

# 2011

## Technology Mission on Technical Textiles

### Compendium on Centres of Excellence



सत्यमेव जयते

Ministry of Textiles  
Government of India

Blank

आनन्द शर्मा, सांसद  
ANAND SHARMA, M.P.



वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग तथा वस्त्र मंत्री  
भारत  
MINISTER OF COMMERCE, INDUSTRY & TEXTILES  
INDIA

### M E S S A G E

The textiles industry has played a vital role in nation building. Government of India has proactively supported and encouraged potential upcoming areas in this sector. With a view to posit India as a global leader in the realm of Technical Textiles, Government of India has adopted a multi-pronged interventional strategy of heavy infrastructure investments to increase global competitiveness and enhance the skill base of the industry.

Realising the importance of this sector, Government of India has announced the Technology Mission on Technical Textiles for a period of five years with a fund outlay of Rs. 200 crores. An important facet of this Mission is the creation and promotion of indigenous Centres of Excellence (CoE) of international standards to facilitate informed awareness and sustained capacity building of the industrial human resource relating to technical textiles. In addition to the existing CoEs, four new CoEs are being set up for Non Wovens, Composites, Indutech and Sportech with the object of training over a lakh people in the next few years. With a proposed allocation of Rs. 900 crores in the twelfth five year plan, the developments in this sector will definitely be worth watching.

It is very heartening to know that a compendium focusing exclusively on the activities of the various Centres of Excellence is being published. I am positive, this compendium will prove to be a useful data bank for the various stakeholders and will go a long way in establishing a continuous, multi dimensional dialogue with our domestic and international partners, enriching our mental landscapes.

ANAND SHARMA



श्रीमती पनवाका लक्ष्मी  
Smt. PANABAAKA LAKSHMI



यस्त्र राज्य मंत्री  
भारत सरकार  
उद्योग भवन, नई दिल्ली  
MINISTER OF STATE FOR TEXTILES  
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
UDYOG BHAWAN, NEW DELHI



**Message**

It gives me great pleasure to learn that a Compendium on the Centers of Excellence on Technical Textiles is being published to provide a comprehensive overview on the important activities initiated by the various nodal agencies appointed by the Central Government in this field. With an objective of shaping Indian Industry as a strategic player in these emerging sectors, these Centers of Excellence established under the Technology Mission for Technical Textiles are undertaking a wide ambit of activities to enable comprehensive support to the industry. The Central Government has provided significant funding to ensure that these Centers of Excellence can provide cutting-edge services in these sectors.

I am confident that the Compendium will be a valuable resource to all stakeholders as they pursue innovation and shape products for the future.

(Panabaaka Lakshmi)

**Place: New Delhi**  
**Dated: August 11<sup>th</sup>, 2011.**

सचिव  
SECRETARY



भारत सरकार  
वर्तमन मंत्रालय  
उद्योग भवन, नई दिल्ली-110 107  
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF TEXTILES  
UDYOG BHAWAN, NEW DELHI-110 107  
TEL. : 23061769 FAX : 23063681  
E-mail : secy-ub@nic.in  
Website : <http://ministryoftextiles.gov.in>

Message

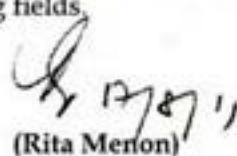
Technical Textiles is the emerging area for investment in India. The potential of technical textiles in India is still untapped. Technical textiles represents a multi-disciplinary field with numerous end use applications. The production of different items of technical textiles industry has been slowly but steadily increasing in the country. The field of technical textiles is a fast emerging area and Sub-Group on technical textiles has projected a growth rate of 20% in 12<sup>th</sup> five year plan. The Govt. has taken many steps in a structured manner for growth and development of technical textiles.

Under the scheme for Growth and Development of Technical Textiles, four Centres of Excellence were established in the field of Protective textiles, Geotextiles, Agrotextiles and Medical Textiles. These Centres of Excellence are equipped with latest testing facilities with national/international accreditation, Information centre, Prototype development facilities, Facilities for training etc. Besides this, a baseline survey on technical textiles was done and more than 60 awareness programmes were carried out across the country.

Govt. has recently launched the Technology Mission on Technical Textiles (TMTT) with a fund outlay of Rs. 200 crore. The aim of TMTT is to address issues like lack of basic infrastructure in terms of testing facilities, lack of market development support, skilled manpower, lack of R & D, absence of regulatory measures, absence of specifications and standards for technical textiles etc. Under the Technology Mission on Technical Textiles, four more centres of excellence in the area of Composite, Non-Wovens, Indutech and Sportech are under establishment.

It gives me immense pleasure that NITRA, with support of the Ministry of Textiles, is bringing out a compendium of facilities available in the Centres of Excellence. This compendium provides a status update on the available facilities, as also the activities being undertaken by the various CoEs and the initiatives planned over the next few years.

This publication is an effort to facilitate easy access to information in this field and is recognition of the need to shape a proactive communication with the industry. I am hopeful the information provided here will enable the Industry at large to better connect with the CoEs and help shape provide the requisite thrust to these emerging fields.



