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project report

1. Environment

Development environment: Python 3.7 on Mac by using Pycharm

Test environment: Python 3.7 on CSE VLab

2. How to run my code

To run the code 'peer.py', please simply run the script 'test.sh' in 'assign.tar' where content in the script is shown below:

```
xterm -hold -title "Peer 1" -e "python3 peer.py init 2 4 5 30" &
xterm -hold -title "Peer 3" -e "python3 peer.py init 4 5 8 30" &
xterm -hold -title "Peer 4" -e "python3 peer.py init 5 8 9 30" &
xterm -hold -title "Peer 5" -e "python3 peer.py init 8 9 14 30" &
xterm -hold -title "Peer 8" -e "python3 peer.py init 9 14 19 30" &
xterm -hold -title "Peer 10" -e "python3 peer.py init 14 19 2 30" &
xterm -hold -title "Peer 12" -e "python3 peer.py init 19 2 4 30" &
```

Steps:

- 1. cd to the directory and type 'chmod u+x test.sh'
- 2. run the script by typing './test.sh', then a DHT network is built
- 3. to join another peer, cd to the directory and type:

```
'python3 peer.py join <PEER ID> <KNOWN PEER> <PING INTERVAL>'
```

- 4. to kill a peer, simply press ctrl + c, or type 'Quit' for graceful leave
- 5. to store file, simply type 'Store <FILE>'
- 6. to request file, simply type 'Request <FILE>'

3. Program Structure

The coding style of the program is object oriented. There are 4 classes in total, Peer, TCPManager, UDPManager and GlobalParameter. To achieve various logic operation, the peer object call threads to process requestat at the backend. Screenshots below are the 'def __init__(self)' function for each class.

1. Peer

```
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         class Peer():
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             def __init__(self):
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                self.peerID = None
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                 self.address = None # address is formatted ('localhost', BASE PORT + peerID)
393
                 self.firSucc = None
394
                 self.secSucc = None
395
                 self.pingInterval = None
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397
                 self.firPred = None # it would be specified after ping command
398
                 self.secPred = None # it would be specified after receiving ping command
399
                 self.isAlive = True
400
```

2. UDPManager

```
# UDP manager for peers
class UDPManager():
      def __init__(self, address, peer):
            manager initialization
             :param address: peer address
             :param peer: the peer object
             self.address = address
             self.address = address
self.peer = peer
self.pingInterval = peer.pingInterval # ping interval
self.firSucctimeoutCount = 0 # counting of timeout times for first successor
self.secSucctimeoutCount = 0 # counting of timeout times for second successor
```

3. TCPManager

```
class TCPManager():
    def __init__(self, address, peer):
       manager initialization
       :param address: peer address
       :param peer: the peer object
       self.address = address
       self.peer = peer
```

4. GlobalParameter

```
# GlobalParameter

# GlobalParameter inferred by the whole program

class GlobalParameter inferred by the whole program

class GlobalParameter():

timeout = 10

IP_ADORESS = "127.0.0.1"

BASE_PORT = 12080

BUFFENSIZE = 1024

displaymessages = {

    "PingRequestStend": "Ping request message received from Peer %d",

    "PingRequestStend": "Ping response received from Peer %d",

    "PingRegonses": "Ping response received from Peer %d",

    "PingIimeOut": "Peer %d is no longer alive.",

    "SuccessorRequest": "Peer %d Join request forwarded to my successor",

    "JoinReceive": "Peer %d Join request received",

    "SuccessorChanged": "Successor Change request received",

    "SuccessorChanged": "My new first successor is Peer %d",

    "SecSuccchange": "My new scond successor is Peer %d",

    "Sinthit": "My second successor is Peer %d",

    "SecondInit": "My second successor is Peer %d",

    "SecondInit": "My second successor is Peer %d",

    "StoreRequest: "Store %s request frowarded to my successor",

    "StoreRequest: "Store %s request accepted",

    "FileLocation": "Peer %d had File %s",

    "FileSendingFile %s is stored here",

    "FileSendingFile %s is stored here",

    "FileSendingFile %s to Peer %d",

    "FileSendingFile %s to Peer %d",

    "FileReceiving:" "Request for %s has been received, but the file is not stored here",

    "FileReceiving": "Receiving File %s from Peer %d",

    "FileReceived": "File %s received",

    "FileReceived": "FileReceived": "FileReceiv
```

Also, there are two entries for the code, for 'init' and 'join' repectively. Before that I have already verify the validity of the parameters entered by users.

```
Captured with Xnip
                   # check parameters
                  try:
   if (len(sys.argv) < 2):</pre>
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                              raise TypeError
                        if sys.argv[1] == 'init':
                              if (len(sys.argv) != 6):
                              raise TypeError
if (int(sys.argv[2]) < 0 or int(sys.argv[2]) > 255
    or int(sys.argv[3]) < 0 or int(sys.argv[4]) < 0
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                                         or int(sys.argv[5]) < 0):</pre>
                                   raise ValueError
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                        elif sys.argv[1] == 'join':
                              if (len(sys.argv) != 5):
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                                    raise TypeError
                              if (int(sys.argv[2]) < 0 or int(sys.argv[2]) > 255
                                         or int(sys.argv[3]) < 0 or int(sys.argv[4]) < 0):
                        else:
                              raise ValueError
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                  except ValueError:
                        sys.exit(-1)
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                        print("TypeError: missing required positional argument...")
                        sys.exit(-1)
                      cone with initial request
                   if sys.argv[1] == 'init':
                         # init a peer for the process
                        peer = Peer()
peerID = int(sys.argv[2])
                        firSucc = int(sys.argv[3])
secSucc = int(sys.argv[4])
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                        pingInterval = int(sys.argv[5])
                           initialization
                        peer.InitPeer(peerID, firSucc, secSucc, pingInterval)
                        # begin to ping successor once initialized
peer.UDPManager.pingBeginner()
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                  # cope with joining reque:
if sys.argv[1] == 'join':
                        peer = Peer()
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                        knownPeer = int(sys.argv[3])
pingInterval = int(sys.argv[4])
peer.joinPeer(peerID, knownPeer, pingInterval)
                        # begin to ping successor once initialized
peer.UDPManager.pingBeginner()
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642
```

4. Possible Improvement

- 1. In the code, I use a lot of text process to cope with the inter communication among peers. Thanks to the convenience and powerful built-in functions of python, I finish all tasks. However, it seems not wise to do that. For instead, I can simply use code to imply different messages. That would promote the whole program.
- 2. Also, as I'm not that familiar with object-oriented programming. This program doesn't strictly follow the object-oriented style. I know that this is essential for python(java) programming and engineering project. So I would try to adjust the structure of my program to be more efficient and reader-friendly if I have more time.
- 3. For convenience, I simply use the library in python. To get more familiar with TCP and UDP protocols. I should have tried to stimulated the mechanisms in them, like various flags(FIN, SYN), three way handshake and stop-and-wait and etc. Of course, python have done everything for me.