

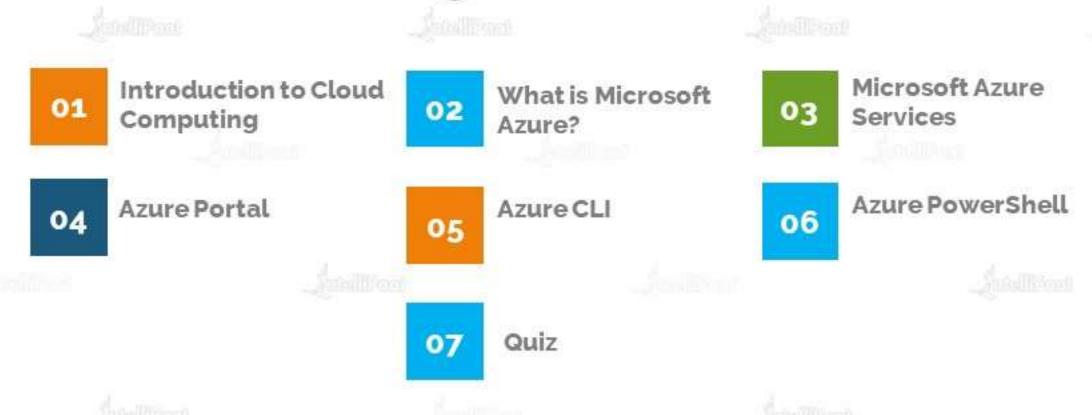
# Microsoft Azure Administrator Associate Training (AZ-104)

Module 1





## Agenda





# Introduction to Cloud Computing

Why Cloud Computing?



Before cloud computing came in, The companies used to invest some money to be able to buy some servers and then launch the application.





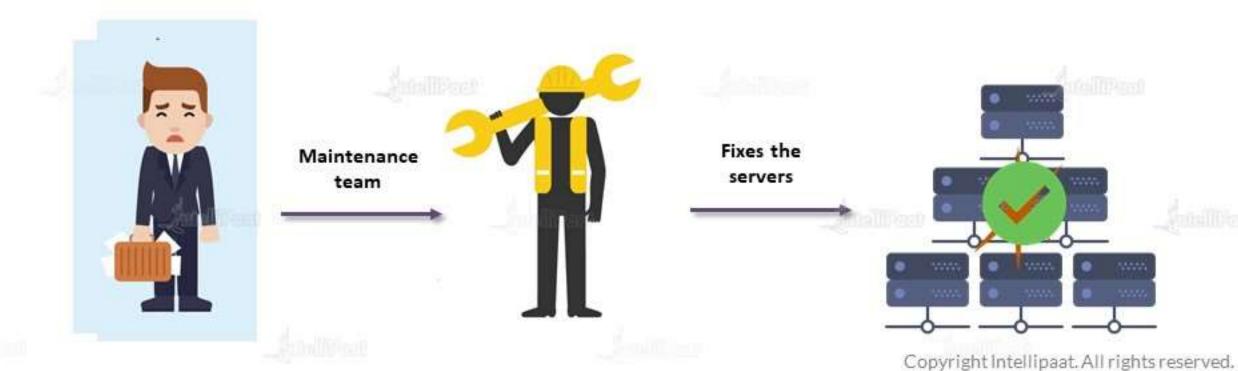
Now, as the application gains popularity, the user database will further increase. To deal with this, the company invest more money to buy more servers. However, the increase in load might cause your servers to crash.





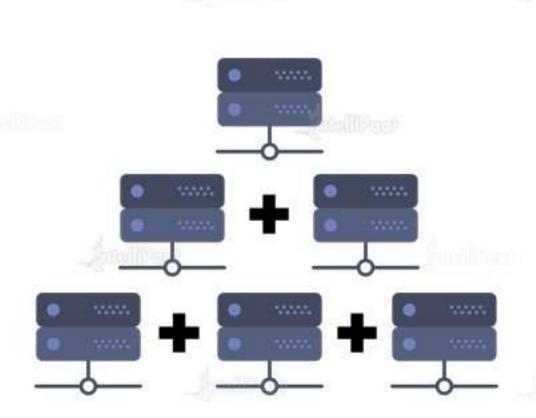
The company then hires a maintenance team to fix the broken servers.