(Rita Merton)

Place: New Delhi

Dated: August 16<sup>th</sup>, 2011

Blank Page

# Table of Contents

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>1. Introduction</b>                         | 1  |
| About Technical Textiles                       | 1  |
| About Technology Mission on Technical Textiles | 3  |
| Overview of Mini-Mission I                     | 3  |
| Overview of Mini-Mission II                    | 5  |
| <b>2. Snapshot of COEs</b>                     | 7  |
| COE on Agrotech                                | 7  |
| COE on Geotextiles                             | 7  |
| COE on Meditech                                | 9  |
| COE on Protech                                 | 10 |
| COE on Composites                              | 11 |
| COE on Indutech                                | 11 |
| COE on Non-wovens                              | 12 |
| <b>Status of established COEs</b>              |    |
| 3. COE on Agrotech                             | 13 |
| 4. COE on Geotech                              | 31 |
| 5. COE on Meditech                             | 41 |
| 6. COE on Protech                              | 55 |
| <b>Status of newly announced COEs</b>          |    |
| 7. COE on Composites                           | 77 |
| 8. COE on Indutech                             | 85 |
| 9. COE on Non-wovens                           | 89 |

Blank Page

# 1. Introduction

In 2007, Prime Minister Dr. Manmohan Singh announced the Technology Mission on Technical Textiles under the XI Five Year Plan. The mission has been established to address the “major constraints for improving production and consumption of technical textiles”.

In 2008-09, four Centres of Excellence (COEs) were set up to catalyze industry support and build capacity in the area of Geotech (geo textiles used in civil engineering applications), Protech (personal and property protective clothing), Meditech (medical textiles) and Agrotech (specialized agriculture use). Each of these COEs was setup with an initial outlay of Rs 11 crores from the Central Government.

In 2010 a fund outlay of Rs 200 crores was announced to support the Mission for a period of five years (till 2014-15). As part of this, four new COEs have been announced: two COEs to focus on Indutech (industrial textiles) and Sportech (sports related); and two COEs to build national expertise in processes based on Nonwovens and Composites.

This compendium lists out the activities being undertaken by the COEs<sup>1</sup> and also provides insight into the additional initiatives planned at these centres.

## About Technical Textiles

Technical textiles are defined as textile materials and products used primarily for their technical performance and functional properties rather than their aesthetic or decorative characteristics. Other terms used for defining technical textiles include industrial textiles, functional textiles, performance textiles, engineering textiles, smart textiles and hi-tech textiles.

Technical textiles are used individually or as a component/part of another product to enhance its functional properties. The examples of technical textiles used individually to satisfy specific functions are fire retardant fabric for uniforms of firemen, coated fabric as awnings, airbags, carpets etc. The examples of technical textiles as a component or part of another product are tyre cord fabrics in tyres, interlining in shirt collars, webbings in seat belts, etc. Technical textiles are also used as accessories in processes to manufacture other products like filter fabric in chemical and food industries or paper maker felt in paper mills.

Technical textiles sector is a knowledge based research oriented industry and has been slowly but steadily gaining ground due to functional requirements viz. facets such as health and safety, cost effectiveness, durability, high strength, light weight, versatility, customization, user friendliness, eco friendliness, logistical convenience etc.

<sup>1</sup>The Sportech COE is yet to be identified and hence only status of 7 COEs is presented

