

```
In [21]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, StratifiedKFold, cross_val_sc
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import (confusion_matrix, classification_report,
                             roc_auc_score, roc_curve, accuracy_score)

import shap
import joblib
```

```
In [ ]: #Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('blood.csv')
print("Rows, Columns:", df.shape)
df.head()
```

Rows, Columns: (748, 5)

```
Out[ ]: 
```

	Recency	Frequency	Monetary	Time	Class
0	2	50	12500	99	1
1	0	13	3250	28	1
2	1	17	4000	36	1
3	2	20	5000	45	1
4	1	24	6000	77	0

```
In [ ]: #Quick exploration
print("Columns and types:")
print(df.dtypes)
print("\nMissing values per column:")
print(df.isnull().sum())
print("\nBasic stats for numeric columns:")
display(df.describe().T)
```

Columns and types:

```
Recency      int64
Frequency    int64
Monetary     int64
Time         int64
Class        int64
dtype: object
```

Missing values per column:

```
Recency      0
Frequency    0
Monetary     0
Time         0
Class        0
dtype: int64
```

Basic stats for numeric columns:

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
Recency	748.0	9.506684	8.095396	0.0	2.75	7.0	14.0	74.0
Frequency	748.0	5.516043	5.841825	1.0	2.00	4.0	7.0	50.0
Monetary	748.0	1378.676471	1459.826781	250.0	500.00	1000.0	1750.0	12500.0
Time	748.0	34.284759	24.380307	2.0	16.00	28.0	50.0	99.0
Class	748.0	0.237968	0.426124	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	1.0

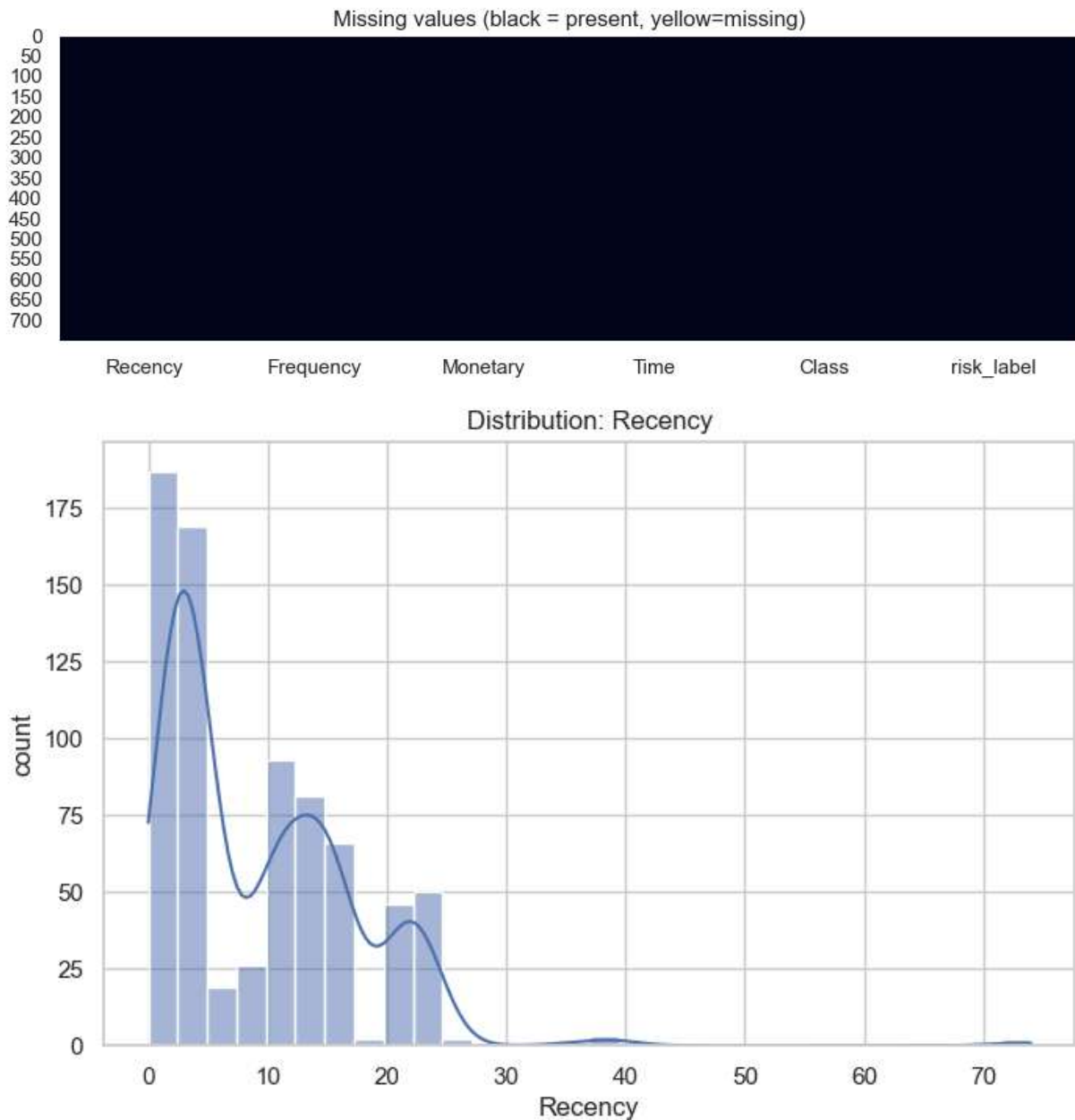
```
In [25]: if 'recommendation' in df.columns:
          target_col = 'recommendation'
        elif 'disease' in df.columns:
          target_col = 'disease'
        elif 'diabetes' in df.columns:
          target_col = 'diabetes'
        else:
          numeric_cols = df.select_dtypes(include=np.number).columns.tolist()
          # heuristics - adapt to dataset columns
          risk = pd.Series(0, index=df.index)
          if 'cholesterol' in df.columns:
              risk = risk | (df['cholesterol'] > 240)
          if 'blood_glucose' in df.columns:
              risk = risk | (df['blood_glucose'] > 126)
          for c in ['systolic_bp', 'blood_pressure', 'bp_sys']:
              if c in df.columns:
                  risk = risk | (df[c] > 140)
          df['risk_label'] = risk.astype(int)
          target_col = 'risk_label'
          print("Created synthetic target 'risk_label' - please adapt if you have a real
```

