

KERNEL MASTERS Lab Assignment

Microprocessor [8085 Instructions – Data transfer]

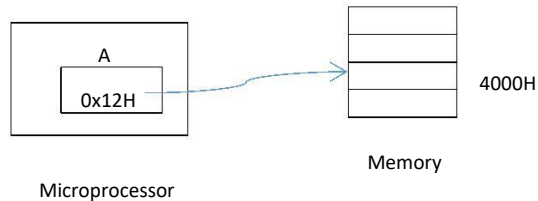
Date: 2nd Feb 2021

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Data Transfer Instructions

- Write an ALP to perform the below tasks? Find out different possibilities and identify the best one?
 - Store/write 8 bit data 0x12 into 4000H memory location.



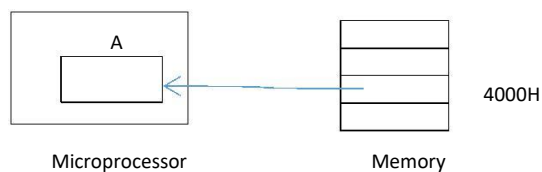
Different Possibilities:

Sl.no	Opcode	Operand	Byte size	TIME cycles	comments
1	STA	4000H	3B	13T	[4000H] ← A
		TOTAL:	3B	13T	
2	MVI	L,00H	2B	7T	L ← 00H
	MVI	H,40H	2B	7T	H ← 40H
	MOV	M,A	1B	7T	[HL] ← A
		TOTAL:	5B	21T	
3	MVI	L,00H	2B	7T	L ← 00H
	MVI	H,40H	2B	7T	H ← 40H
	STAX	H	1B	4T	[HL] ← A
		TOTAL	5B	18T	
4	LXI	H,400H	3B	10T	HL ← 4000H
	MOV	M,A	1B	7T	[HL] ← A
		TOTAL	4BYTE	17T	
5	LXI	H,400H	3B	10T	HL ← 4000H
	STAX	H	1B	4T	[HL] ← A
		TOTAL	4B	14T	

CONCLUSION:

According to the above program first instruction **STA 4000H** takes only **3Bytes** memory space and **13 T-cycles** to execute.

b. Load 8 bit data from 4000H memory location into Accumulator.



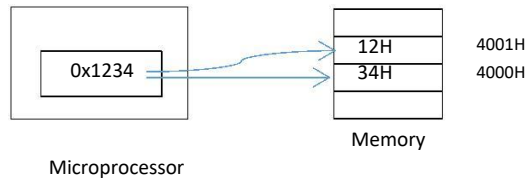
Different Possibilities:

Sl.no	Opcode	Operand	Byte size	TIME cycles	comments
1	LDA	4000H	3B	13T	$A \leftarrow [4000H]$
		TOTAL:	3B	13T	
2	MVI	L,00H	2B	7T	$L \leftarrow 00H$
	MVI	H,40H	2B	7T	$H \leftarrow 40H$
	MOV	A,M	1B	7T	$A \leftarrow [HL]$
		TOTAL:	5B	21T	
3	MVI	L,00H	2B	7T	$L \leftarrow 00H$
	MVI	H,40H	2B	7T	$H \leftarrow 40H$
	LDAX	H	1B	4T	$A \leftarrow [HL]$
		TOTAL	5B	18T	
4	LXI	H,400H	3B	10T	$HL \leftarrow 4000H$
	MOV	A,M	1B	7T	$A \leftarrow [HL]$
		TOTAL	4BYTE	17T	
5	LXI	H,400H	3B	10T	$HL \leftarrow 4000H$
	LDAX	H	1B	4T	$A \leftarrow [HL]$
		TOTAL	4B	14T	

CONCLUTION:

According to the above program first instruction LDA 4000H takes only 3Bytes memory space and 13 T-cycles to execute.

- c. Store 16 bit data 0x1234 into 4000H and 4001H corresponding memory locations using Little Endian format.



Register pair not mentioned in the above diagram. So I assume it as **HL register pair**.