## Different kinds of Technical Textiles

|   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <p><b>Agrotech</b></p> <p>Agrotech includes technical textile products used in agriculture, horticulture (incl. floriculture), fisheries and forestry.</p> <p>Examples of Agrotech technical textiles include shade-nets, mulch-mats, crop-covers, anti-hail nets and bird protection nets, fishing nets, etc.</p> <p>Agrotech consumption in India is estimated at Rs 487 crore. Fishing nets constitute over 90% of the Agrotech technical textiles.</p>  | <p><b>Buildtech</b></p> <p>Buildtech segment comprises of textiles or composite materials used in the construction of permanent and temporary buildings as well as structures.</p> <p>The products covered under Buildtech include architectural membranes, hoardings and signages, cotton canvas tarpaulins, HDPE tarpaulins, awnings and canopies, scaffolding nets, floor &amp; wall coverings, etc.</p> <p>Domestic consumption of buildtech has been estimated at Rs 1,726 crore. Consumption of HDPE tarpaulins is estimated at Rs 650 crore, accounting for around 40% of the total segment.</p>   | <p><b>Clothtech</b></p> <p>Clothtech segment of technical textiles mainly comprises of textile components used for specific functional applications in garments and shoes. These components are largely hidden e.g. interlinings in shirts, sewing threads, shoe laces, labels, hook and loop fasteners (Velcro), etc. Fabrics like umbrella cloth are also classified under the Clothtech segment.</p> <p>Clothtech consumption is estimated at Rs 6,570 crore. Sewing threads alone account for around 60% of the technical textiles consumption under Clothtech followed by labels with around 19% share.</p>   |
| <p><b>Geotech</b></p> <p>Geotech segment comprises of products used in Geotechnical applications pertaining to soil, rock, earth etc. Application areas include Civil Engineering (roads and pavements, slope stabilization and embankment protection, tunnels, rail-track bed stabilization, ground stabilization and drainage, etc.), Marine Engineering (soil erosion control and embankment protection, breakwaters) and Environmental Engineering (landfills and waste management).</p> <p>Current Geotextiles Market in India (Imports and domestic production) is around Rs 272 Crore, comprising imports of an estimated Rs 105 Crore and domestic production of around Rs 167 Crore.</p> | <p><b>Hometech</b></p> <p>Hometech segment comprises textiles used in the domestic environment-interior decoration and furniture, carpeting, protection against the sun, cushion materials, fireproofing, floor and wall coverings, textile reinforced structures/fittings, filter products for vacuum cleaners.</p> <p>Examples include mattress and pillow components, fiberfil, carpet backing cloth, stuff toys, blinds, HVAC filters, filter cloth for vacuum cleaners, nonwoven wipes, mosquito nets, etc.</p> <p>Consumption under Hometech is estimated at around Rs 3,200 crore. Fiberfil and pillow and mattress components together constitute over 50% of the technical textile usage.</p>                            | <p><b>Indutech</b></p> <p>Indutech includes textile products used in the manufacturing sector such as conveyor belts (TT component), drive belts (TT component), decatising cloth, bolting cloth, AGM glass battery separators, coated abrasives (TT component), ropes and cordages, composites (technical textiles component), paper making fabrics, filtration products, etc.</p> <p>Technical textiles consumption under Indutech in India is estimated at around Rs 2,326 crore. Printed circuit boards, AGM battery separators and other applications of fibre glass constitute around one-third of the technical textiles usage.</p>   |
| <p><b>Meditech</b></p> <p>Meditech products include textile materials used in hygiene, health and personal care as well as surgical applications. The products covered include baby diapers, incontinence diapers, sanitary napkin, surgical sutures, disposables, surgical dressing, artificial implants, etc.</p> <p>Meditech consumption is estimated at Rs 1,514 crore. Surgical dressing alone accounts for over 50% of the total.</p>   | <p><b>Mobiltech</b></p> <p>Mobiltech is used in the construction of automobiles, railways, ships, aircraft and space craft. The Mobiltech products can be broadly classified into two categories-visible components and concealed components. The visible components include seat upholstery, carpets, seat belts, headliners, airbags, etc. The concealed components include Noise Vibration and Harness (NVH) components, tyre cords, liners, etc.</p> <p>Technical textiles consumption under Mobiltech is estimated at Rs 3,158 crore. Nylon tyre cord accounts for over 60% of the total technical textile consumption in the segment followed by seat upholstery / fabric with a share of around 13%. Insulation felts.</p> | <p><b>Oekotech</b></p> <p>Oekotech or Ecotech segment refers to use of technical textiles in Environmental Engineering. The primary segment in this is landfill waste management which refers to the use of Geosynthetic products to secure landfills against leakage of municipal or hazardous waste. Other areas include secondary protection in chemical/oil industries.</p> <p>The current market size of Oekotech segment is estimated at Rs 68 Crore. The market is expected to grow based on spends on municipal waste disposal in accordance with Municipal Solid Wastes (Management &amp; Handling) Rules, 2000, as well as greater awareness and government activity on Hazardous Waste in accordance with Supreme Court Guidelines.</p> |
| <p><b>Packtech</b></p> <p>Packtech includes several flexible packaging materials used for industrial, agricultural, consumer and other goods. It ranges from synthetic bags used for industrial packaging to jute sacks used for packing food grains. Other packtech applications include: Polyolefin woven sacks, FIBC, Leno bags, wrapping fabric, jute hessian and sacks (including Food grade jute bags), soft luggage products, tea-bags, etc.</p> <p>Packtech consumption is estimated at Rs 14,067 crore. Woven sacks (excluding FIBC) account for around 50% of the technical textiles consumption under Packtech followed by Jute hessian and sacks with around 30% share.</p>           | <p><b>Protech</b></p> <p>Protech are used in the manufacture of various protective clothing for personnel working in hazardous environment. The protective clothing includes garments and related paraphernalia for protection from harmful chemical environment, extreme temperature environments, low visibility, ballistic protection, bullet-proof jackets, fire retardant apparels/ furnishings, radiation protection textile, high visibility clothing, industrial gloves, high altitude clothing, etc.</p> <p>Indian Defence Forces with a total strength of around 1.5 million individuals comprising the army, navy and air force, is one of the largest consumers of protective textiles.</p>                           | <p><b>Sportech</b></p> <p>Sportech comprises products used in sports and leisure such as shoes, sports equipment, flying and sailing sports, climbing, angling, cycling, winter and summer sports and indoor sports.</p> <p>The technical textiles usage in the Sportech segment is valued at Rs 2,632 crore in 2007-08. Domestic consumption of sports footwear components is valued at Rs 2,250 crore, accounting for around 85% of the total segment consumption. It is expected to grow at around 11% y-o-y over the next five years. Sport composites include inflatable balls (footballs, volleyball, basketballs, etc), cricket protective equipments and boxing equipments.</p>  |

The world market for technical textiles was estimated to be around 19.68 million tonnes with a value of approx Rs 50,000 crores (US\$ 107 billion) during 2005 and the drivers for future growth of this industry are expected to be Asian countries like China and India.

In the global scenario, Mobiltech, Indutech and Sportech are predominant segments which collectively constitute about 56 percent of total global consumption of technical textiles.

While overall this industry is import intensive, some of the products are also exported - most of these are commodity products like tarpaulin, jute carpet backing, stuffed toys, surgical dressing, sutures, sports composites, etc. With increase in indigenous production, there is excellent potential for export of technical textiles particularly in the SAARC countries, where this industry is not well developed and depends on import to meet their domestic demand.

### About Technology Mission on Technical Textiles

The Technology Mission on Technical Textiles (TMTT) is composed of two mini-missions and the components under each are outlined below:



### Overview of Mini-Mission I

The creation and expansion of the COEs is being undertaken under the aegis of Mini-mission I. The mission document outlines the essential features to be created at the Centres of Excellence and the same are summarized below:

- Facilities for testing and evaluation of products in identified segments of technical textiles with national/ international accreditation and collaboration with foreign institutes/ laboratories. The testing facilities shall cater to the requirement of testing the final product as also the fibre, yarn, fabrics and other elements that go into the final product. The goal is to ensure that the COEs are duly accredited by NABL and other reputed international institutes so that their test results are accepted in the international market.

