

Microsoft Azure Administrator Associate Training (AZ-104)

Module 2





Agenda

Small Part Small Part

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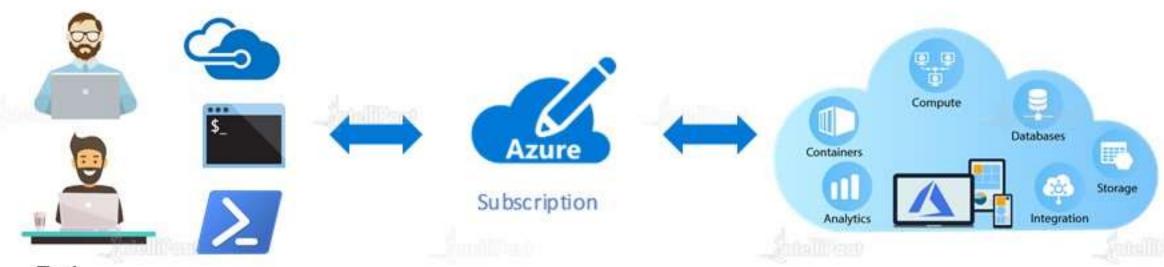


Azure Subscriptions and Resource Groups

Azure Subscriptions



Azure subscription is an active agreement between Microsoft and its users. This agreement provides users the needed access to avail the services and resources offered by Microsoft Azure



End

Users

Azure Subscriptions

User



An azure account can be associated with multiple subscriptions for separate billings based on user defined criteria



Azure Resource Groups



A resource group in Azure is simply a collection of related Azure assets or Azure services that belong to an application or workload together



01

 The diagram shows that a user has created a resource group for the LOB application, for all the Azure services that belong to this application

02

 Then, there is an laaS workload resource group that contains a pair of virtual machines contained in a virtual network with a MySQL database for data

