


Status	Finished
Started	Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM
Completed	Monday, 9 December 2024, 10:30 PM
Duration	13 days 19 hours

Question **1**

Correct

Marked out of 3.00

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Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that $A[i] - A[j] = k$, $i \neq j$.

Input Format

- 1. First line is number of test cases T. Following T lines contain:
- 2. N, followed by N integers of the array
- 3. The non-negative integer k

Output format

Print 1 if such a pair exists and 0 if it doesn't.

Example

Input:

1
3 1 3 5
4

Output:

1

Input:

1
3 1 3 5
99

Output:

0

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int a,d;
5     scanf("%d",&a);
6     int x[a];
7     for( int k=0;k<a;k++){
8         int e=0,f;
9         scanf("%d",&f);
10        int b[f];
11        for(int i=0;i<f;i++){
12            scanf("%d",&b[i]);
13        }
14        scanf("%d",&d);
15        if(d<0){
16            x[k]=0;
17            continue;
18        }
19        for(int i=0;i<f;i++){
20            for(int j=0;j<f;j++){
21                if(i!=j){
22                    int c=b[i]-b[j];
23                    if(c==d){
24                        e=1;
25                    }
26                }
27            }
28        }
29        x[k]=e;
30    }
31    for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
32        printf("%d\n",x[i]);
33    }
34 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1 3 1 3 5 4	1	1	✓
✓	1 3 1 3 5 99	0	0	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question 2

Correct

Marked out of
5.00 [Flag question](#)

Sam loves chocolates and starts buying them on the 1st day of the year. Each day of the year, x , is numbered from 1 to Y . On days when x is odd, Sam will buy x chocolates; on days when x is even, Sam will not purchase any chocolates.

Complete the code in the editor so that for each day N_i (where $1 \leq x \leq N \leq Y$) in array `arr`, the number of chocolates Sam purchased (during days 1 through N) is printed on a new line. This is a function-only challenge, so input is handled for you by the locked stub code in the editor.

Input Format

The program takes an array of integers as a parameter.

The locked code in the editor handles reading the following input from `stdin`, assembling it into an array of integers (`arr`), and calling `calculate(arr)`.

The first line of input contains an integer, T (the number of test cases). Each line i of the T subsequent lines describes the i th test case as an integer, N_i (the number of days).

Constraints

$$1 \leq T \leq 2 \times 10^5$$

$$1 \leq N \leq 2 \times 10^6$$

$$1 \leq x \leq N \leq Y$$

Output Format

For each test case, T_i in `arr`, your `calculate` method should print the total number of chocolates Sam purchased by day N_i on a new line.

Sample Input 0

3

1

2

3

Sample Input 0

3

1

2

3

Sample Output 0

1

1

4

Explanation

Test Case 0: $N = 1$

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, giving us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case 1: $N = 2$

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1 and 0 on day 2. This gives us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case 2: $N = 3$

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, 0 on day 2, and 3 on day 3. This gives us a total of 4 chocolates. Thus, we print 4 on a new line.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int a;
4     scanf("%d",&a);
5     for( int i=0;i<a;i++){
6         int b,c=0;
7         scanf("%d",&b);
8         for(int j=0;j<=b;j++){
9             if(j%2!=0)
10                c+=j;
11         }
12         printf("%d\n",c);
13     }
14 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3	1	1	✓
	1	1	1	
	2	4	4	
	3			
✓	10	1296	1296	✓
	71	2500	2500	
	100	1849	1849	
	86	729	729	
	54	400	400	
	40	25	25	
	9	1521	1521	
	77	25	25	
	9	49	49	
	13	2401	2401	
	98			

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **3**

Correct

Marked out of
7.00

🚩 Flag question

The number of goals achieved by two football teams in matches in a league is given in the form of two lists.

Consider:

- Football team A, has played three matches, and has scored $\{ 1, 2, 3 \}$ goals in each match respectively.
- Football team B, has played two matches, and has scored $\{ 2, 4 \}$ goals in each match respectively.
- Your task is to compute, for each match of team B, the total number of matches of team A, where team A has scored less than or equal to the number of goals scored by team B in that match.
- In the above case:
- For 2 goals scored by team B in its first match, team A has 2 matches with scores 1 and 2.
- For 4 goals scored by team B in its second match, team A has 3 matches with scores 1, 2 and 3.

Hence, the answer: $\{2, 3\}$.

Complete the code in the editor below. The program must return an array of m positive integers, one for each $\text{maxes}[i]$ representing the total number of elements $\text{nums}[j]$ satisfying $\text{nums}[j] \leq \text{maxes}[i]$ where $0 \leq j < n$ and $0 \leq i < m$, in the given order.

It has the following:

`nums[nums[0],...nums[n-1]]`: first array of positive integers

`maxes[maxes[0],...maxes[m-1]]`: second array of positive integers

Constraints

- $2 \leq n, m \leq 105$
- $1 \leq \text{nums}[j] \leq 109$, where $0 \leq j < n$.
- $1 \leq \text{maxes}[i] \leq 109$, where $0 \leq i < m$.

Input Format For Custom Testing

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function.

Sample Input 0

4
1
4
2
4
2
3
5

Sample Output 0

2
4

Explanation 0

We are given $n = 4$, $\text{nums} = [1, 4, 2, 4]$, $m = 2$, and $\text{maxes} = [3, 5]$.

1. For $\text{maxes}[0] = 3$, we have 2 elements in nums ($\text{nums}[0] = 1$ and $\text{nums}[2] = 2$) that are $\leq \text{maxes}[0]$.
2. For $\text{maxes}[1] = 5$, we have 4 elements in nums ($\text{nums}[0] = 1$, $\text{nums}[1] = 4$, $\text{nums}[2] = 2$, and $\text{nums}[3] = 4$) that are $\leq \text{maxes}[1]$.

Thus, the function returns the array $[2, 4]$ as the answer.

Sample Case 1

Sample Input 1

5
2
10
5
4
8
4
3
1

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int a;
4     scanf("%d",&a);
5     int b[a];
6     for( int i=0;i<a;i++){
7         scanf("%d",&b[i]);
8     }
9     int c;
10    scanf("%d",&c);
11    int d[c];
12    for(int i=0;i<c;i++){
13        scanf("%d",&d[i]);
14    }
15    for(int i=0;i<c;i++){
16        int e=0;
17        for( int j=0;j<a;j++){
18            if(d[i]>=b[j])
19                e++;
20        }
21        printf("%d\n",e);
22    }
23 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4	2	2	✓
	1	4	4	
	4			
	2			
	4			
	2			
	3			
	5			
✓	5	1	1	✓
	2	0	0	
	10	3	3	
	5	4	4	
	4			
	8			
	4			
	3			
	1			
	7			
	8			

Passed all tests! ✓