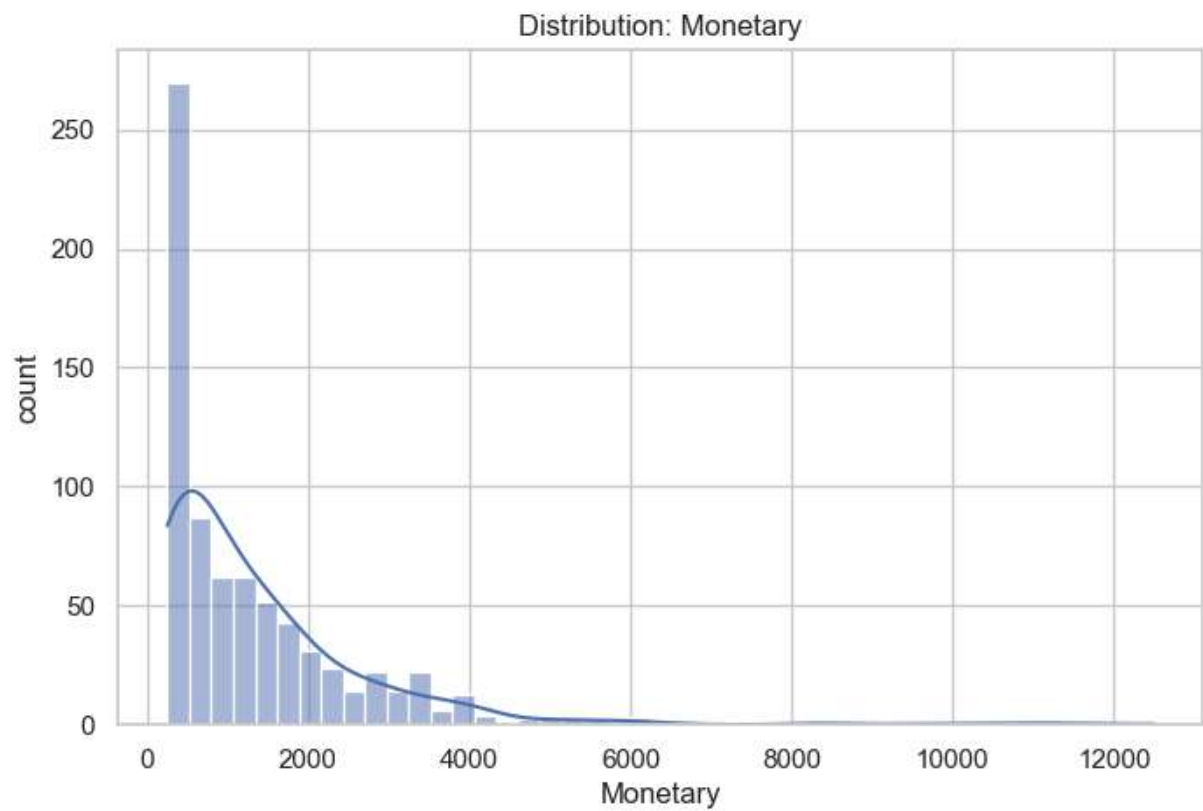
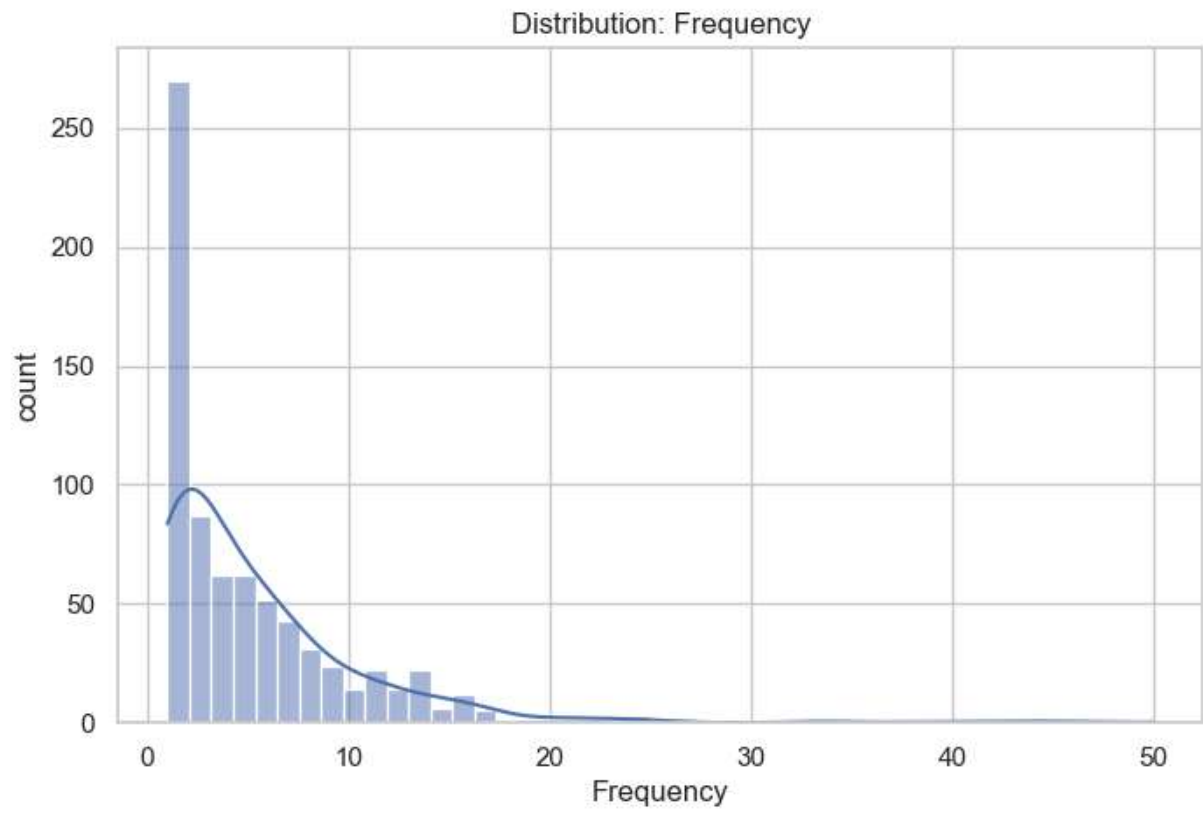
Created synthetic target 'risk_label' - please adapt if you have a real label.