2. Resource centre with IT infrastructure that provides knowledge and information on the technical textiles. Each COE shall maintain and develop information related to material, books, specifications, directives, etc.
3. Facilities for indigenous development of prototypes. Pilot plant facilities are being created for development of prototypes / technology which shall be transferred to the industry after standardization and optimization of the production process.
4. Facilities for training of core personnel and regular training of personnel from the technical textile industry. COEs will impart training to textile technologists, academicians, scientists, etc. from TRAs, institutes and industry to develop a set of core training professionals.
5. Knowledge sharing with stakeholders and end users such as farmers, civil engineers, architects, medical practitioners, government agencies, etc.
6. Incubation centres where each of the COEs will provide necessary facilities to entrepreneurs for testing new ideas and technologies.
7. Support BIS in setting up standards that are at par with global level. This is especially critical given that technical textiles are functional in nature and yet Indian standards and specifications are not available for most technical textile products.

The Centres of Excellence covered under Mini-mission I include 6 product-focused COEs and 2 process focused COEs.

#### **Product Focused Centres of Excellence**

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>Agrotech</b>   | Lead: Synthetic & Art Silk Mills Research Association (SASMIRA), Mumbai<br>Partners:<br>Man-made Textile Research Association (MANTRA), Surat<br>Navsari Agriculture University, Navsari<br>Knowledge partner: Indian Institute of Technology (IIT), Delhi |
| <b>Geotech</b>    | Lead: Bombay Textile Research Association (BTRA) , Mumbai<br>Partner: Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association (ATIRA), Ahmedabad   |
| <b>Indutech *</b> | PSG College of Technology, Coimbatore  |
| <b>Meditech</b>   | Lead: South India Textile Research Association (SITRA), Coimbatore<br>Partner: AC College of Technology, Chennai   |
| <b>Protech</b>    | Lead: Northern India Textile Research Association (NITRA), Ghaziabad<br>Partner: Indian Institute of Technology (IIT), Delhi   |
| <b>Sportech</b>   | To be announced  |

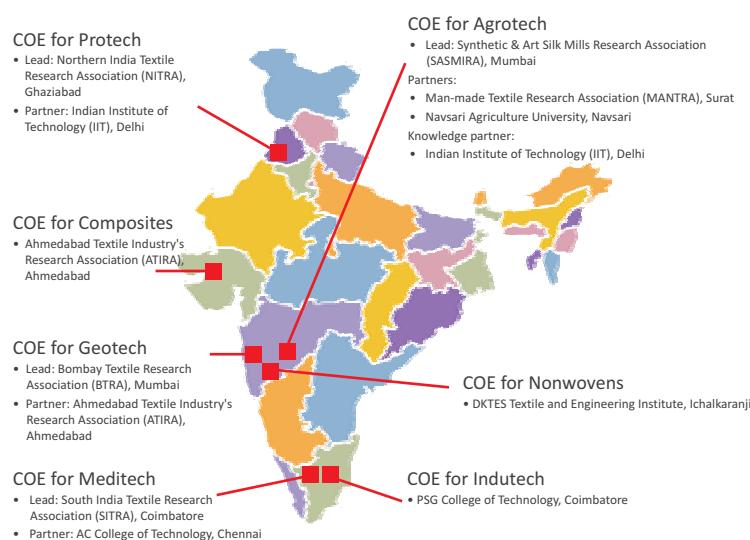
#### **Process Focused Centres of Excellence**

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| <b>Composites*</b> | Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association (ATIRA), Ahmedabad |
| <b>Nonwovens*</b>  | D.K.T.E. Society's Textile & Engineering Institute, Ichalkaranji     |

\*Recently launched COEs

For each of the 4 existing COEs, fund support to the tune of Rs. 25 crores has been allocated (Rs. 11 crores has already been provided prior to the launch of the TMTT). The balance Rs. 14 crores is currently under disbursement to further augment the capacity of these COEs.

For each of the recently launched COEs, Rs. 25 crores is being provided (Rs. 20 crores for capital equipments for lab, pilot plant, prototype development, etc. Rs. 2 crores for developing training facilities, etc. and Rs. 3 crores towards recurring expenditure for appointment of consultants/scientists/technologists for an initial period of 3 years).



### Overview of Mini-Mission II

Mini-Mission-II (with a total outlay of Rs. 44 crores) primarily focuses on the market development activities for promotion of technical textiles in the domestic and export markets. The mission aims to:

1. Generate 30 business start-up projects. Rs. 3 crore fund allocation has been made to support entrepreneurial investment in this field.
2. Organize 52 workshops. A Rs. 5 crore fund allocation has been made to support this effort.
3. Catalyze social compliance through standardization of regulatory measures. Some of the technical textile products require mandatory prescriptions for their use. Through Mini-mission II, consultants will be engaged to identify the needed regulatory changes required along with international best practices as also to define the strategy to facilitate such changes in rules and regulation. A Rs. 5 crore fund allocation has been made to support this effort.
4. Provide market development support through 30 buyer-seller meetings. The aim is to support bulk and/or institutional transactions nationally as well as internationally. Nationally, technical textiles are predominantly consumed by institutional consumers like defence, railways, NHAI, etc. In its report on the Baseline Survey of Technical Textile Industry, ICRA Management Consultancy Services (IMaCS) has estimated the current consumption of technical textiles from defence, hospital and railways to be around Rs. 1570 crores. A Rs. 15 crore fund allocation has been made to support this activity.
5. Support 50 manufacturing units for export assistance. A Rs. 5 crore allocation has been made to support this activity.

6. Support 20 contract research projects through IITs, TRAs and Textile institutes. Given that technical textiles is a high technology area where most of the material is imported, there is a need to promote indigenous development, for which R&D is a pre-requisite. A Rs. 11 crore allocation has been made to support this effort.

