# DATA INGESTION TASKS

# Task 1: Raw Data Ingestion

```
1. Create Notebook for Ingesting Raw Weather Data:
  from pyspark.sql.types import StructType, StructField, StringType, DateType, FloatType
  weather_schema = StructType([
    StructField("City", StringType(), True),
    StructField("Date", DateType(), True),
    StructField("Temperature", FloatType(), True),
    StructField("Humidity", FloatType(), True)
  1)
2. Read CSV File and Handle Missing File:
  import os
  from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
  spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("WeatherDataIngestion").getOrCreate()
  file_path = "/path/to/weather_data.csv"
  if os.path.exists(file_path):
    raw_data = spark.read.csv(file_path, schema=weather_schema, header=True)
  else:
    print(f"File {file_path} not found!")
3. Save Data to Delta Table:
 raw_data.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/weather_raw")
Task 2: Data Cleaning
1. Create Notebook for Cleaning Data:
  cleaned_data = spark.read.format("delta").load("/path/to/delta/weather_raw")
2. Remove Null or Missing Values:
 cleaned_data = cleaned_data.dropna()
 3. Save Cleaned Data to a New Delta Table:
 cleaned_data.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/weather_cleaned")
```

#### Task 3: Data Transformation

```
1. Create Notebook for Data Transformation:
  transformed_data = spark.read.format("delta").load("/path/to/delta/weather_cleaned")
2. Calculate Average Temperature and Humidity for Each City:
 from pyspark.sql.functions import avg
 avg_data = transformed_data.groupBy("City").agg(
   avg("Temperature").alias("Avg_Temperature"),
   avg("Humidity").alias("Avg_Humidity")
 )
3. Save Transformed Data to a Delta Table:
 avg_data.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/weather_transformed")
Task 4: Pipeline to Execute Notebooks
1. Create a Pipeline:
  try:
    dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/ingest_weather_data", timeout_seconds=3600)
    dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/clean_weather_data", timeout_seconds=3600)
    dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/transform_weather_data", timeout_seconds=3600)
  except Exception as e:
    print(f"Pipeline failed with error: {str(e)}")
2. Handle Errors and Log Messages:
 - Log messages can be generated using Python's `logging` module or Databricks' logging mechanisms.
Bonus Task: Error Handling
1. Advanced Error Handling:
  import logging
  logging.basicConfig(filename='/path/to/logs/pipeline_errors.log', level=logging.ERROR)
  try:
  except Exception as e:
    logging.error(f"Pipeline error: {str(e)}")
```

### Task 1: Raw Data Ingestion

```
1. CSV Data (Daily Weather Conditions):
  City, Date, Temperature, Humidity
 New York, 2024-01-01, 30.5, 60
 Los Angeles, 2024-01-01, 25.0, 65
 Chicago, 2024-01-01, -5.0, 75
 Houston, 2024-01-01, 20.0, 80
 Phoenix, 2024-01-01, 15.0, 50
2. Create Notebook for Ingesting Data:
  from pyspark.sql.types import StructType, StructField, StringType, DateType, FloatType
  weather_schema = StructType([
     StructField("City", StringType(), True),
     StructField("Date", DateType(), True),
     StructField("Temperature", FloatType(), True),
     StructField("Humidity", FloatType(), True)
  ])
-Read the CSV file with error handling:
  import os
  from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
  spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("WeatherDataIngestion").getOrCreate()
  file_path = "/path/to/weather_data.csv"
  if os.path.exists(file_path):
     raw_data = spark.read.csv(file_path, schema=weather_schema, header=True)
  else:
     print(f"File {file_path} not found!")
 - Save the raw data to Delta:
  raw_data.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/weather_raw")
```

