```
#include <stdio.h>
#define size 5
int queue[size], front=-1, rear=-1;
void enqueue (int a) {
if(rear==size-1)(
   printf("Queue is full/overflow\n");
    return:
else if(front==-1 && rear==-1){
   front=0;
    rear=0:
else
    rear=rear+1;
  queue [rear] =a;
int dequeue() {
  int a:
if((front==-1 && rear==-1)||front>rear){
   printf("Queue is empty/underflow\n");
else
    a=queue[front];
    front++;
  return a:
void display(){
if((front==-1 && rear==-1)||front>rear){
    printf("Queue is empty/underflow\n");
 else
   for(int i=front;i<=rear;i++) {</pre>
      printf("%d\t", queue[i]);
```

```
iront++;
  return a;
void display() (
if((front==-1 && rear==-1)||front>rear){
    printf("Queue is empty/underflow\n");
 else [
    for(int i=front;i<=rear;i++) {</pre>
      printf("%d\t", queue[i]);
void main() (
  int op, n;
while (1) {
    printf("\nEnter 1.Enqueue\n2.Dequeue\n3.Display\n4.-1 to stop exicution\n");
    scanf ("%d", &op);
    if (op==-1) {
      break;
    switch (op) {
      case 1:printf("Enter no\n");
              scanf ("%d", &n);
              enqueue (n);
              break;
      case 2: n=dequeue();
              printf("%d is Dequeued\n",n);
              break;
      case 3:display();
              break;
      default:printf("Invalid choice\n");
```

Output ↑ /tmp/h8G6brZRUk.o 1. INSERT 2. DELETE 3. DISPLAY 4. EXIT: Enter a value:1 1. INSERT 2. DELETE 3. DISPLAY 4. EXIT: Enter a value: 2 1. INSERT 2. DELETE 3. DISPLAY 4. EXIT: 3 12 1. INSERT 2. DELETE 3. DISPLAY 4. EXIT: Enter a value:4 1. INSERT 2. DELETE 3. DISPLAY 4. EXIT: 2 1 deleted 1. INSERT 2. DELETE 3. DISPLAY 4. EXIT: 3 24 1. INSERT 2. DELETE 3. DISPLAY 4. EXIT: 4

08/01/20/24 Write a program to simulate the poorling of the queue of integers using an away Provide the following operations insert delite, display The proper should point appropriate menage for overflow and indexion condition Hindude & station > Aindude entring.hr int quene [N] void enqueue (int x) if (front = -1 & sear = -1) minty ("Underflow) of Reartit;

void dequem { if (front = -1 && Rear = else if (pont = = rear) prints pring ("Flemer Delle o); else f void displays 88 Real= = =1) peint a Queue in empty" for lint i stak: ican gille 82 pring (o o d'inquere []); void main char struct [10], sym;

print l'ente 1. for insection 2 per deletion 3, for display) ext) punt (%), chaer). print (" Enter the string daracter"); case 1: printf ranf (lad, & Syon); grquene (sym); case 2: print (" Deletion"); casiq. Pait(0); Enter por insertion, e for deletion
3 por driplay. 4 exit 1. Ento the element 1. Duttion 1. Enter the element 2. Deletion Element Deleted 3. Display =1/lexit XXXI

```
finclude(stdlib.h>
#define n 3
int front=-1, rear=-1, queue[n];
void enqueue (int a)
    if(rear==-1 44 front== -1)
     rear front ;
     queue [rear] =a;
    else if ((rear+1) tn==front)
       printf("Queue is full \n");
    else
            rear=(rear+1) *n;
            queue[rear] = a;
void dequeue()
    int a;
    if(front==-1 66 rear == -1)
        printf("underflow \n");
    else if (front==rear)
        front=rear=-1;
    else
        printf("%d is popped \n", queue(front));
        front= (front+1) an;
void display()
11
    int i=front;
    if (front=-1)
        printf("no elements \t");
    else
     while (i!=rear)
            printf("%d \n", queue(i));
             i=(i+1) tn;
        break;
```

#include<stdio.h>

```
else if [front=rear]
       front=rear=-1;
   else(
       printf("%d is popped \n", queue[front]);
       front=(front+1) in;
void display()
   int i=front;
   if (front==-1)
       printf("no elements \t");
   else(
    while (i!=rear)
           printf("%d \n", queue[i]);
            i=(i+1) +n;
       break;
void main()
   int a, choice;
   printf("Enter 1 enqueue, 2 dequeue ;, 3 Display 4 Exit \n");
   while (1)
       printf("Enter choice \t");
       scanf("%d", &choice);
       switch (choice)
            case 1: printf("Enter number to be inserted \n");
                    scanf("%d", 6a);
                    enqueue (a);
            break:
            case 2: dequeue();
                    break;
            case 2: display();
                    break:
            case 4: exit(0);
```

```
C:\Users\vigne\OneDrive\Des X + ~
Enter a value:20
1.insert 2.delete 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT:
Enter a value:30
1.insert 2.delete 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT:
Enter a value: 40
1.insert 2.delete 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT:
20 deleted
1.insert 2.delete 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT:
30 deleted
1.insert 2.delete 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT:
Enter a value:30
1.insert 2.delete 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT:
3
40
        30
1.insert 2.delete 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT:
4
Process exited after 51.07 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

white a program to simulate working a incular queue using on and Provide the pollowing operations: insert, delete & display. The progra should print appropriate condition Dinclude cotdio. K. the grave (n) void enquere (int 11) if front ==-1 && rea ==-1) pont = lear =0; else if (leas \$7)%N) == port) prof ("que i puli) Rear - (rear +1) % oN. quere (rear) =x;

SURYA Gold void dequeus 28 Real -- 1) printfl "Queue in empty"); else if (hont = evai) Mse print & ("%) od", queue [pont]

pont = (pont + 1) % N; 88 reas griff ("Queue in on else prid ("Queuris:"). & pring ("Queen print [(' 0/0 d, queue (i))

Duput 12 01 enter 1. insert 2. delete ? display K. IXIT. Tenter on element 20 Ente i insut 2 delete 3. display 3 Ente en element 30 Enter i insert o delete 7 display to Enter om elemet 40 120/30/40 Enter, insert 2, delete 3. display or ex Enter 1. insest 2. delete 3 display the Ente 2 delete 3 display & exit Enter an element Entre 1. insert 2. delet 3. display A-exit 30