



# THE EVOLUTION OF THE INTERNET

PRESENTED BY
ADITI SHINDE
VIDYA PHAPALE
SANJANA TONPE

### OUTLINE

- Comparison of Web Generations
   -web 1.0, web 2.0, web 3.0
- What is Web 3.0
- Evolution of 3.0
- Semantic Web
- Features of 3.0
- Advantages of Web 3.0
- Challenges of Web 3.0

### Comparison of Web Generation

Producer



Consumer

**WEB 1.0** 

CENTRIC WEB

1st generation of www. Known as

Static websites.

It is one-way broadcasting.

Invented in 1989 by Tim Berners-Lee

Widely used betn 1989-2004

Producer



Consumer

Machines

Consumer

Producer

**WEB 2.0** 

PEOPLE CENTRIC WEB

2nd generation of www.Known as **Dynamic** websites.

It is two-way broadcasting.

Invented in 2004 by Darcy DiNucci

Widely used betn 2004-2021

**WEB 3.0** 

MACHINE CENTRIC WEB

3nd generation of www. Known as **Semantic** websites.

It is decentralized
Invented in 2014 by Gavin Wood
Future of the Internet...!!!

### WHAT IS WEB 3.0...?

Semantic web, often called as Web 3.0

Web3 is an idea for decentralized Internet based on Blockchain Technology.

With web 3.0, machine will be able to perform tasks requiring human intelligence, reducing our time and effort on the Internate dramatically.

- Share Some attributes with Web2.0
  - REST
  - Openness
  - Transformation
  - Intelligance
  - Ubiquitous computing





### **EVOLUTION PATHS OF WEB 3.0**

- Sementic Web
  - Intelligent System Planning
  - Business and Network Applications
- Video Web
- Web 3D
- Ubiquitous and Pervasive Web

## Semantic Web

Semantics:- Meaning

Coined by:- Tim Berners-Lee

Purpose:-To make Internet data machine readable

Technology used:-

RDF(Resource Description framework)

-A general method of describing information

OWL(Web Ontology Language)

-A family of knowledge representation languages

**ActivityPub** 

-A generic way for client and server to communicate with each other

**Features of** web 3.0 Ubiquity Sementic web 3D Artificial Connectivity Graphics Intelligence

# Advantages of the web 3.0

- PROFICIENT LOOKING
- EFFICIENT SEARCHING
- BETTER MARKETING
- BETTER SHOWCASING
- MORE ACCURATE SEARCH RESULT
- CHANGE HUMAN COLLABORATION
- COMPELLING CORRESPONDENCE
- MORE PRODUCTIVE WEB COLLABERATION

# Challanges of web 3.0

### VASTNESS:-

The www contains many billions of pages. Any automated reasoning system will have to deal with truly huge inputs.

#### **VAGUENESS:-**

These are impriecise concepts like "young" or "Tall". Fuzzy Logic is the most common technique for dealing with vagueness.

### UNCERTAINTY:-

These are precise concept with uncertain values. **Probabilistic** reasoning technique are generally employed to address uncertainty.

#### DECEIT:-

This happens when the producer of the information is intentionally misleading the consumer.

#### **INCONSISTENCY:-**

Defeasible reasoning and paraconsistent reasoning are two technique that can be used to deal with it.

# Thank You...!!