#### Task 2: Data Cleaning

```
1. Create Notebook for Cleaning Data:
 - Load the raw data from Delta:
  raw_data = spark.read.format("delta").load("/path/to/delta/weather_raw")
 - Handle null or incorrect values:
  cleaned_data = raw_data.dropna()
  # Optional: Remove rows with impossible temperature/humidity values
  cleaned_data = cleaned_data.filter((cleaned_data.Temperature > -100) &
                     (cleaned_data.Humidity <= 100) &
                     (cleaned_data.Humidity >= 0))
 - Save the cleaned data to Delta:
  cleaned_data.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/weather_cleaned")
Task 3: Data Transformation
1. Create Notebook for Data Transformation:
 - Load cleaned data from Delta:
  cleaned_data = spark.read.format("delta").load("/path/to/delta/weather_cleaned")
 - Calculate average temperature and humidity per city:
  from pyspark.sql.functions import avg
  transformed_data = cleaned_data.groupBy("City").agg(
    avg("Temperature").alias("Avg_Temperature"),
    avg("Humidity").alias("Avg Humidity")
  )
 - Save transformed data to Delta:
transformed_data.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/pathto/delta/weather_transformed")
Task 4: Build and Run a Pipeline
1. Create a Databricks Pipeline:
 - Sequential execution of notebooks:
  try:
    dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/ingest_weather_data", timeout_seconds=3600)
```

```
dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/clean_weather_data", timeout_seconds=3600)
    dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/transform_weather_data", timeout_seconds=3600)
  except Exception as e:
    print(f"Pipeline failed: {str(e)}")
2. Logging the status of each step:
 - Use Python's `logging` library or Databricks utilities to log success/failure of each step.
Task 1: Customer Data Ingestion
1. CSV Data (Customer Transactions):
 CustomerID, TransactionDate, TransactionAmount, ProductCategory
 C001,2024-01-15,250.75,Electronics
 C002,2024-01-16,125.50,Groceries
 C003,2024-01-17,90.00,Clothing
 C004,2024-01-18,300.00,Electronics
 C005,2024-01-19,50.00,Groceries
2. Create Notebook for Ingesting Data:
 - Define schema:
  from pyspark.sql.types import StructType, StructField, StringType, DateType, FloatType
  customer_schema = StructType([
    StructField("CustomerID", StringType(), True),
    StructField("TransactionDate", DateType(), True),
    StructField("TransactionAmount", FloatType(), True),
    StructField("ProductCategory", StringType(), True)
  ])
 - Read the CSV file with error handling:
  import os
  from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
  spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("CustomerDataIngestion").getOrCreate()
```

file\_path = "/path/to/customer\_transactions.csv"

```
if os.path.exists(file_path):
    raw_customer_data = spark.read.csv(file_path, schema=customer_schema, header=True)
  else:
    print(f"File {file_path} not found!")
 - Save raw data to Delta:
  raw_customer_data.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/customer_raw")
Task 2: Data Cleaning
1. Create Notebook for Cleaning Data:
 - Load raw data from Delta:
  raw_customer_data = spark.read.format("delta").load("/path/to/delta/customer raw")
 - Remove duplicates and handle null values:
  cleaned_customer_data = raw_customer_data.dropDuplicates()
  cleaned_customer_data =
cleaned_customer_data.filter(cleaned_customer_data.TransactionAmount.isNotNull())
  - Save cleaned data to Delta: cleaned_customer_data.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save
("/path/to/delta/customer_cleaned")
Task 3: Data Aggregation
1. Create Notebook for Data Aggregation:
 - Load cleaned data from Delta:
  cleaned customer data = spark.read.format("delta").load("/path/to/delta/customer cleaned")
 - Aggregate data by ProductCategory:
  from pyspark.sql.functions import sum
  aggregated_data = cleaned_customer_data.groupBy("ProductCategory").agg(
    sum("TransactionAmount").alias("Total_TransactionAmount")
  )
 - Save aggregated data to Delta:
aggregated data.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/customer aggregated")
```

#### Task 4: Pipeline Creation

```
1. Create a Databricks Pipeline:
```

```
- Sequential execution of notebooks:
try:
    dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/ingest_customer_data", timeout_seconds=3600)
    dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/clean_customer_data", timeout_seconds=3600)
    dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/aggregate_customer_data", timeout_seconds=3600)
except Exception as e:
    print(f"Pipeline failed: {str(e)}")
```

## Task 5: Data Validation

1. Create Data Validation Notebook:

```
original_data = spark.read.format("delta").load("/path/to/delta/customer_cleaned")
aggregated_data = spark.read.format("delta").load("/path/to/delta/customer_aggregated")
```