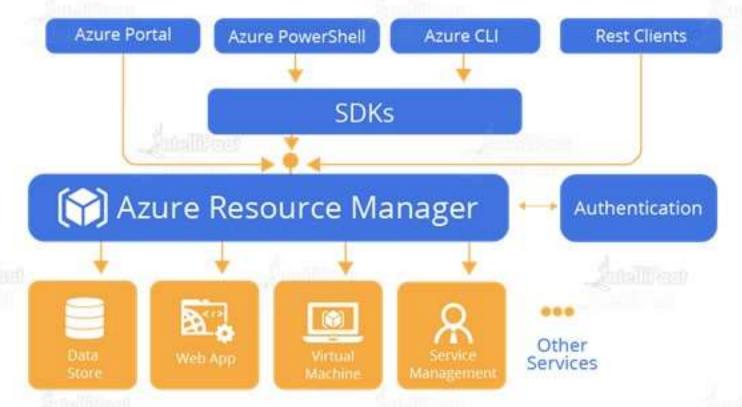


Understanding Azure Resource Manager

Understanding Azure Resource Manager

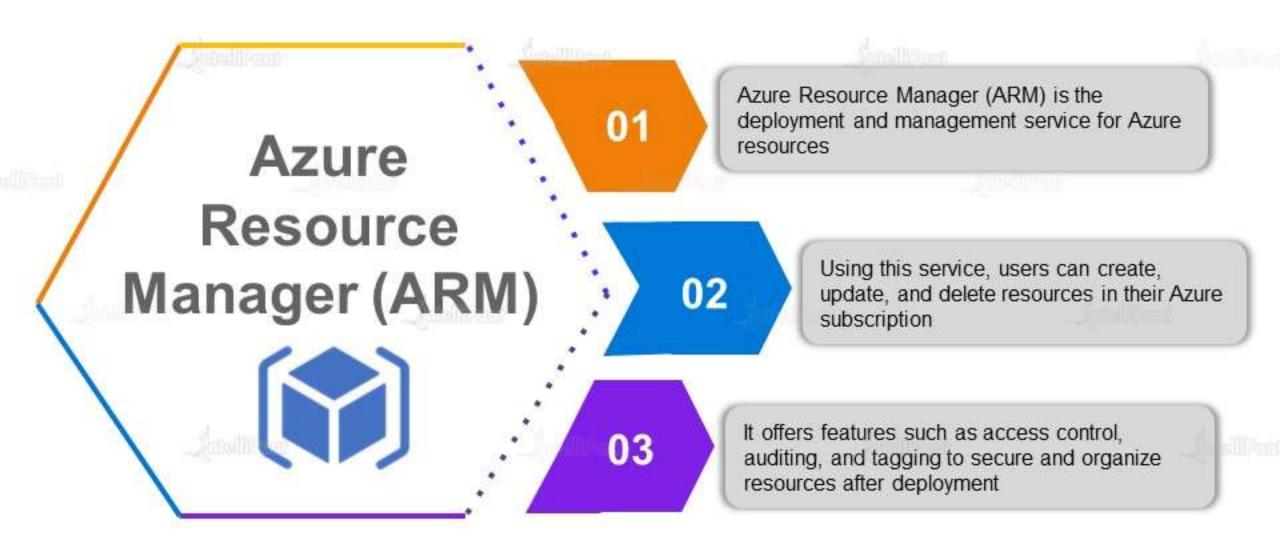


When any tool is used to take actions on Azure resources, the Azure Resource Manager API handles that request. The API passes the request to the Resource Manager, which authenticates and authorizes it. The Resource Manager then routes the request to the appropriate service



Understanding Azure Resource Manager







Hands-on: Managing Resource Groups

Hands-on



- 1. Create an Azure resource group
 - a) Deploy a web app in the first resource group
- 2. Manage Azure resources
 - a) Move the web app from first resource group to the second



Azure Tags

Azure Tags



Tags are used for the purpose of organizing our Azure resources. Each tag consists of two components:

Name

Value

Example: The name 'Dept' and the value 'Finance' can be applied to all the resources in finance

Once the tag is applied, we will be able to segregate the related resources in our subscription into different resource groups. This is useful while doing billing and management



Hands-on: Applying Tags

Hands-on



- 1. Create a Storage account and a Web Application
 - a) Assign individual tags to both the resources
- 2. Change the tag in the Resource group
 - a) View all the resources under that tag















Benefits of Microsoft Azure Storage











Security

Accessibility

Scalability

High availability

Azure provides top-notch security as data stored or written in Azure Storage is encrypted. Azure Storage offers full control over who can and cannot access our data





Security

Accessibility

Scalability

High availability

The data stored in Microsoft Azure Storage is made accessible over HTTP or HTTPS from anywhere in the world





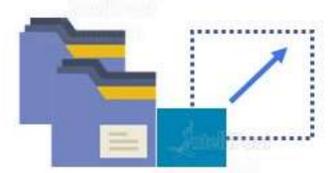
Security

Accessibility

Scalability

High availability

Azure Storage is highly scalable in order to meet the ondemand requirements of modern applications





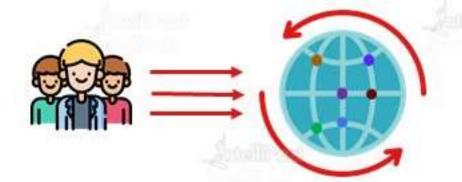
Security

Accessibility

Scalability

High availability

Users are given the option of replicating their data across multiple data centers so that the data stays available even in the event of outages



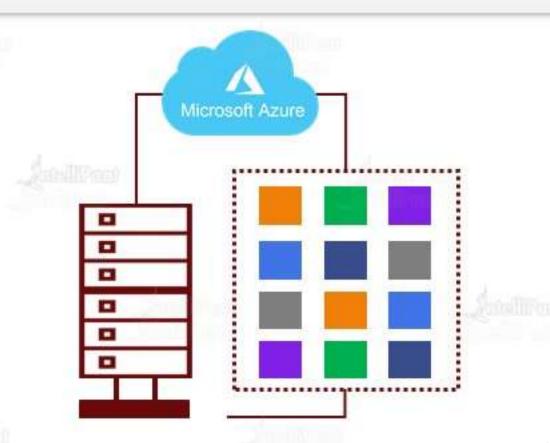




Microsoft Azure Storage



Microsoft Azure Storage is an umbrella term that represents a suite of cloud-based, highly available and durable storage services that are fully managed by Microsoft and curated for modern-day data storage scenarios

