```
import java.util.LinkedList;
 * The network simulator class for testing packet congestion.
public class NetworkSimulator {
   private LinkedList<Packet> packetQueue; // The packet queue of the server
   private double tickRatio;
                                            // The time per tick
                                            // The total number of ticks to run the simulation
   private double ticks;
   private PacketGenerator generator;
                                           // Monitors the packet arrival rate
                                            // Monitors the packet service time
   private PacketServer server;
    * Create a network simulator
     * @param ratio - The ratio of time per tick
   public NetworkSimulator(double ratio) {
        packetQueue = new LinkedList<Packet>();
        generator = new PacketGenerator(packetQueue);
        server = new PacketServer(packetQueue);
        tickRatio = ratio;
    }
    /**
     * Start the network simulation.
     * @param simulationTime - the time to run the simulation for in seconds
     * @param lambda - average packets generation rate in packet per seconds
     * @param L - the size of the packet in bits
     * @param C - the link speed of the server in bit per second
     * @param K - the maximum limit to the queue (-1 = infinity)
   public void discreteEventSimulator(double simulationTime, double lambda,
            double L, double C, int K) {
        // Reset the environment and record the parameters
        ticks = simulationTime/tickRatio;
        Reporter.RecordParameters(tickRatio, ticks, lambda, L, C, K);
        generator.setup(lambda, K, tickRatio);
        server.setup(L, C, tickRatio);
        packetQueue.clear();
        // Run the simulation
        double i = 0;
        while (i <= ticks) {</pre>
            // Check if a new packet arrived?
            Boolean lostPacket = generator.arrival(i);
            // Check if the server has sent a packet
            Packet sentPacket = server.service(i);
            // Update the reports the results of last tick
            Reporter.Update(i, packetQueue.size(), sentPacket, lostPacket);
```

```
// Advance to the next event: packet arrival or packet serviced
           double nextArrival = generator.getNextArrivalTick();
           double nextService = server.getNextServiceTick();
           double nextTick = nextArrival;
           // If the server is not idle than check if the service is done before next arrival
           if (!server.isIdle() && nextTick > nextService) {
               nextTick = nextService;
           }
           // Update the reporter of the results of last tick for the metrics
           if (nextTick > ticks) {
               Reporter.Update(nextTick, packetQueue.size(), null, false);
           1
           // Advance to the next event time
           i = nextTick;
       }
   }
}
Java file Reporter. Java
______
import java.io.*;
import java.text.*;
import java.util.Date;
/**
* The reporter records the events of the simulation a reports them to a CSV file
public class Reporter {
   public static double tickRatio;
                                        // The ratio of time per tick
                                         // The total number of ticks in the simulation
   public static double totalTicks;
   public static double lastTick;
                                         // The last tick that was recorded
   public static double sumQueueSize;
                                        // The sum of queue size of each tick
   public static double sumSojournTime; // The sum of sojourn time of each packet
   public static double sumIdle;
                                         // The sum of queue of ticks when the queue was empty
   public static double sumLoss;
                                         // The sum of loss packets
   public static double sumPacketsRx;
                                         // The sum of total packets received
   public static double sumPacketsTx;
                                         // The sum of total packets transmitted
   public static double rho;
                                         // The network utilization ratio
   public static double lambda;
                                         // The arrival rate of the packets
   public static double L;
                                         // The size of the packets in bits
   public static double C;
                                         // The service speed of the link in Mbps
                                         // The limit of the queue (-1 = infinity)
   public static double K;
   public static double EN;
                                         // The average sojourn time
   public static double ET;
                                         // The average sojourn time of a packet
   public static double P IDLE;
                                         // The percentage idle time of the queue
   public static double P LOSS;
                                        // The percentage of lost packets
   public static double lastSize;
