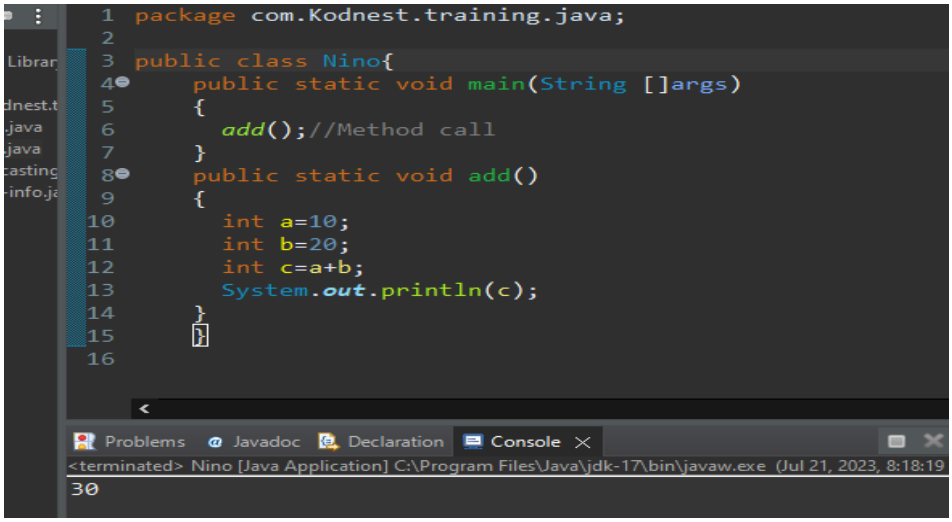
Types of Methods

Type 1 Method which would not accept any parameter and would not return any value

```
class Demo{
public static void main(String []args){
  add();//Method call
}
public static void add()
{
  int a=10;
  int b=20;
  int c=a+b;
  System.out.println(c);
}
}
```

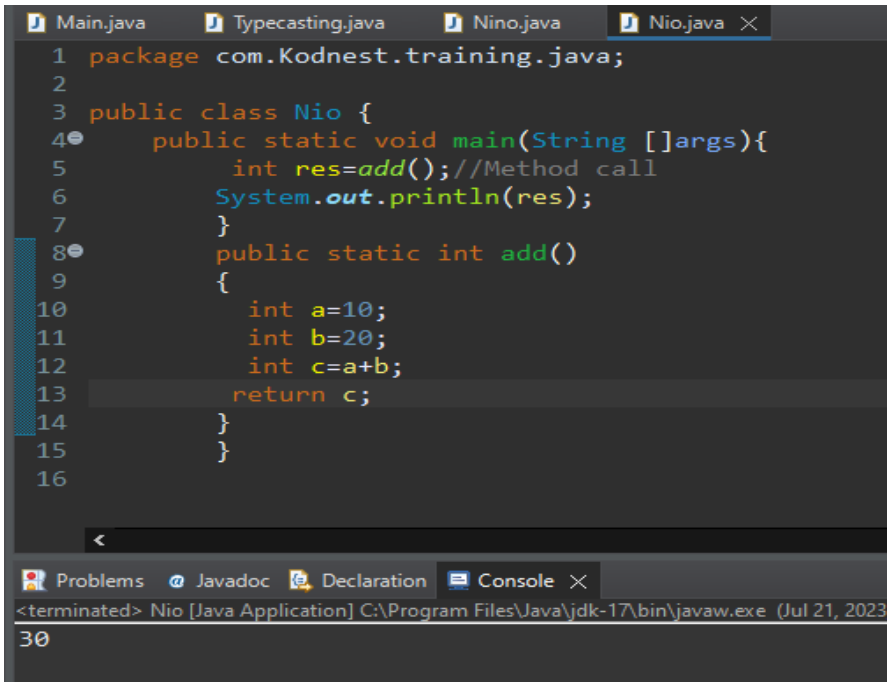
OUTPUT:



Type 2 Method which would not accept any parameter and would return value

```
class Demo{
public static void main(String []args){
 int res=add();//Method call
System.out.println(res);
}
public static int add()
{
  int a=10;
  int b=20;
  int c=a+b;
 return c;
}
}
```

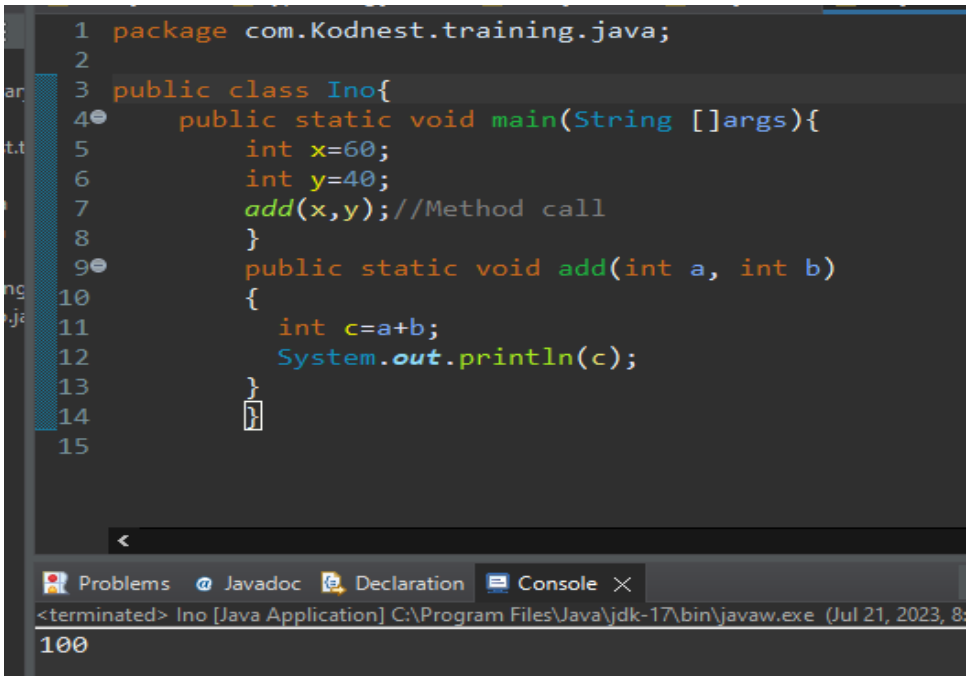
OUTPUT:



Type 3 Method which would accept parameter and would not return any value

```
class Demo{
public static void main(String []args){
int x=60;
int y=40;
add(x,y);//Method call
}
public static void add(int a, int b)
{
  int c=a+b;
  System.out.println(c);
}
}
```

OUTPUT:



Type 4 Method which would accept parameter and would return any value

```
class Demo{
public static void main(String []args){
int x=60;
int y=40;
int res=add(x,y);//Method call
System.out.println(res);
}
public static void add(int a, int b)
{
 int c=a+b;
}
}
```

OUTPUT: