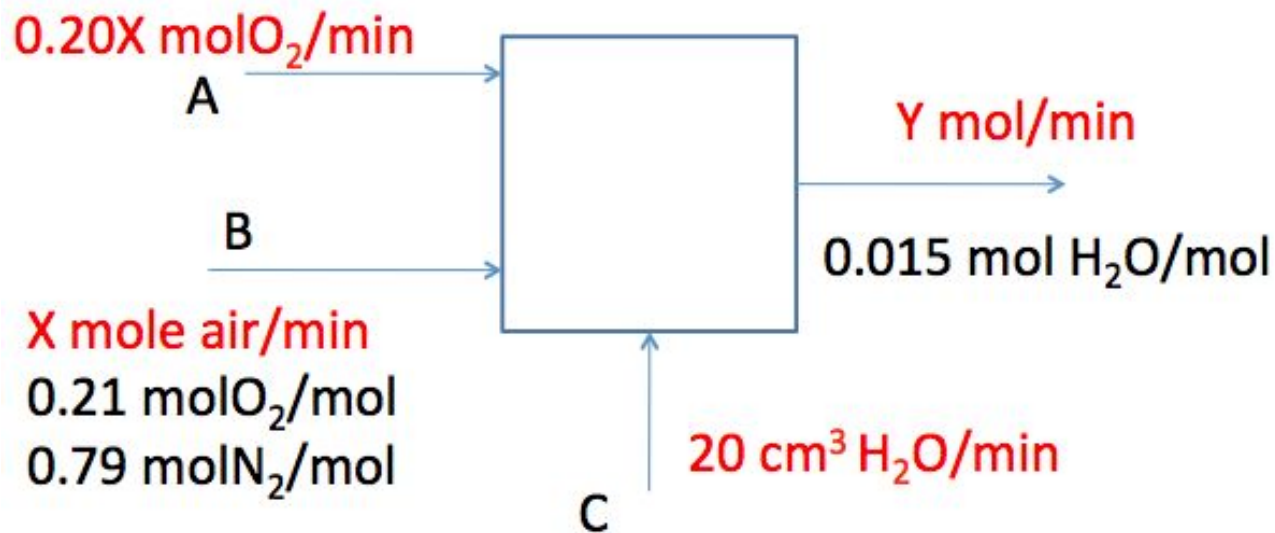
- STREAM A: Pure oxygen, with a molar flow rate one fifth of the molar flow rate of stream B.
- **STREAM B: Air (21% O<sub>2</sub>, 79%N<sub>2</sub>)**
- STREAM C: Liquid water, fed at a rate of 20 cm<sup>3</sup>/min

**The output gas stream is analyzed and is found to contain 1.5 mol% water. Carry out DOF analysis for this process.**  
**(Ignore Temperature and Pressure variables)**



# SOLUTION

- Please note that you do not have to do any calculation, but find out value for the degrees of freedom for this process



## DOF

- $N_{sp} = 3$  (  $O_2$ ,  $N_2$ ,  $H_2O$  )
- $N_s = 4$
- $N_v = N_s(N_{sp}) = 4(3) = 12$   
(T, P variables not taken)
- $N_R$ :

Material balance equations= 3

Specifications:

= 2 (stream A),

= 2 (stream B),

= 3 (stream C, Two comp. & 1 Flow)

= 1 (flow rate relation for A and B)

= 1 (stream Y)

$$= 12$$

$$\text{Thus, } N_d = 12 - 12 = 0$$

The problem is properly specified.