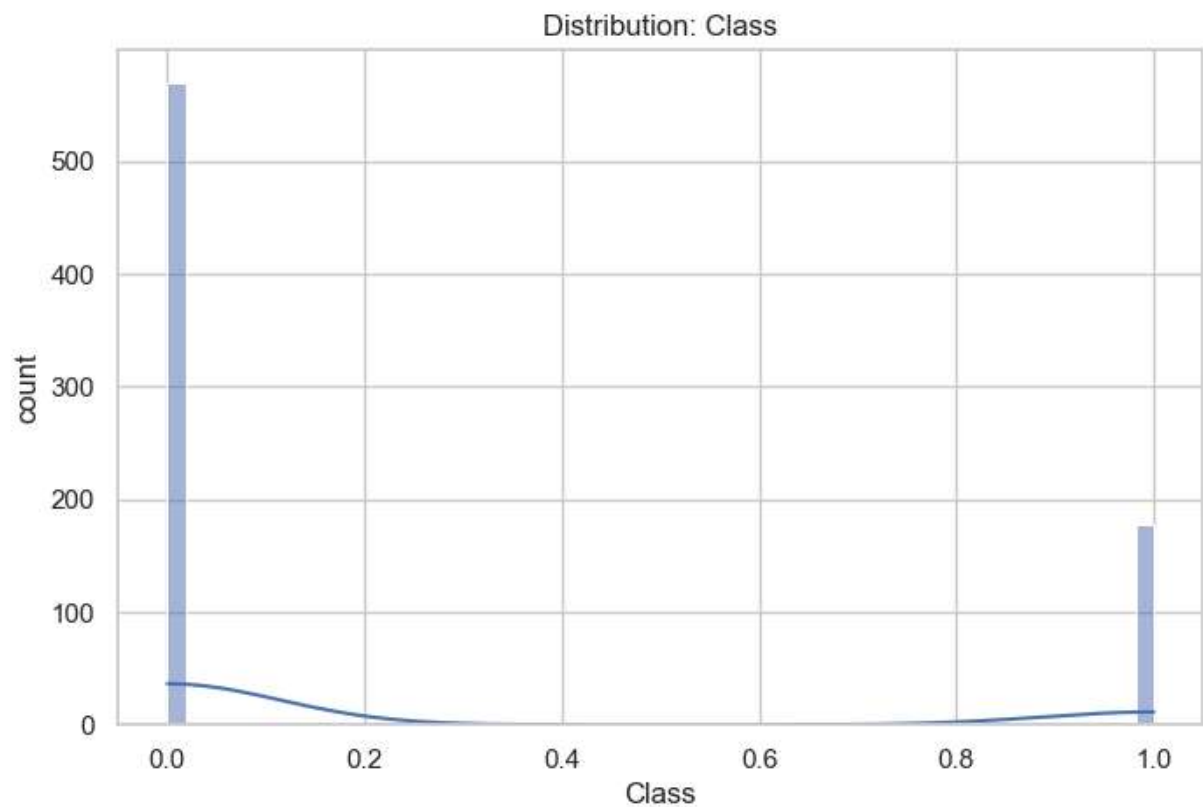
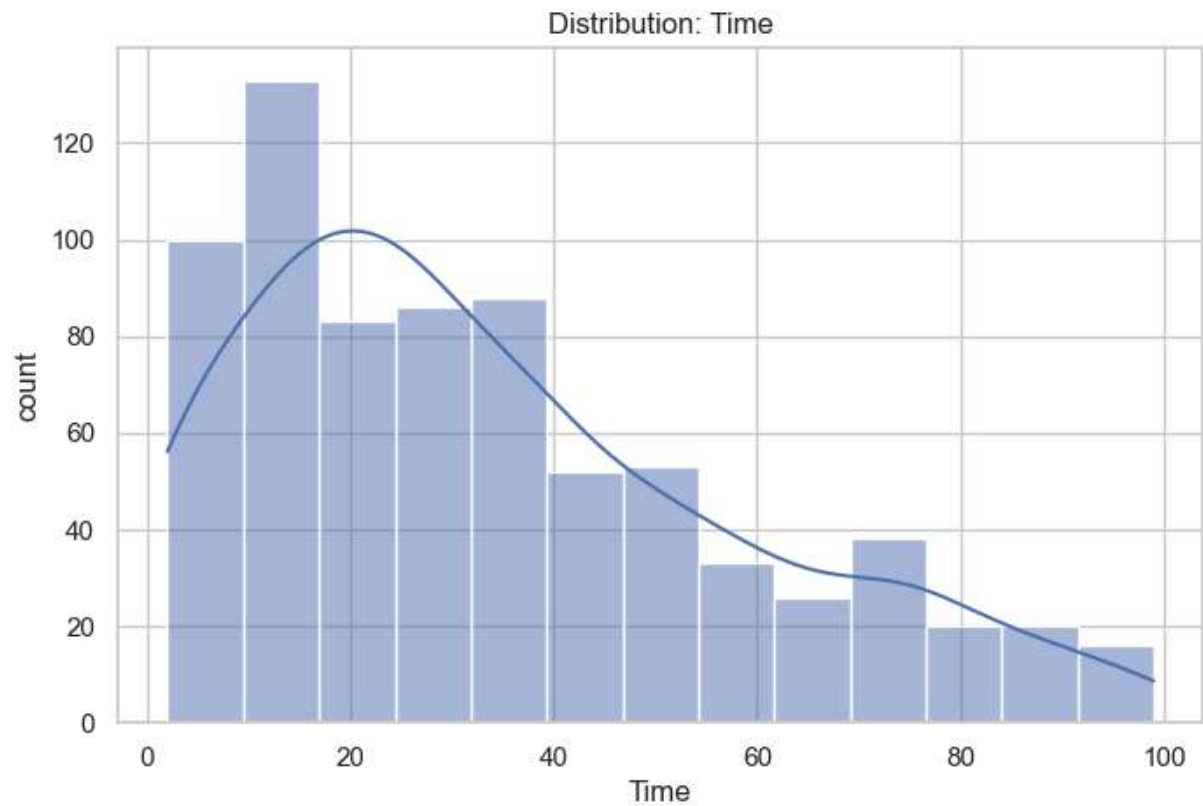
```
In [26]: #EDA
          #Missing value heatmap
          plt.figure(figsize=(10,3))
          sns.heatmap(df.isnull(), cbar=False)
```

```
plt.title("Missing values (black = present, yellow=missing)")
plt.show()

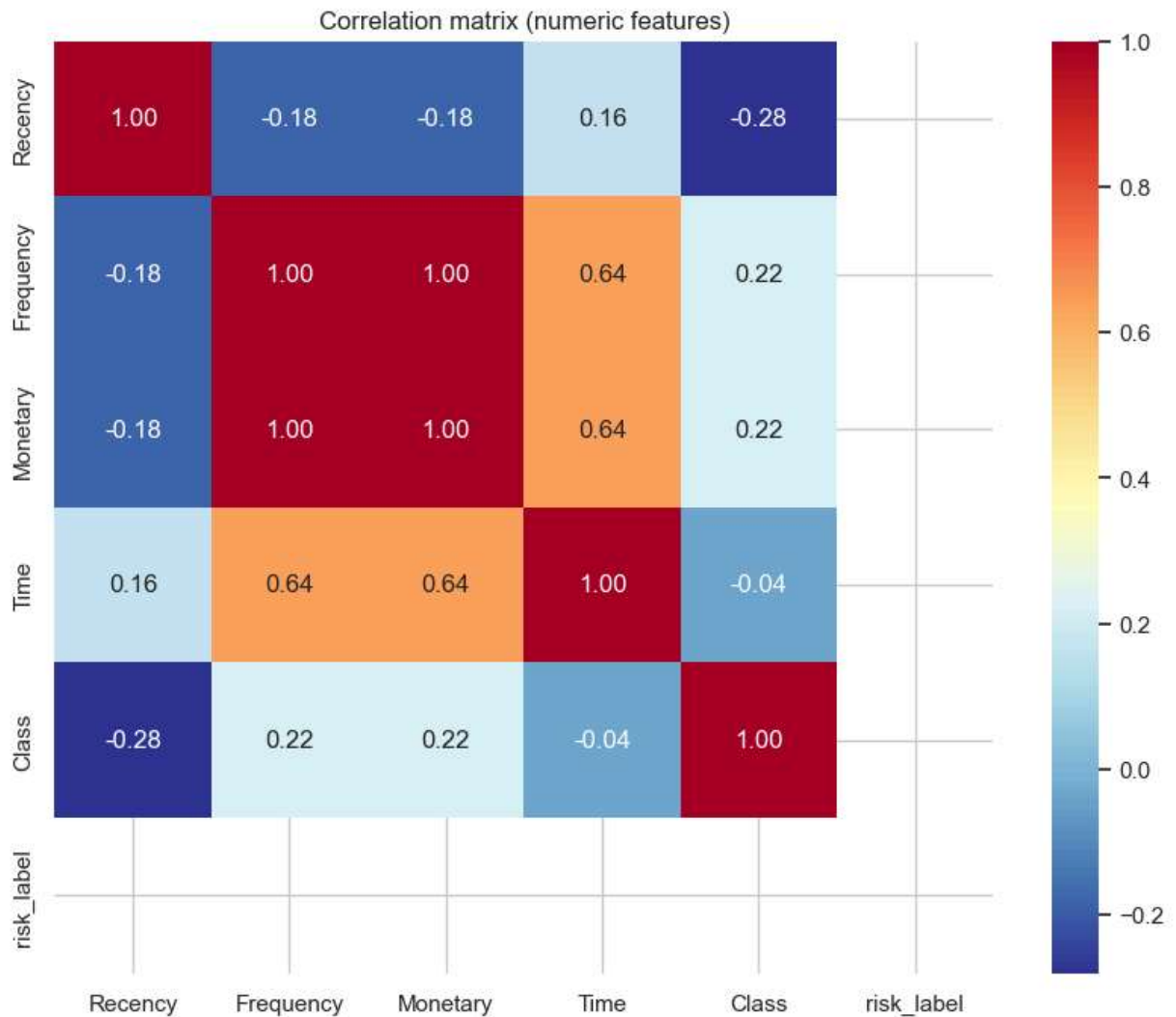
#Numeric distributions for top numeric columns
num_cols = df.select_dtypes(include=np.number).columns.tolist()
num_cols = [c for c in num_cols if c != target_col][:6] # show up to 6
for c in num_cols:
    plt.figure()
    sns.histplot(df[c].dropna(), kde=True)
    plt.title(f"Distribution: {c}")
    plt.xlabel(c)
    plt.ylabel("count")
    plt.show()
```







```
In [27]: #Correlation heatmap
corr = df.select_dtypes(include=np.number).corr()
plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
sns.heatmap(corr, annot=True, fmt=".2f", cmap="RdYlBu_r", square=False)
plt.title("Correlation matrix (numeric features)")
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: #Preprocessing pipeline
feature_cols = [c for c in df.columns if c != target_col]

numeric_features = df[feature_cols].select_dtypes(include=np.number).columns.tolist
categorical_features = [c for c in feature_cols if c not in numeric_features]

numeric_transformer = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='median')),
    ('scaler', StandardScaler())
])

categorical_transformer = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='most_frequent')),
    ('onehot', OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown='ignore', sparse_output=False))
])

preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(
    transformers=[
        ('num', numeric_transformer, numeric_features),
        ('cat', categorical_transformer, categorical_features)
    ],
    remainder='drop' # drop other columns if any
)
```

```
In [55]: #Train/test split
X = df[feature_cols]
y = df[target_col]
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X, y, test_size=0.2, stratify=y, random_state=42
)
print("Train/test sizes:", X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
```