Enterprises wishing to engage in the above areas and work with the COEs can learn more about the operational mechanics and requirements in the Technology Mission on Technical Textiles 2010-11 to 2014-15. A soft copy of these documents is available on the site for Technical Textiles being run by the Office of the Textile Commissioner, Government of India: <http://technotex.gov.in/>.

## 2. Snapshot of COEs

In this section a snapshot of key objectives and updates on the activities of the various COEs is provided. Comprehensive information on each of the COEs is provided separately in subsequent sections.

### COE on Agrotech

The Centre of Excellence for Agrotextiles has been assigned to The Synthetic and Art Silk Mills' Research Association (SASMIRA) as the lead partner duly supported by other agencies viz., The Man-made Textiles Research Association (MANTRA), Surat and Navsari Agricultural University (NAU), Navsari.

The SASMIRA laboratory for Centre of Excellence Agrotextiles is accredited by National Accreditation Board for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (NABL) in accordance with the international standard ISO/IEC 17025-2005 for physical and chemical evaluation of textiles. In addition, MANTRA is in the process of acquiring NABL Accreditation under the guidance of the Textile Committee, Mumbai.

The centre assists the manufacturers in development of standard agro-textile products and users in adopting the agro-textile products in the most scientific way. This is facilitated through specific training workshops, online training and field demonstrations. Customized courses are conducted to address the specific needs of the industry.

List of standards and specifications formulated at the Agrotech COE

1. Glossary of Agrotextiles-finalized and accepted by BIS. Under publication
2. Specification for 50 % shade nets for horticulture applications-finalized and accepted by BIS. Under publication
3. Specification for woven ground covers-finalized; being sent to BIS for acceptance
4. Specification for 75 % shade nets for horticulture applications-finalized; being sent to BIS for acceptance
5. Specification for 90 % shade nets for horticulture applications-finalized; being sent to BIS for acceptance



Additional details are in Section 3.

### COE on Geotextiles

The Centre of Excellence on Geotech was launched in 2008 with Bombay Textile Research Association (BTRA) as the lead partner duly supported by Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association (ATIRA).

## Major Technical Textile Testing Equipment Installed at the COEs

- |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Agrotextile light shading percentage tester</li> <li>• Air permeability Tester</li> <li>• Air Permeability Tester (WIRA)</li> <li>• Apparent Opening Size Analyzer</li> <li>• ATLAS Weather -o-meter</li> <li>• Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer (AAS)</li> <li>• Ball Burst Tester</li> <li>• Banana fibre extractor</li> <li>• Brush Pilling Tester (SDL-ATLAS)</li> <li>• BTRA Thickness Tester</li> <li>• Bundesmann Water repellency Tester</li> <li>• Bursting strength tester</li> <li>• Carbon Black Content Analyser</li> <li>• Carbon Black Dispersion Tester</li> <li>• Carle Zeiss microscope</li> <li>• CBR puncture test with accessories</li> <li>• Cold Impact Chamber</li> <li>• Compression tester</li> <li>• Computer Colour Matching System (reflective &amp; transmission)</li> <li>• Cone Drop Tester</li> <li>• Constant Tension Transport (CTT)</li> <li>• Contact Heat Tester</li> <li>• Convective heat Tester</li> <li>• Creep Tester</li> <li>• CSI Abrasion Tester</li> <li>• Deterioration of Smoke Visibility Tester</li> <li>• Differential Scanning Calorimeter (DSC)</li> <li>• Digital Bursting Strength Tester</li> <li>• Digital Density Balance</li> <li>• Digital Platform Scale</li> <li>• Direct Shear Box : For Friction Properties Analysis</li> <li>• Dynamic Fatigue Tester</li> <li>• Dynamic Impact Tester</li> <li>• Electronic crock meter</li> <li>• Electrostatic tester</li> <li>• Endurance Test for Hook &amp; Loop Fastener</li> <li>• ESCR</li> <li>• Film Thickness Tester</li> <li>• Flammability tester</li> <li>• Flushability Tester for Non-Woven Products</li> <li>• Fogging Tester</li> <li>• Fourier Transform Infra-red Spectroscopy (FTIR)</li> <li>• Gas Chromatography and Mass Spectrum Detector (GC-MS)</li> <li>• Gas/Vapor Permeameter</li> <li>• Global UV 200</li> <li>• Gravimetric Absorption Test System (GATS)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)</li> <li>• High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography (HPTLC)</li> <li>• High pressure air-permeability tester</li> <li>• High Visibility clothing testing equipment</li> <li>• Hirox Advanced 3 D Video Microscope</li> <li>• Horizontal Flammability Tester</li> <li>• Humidity and temperature control Chamber</li> <li>• Hydrostatic pressure head tester</li> <li>• ICI Mace Snag Tester SDL-ATLAS</li> <li>• Inclined Automatic Flammability Tester</li> <li>• Index Puncture Test Apparatus (mechanical)</li> <li>• Index Puncture Test Apparatus (Pneumatic)</li> <li>• Instron make UTM, 50 KN</li> <li>• Instrument for Run test</li> <li>• Lab. Coating Machine</li> <li>• Limited Oxygen Index Tester</li> <li>• Liquid Absorbency Tester &amp; Liquid Absorbency Kit</li> <li>• Liquid Barrier Test System</li> <li>• Liquid Wicking Rate Tester Kit</li> <li>• Lister AC &amp; Wet Back</li> <li>• Low Stress Property Kawabata KES Auto System</li> <li>• Martindale Abrasion Cum Pilling tester (SDL)</li> <li>• Mechanical pre-treatment device for metalized material</li> <li>• Melt Flow Index Tester</li> <li>• Mettler Balance</li> <li>• Microbial resistance tester</li> <li>• Microscope &amp; Microtome (Zeiss )</li> <li>• Microwave Digestion Unit</li> <li>• Moisture analyzer</li> <li>• Moisture Balance</li> <li>• Moisture Management Tester</li> <li>• Molten metal splash Tester</li> <li>• Particle Size Analyser</li> <li>• Peel Bond Tester</li> <li>• Pneumatic press (with cutting dies )</li> <li>• Polarised Microscope</li> <li>• Porometer</li> <li>• Profile Projector</li> <li>• Pull Out Tester</li> <li>• Puncher tester</li> <li>• QUV spray tester</li> <li>• Radiant Heat transmission tester</li> <li>• Rapid oil extraction apparatus</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reciprocating Movement of Slider under Load Tester for Zippers</li> <li>• Resistance to Heat under Load Tester for Zipper</li> <li>• Rotary crock meter</li> <li>• SDL Thickness Tester</li> <li>• Seam Fatigue Tester</li> <li>• Shear Tester</li> <li>• Sieve Shaker</li> <li>• Spray Tester-Water Repellency</li> <li>• Surface Resistance Tester (Rothschild static Voltmeter)</li> <li>• Sweating Guarded Hot Plate</li> <li>• T.G.A. Instrument</li> <li>• Taber abrasion tester</li> <li>• Tear strength Tester (Textest)</li> <li>• Temperature Chamber for Ball Burst Tester</li> <li>• Tensile Testing Machine</li> <li>• Tension creep</li> <li>• Thermal Conductivity Tester</li> <li>• Thermal insulation tester TIV</li> <li>• Thermal Oxidation Tester</li> <li>• Thermolabo-Thermal Property Measuring Instrument</li> <li>• Thickness Gauge</li> <li>• Torsion Balance</li> <li>• Toxicity Tester</li> <li>• Universal Tensile Testing M/C (SDL)</li> <li>• Universal wear tester</li> <li>• Uster Tensorapid -4</li> <li>• UV Weatherometer</li> <li>• UV-Visible Spectrophotometer</li> <li>• Vertical and horizontal flame chamber</li> <li>• Vertical Flammability Tester</li> <li>• Vibrodyne</li> <li>• Vibroscope &amp; Vibrodyne (Lenzing)</li> <li>• Vibrotex (Lenzing )</li> <li>• Washing and dry cleaning cylinder</li> <li>• Water Cooled Xenon Tester</li> <li>• Water permeability in the plane of the geosynthetic (with load)</li> <li>• Water Permeability Perpendicular to the plane of the geosynthetic (without load, falling head)</li> <li>• Water Permeability Tester</li> <li>• Water Permeability: perpendicular to the plane of the geosynthetic (with load)</li> <li>• Water Vapour Transmission Rate Tester</li> <li>• Weatherometer</li> <li>• Wet Barrier Tester</li> <li>• Wind blocking percentage tester</li> <li>• Wyzenbeek Abrasion tester</li> </ul> |
|--|--|--|

