

Name: _____

THE CRUSADES

Definitions:

A crusade:

The Crusades:

Goals of the Crusades:

The Main goal of the Crusades was:

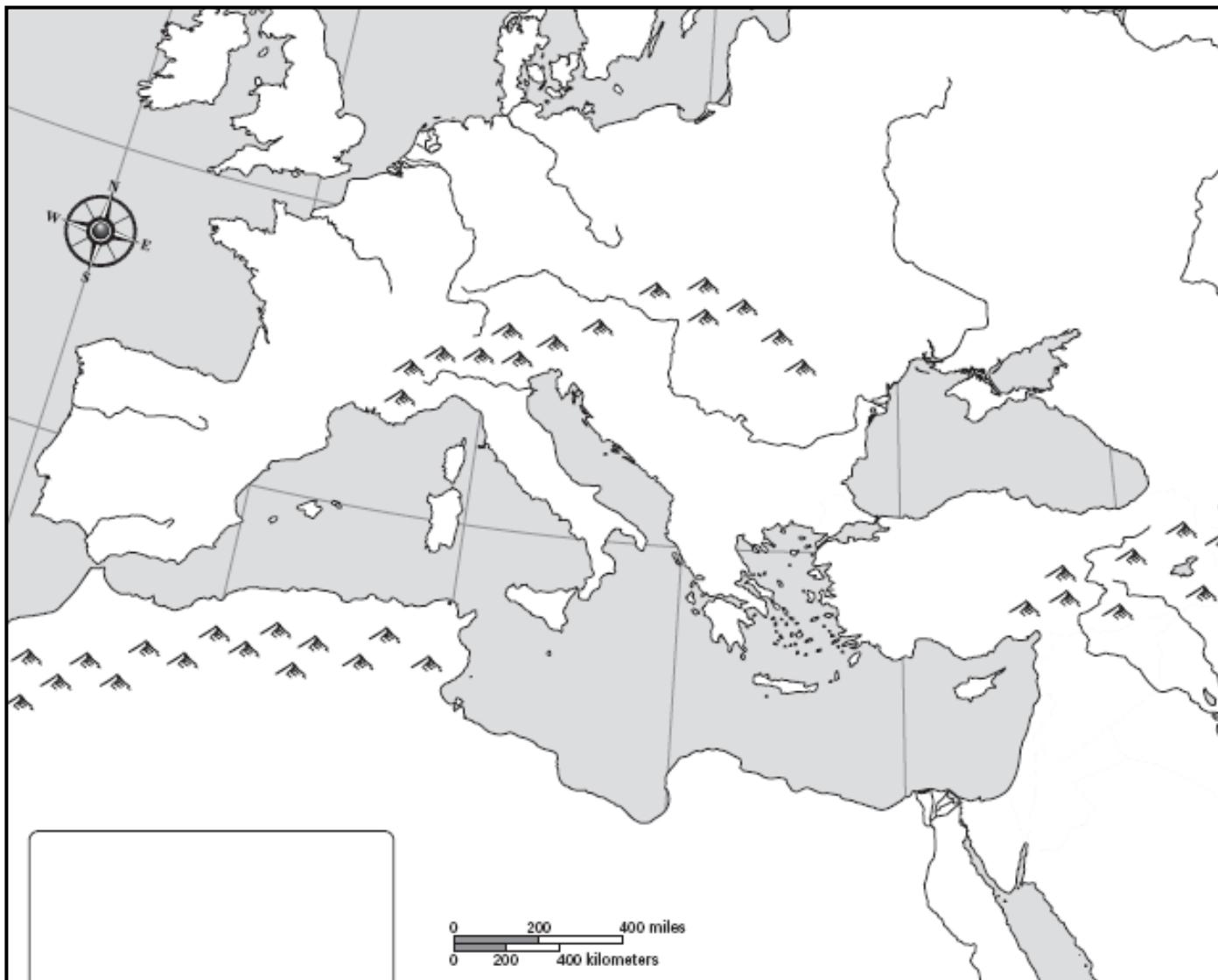
What were 2 other reasons that people joined the crusades?

-
-

	Purpose for going to war	Important Events AND People	Result of the Crusade
1st Crusade		<p>What is the symbol of the Crusades and why?</p> <p>What did Pope Urban II promise those who fought in the Crusades?</p> <p>Why was it difficult for them to capture the city?</p>	
2nd Crusade		<p>Who conquered Edessa from the Christians?</p>	
3rd Crusade		<p>Who was Saladin?</p> <p>Which 3 powerful European Kings fought in the 3rd Crusade?</p> <p>Which King fought against Saladin? _____</p>	

What were the *effects* of the Crusades?

- Political:
- Economic:
- Social:
- Religious:



On the above map, complete the following:

1. Shading – indicate the lands controlled by Muslims and by Christians. Remember to create a key.
2. Crusade Routes – Choose one sea route and one land route. Map the crusade.
3. Label the following cities
 - Jerusalem
 - Venice
 - Rome
 - Constantinople
 - Paris
 - Edessa