However, it is an expensive option which will have to be implemented each time the server breaks down.





There is another scenario, where the traffic may decrease with time. This poses a problem to the extra servers that were bought earlier. However, keeping the extra servers also mean maintaining them regularly adds to your billing.





servers





### **After Cloud Computing**





















What is Cloud Computing?









### What is Cloud Computing?



Cloud Computing is the delivery of computing services—such as servers, storage, databases, networking, software, analytics, intelligence, and more—over the Internet to offer faster innovation, flexible resources, and the economies of scale



### What is Cloud Computing?

User



Cloud Computing is the use of various computing services on a Pay-As-You-Go model via the internet



Virtual machines, storage,

etc.



# Types of Cloud Models

### **Types of Cloud Models**



Cloud models are basically different business models adopted by a cloud provider.

They operate on two models – Service Models and Deployment Models





# Types of Cloud Models: Service Models

### **Service Models**



#### Infrastructure as a Service

Platform as a Service

Software as a Service

Infrastructure as a Service gives you full access to the server. You can install any custom software on this server as if it was your own infrastructure



### **Service Models**



#### Infrastructure as a Service

Platform as a Service

Software as a Service

As opposed to IaaS, in PaaS, we do not get access to the whole server.

We get a pre-configured server in which we are limited to only changing
a few settings



### **Service Models**



#### Infrastructure as a Service

Platform as a Service

Software as a Service

SaaS means delivering a whole software to a customer as a service, so the customer can directly access and use the software without installing or updating anything





# Types of Cloud Models: Deployment Models



#### **Public Cloud**

**Private Cloud** 

**Hybrid Cloud** 

In Public cloud, the shared access to computing services are given to the users that is, users can share the same infrastructure for their applications.