                                        // The last queue size
    * Reset the reporters records
   public static void reset() {
```

```
sumQueueSize = sumSojournTime = sumIdle = sumLoss = sumPacketsRx = sumPacketsTx = 0;
    rho = lambda = L = C = K = EN = P IDLE = ET = P LOSS = lastSize = 0;
}
/**
 * Calculate the network utilization (rho) and record parameters it for reporting
 * @param ratio - The ratio of time per tick
 * @param ticks - The total number of ticks for simulation
 * @param arrivalRate - The arrival rate of the packets
 * @param length - The size of the packets in bits
 * @param serviceSpeed - The service speed of the link in Mbps
 * @param queueLimit - The limit of the queue (-1 = infinity)
 * @return rho - The network utilization ratio
public static double RecordParameters (double ratio, double ticks, double arrivalRate,
        double length, double serviceSpeed, int queueLimit) {
    reset();
    tickRatio = ratio;
    totalTicks = ticks;
    lambda = arrivalRate;
    L = length;
    C = serviceSpeed;
    K = (double) queueLimit;
    rho = L * (lambda / C);
    return rho;
}
/**
 * Update the report of what has occurred between events
 * @param tick - The number of ticks since the beginning of the simulation
 * @param queueSize - The number of packets in the queue
 * @param rxPacket - The last packet sent
 * @param lostPacket - If true then a packet was lost last tick
public static void Update (double tick, int queueSize, Packet rxPacket, Boolean lostPacket)
{
    // Calculate tick delta since last update
    // The time delta is used to multiply the data by skipped time
    // (assumes values do not change in between events)
    double tickDelta = tick - lastTick;
    // If queue empty record as idle otherwise record queue size
    if (queueSize == 0) {
        // Record that the queue has empty for delta ticks
        sumIdle += tickDelta;
    } else {
        \ensuremath{//} Record how big was the queue was since last update
        sumQueueSize += queueSize * tickDelta;
    // Record the last packet's sojourn time if the packet was sent this tick
    if(rxPacket != null) {
        sumSojournTime += rxPacket.getSojournTime();
        sumPacketsRx++;
```

```
sumPacketsTx++;
    }
    // If a packet was lost last tick then record it
    if(lostPacket) {
        sumLoss++;
        sumPacketsTx++;
    }
    // Remember the last tick value
    lastTick = tick;
    // Remember the last queue size
    lastSize = queueSize;
}
/**
 * Report on the simulation to the passed CSV file.
 * @param filename - The name of the file to write the report to.
 */
public static void Report(String filename) {
    FileWriter writer = null;
    try {
        // Check if file exists and create if not does not
        File file = new File(filename);
        Boolean fileExists = file.exists();
        if (!fileExists) {
            file.createNewFile();
        }
        // Create the file writer
        writer = new FileWriter(file, true);
        // If the file was created then write the header
        if (!fileExists) {
            writer.write("now, time, ticks, Tx, Rx, lost, lambda, K, rho, E[N], E[T], P IDLE, P LOSS\n");
        }
        // Add the last queue size to the transmitted queue size
        sumPacketsTx += lastSize;
        // Find the averages and ratios for simulations
        EN = sumQueueSize / totalTicks;
        P IDLE = sumIdle / totalTicks;
        // Prevent divide by zero exception if no packets where sent
        if (sumPacketsRx != 0) ET = (sumSojournTime * tickRatio) / sumPacketsRx;
        if (sumPacketsTx != 0) P LOSS = sumLoss / sumPacketsTx;
        // Get the current time of writing
        DateFormat dateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy/MM/dd HH:mm:ss");
        String now = dateFormat.format(new Date());
        // Time of simulation
```

```
double simTime = totalTicks * tickRatio;
           // Write each parameter and output to match header
           String f = \text{"%1s}, \text{%2$f}, \text{%3$f}, \text{%4$f}, \text{%5$.3$f}, \text{%6$f}, \text{%7$f}, \text{%8$f}, \text{%9$f}, \text{%10$e}, \text{%11$f}, \text{%12$f}, \text{%13$f} n ;
           String CSVWrite = String.format(f, now, simTime, tickRatio, sumPacketsTx,
               sumPacketsRx, sumLoss, lambda, K, rho, EN, ET, P IDLE, P LOSS);
           writer.write(CSVWrite);
       } catch (IOException e) {
           System.out.print("Exception: failed to write to file " + filename);
           e.printStackTrace();
       }
       // try to close the file writer if opened
       try {
           if (writer != null)
               writer.flush();
               writer.close();
           }
       } catch (IOException e) {
           System.out.print(" Exception: failed to close file " + filename);
       }
   }
Java file Packet. Java
  ______
 * Simulate a Internet packet.
public class Packet {
                                  // The packet id number
   private int id;
   private double queueDelayTime; // The delay of waiting in the queue
   /**
    * Create a new packet.