Train/test sizes: (598, 5) (150, 5)

```
In [ ]: #Model training: RandomForest , XGBoost
y_train = y_train.astype(int)
y_test = y_test.astype(int)

rf_pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('preprocessor', preprocessor),
    ('clf', RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=200, random_state=42))
])

xgb_pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('preprocessor', preprocessor),
    ('clf', XGBClassifier(
        objective='binary:logistic',
        eval_metric='logloss',
        use_label_encoder=False,
        base_score=0.5,
        random_state=42
    ))
])
```

```
In [ ]: # Cross-validate quickly
cv = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True, random_state=42)

print("RF CV accuracy:",
      cross_val_score(rf_pipeline, X_train, y_train, cv=cv, scoring='accuracy').mean())

print("XGB CV accuracy:",
      cross_val_score(xgb_pipeline, X_train, y_train, cv=cv, scoring='accuracy').mean())

# Fit best model
best_pipeline = rf_pipeline
best_pipeline.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

RF CV accuracy: 1.0

XGB CV accuracy: 1.0

Out[]:

Pipeline

▼ Parameters

	steps	[('preprocessor', ...), ('clf', ...)]
	transform_input	None
	memory	None
	verbose	False

preprocessor: ColumnTransformer

▼ Parameters

	transformers	[('num', ...), ('cat', ...)]
	remainder	'drop'
	sparse_threshold	0.3
	n_jobs	None
	transformer_weights	None
	verbose	False
	verbose_feature_names_out	True
	force_int_remainder_cols	'deprecated'

▼ num

▼ cat

['Recency', 'Frequency', 'Monetary', 'Time', 'Class'] []

SimpleImputer

▼ Parameters

	missing_values	nan
	strategy	'median'
	fill_value	None
	copy	True
	add_indicator	False
	keep_empty_features	False

StandardScaler

SimpleImpute

▼ Parameters

	missing_values	
	strategy	
	fill_value	
	copy	
	add_indicator	
	keep_empty_features	

OneHotEncode

▼ Parameters		
	copy	True
	with_mean	True
	with_std	True

▼ Parameters		
	categories	
	drop	
	sparse_output	
	dtype	
	handle_unknown	
	min_frequency	
	max_categories	
	feature_name_combiner	

▼ RandomForestClassifier		
▼ Parameters		
	n_estimators	200
	criterion	'gini'
	max_depth	None
	min_samples_split	2
	min_samples_leaf	1
	min_weight_fraction_leaf	0.0
	max_features	'sqrt'
	max_leaf_nodes	None
	min_impurity_decrease	0.0
	bootstrap	True
	oob_score	False
	n_jobs	None
	random_state	42
	verbose	0
	warm_start	False
	class_weight	None
	ccp_alpha	0.0

In []:

	max_samples	None
	monotonic_cst	None