#### **Public Cloud**

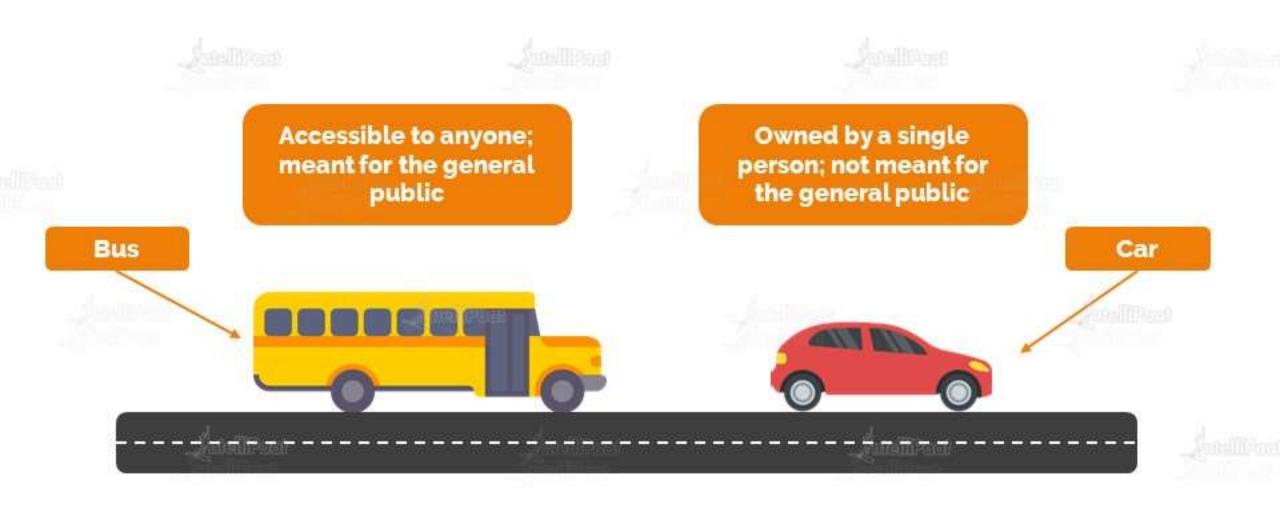
**Private Cloud** 

**Hybrid Cloud** 

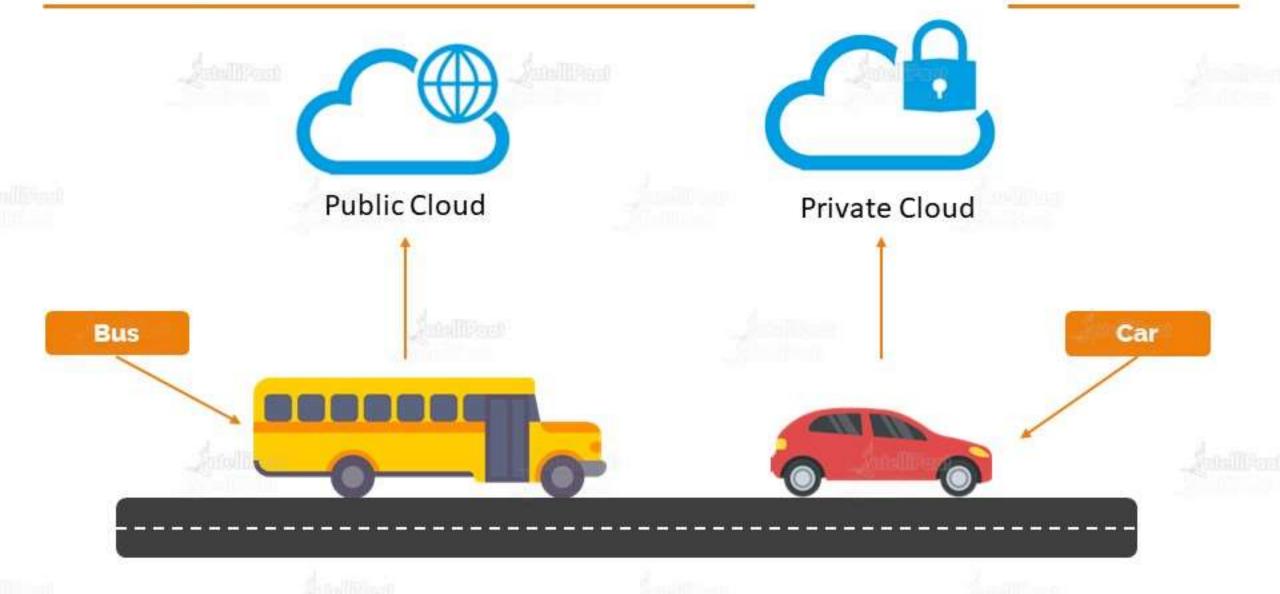
Private cloud is a pool of resources meant exclusively for a single organization. It can either be owned by an organization or can be rented from a cloud provider.













#### **Public Cloud**

**Private Cloud** 

**Hybrid Cloud** 

Hybrid cloud refers to a Cloud Computing environment that uses the combination of both: the private cloud and the public cloud







### What is Microsoft Azure?



Microsoft Azure is a Cloud provider owned by Microsoft; it provides various web-scale cloud services such as compute, storage, networking, etc.