    * @param pid - The unique packet id
    * @param arrTime - The tick when the packet arrived
   public Packet(int pid, double arrTime){
       id = pid;
       arrivalTime = arrTime;
   }
    * Get the tick when the packet arrived.
    * @return When the packet arrived.
   public double getArrivalTime() {
       return arrivalTime;
   }
    /**
```

```
* Set the tick when the packet arrived.
 * @param arrivalTime - The tick when the packet arrived.
 */
public void setArrivalTime(double arrivalTime) {
    this.arrivalTime = arrivalTime;
}
* Get the tick when the packet got serviced.
 * @return When the packet serviced.
public double getServiceTime() {
    return serviceTime;
}
/**
 * Set the tick when the packet got serviced.
 * @param serviceTime - The tick when the packet got serviced.
public void setServiceTime(double serviceTime) {
    this.serviceTime = serviceTime;
    this.queueDelayTime = serviceTime - this.arrivalTime;
}
* The unique Id of the packet.
 * @return Returns the packet ID number
public int getId(){
    return this.id;
}
/**
 * Calculate the sojourn time of the packet.
 * @return How long the packet took from the arrival to departure.
public double getSojournTime(){
    return this.serviceTime - this.arrivalTime;
}
/**
 * Get the tick when the packet got out of the queue.
 * @return When the packet got out of the queue.
public double getQueueDelayTime() {
    return queueDelayTime;
}
* Set the tick packet got out of the queue.
 * @param queueTime - The tick when the packet got out of the queue.
public void setQueueDelayTime (double queueTime) {
    this.queueDelayTime = queueTime;
}
```

```
Java file PacketGenerator. Java
_____
import java.util.LinkedList;
 * Generates packets and the exponential arrival rate
public class PacketGenerator {
   private LinkedList<Packet> packetQueue; // Reference to the packet queue
   private int packetID;
                                        // Record the ID of the packet
   private double lambda;
                                       // The arrival rate in packets per second
                                        // The limit of the queue size
   private int queueLimit;
   private double tickRatio;
                                       // The ratio of time to ticks
   /**
    * Create a new packet generator.
    * @param queue - Reference to the packet queue
   public PacketGenerator(LinkedList<Packet> queue)
   {
       packetQueue = queue;
   }
    * Process if an arrival has occurred this tick.
    * @param ticks - The current tick in the simulation.
    * @return True if packet lost this tick otherwise false.
   public Boolean arrival(double ticks){
       Boolean lostPacket = false;
       // Is it time to send an arrival tick?
       if(ticks >= nextArrivalTick) {
           Packet packet = new Packet(packetID++, ticks);
           // Add packet to queue unless the queue is full then drop it
           if (packetQueue.size() <= queueLimit || queueLimit == -1) {</pre>
              packetQueue.add(packet);
           } else {
              lostPacket = true;
           // Calculate when the next packet should arrive
           double U = Math.random();
           double nextTime = (-1 / lambda) * Math.log(1 - U);
           double nextTick = nextTime / tickRatio;
           nextArrivalTick = ticks + nextTick;
       }
       return lostPacket;
   }
```

```
/**
    * Gets the next tick that a packet is due to arrive
    * @return The tick that a packet will arrive next
   public double getNextArrivalTick() {
       return nextArrivalTick;
   }
    * Set up a new generator based on the simulation parameters.
    * @param arrivalRate - The packet arrival rate in packets per second
    * @param limit - The size limit to how many packets can be stored
    * @param ratio - The ratio of time to ticks
   public void setup (double arrivalRate, int limit, double ratio)
   {
       nextArrivalTick = 0;
       queueLimit = limit;
       lambda = arrivalRate;
       tickRatio = ratio;
   }
}
Java file PacketServer.Java
______
import java.util.LinkedList;
 * Services packets a constant rate.
public class PacketServer {
   private LinkedList<Packet> packetQueue; // Reference to the packet queue
   private Packet packetBuffer; // A spot to store the packet while it serviced
                                        // Next tick when packet will be served
   private double nextServiceTick;
   private double serviceTicks;
                                       // The amount of ticks to service a packet
    * Create a new packet server.
    * @param queue - Reference to the packet queue.
   public PacketServer(LinkedList<Packet> queue)
       packetQueue = queue;
   }
    * Is the queue idle?