THE CRUSADES

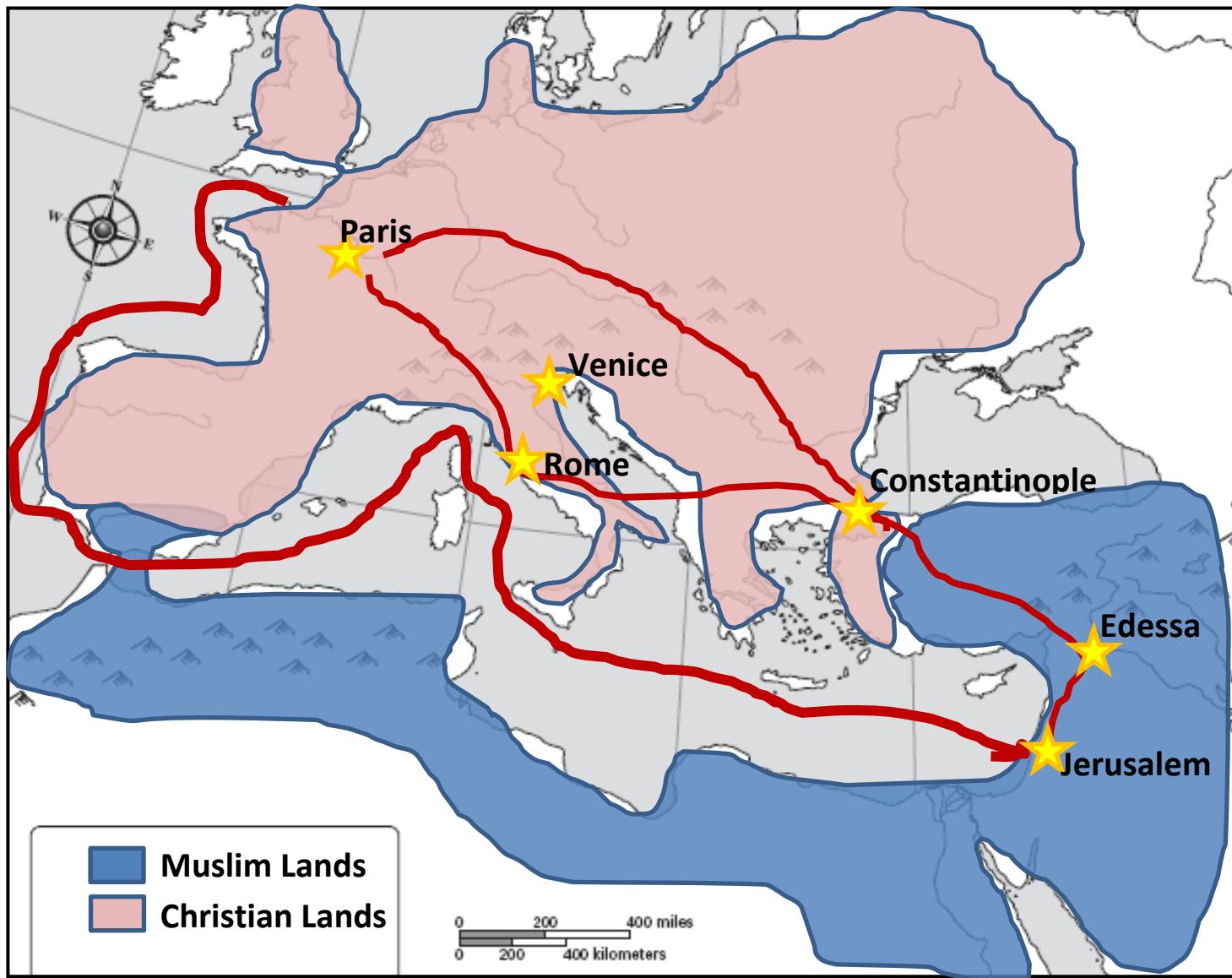

*Definitions:***A crusade:** a "Holy War"**The Crusades:** a series of religious wars in the middle ages between Christians and Muslims*Goals of the Crusades:***The Main goal of the Crusades was:** to claim the Holy Land (Palestine) and reunite ChristendomBut, what were **2 other reasons** that people joined the crusades?

- For the glory of winning battles
- For wealth and the riches that could be plundered from the Holy Lands

Purpose for going to war	Important Events AND People	Result of the Crusade
1st Crusade The purpose was to regain the Holy Lands and especially to capture the city of Jerusalem.	<p>What is the symbol of the Crusades and WHY? The symbol of the Crusades was a cross that knights would wear on shields, flags, and their chests. This was to represent the Christian cross for why they were fighting.</p> <p>What did Pope Urban II promise those who fought in the Crusades? Pope Urban promised that anyone who fought forgiveness of all their sins.</p> <p>Why was it difficult for them to capture the city? There was little food and water around the city for crusaders and the high walls of the city made it difficult to siege.</p>	The city of Jerusalem was finally captured on July 15, 1099 after a week long siege. The crusaders then massacred the citizens of Jerusalem inside the city.
2nd Crusade To capture Edessa, which had been reconquered	<p>Who conquered Edessa from the Christians? The Turkish ruler Zengi conquered the</p>	The Crusaders were unsuccessful in taking back Edessa.
3rd Crusade (Saladin recapturing Jerusalem)	<p>Who was Saladin? The Sultan of Egypt and leader of the Muslim opposition against the Crusaders.</p> <p>Which 3 powerful European Kings fought in the 3rd Crusade? Richard the Lionheart of England, Philip II of France, and Frederick I, the Holy Roman Emperor</p> <p>Which King fought against Saladin? – Richard the Lionheart _____</p>	(No winner Agreed to a truce in 1192. Jerusalem remained Muslim, but Christian pilgrims could visit holy sites.)

What were the *effects* of the Crusades?

- Political: The Crusades lessened the power the Pope and increased the power of Europe's kings.
- Economic: The Crusades increased trade around Europe and the Middle East.
- Social: The Crusades allowed greater cultural diffusion and promoted travel.
- Religious: The Crusades increased tension between Muslim and Christian groups.



On the above map, complete the following:

4. Shading – indicate the lands controlled by Muslims and by Christians. Remember to create a key.
5. Crusade Routes – Choose one sea route and one land route. Map the crusade.
6. Label the following cities
 - Jerusalem
 - Venice
 - Rome
 - Constantinople
 - Paris
 - Edessa