```

y_proba = None
try:
    y_proba = best_pipeline.predict_proba(X_test)[:,-1]
except Exception:
    pass

print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
print("Classification report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

```

Accuracy: 1.0

Classification report:

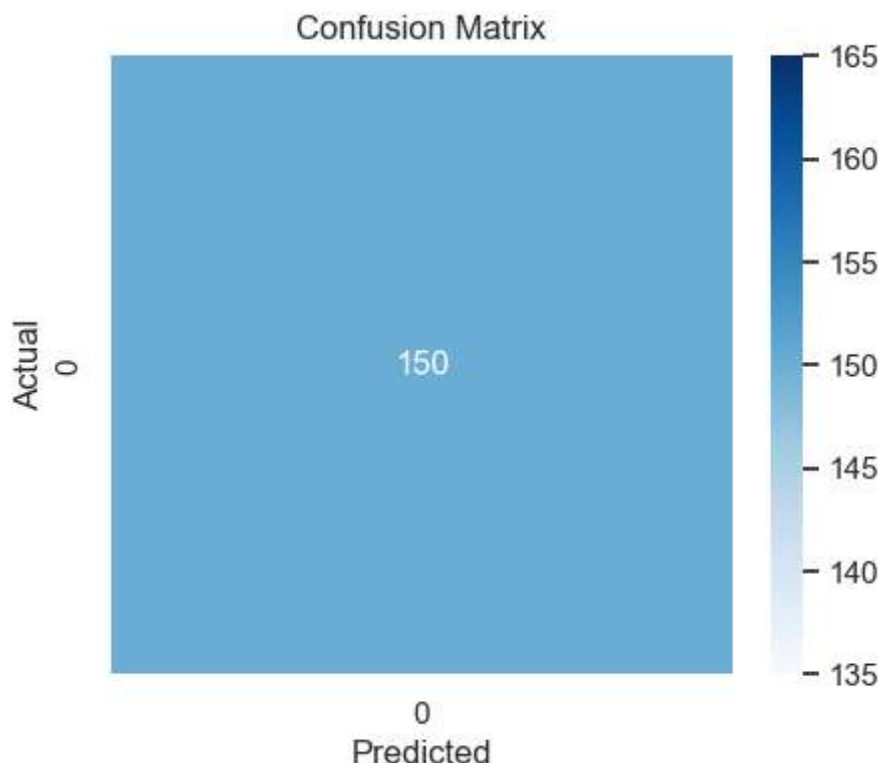
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	150
accuracy			1.00	150
macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	150
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	150

In []:

```

# Confusion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(5,4))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues')
plt.xlabel("Predicted")
plt.ylabel("Actual")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()

```



```
In [ ]: #ROC Curve
best_pipeline.fit(X_train, y_train)

if hasattr(best_pipeline, "predict_proba") and len(np.unique(y_test)) == 2:
    y_proba = best_pipeline.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]