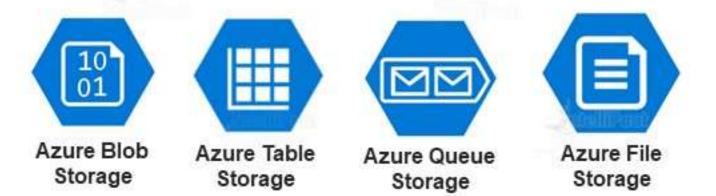


Microsoft Azure Storage



Microsoft Azure Storage is an umbrella term that represents a suite of cloud-based, highly available and durable storage services that are fully managed by Microsoft and curated for modern-day data storage scenarios

This suite of cloud-based Microsoft-managed storage services mainly comprises four types of storage services in Azure:





Overview of Azure Storage Account

What is Azure Storage Account?



In order to use any type of Azure Storage, we need to create an account first, which is referred to as an Azure storage account

- Using this account, we can manage and access the storage resources
- All our storage data, including blobs, files, queues, and tables, resides in our storage account
- The storage account provides a unique namespace for our storage data that is accessible from anywhere over HTTP and HTTPS





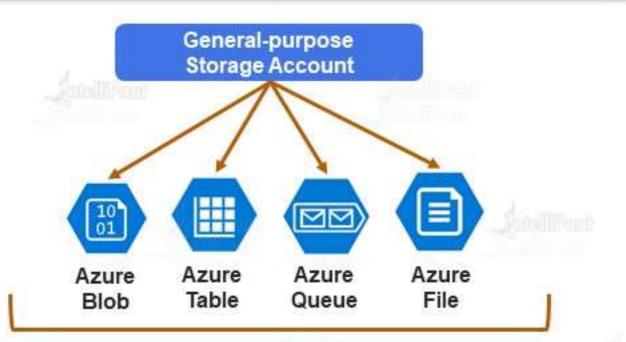
Types of Azure Storage Accounts

General-purpose Storage Account



Microsoft offers multiple types of storage accounts, each capable of handling different types of storage data

The General-purpose Storage account, as the name suggests, is a storage account that can store any type of storage data in general such as object data, NoSQL, queues, or files

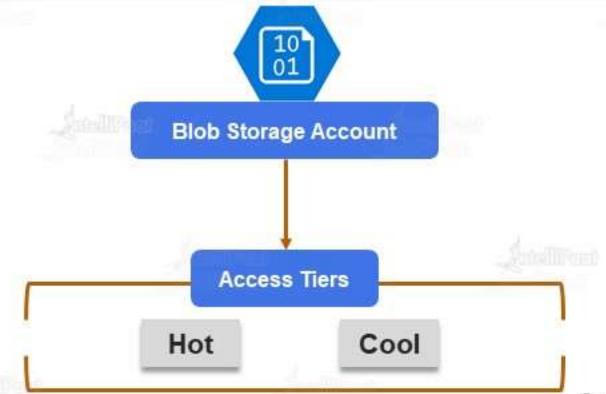


Blob Storage Account



Microsoft offers multiple types of storage accounts, each capable of handling different types of storage data

As the name suggests, this is the **Blob-only** storage account. Blob storage accounts also let us choose the access tier that suits us the best



Access Tiers



Access tier is an option provided by the Blob storage account that can be used to optimize the costs for using Azure storage based on how frequently the stored data is accessed. The access tier can be changed at any time by the user



The hot tier is typically used for storing data that is accessed regularly. This access tier provides low latency, and hence it's comparatively more expensive than the cool tier



The cool tier is used to store lessaccessed data or archived data. It provides higher latency than the hot tier. Hence, it's best suited for data that is not accessed frequently