### **Basic facts on Microsoft Azure**





#### **Establishment**

launched on February 1, 2010

### Widely Recognized

Used by more than 90% of Fortune 500 companies



#### **Cost Effective**

Free to get

started; offers the pay-per-use pricing model



#### Multi-language Support

Supports multiple languages viz. C#, NodeJS, Java, and more



#### Availability Zones

Data centers in 54 regions around the world

### **Azure Regions and Availability Zones**





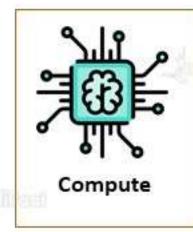


# Microsoft Azure Services

### **Microsoft Azure Services**



Microsoft Azure offers various web-scale cloud services that are grouped together based on different business usage. These groups are called domains. Some of the main domains are listed below:











# Azure Services: Compute











Kubernetes Service





Virtual machines (VMs) are IaaS offerings from Azure. Azure allows users to launch Windows and Linux VMs of their own choice of configuration





Virtual machines (VMs) are IaaS offerings from Azure. Azure allows users to launch Windows and Linux VMs of their own choice of configuration

App Service is a PaaS offering from Azure. It provides already set-up environments for developers for hosting and managing their applications



App Service

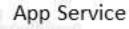




Virtual machines (VMs) are IaaS offerings from Azure. Azure allows users to launch Windows and Linux VMs of their own choice of configuration

App Service is a PaaS offering from Azure. It provides already set-up environments for developers for hosting and managing their applications







Function App

his service lets users run code or functions in the cloud without having to manage the underlying resource services





Virtual machines (VMs) are IaaS offerings from Azure. Azure allows users to launch Windows and Linux VMs of their own choice of configuration

App Service is a PaaS offering from Azure. It provides already set-up environments for developers for hosting and managing their applications



App Service



Function App

his service lets users run code or functions in the cloud without having to manage the underlying resource services

This is a managed container orchestration service based on Kubernetes. This service is used for microservices-based applications



Kubernetes Service



# Azure Services: Networking











**DNS Zones** 

**CDN Profiles** 





Virtual network (VNet) is a logically isolated network in the whole Azure cloud dedicated to our subscription

Virtual Networks





Virtual network (VNet) is a logically isolated network in the whole Azure cloud dedicated to our subscription

Virtual Networks

This service is used to distribute the incoming traffic among multiple healthy virtual machines







Virtual network (VNet) is a logically isolated network in the whole Azure cloud dedicated to our subscription

Virtual Networks

This service is used to distribute the incoming traffic among multiple healthy virtual machines





Application gateway is a web traffic load balancer that lets users manage the traffic to their web applications

Application Gateway





Virtual network (VNet) is a logically isolated network in the whole Azure cloud dedicated to our subscription

Virtual Networks

This service is used to distribute the incoming traffic among multiple healthy virtual machines





Application gateway is a web traffic load balancer that lets users manage the traffic to their web applications

Application Gateway

This is a hosting service for domains in Azure. We can manage our DNS records by hosting our domain in Azure







Virtual network (VNet) is a logically isolated network in the whole Azure cloud dedicated to our subscription

Virtual Networks

This service is used to distribute the incoming traffic among multiple healthy virtual machines





Application gateway is a web traffic load balancer that lets users manage the traffic to their web applications

Application Gateway

This is a hosting service for domains in Azure. We can manage our DNS records by hosting our domain in Azure

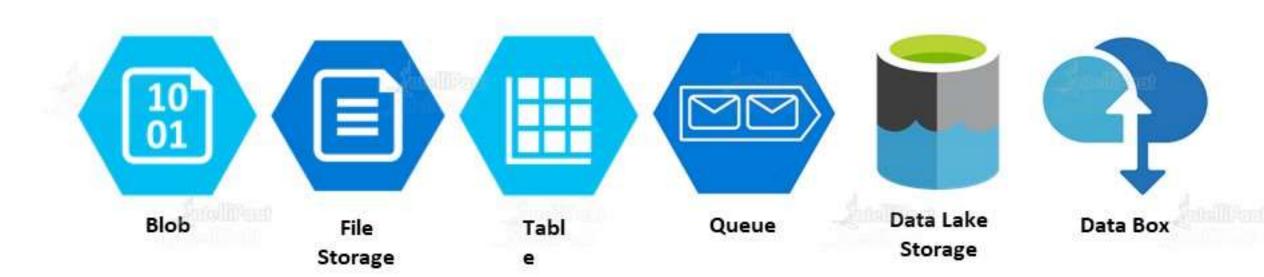




Azure CDN profile is a Content Delivery Network solution by Azure. It is used to store the cached version of applications or storage in different regions