    fpr, tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, y_proba)
    auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_proba)
    plt.figure(figsize=(6,5))
    plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label=f"AUC={auc:.3f}", linewidth=2)
    plt.plot([0,1],[0,1], '--', alpha=0.6)
    plt.xlabel("False Positive Rate")
    plt.ylabel("True Positive Rate")
    plt.title("ROC Curve")
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid(alpha=0.3)
    plt.show()
else:
    if not hasattr(best_pipeline, "predict_proba"):
        print("Model does not support probability predictions.")
    else:
        print("Cannot plot ROC - y_test does not contain both classes:", np.unique(
```

Cannot plot ROC - y_test does not contain both classes: [0]

```
In [ ]: #Feature importance
pre = best_pipeline.named_steps['preprocessor']

num_feats = numeric_features

cat_feats = []
if categorical_features:
    ohe = pre.named_transformers_['cat'].named_steps['onehot']
```

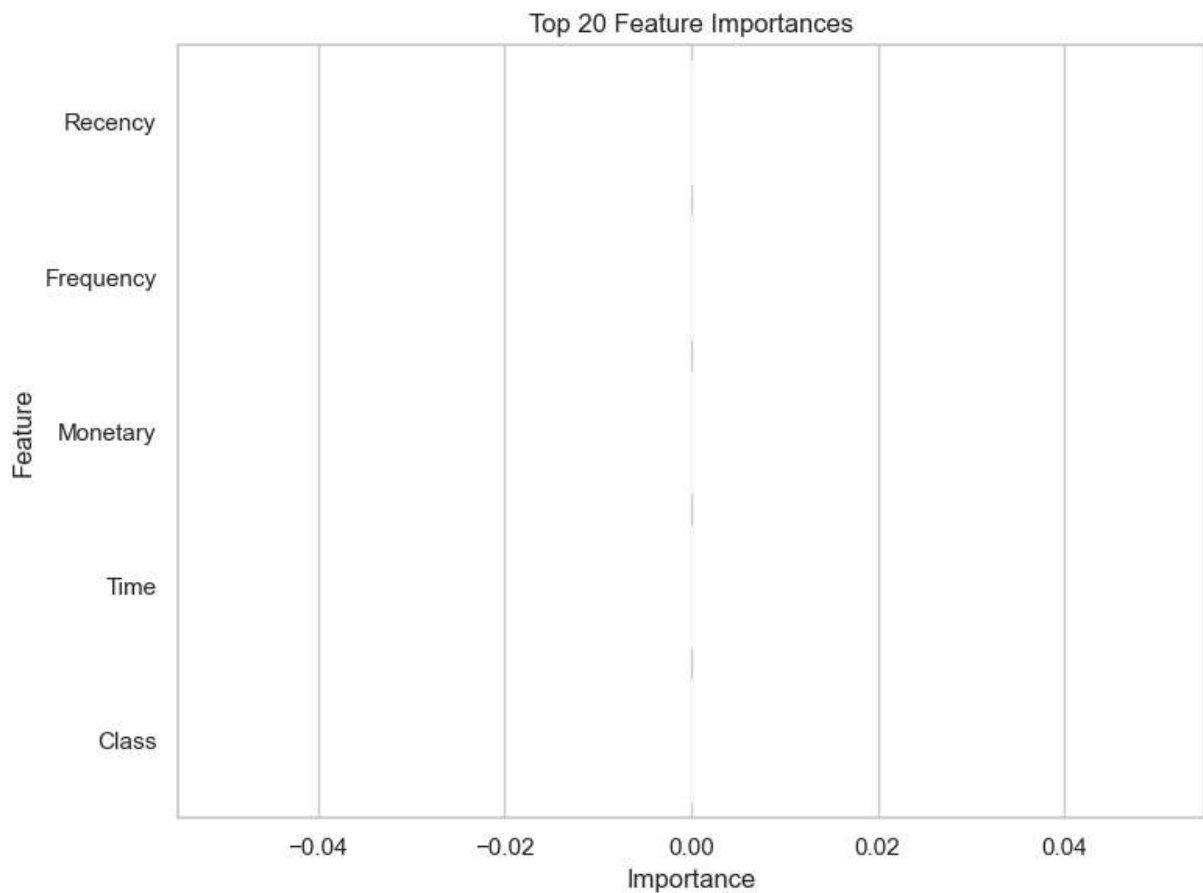
```