Azure Storage Replication

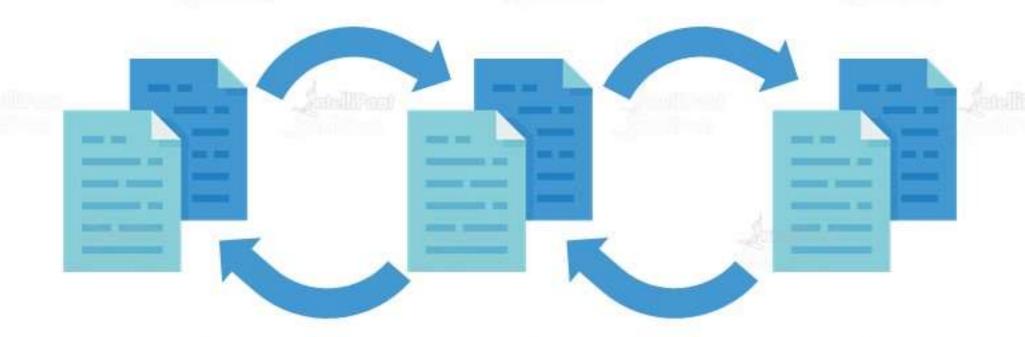


Why Azure Storage Replication?

Why Azure Storage Replication?



Storage Replication ensures that we always have access to our data stored on Azure Storage even in the face of failures. Replication is how Azure Storage guarantees durability and availability





What is Azure Storage Replication?

What is Azure Storage Replication?



The data in our Microsoft Azure Storage account is always replicated to ensure durability and high availability

Azure Storage copies our data so that it is protected from planned and unplanned events, including hardware failures, network/power outages, and massive natural disasters

We can choose to replicate our data within the same data center, across zonal data centers within the same region, or across geographically separated regions



Data Replication Options

Data Replication Options



Locally Redundant Storage (LRS)

Zone-redundant Storage (ZRS)

Geo-redundant Storage (GRS)

Read-access Geo-redundant Storage (RA-GRS) Replicates three copies of our data within the same data center where we have our data



Data Replication Options



Locally Redundant Storage (LRS)

Zone-redundant Storage (ZRS)

Geo-redundant Storage (GRS)

Read-access Geo-redundant Storage (RA-GRS) Replicates our data synchronously across three storage clusters in a single region



Data Replication Options



Locally Redundant Storage (LRS)

Zone-redundant Storage (ZRS)

Geo-redundant Storage (GRS)

Read-access Geo-redundant Storage (RA-GRS) Replicates our data to a secondary region that is hundreds of miles away from the primary region



Data Replication Options

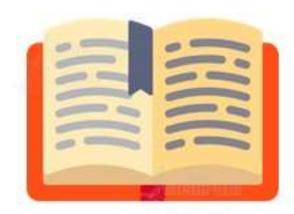


Locally Redundant Storage (LRS)

Zone-redundant Storage (ZRS)

Geo-redundant Storage (GRS)

Read-access Geo-redundant Storage (RA-GRS) Provides a read-only access to the data in the secondary location





Hands-on: Creating a Storage Account



- 1. Creating a Storage account
 - a) Go to the Storage account resource and Create a new storage account







- 1. Access the azure portal to go to the Storage accounts
 - a) View all the storage accounts that have been deployed









Why Blob Storage?



Blob storages are usually used to store large binary files such as audio, video, text, etc.

- Can be used to store data for archiving, backups, or restoring
- Can be used to serve images/documents directly to a given browser
- Can be used for writing log files



Azure Blob



What is Azure Blob Storage?

What is Azure Blob Storage?



Azure Blob Storage is Microsoft's object storage solution. Azure Blob is used to store unstructured data, i.e., it can be used to store data of any format such as document, video files, audio files, and more

- 'Blob' is an abbreviation of 'Binary Large Objects'
- Stores data of any format for distributed access



Azure Blob







- 1. Go to Storage Accounts on Azure Portal
 - a) Create a new Blob Service and Configure it



Azure CDN

Azure CDN



Content Delivery Network (CDN) provides alternative server nodes for users to download resources (usually the static content such as images).

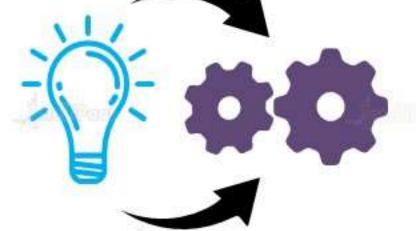
These nodes are spread throughout the world.