    * @return True if both queue and buffer are empty, false otherwise.
   public Boolean isIdle()
   {
       return packetQueue.size() == 0 && packetBuffer == null;
   }
```

```
* Process the server to see if a new packet can be served
     * @param ticks - The current tick in the simulation.
     * @return The packet that is ready to be sent.
   public Packet service(double ticks) {
        // Remember if a packet is sent
        Packet sendPacket = null;
        // If there is a packet in the buffer and service time is done then send packet
        if(packetBuffer != null && ticks >= nextServiceTick) {
            sendPacket = packetBuffer;
            sendPacket.setServiceTime(ticks);
            packetBuffer = null;
        }
        // If the queue is not empty and there is room in the buffer then service the packet
        if(!packetQueue.isEmpty() && packetBuffer == null) {
            packetBuffer = packetQueue.remove();
            packetBuffer.setQueueDelayTime(ticks);
            nextServiceTick = ticks + serviceTicks;
        }
        return sendPacket;
    }
     * Gets the next tick that a packet is served
     * @return The tick that a packet will be served
   public double getNextServiceTick() {
        return nextServiceTick;
    }
     * Setup a new generator based on the simulation parameters.
     * @param length - The length of the packet in bits
    * @param linkSpeed - The link speed in bit per second
     * @param ratio - The ratio of time to ticks
     */
   public void setup(double length, double linkSpeed, double ratio)
        // Reset server
        packetBuffer = null;
        nextServiceTick = 0;
        // Calculate how long it takes to service a packet
        double serviceTime = (length / linkSpeed);
        serviceTicks = serviceTime / ratio;
   }
JUnit test Question2. Java
```

```
/**
 * Unit tests for question 2 simulations
public class Question2 {
    // The length time that simulation will run for in seconds
    public double simTime = 600;
    // Create a new simulator
    public NetworkSimulator sim = new NetworkSimulator(1);
    /**
     * Run simulations for no queue size
    @Test
    public void Run()
        double M;
                            // Number of times to run simulation
                           // Packet arrival rate
        double lambda;
        double L = 2000; // Packet length is 2000 bits
                           // Service speed is 1 Mbps
        double C = 1e+6;
        double rho;
                            // Utilization of the queue
        // Simulation for different simulation
        for (rho = 0.2; rho <= 0.9; rho += 0.1)
        {
            // Calculate the arrival rate
            lambda = rho * ( C / L);
            System.out.print("M, simTime, lambda, L, C\n");
            // Run M simulations
            for (M = 0; M < 10; M++)
                // Simulate for 10 minutes
                sim.discreteEventSimulator(simTime, lambda, L, C, -1);
                // Record the results of the test
                Reporter.Report ("Q2.csv");
                String simFormat = "%1$f, %2$f, %3$f, %4$f, %5$f\n";
                String simResults = String.format(simFormat, M, simTime, lambda, L, C);
                System.out.print(simResults);
            }
        }
    }
JUnit test Question4. Java
import org.junit.Test;
 * Unit tests for questions 4 simulations
 */
```

```
public class Question4 {
    // The length time that simulation will run for in seconds
    public double simTime = 600;
    // Create a new simulator
    public NetworkSimulator sim = new NetworkSimulator(1);
    /**
    * Run simulations for queue sizes K = [10, 25, 50]
    @Test
    public void Run()
    {
        double M;
                           // Number of times to run simulation
        double lambda;
                           // Packet arrival rate
        double L = 2000;
                           // Packet length is 2000 bits
        double C = 1e+6;
                           // Service speed is 1 Mbps
        double rho;
                            // Utilization of the queue
        // Run for different queue sizes
        int[] queueSize = {10, 25, 50};
        for (int K : queueSize)
            // Simulation for different simulation
            for (rho = 0.5; rho < 1.55; rho += 0.1)
            {
                // Calculate the arrival rate
                lambda = rho * ( C / L);
                System.out.print("M, simTime, lambda, L, C, K\n");
                // Run N simulations
                for (M = 0; M < 10; M++)
                {
                    // Simulate for 20 minutes
                    sim.discreteEventSimulator(simTime, lambda, L, C, K);
                    // Record the results of the test
                    Reporter.Report ("Q4.csv");
                    String simFormat = "%1$f, %2$f, %3$f, %4$f, %5$f, %6$d\n";
                    String simResults = String.format(simFormat, M, simTime, lambda, L, C, K);
                    System.out.print(simResults);
                }
            }
        }
    }
```