

```
In [5]: print('My', 'Name', 'Is', 'James', sep='**')
        "My**Name**Is**James"
```

```
In [10]: # print(sep='--', 'Ben', 25, 'California')
        """
        REASON: Python should now what to do with print() and sep='
        should be last
        """
        print('Ben', 25, 'California', sep='--')
        Ben--25--California
```

```
In [11]: print('Python ', end='//')
        print(' is for ', end='//')
        print(' Programming Lovers', end='//')
        Python // is for // Programming Lovers//
```

```
In [12]: """
        In Python3, Whatever you enter as input, the input() function
        converts it into a string. [True / False]

        Ans: True.
        """
        int_x = input("Enter int value: ")
        str_y = input("Enter String value: ")
        print(f"type of {int_x} is {type(int_x)}: ,type of {str_y} is {type(str_y)}: ")
        Enter int value: 10
        Enter String value: abc
        type of 10 is <class 'str':> ,type of abc is <class 'str':>
```

```
In [17]: s = 'foo'
        t = 'bar'
        """
        s+t = foobar
        2*(s+t) = foobarfoobar
        """
        print('barf' in 2 * (s + t))
        True
```

```
In [19]: # print(int('foo')) ->Leads to Value error
        """
        Reason: We can't pass String value to int function. So it results in ValueError
        Corrected one is:
        """
        print(str('foo'))
        foo
```

```
In [21]: # print(int('143.25')) -> Leads to ValueError
        """
        Reason: We can't pass String value/ Quoted values as a argument to int function. So it results in ValueError
        Corrected one is:
        """
        print(int(float('143.25')))
        143
```

```
In [31]: """
        -18.5/4 = -4.625 -> -18.5//4=-5 (-5<-4.625)
        """
        print(-18.5//4, 18//4.5, 18//-4)
        -5.0 4.0 -5
```

```
In [39]: print(( ( 2 * ( 3 ** 3 ) ) * 4 ) )
        216
```

```
In [43]: print(( 2 ** (3 ** 2) ) )
        512
```

```
In [46]: print(( 5 + ( (4 * 9) % (3 + 1) ) // 6 ) - 1 )
        4
```

```
In [50]: str1 = 'Ault\Kelly'
        str2 = """Ault\Kelly"""
        str3 = 'Ault\\Kelly'
        """
```

```
str3 is wrong because, 'Ault\\'Kelly'-string uses same quotation mark for both ending and mid quotation symbol.  
Corrected str3: str3="Ault\\'Kelly"  
""  
str4 = "Ault'Kelly"
```

```
In [51]: print(type(0xFF))  
  
<class 'int'>
```

```
In [52]: c="Hi"  
d=c  
d+="students"  
print(c)  
print(d)
```

```
Hi  
Histudents
```

```
In [54]: p = 'pyhton'; t = 'programming'; print( p + t*2)  
  
pyhtonprogrammingprogramming
```