The above list does not include testing equipment proposed to be bought by the COEs; details on the same are mentioned in the sections on the individual COEs.

In the past two decades, many applications of geo-synthetics have proved their value in civil engineering projects. This new class of material has added an entirely new dimension to the world of geotechnical engineering. Geosynthetic materials like Geotextiles, Geogrids, Geonets, Geocell, and Geomembranes are used in various civil engineering activities.

The Centre of Excellence for Geotech at BTRA has been established to undertake the following:

- To create awareness for the use of geosynthetic products and to facilitate the evaluation and development of geosynthetics
- To encourage the entrepreneurs to develop geosynthetics indigenously by providing know how and developing samples at BTRA pilot plant

BTRA has setup a new Geotech Laboratory with all testing facilities to test Geotextiles, Geomembranes, Geocomposites, Gabions, Geosynthetic Clay Liner, Geogrids, Prefabricated Vertical Drain etc. BTRA is also strengthening its information resources on Geotech by procuring various books and international test methods such as ASTM, INDIA, EDANA, ISO, etc. The Geotech laboratory at BTRA is accredited per the following:

- GAI-LAP Accreditation of Geosynthetics Institute, USA
- ISO/IEC-17025:2005

R&D projects undertaken/under progress in the field at Geotech COE are:

1. Development of geotextile (natural & synthetic fibres) for various clients (completed).
2. Development of filters for various clients (completed).
3. Design & development of creep rupture tester as per ASTM D 5262 (under progress).
4. Development of protective nonwoven (completed).
5. Development of woven geotextile (under progress).



Additional details are in Section 4.

### COE on Meditech

The Centre of Excellence on Medical Textiles is being led by SITRA. The first phase of the COE implementation also saw involvement from the AC College of Technology, Chennai.

SITRA has formulated standards for the following Meditech related products:

1. Disposable surgical gowns
2. Disposable surgical drape
3. Disposable surgical face mask
4. Cellulose wadding
5. Vapor permeable water proof plastic wound dressings
6. Non-woven gauze bandage
7. Paraffin gauze dressings
8. Knitted viscose primary dressings
9. Perforated film absorbent dressings

In addition, the following prototypes have been developed by SITRA:

1. Woven surgical gowns treated with nano finishes
2. Hernia mesh
3. Heart valve fabric
4. Functional spacer fabrics for medical inlays in orthopaedic shoes
5. Woven arterial prosthetic graft
6. Clinical heart patch
7. Bandages using bamboo fibres
8. Ankle support



Additional details are in section 5.