cat_names = ohe.get_feature_names_out(categorical_features)
cat_feats = list(cat_names)
all_feats = num_feats + cat_feats

clf = best_pipeline.named_steps['clf']
importances = clf.feature_importances_
feat_imp = pd.Series(importances, index=all_feats).sort_values(ascending=False).head(20)

plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
sns.barplot(x=feat_imp.values, y=feat_imp.index)
plt.title("Top 20 Feature Importances")
plt.xlabel("Importance")
plt.ylabel("Feature")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



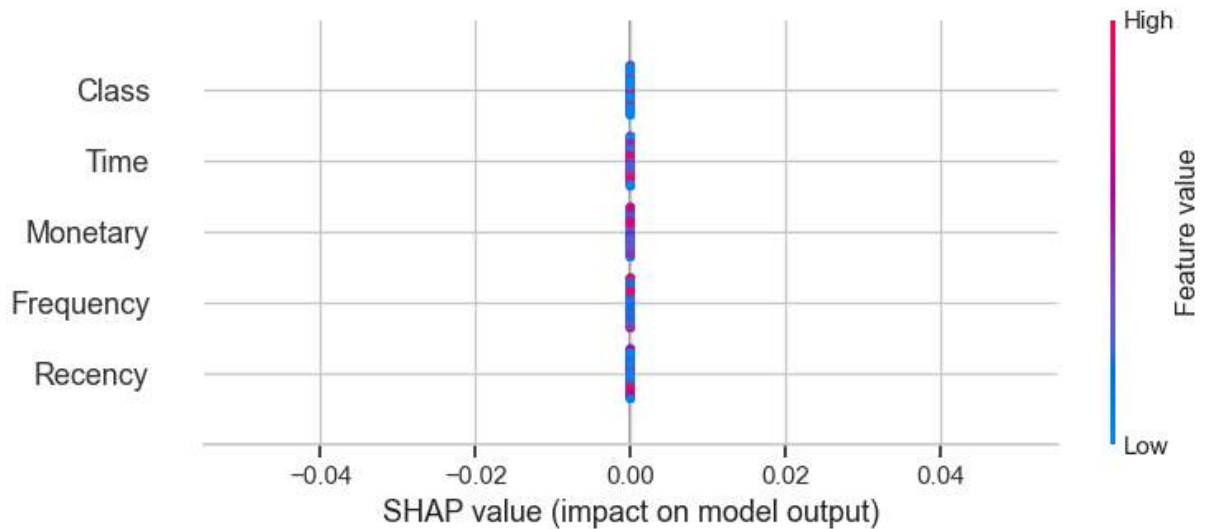
```

In [ ]: #SHAP explanations
explainer = shap.Explainer(clf, pre.transform(X_train).astype(float))

X_shap = pre.transform(X_test).astype(float)
shap_values = explainer(X_shap[:200])

shap.summary_plot(shap_values, features=X_shap[:200], feature_names=all_feats, show

```



```
In [ ]: #Recommendation generator
def generate_recommendation(single_row_df):
    """
    Input: single row pandas DataFrame with the same columns as original X
    Output: human readable recommendation
    """
    pred = best_pipeline.predict(single_row_df)[0]

    mapping = {
        0: "Low risk: Maintain current healthy habits; annual checkup recommended."
        1: "Elevated risk: Schedule a doctor visit for assessment; consider lifestyle"
    }

    return mapping.get(pred, f"Predicted label {pred}. Consult clinician for person")

example = X_test.iloc[[0]]
print(generate_recommendation(example))
```

Low risk: Maintain current healthy habits; annual checkup recommended.