# Azure Services: Storage







Azure blog is an object-type storage in Azure. It is used for storing large amounts of structured or unstructured data





Azure blog is an object-type storage in Azure. It is used for storing large amounts of structured or unstructured data

This is a file storage solution by Azure. It supports the SMB (Server Message Block) protocol



File Storage





Azure blog is an object-type storage in Azure. It is used for storing large amounts of structured or unstructured data

Blob

This is a file storage solution by Azure. It supports the SMB (Server Message Block) protocol



File Storage



Azure tables are used to store large amount of structured data. It is a NoSQL database, so it can store non-relational data

Tabl

e





This service is used for storing large number of messages that can be accessed from anywhere in the world using authenticated HTTP or HTTPS calls

Queue





Queue

This service is used for storing large number of messages that can be accessed from anywhere in the world using authenticated HTTP or HTTPS calls

Azure Data Lake Storage is an enterprise-wide hyper-scale repository for Big Data Analytics workloads. It enables us to capture data of any size, type, and ingestion speed in a single place for operational and exploratory analytics



Data Lake Storage





Queue

This service is used for storing large number of messages that can be accessed from anywhere in the world using authenticated HTTP or HTTPS calls

Azure Data Lake Storage is an enterprise-wide hyper-scale repository for Big Data Analytics workloads. It enables us to capture data of any size, type, and ingestion speed in a single place for operational and exploratory analytics



Data Lake Storage

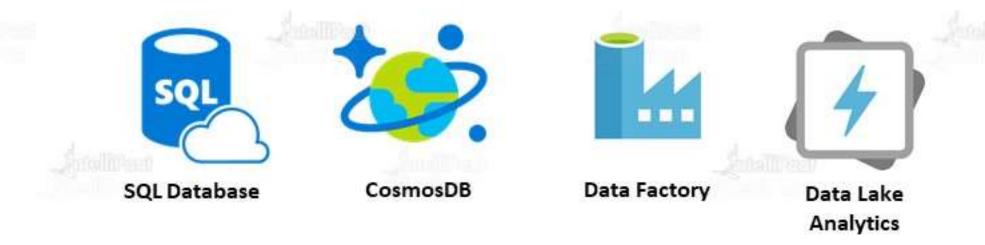


Data Box

This service can be used to move data to Azure quickly. Data Box offline devices easily move data to Azure when busy networks are not an option. Data Box online appliances transfer data to and from Azure over the network



# Azure Services: Database







It's basically a SQL Server but on cloud. It works to create, scale, and extend applications into the cloud using MS SQL Server





It's basically a SQL Server but on cloud. It works to create, scale, and extend applications into the cloud using MS SQL Server

Cosmos DB is a NoSQL database service that implements a subset of the SQL SELECT statement on the JSON documents







It's basically a SQL Server but on cloud. It works to create, scale, and extend applications into the cloud using MS SQL Server

> Cosmos DB is a NoSQL database service that implements a subset of the SQL SELECT statement on the JSON documents



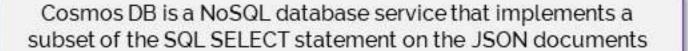


This service is a fully managed service for composing data storage, processing, and movement services into streamlined, scalable, and reliable data production pipelines





It's basically a SQL Server but on cloud. It works to create, scale, and extend applications into the cloud using MS SQL Server







This service is a fully managed service for composing data storage, processing, and movement services into streamlined, scalable, and reliable data production pipelines

> Azure Data Lake Analytics is a scalable data storage and analytical service for Big Data Analytics workloads that require developers to run massively parallel queries



