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Written Solution

Honors Geometry | Date: 2026-01-10

Problem. Triangle ABC has $A(-2, 1)$, $B(1, 4)$, and $C(4, -1)$. Apply the composite transformation T defined by:

1. Reflect across the x -axis: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, -y)$
2. Apply an anisotropic dilation: $(x, y) \rightarrow \left(2x, \frac{1}{2}y\right)$
3. Translate by vector $\langle -3, 2 \rangle$: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 3, y + 2)$

Solution

We apply the transformations sequentially to each vertex of the triangle.

1. Path of Point A: $(-2, 1)$

- Reflect ($y \rightarrow -y$): $(-2, 1) \rightarrow (-2, -1)$
- Dilate $(2x, 0.5y)$: $(-2, -1) \rightarrow (-4, -0.5)$
- Translate $(-3, +2)$: $(-4, -0.5) \rightarrow (-4 - 3, -0.5 + 2) = (-7, 1.5)$

2. Path of Point B: $(1, 4)$

- Reflect ($y \rightarrow -y$): $(1, 4) \rightarrow (1, -4)$
- Dilate $(2x, 0.5y)$: $(1, -4) \rightarrow (2, -2)$
- Translate $(-3, +2)$: $(2, -2) \rightarrow (2 - 3, -2 + 2) = (-1, 0)$

3. Path of Point C: $(4, -1)$

- Reflect ($y \rightarrow -y$): $(4, -1) \rightarrow (4, 1)$
- Dilate $(2x, 0.5y)$: $(4, 1) \rightarrow (8, 0.5)$
- Translate $(-3, +2)$: $(8, 0.5) \rightarrow (8 - 3, 0.5 + 2) = (5, 2.5)$

Final Answer

The orientation is **reversed** due to the single reflection across the x -axis. The exact area scale factor is **1**, calculated from the product of the anisotropic dilation factors $(2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 1)$, meaning the area is preserved.

The coordinates of the transformed triangle $A'B'C'$ are:

$$A'(-7, 1.5), \quad B'(-1, 0), \quad C'(5, 2.5)$$