- Calculate total transaction amounts:

```
total_original_transactions = original_data.agg(sum("TransactionAmount")).collect()[0][0] total_aggregated_transactions = aggregated_data.agg(sum("Total_TransactionAmount")).collect()[0][0]
```

- Compare the two sums:

```
if total_original_transactions == total_aggregated_transactions:
    print("Validation successful: Totals match")
else:
    print(f"Validation failed: {total_original_transactions} != {total_aggregated_transactions}")
```

```
Task 1: Product Inventory Data Ingestion
```

1. CSV Data (Product Inventory Information):

```
ProductID,ProductName,StockQuantity,Price,LastRestocked
P001,Laptop,50,1500.00,2024-02-01
P002,Smartphone,200,800.00,2024-02-02
P003,Headphones,300,100.00,2024-01-29
```

```
P004, Tablet, 150, 600.00, 2024-01-30
 P005,Smartwatch,100,250.00,2024-02-03
2. Create Notebook for Ingesting Data:
 - Define schema:
  from pyspark.sql.types import StructType, StructField, StringType, IntegerType, FloatType, DateType
  product_schema = StructType([
    StructField("ProductID", StringType(), True),
    StructField("ProductName", StringType(), True),
    StructField("StockQuantity", IntegerType(), True),
    StructField("Price", FloatType(), True),
    StructField("LastRestocked", DateType(), True)
  1)
 - Read the CSV file with error handling:
  import os
  from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
  spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("ProductDataIngestion").getOrCreate()
  file_path = "/path/to/product_inventory.csv"
  if os.path.exists(file_path):
    raw_product_data = spark.read.csv(file_path, schema=product_schema, header=True)
  else:
    print(f"File {file path} not found!")
 - Save raw data to Delta:
raw product data.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/product inventory ra
w")
Task 2: Data Cleaning
1. Create Notebook for Cleaning Data:
 - Load raw data from Delta:
  raw_product_data = spark.read.format("delta").load("/path/to/delta/product_inventory_raw")
```

```
- Clean the data:
  - Remove rows with null values in `StockQuantity` and `Price`:
  cleaned_product_data = raw_product_data.filter(
    (raw_product_data.StockQuantity.isNotNull()) &
    (raw_product_data.Price.isNotNull())
  )
  - Ensure `StockQuantity` is greater than or equal to 0:
  cleaned_product_data = cleaned_product_data.filter(cleaned_product_data.StockQuantity >= 0)
 - Save cleaned data to Delta:
cleaned_product_data.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/product_inventory
cleaned")
Task 3: Inventory Analysis
1. Create Notebook for Inventory Analysis:
 - Load cleaned data from Delta:
  cleaned product data =
spark.read.format("delta").load("/path/to/delta/product inventory cleaned")
 - Calculate total stock value for each product:
  from pyspark.sql.functions import col
  inventory_analysis = cleaned_product_data.withColumn(
     "TotalStockValue", col("StockQuantity") * col("Price")
  )
 - Identify products that need restocking ('StockQuantity < 100'):
  products_needing_restock = cleaned_product_data.filter(cleaned_product_data.StockQuantity < 100)</pre>
 - Save analysis results to Delta:
inventory_analysis.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/product_inventory_an
alysis")
products_needing_restock.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/products_nee
```

## Task 4: Build an Inventory Pipeline

1. Create a Databricks Pipeline:

ding\_restock")

- Sequential execution of notebooks using `dbutils.notebook.run()`:

```
try:

dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/ingest_product_inventory", timeout_seconds=3600)

dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/clean_product_inventory", timeout_seconds=3600)

dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/analyze_product_inventory", timeout_seconds=3600)

except Exception as e:

print(f"Pipeline failed: {str(e)}")
```

2. Log progress and errors at each step to track success or failure.

## Task 5: Inventory Monitoring

- 1. Create a Monitoring Notebook:
  - Load inventory data:

```
inventory_data = spark.read.format("delta").load("/path/to/delta/product_inventory_cleaned")
```

- Check for products that need restocking (`StockQuantity < 50`):

```
low_stock_products = inventory_data.filter(inventory_data.StockQuantity < 50)
if low_stock_products.count() > 0:
    print("Alert: Some products need restocking!")
```

