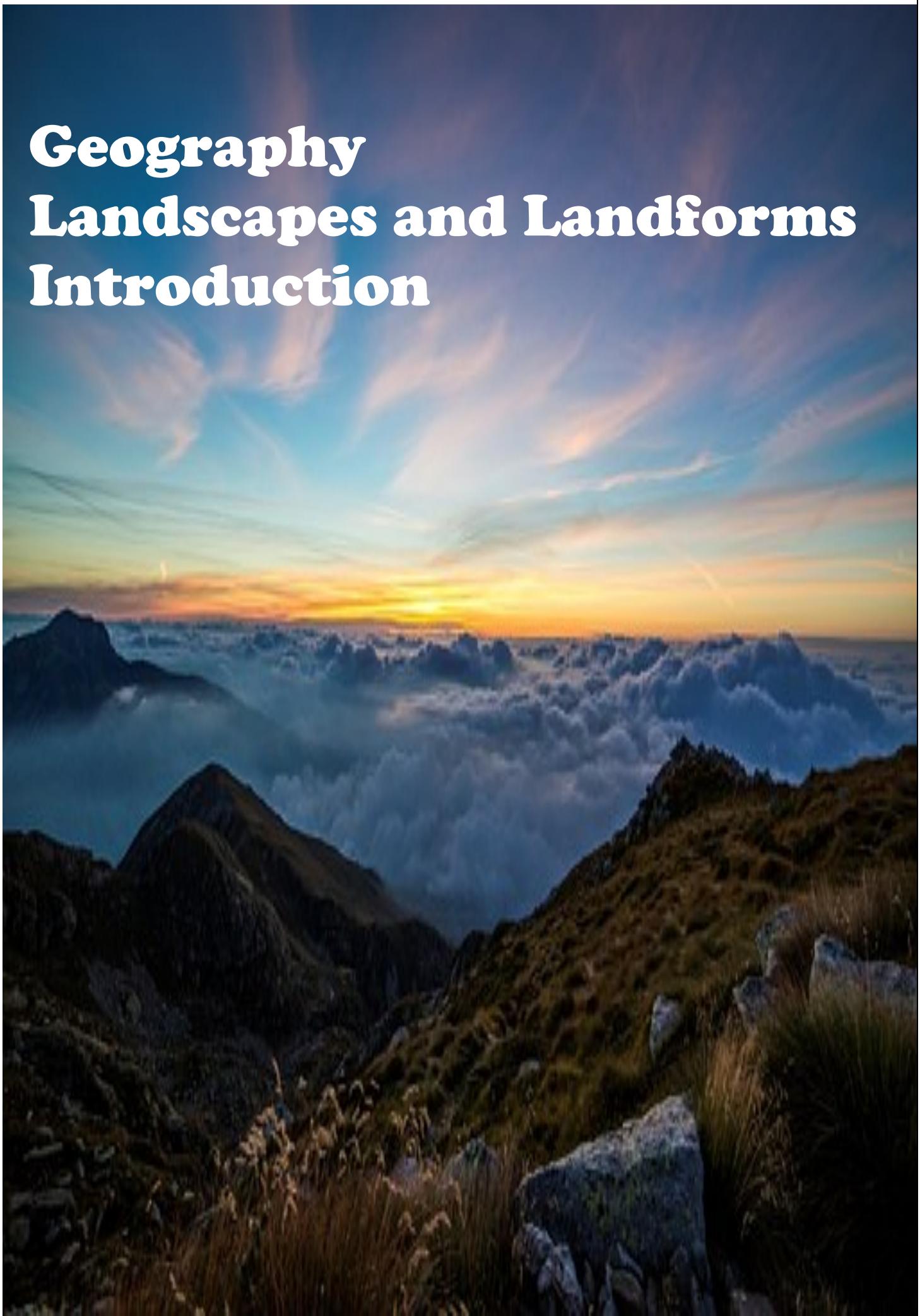


Geography

Landscapes and Landforms

Introduction



Year 7 Geography

Landscapes and Landforms

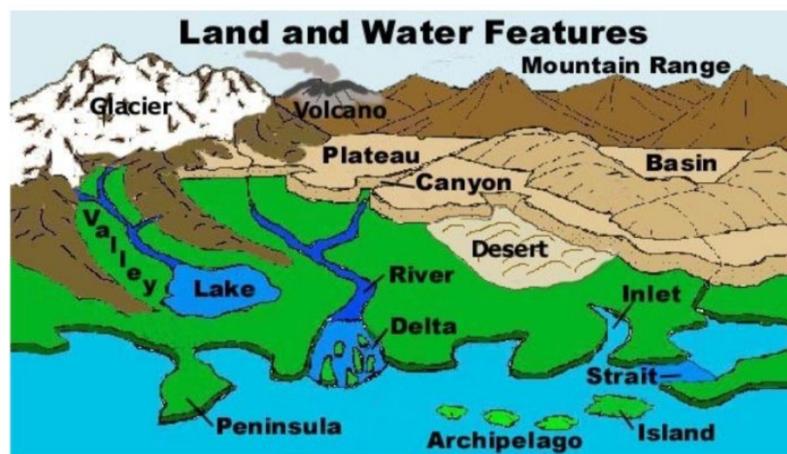
Pre-Test Glossary

Landscapes	Landforms	Aesthetic
Erosion	Deposition	Lithosphere
Tsunami	Contour Line	Mountains
Plateau	Weathering	Volcano
Plate Tectonics	Topographic Map	Earthquake

Activity 1: Match the term to the correct definition below

1.	The overall appearance of an area of land resulting from the interactions of landforms, for example Rural or Urban landscape.
	A natural feature of the earth's surface, for example, Mountain landforms.
	The theory that the Earth's outer layer is made up of large moving pieces called plates.
	Wear away or change the appearance of long exposure to the atmosphere.
	The removal of soil, rock, or dissolved material from one location on the Earth's crust, then transport it away to another location.
	The processes where material being transported by a river is set down or deposited.
	The earth's crust also known as the lithosphere.

	The appreciation of beauty.
	A line on a map joining points of equal height above or below sea level.
	A sudden violent shaking of the ground, typically causing great destruction, as a result of movements within the earth's crust or volcanic action.
	Landforms greater than 600m that were caused by tectonic activity.
	A mountain having a crater or vent through which lava, rock fragments, hot vapour, and gas are or have been erupted from the earth's crust.
	A long, high sea wave caused by an earthquake or other disturbance.
	A detailed map of the earth's land features usually including contour lines.
	Raised, flat-surfaced areas bounded on one or more side by cliffs or steep slopes are known as plateaus.



Identify the Landforms



Sketching

Line drawing is a valuable geographical skill. A line drawing allows us to make a summary of information found in a photographic image.

Look at the photo below and create a line-drawing of this landscape. Label each landform and man-made features.