### COE on Protech

The Centre of Excellence for Protective Textiles is led by NITRA. The first phase of the COE implementation also saw involvement from the Indian Institute of Technology, New Delhi.

NITRA has successfully completed the following projects on Technical Textiles:

1. Development of fire resistant equipment
2. Development of industrial fabrics
3. Protective clothing from jute
4. Development of antimicrobial fabric
5. Development of UV resistant fabric
6. Garments for protection against pesticides

Additionally, the following products have been developed at NITRA:

1. NYCO fabric for Paramilitary and Military combat uniforms
2. Personal protective fabric using X-static and crabyon fibres
3. Functional fabric to provide bacterial and ultraviolet protection to the skin (bamboo)
4. Extra soft knitted fabric for inner wear / kids wear by using 'High Performance Modal Fibre'

With respect to prototypes, the following instruments have been indigenously developed and successfully commercialised:

1. Smoke Visibility Tester
  - This instrument is developed as per UIC 564-2 Appendix 15 and is used to determine the effect of smoke generated on visibility.
2. Fire Resistance Tester
  - This instrument is developed as per UIC 564-2 and is used to determine the effect of fire on various materials.
3. Flammability Tester
  - This instrument is developed as per BS 5438 and is used to determine the effect of fire on textile materials in vertical mode.

NITRA has submitted a draft white paper on 'Formulation of Regulations in respect of Safety Industrial work-wear (Heat and Flame)' to the Government of India suggesting to amend 16 industrial acts to ensure workers' safety while working in high risk environment.



Additional details are in Section 6.

## COE on Composites

Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association (ATIRA) has been designated as the Center of Excellence on Composites.

ATIRA's stated objective is to create a COE for development of advanced composites through newer and innovative processes in order to achieve weight reduction, high mechanical properties and cost competitiveness. Furthermore the goal is to enhance the knowledge base in composites through research, development and training.

The following projects are being undertaken at ATIRA:

- Construction related design as well as environmental design parameters for both Woven and Non-Woven Geo-Synthetics
- Development of Nano-Fibre based textiles
- Spinning of fire retardant fibre blends on cotton system
- Development of fire retardant textiles

In addition to the COE for Composites, ATIRA is also establishing COEs for Geo-Textiles and Nano web Technology with the support of the Gujarat State Government.



Additional details on the Composite COE are provided in Section 7.

## COE on Indutech

PSG College of Technology has been designated to house the recently announced Centre of Excellence on Industrial Textiles. The COE on Indutech was sanctioned in March 2011 and the setting up of infrastructure facilities is currently underway.

The following projects are in progress related to Industrial Textiles:

- Development of Natural fiber nonwovens for acoustic applications
- Development of Jute/Wool blend nonwovens
- Development of natural fibre nonwovens for application as car interiors for noise control
- Bamboo blended nonwovens for automobile interiors
- Utilisation of chicken feathers for the development of nonwovens and value added products
- Development of natural fibre nonwovens for application as car interiors
- Production of a hydrophobic oleophilic kapok nonwoven fabric for its potential application
- Analysis of Natural Nonwoven Geo Textiles used in erosion control
- Design & development of nonwoven products using recycled fibres
- Nonwoven textiles as Health Care products
- Development of odour free antimicrobial hospital linens
- Production and properties of Nonwovens using comber noils
- Design and development of Home Textiles using nonwoven fabrics



Additional details on the plans for the Indutech COE are presented in Section 8.

## COE on Non-wovens

The D.K.T.E. Society's Textile & Engineering Institute based in Ichalkaranji houses the COE on Nonwovens. This COE has been established recently.

The Centre is still being set-up and DKTE will be building upon the following R&D activities that are in progress / have been completed:

- Geo-Textiles in Nonwoven Application in Paved Road & Unpaved Road
- Nonwoven needle punched polypropylene fabric
- Endless Fabric Belt For Weighing machine
- Industrial Fabric for Military
- Development of Filter Fabric for Vacuum Cleaner
- 1000D Geotextile fabric
- 20 x 30 Peroxide bleached fabric for medical textiles
- Development of needle punched nonwoven fabric products from banana fibre
- Coir nonwoven with cement composites
- Novel application of Kapok fibre nonwoven for recovery of oil spill
- Development of Nanometal Oxide coated cotton fabrics with improved UV protection.
- Development of antibacterial and conductive fabrics using Nano-ZnO.
- Investigating the modification of textiles using plasma
- Development of flame retardant fabrics for school children



For details on the equipment being procured by D.K.T.E. Society's Textile & Engineering Institute as well as other aspects of the COE, please refer to Section 9.

## **Status of Established COEs**

Blank



### 3. COE on Agrotech

**Lead: Synthetic and Art Silk Mills' Research Association (SASMIRA)**

#### Background And Information Of Parent Organization(s)

The Centre of Excellence for Agrotextiles has been assigned to The Synthetic and Art Silk Mills' Research Association (SASMIRA) as the lead agency duly supported by other agencies viz., The Man-made Textiles Research Association (MANTRA), Surat and Navsari Agricultural University (NAU), Navsari. The establishment and functioning of this centre has been initiated under the MOU signed on 25th August, 2008 with the Office of the Textile Commissioner.

#### **Synthetic and Art Silk Mills' Research Association (SASMIRA)**

Conceived after independence, SASMIRA, a co-operative endeavor in textile research, has become a reality through joint efforts of numerous institutions and dedicated individuals. At that time silk and art silk industry was composed of large number of small units and the industry pioneers mooted the proposal for creating a co-operative research organization. This proposal was supported by the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) and other Government agencies and led to the establishment of Silk and Art Silk Mills' Research Association, since rechristened as SASMIRA. SASMIRA completed its fifty years of existence and industrial excellence in 2000, coinciding with the new millennium.