2. Send alerts using Databricks notebooks or external services like email/SMS for products below the threshold.

## Task 1: Employee Attendance Data Ingestion

1. CSV Data (Employee Attendance Logs):

```
EmployeeID, Date, CheckInTime, CheckOutTime, HoursWorked
```

E001,2024-03-01,09:00,17:00,8

E002,2024-03-01,09:15,18:00,8.75

E003,2024-03-01,08:45,17:15,8.5

E004,2024-03-01,10:00,16:30,6.5

E005,2024-03-01,09:30,18:15,8.75

- 2. Create Notebook for Ingesting Data:
  - Define schema:

```
from pyspark.sql.types import StructType, StructField, StringType, DateType, TimestampType,
FloatType
  attendance_schema = StructType([
    StructField("EmployeeID", StringType(), True),
    StructField("Date", DateType(), True),
    StructField("CheckInTime", StringType(), True),
    StructField("CheckOutTime", StringType(), True),
    StructField("HoursWorked", FloatType(), True)
  ])
 - Read the CSV file with error handling:
  import os
  from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
  spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("AttendanceDataIngestion").getOrCreate()
  file_path = "/path/to/attendance_logs.csv"
  if os.path.exists(file path):
    raw attendance data = spark.read.csv(file path, schema=attendance schema, header=True)
  else:
    print(f"File {file path} not found!")
 - Save raw data to Delta:
raw attendance data.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/attendance raw")
Task 2: Data Cleaning
1. Create Notebook for Cleaning Data:
 - Load raw data from Delta:
  raw_attendance_data = spark.read.format("delta").load("/path/to/delta/attendance_raw")
 - Clean the data:
  - Remove rows with null values in `CheckInTime`, `CheckOutTime`, or `HoursWorked`:
  cleaned_attendance_data = raw_attendance_data.na.drop(subset=["CheckInTime", "CheckOutTime",
"HoursWorked"])
  - Ensure 'HoursWorked' is correctly calculated:
  from pyspark.sql.functions import unix timestamp, col
```

```
cleaned_attendance_data = cleaned_attendance_data.withColumn(
    "CalculatedHoursWorked",
    (unix_timestamp(col("CheckOutTime"), "HH:mm") - unix_timestamp(col("CheckInTime"),
"HH:mm")) / 3600
  )
  cleaned_attendance_data = cleaned_attendance_data.filter(
    col("CalculatedHoursWorked") == col("HoursWorked")
  )
 - Save cleaned data to Delta:
cleaned attendance data.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/attendance cle
aned")
Task 3: Attendance Summary
1. Create Notebook for Attendance Summary:
 - Load cleaned data from Delta:
  cleaned attendance data = spark.read.format("delta").load("/path/to/delta/attendance cleaned")
 - Calculate total hours worked by each employee for the current month:
  from pyspark.sql.functions import month, year
  monthly_hours_worked = cleaned_attendance_data.groupBy("EmployeeID").agg(
    sum("HoursWorked").alias("TotalHoursWorked")
  ).filter(year("Date") == 2024).filter(month("Date") == 3)
 - Find employees who worked overtime (more than 8 hours in a day):
  overtime_employees = cleaned_attendance_data.filter(cleaned_attendance_data.HoursWorked > 8)
 - Save attendance summary to Delta:
monthly_hours_worked.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/attendance_sum
mary")
overtime_employees.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/path/to/delta/overtime_employee
s")
```

## Task 4: Create an Attendance Pipeline

- 1. Create Databricks Pipeline:
  - Sequential execution of notebooks using `dbutils.notebook.run()`:

```
try:

dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/ingest_attendance_data", timeout_seconds=3600)

dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/clean_attendance_data", timeout_seconds=3600)

dbutils.notebook.run("/path/to/summarize_attendance_data", timeout_seconds=3600)

except Exception as e:

print(f"Pipeline failed: {str(e)}")

2. Log progress and errors at each step to track success or failure.

Task 5: Time Travel with Delta Lake

1. Implement Time Travel:

previous_version = spark.read.format("delta").option("versionAsOf", 1).

load("/path/to/delta/attendance_raw")

- Use `DESCRIBE HISTORY` to inspect changes:
```

spark.sql("DESCRIBE HISTORY delta.`/path/to/delta/attendance\_raw`").show()