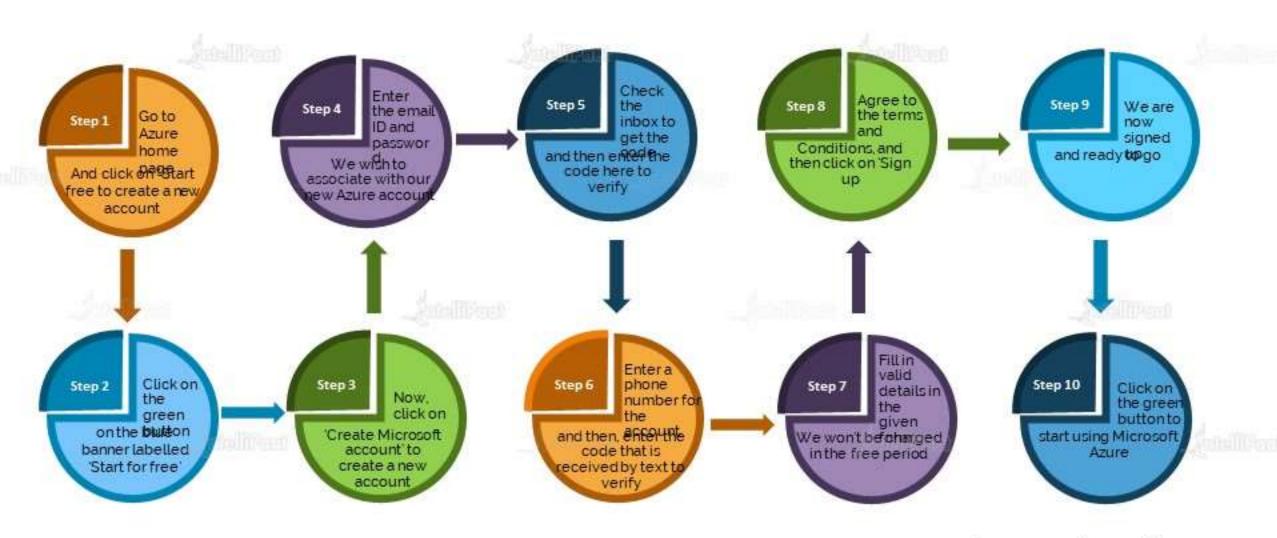
Data Lake Analytics



# Creating a Microsoft Azure Account

# Creating A Microsoft Azure Account





Refer to Hands-on 1 in LMS



# Hands-on: Creating a Microsoft Azure Account



- 1. Creating a new Microsoft Azure Account
  - a) Signing up on the Azure Portal and starting with a free trial subscription



# Different Ways of Accessing Microsoft Azure: Portal, PowerShell, & CLI

# Ways of Accessing Microsoft Azure



Microsoft provides various ways to access the Microsoft Azure platform. For those who prefer a GUI, there is Azure Classic Portal. For those who prefer command-line tools, there is Azure PowerShell or Azure CLI



**Azure** 

**Portal** 



Azure CLI



Windows

**PowerShell** 

## **Azure Portals**





Azure Portal is a web-based, unified console that lets users access and manage Azure services. Using Azure Portal, users can build, monitor, and manage their applications on Azure Cloud. To sign into the portal, users need to have an Azure account

**Portal** 

Azure



## **Azure PowerShell**





Azure PowerShell is a task-based command-line shell built on the .NET framework. It lets users control Azure's robust functionality from a command line

#### **PowerShell**





# Hands-on: Setting up Azure PowerShell

#### Hands-on



- 1. Set up the PowerShell Client on Azure Portal
  - a) Run basic command to check for the current Azure subscription

#### **Azure CLI**





Azure CLI is a cross-platform command-line tool used to manage and monitor Microsoft Azure platform and services. It provides an alternative for PowerShell





# Hands-on: Setting up Azure CLI

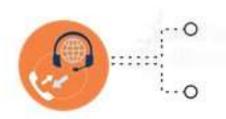
#### Hands-on



- 1. Set up the Azure CLI on the Azure Portal
  - a) Run a basic command to create a Resource Group using Azure CLI









US: 1-800-216-8930 (TOLL FREE)



support@intellipaat.co



24/7 Chat with Our Course Advisor