01

Azure CDN is a global CDN solution for delivering highbandwidth content

02

We can cache static objects loaded from Azure Blob Storage by using the closest point-of-presence (POP) server



03

Azure CDN can also accelerate dynamic content, which cannot be cached, by leveraging various network and routing optimizations





Hands-on: Implementing Azure CDN





- 1. Create a CDN Profile
 - a) Assign it to a blob storage link

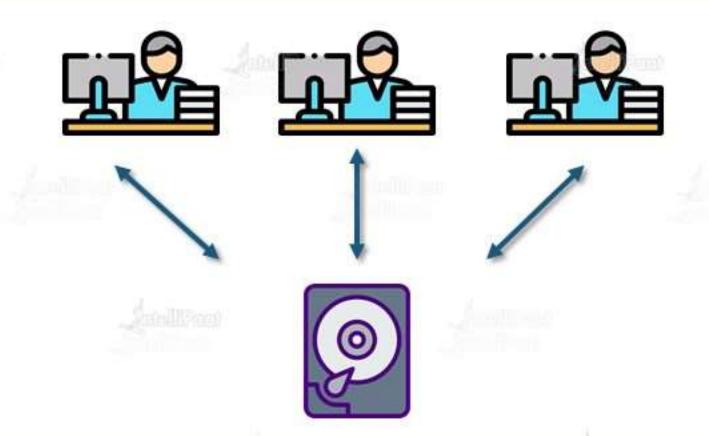












Azure File Storage is used when we want to share a common storage mount point among multiple computers

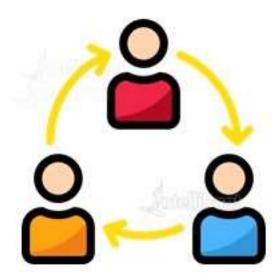


Shared application settings

Diagnostic share

Dev./Test/Debug

We can store configuration files in a centralized location where they can be accessed from many application instances via the File Rest API or SMB





Shared application settings

Diagnostic share

Dev./Test/Debug

We can have applications store their logs, metrics, and crash dumps in a file share





Shared application settings

Diagnostic share

Dev./Test/Debug

Azure File Storage can be used to store commonly used tools and utilities, which can then be accessed by developers and administrators





What is Azure File Storage?

What is Azure File Storage?



Azure File Storage is a cloud service that offers fully managed file shares in the cloud that are accessible via the Server Message Block (SMB) protocol.

Azure file shares can be mounted concurrently by cloud or on-premises deployments of Windows, Linux, and macOS





Benefits of Azure File Storage

Benefits of Azure File Storage







Shared access: Since Azure file shares support the SMB protocol, we can easily replace our on-premises file shares with Azure file shares



Fully managed: File shares can be created without the need to manage hardware or an OS



Resiliency: Azure files are extremely reliable and fault tolerant







1. Go to the Azure Portal and Create a Storage Account

2. Under Services, Select File and Add a File Share



Hands-on: Connecting to Azure File Share Using Windows PC



- 1. Deploy a Fileshare service in Storage Account
 - a) Connect to a Local Windows Machine or a Windows Virtual Machine
- Upload a file to check if it is being reflected in the new drive as well as the Fileshare on Azure Portal



Hands-on: Connecting to Azure File Share Using Linux PC



- 1. Deploy a Fileshare service in Storage Account
 - a) Connect to a Local Linux Machine or a Linux Virtual Machine
- Upload a file to check if it is being reflected in the new drive as well as the Fileshare on Azure Portal



Azure File Sync

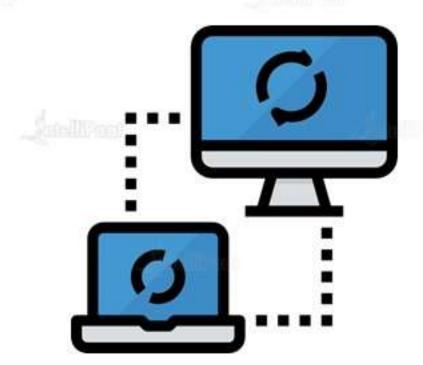


Why Azure File Sync?

Why Azure File Sync?



Azure File Sync allows the synchronization of on-premises file servers with Azure Files supported by Storage Accounts





What is Azure File Sync?

What is Azure File Sync?



Azure File Sync provides on-premises users and applications with quicker access to cloud files

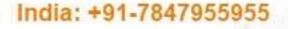
It is powered by local caches and it continually synchronizes with Windows Server

This helps organizations with multiple sites centralize their files onto a single shared server or VM













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