Different Possibilities:

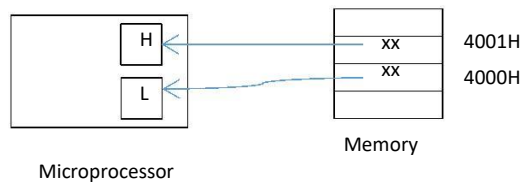
Sl.no	Opcode	Operand	Byte size	TIME cycles	Comments
1	SHLD	4000H	3B	16T	[4000H] ← L
					[4001H] ← H
		TOTAL:	3B	16T	
2	XCH	-	1B	4T	DE ↔ HL ; Initially HL pair holds the data so, swap with DE pair
	LXI	H,400H	3B	10T	HL ← 4000H
	MOV	M,E	1B	7T	[HL] ← E ; Lower byte data moved to the location pointed by the HL pair[4000H].
	LXI	H,4001H	3B	10T	HL ← 4001H
	MOV	M,D	1B	7T	[HL] ← D ; Higher byte data moved to the location pointed by the HL pair[4001H].
		TOTAL	9B	38T	
3	XCH	-	1B	4T	DE ↔ HL ; Initially HL pair holds the data so, swap with DE pair
	MVI	L,00H	2B	7T	L ← 00H
	MVI	H,40H	2B	7T	H ← 40H
	MOV	M,E	1B	7T	[HL] ← E Lower byte data moved to the location pointed by the HL pair[4000H].
	LXI	H,4001H	3B	10T	HL ← 4001H
	MOV	M,D	1B	7T	[HL] ← D Higher byte data moved to the location pointed by the HL pair[4001H].
		TOTAL	10B	42T	

4	XCH	-	1B	4T	DE \leftrightarrow HL; Initially HL pair holds the data so, swap with DE pair
	MVI	2, 00H	2B	7T	L \leftarrow 00H
	MVI	H, 40H	2B	7T	H \leftarrow 40H
	MOV	M, E	1B	7T	[HL] \leftarrow E
	MVI	2, 01H	2B	7T	L \leftarrow 01H
	MVI	H, 40H	2B	7T	H \leftarrow 40H
	MOV	M, D	1B	7T	[HL] \leftarrow D
		TOTAL	11B	46T	

CONCLUTION:

According to the above program first instruction **SHLD** takes only **3Bytes** memory space and **16 T-cycles** to execute.

- d. Load 16 bit data from 4000H & 4001H memory locations into HL pair using Little Endian format.



Different Possibilites:

Sl.no	Opcode	Operand	Byte size	TIME cycles	Comments
1	LHLD	4000H	3B	16T	L \leftarrow [4000H] H \leftarrow [4001H]
		TOTAL:	3B	16T	
2	LXI	D, 4000H	3B	10T	DE \leftarrow 4000H
	LDAX	D	1B	4T	A \leftarrow [DE]
	MOV	L,A	1B	4T	L \leftarrow A Lower byte data moved to the location pointed by the HL pair[4000H].
	LXI	D, 4001H	3B	10T	DE \leftarrow 4001H
	LDAX	D	1B	4T	A \leftarrow DE
	MOV	H, A	1B	4T	H \leftarrow A Higher byte data moved to the location pointed by the HL pair[4001H]
		TOTAL:	10B	36T	

3	MVI	E, 00H	2B	7T	$E \leftarrow 00H$
	MVI	D, 40H	2B	7T	$D \leftarrow 40H$
	LDAX	D	1B	4T	$A \leftarrow [DE]$
	MOV	L,A	1B	4T	$L \leftarrow A$ Lower byte data moved to the location pointed by the HL pair[4000H].
	LXI	D,4001H	3B	10T	$DE \leftarrow 4001H$
	LDAX	D	1B	4T	$A \leftarrow [DE]$
	MOV	H,A	1B	4T	$H \leftarrow A$ Higher byte data moved to the location pointed by the HL pair[4001H]
		TOTAL	11B	40T	
4	MVI	E, 00H	2B	7T	$E \leftarrow 00H$
	MVI	D, 40H	2B	7T	$D \leftarrow 40H$
	LDAX	D	1B	4T	$A \leftarrow [DE]$
	MOV	L, A	1B	4T	$L \leftarrow A$ Lower byte data moved to the location pointed by the HL pair[4000H].
	MVI	E, 01H	2B	7T	$E \leftarrow 01H$
	MVI	D, 40H	2B	7T	$D \leftarrow 40H$
	LDAX	D	1B	4T	$A \leftarrow [DE]$
	MOV	H, A	1B	4T	$H \leftarrow A$ Higher byte data moved to the location pointed by the HL pair[4001H]
		TOTAL	12B	44T	

CONCLUSION:

According to the above program first instruction **LHLD** takes only **3Bytes** memory space and **16 T-cycles** to execute.