SASMIRA is engaged in multifarious activities with the prime objective of rendering scientific and technical assistance to the textile industry and allied sectors. Various activities undertaken by SASMIRA are summarized below:

1. Research & Development
2. Human Resource Development
3. Testing and Evaluation of textiles and allied substrates
4. Technical services and consultancy
5. Instrumentation
6. Publication
7. Powerloom Service Centres, Bhiwandi

SASMIRA has been designated as the lead agency for Centre of Excellence for Agrotextiles in the country. On this front, the institute has established facilities for demonstration, testing and evaluation, training of manpower and information sourcing on agrotextiles.

#### **Man-Made Textile Research Association, MANTRA, Surat**

MANTRA, established in 1981, is one of the eight national level Textiles Research Associations (TRAs) and one of the leading TRAs in man-made fibres, linked to the Ministry of Textiles, Government of India, and recognized as SIRO by the Department of Scientific & Industrial Research, Ministry of Science & Technology, Government of India. MANTRA is registered under Bombay Public Trust Act, 1950, and Societies Registration Act, 1860.

Besides R&D, environmental audit, energy audit, consultancy and HRD activities, MANTRA also undertakes testing and technical services. MANTRA has a full-fledged modernized physical testing laboratory, chemical testing laboratory, eco-laboratory, environmental affairs laboratory, analytical testing laboratory and energy audit laboratory. MANTRA is equipped with state-of-the art testing facilities and offers testing of fibres, yarns, fabrics, dyes and chemicals, eco parameters, water and waste water, air, thermic oil, coal, etc.

#### **Navsari Agricultural University, NAU, Navsari**

Navsari campus was started with establishment of N.M. College of Agriculture way back in 1965. The campus gained the status of a separate agricultural university on May 1, 2004. The headquarters of Navsari Agricultural University is at Navsari - the University's 13 research stations work in the area of soil and water management, biotechnology, plant protection, Agro techniques, post harvest technology and food quality research with respect to various crops viz., cotton, paddy, sugarcane, sorghum, pigeon pea, black gram, niger, smaller millets, fruit crops (mango, sapota and banana), etc.



The University has three major activities namely Teaching (offering UG and PG degree including Ph.D in various subjects under three faculties i.e. Agriculture, Horticulture and Forestry and PG degree in Agri. Business Management), Research and Extension Education.

## Infrastructure and Facilities

### Testing Instruments at the COE

The established testing facility under Centre of Excellence is nationally and internationally accredited and is available to manufacturers and users of agrotextile products. This helps the users and manufacturers to ascertain the product quality and specifications.

The list of testing equipments added under the Centre of Excellence at SASMIRA, Mumbai is provided below:

| Equipment   | Purpose  |
|---|--|
| Differential Scanning Calorimeter (DSC)                     | To determine melting point, glass transition temp (Tg) and weight loss at different temperatures   |
| Polarised Microscope  | Identification of fibres and fabrics based on analytical as well as quantitative study of fiber (longitudinally as well as cross-sectional) and fabric |
| High pressure air-permeability tester                       | To measure the air-permeability of different textile fabrics   |
| Tension creep   | To determine the creep behaviour of agrotextile fabrics  |
| Computer Colour Matching System (reflective & transmission) | Color value of colored textiles  |
| Fourier Transformation Infra Red Spectrophotometer          | Chemical identification of the basic material used for various Agrotextile products  |
| CBR puncture test with accessories                          | Tensile strength testing of fabric with soil in CBR mode   |
| Thermal insulation tester TIV                               | To determine thermal conductivity of different textile   |
| Agrotextile light shading percentage tester                 | To determine light transmission percentage through Agrotextiles  |
| Microbial resistance tester                                 | Determine the resistance of Agrotextiles to microbes   |
| Electrostatic tester  | To determine the static charge   |
| QUV spray tester  | To determine the weatherability of Agrotextile fabrics   |
| Vibrodyne   | To determine the fibre denier and strength   |
| Film Thickness Tester                                       | For coated technical textiles  |
| Shear Tester  | To determine the shear force on textiles   |
| Taber abrasion tester                                       | Abrasion resistance of Agrotextiles  |
| Torsion Balance   | Weighing Range   |
| Weather-o-meter   | To determine light fastness and weathering performance of coloured textiles  |
| Thermal Oxidation Tester                                    | To determine the oxidative degradation of Agrotextiles   |
| Wind blocking percentage tester                             | To determine the wind breaking percentage  |

The list of testing equipments added under the Centre of Excellence at MANTRA, Surat is as follows:

| S.No. | Equipment  |
|-------|--|
| 1.    | Vibrodyne  |
| 2.    | Shear Tester                                     |
| 3.    | Water Vapour Transmission Tester                 |
| 4.    | Cold Crack Tester                                |
| 5.    | Light Fastness and Weathering Testing Instrument |
| 6.    | Pullout Resistance in Soil                       |
| 7.    | Taber Abrasion Tester                            |



### Images of Testing Equipments at the COE

|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
|    |     |    |
|   |   |   |
|  |  |  |
|  |   |  |

### Test Parameters

The SASMIRA laboratory for Centre of Excellence on Agrotextiles is accredited by National Accreditation Board for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (NABL) in accordance with the international standard ISO/IEC 17025-2005 for physical and chemical evaluation of textiles. Although, NABL accreditation has recognition by world laboratories, American accreditation has also been undertaken for the COE on Agrotextiles to facilitate exports of these products to USA. This has been achieved through international accreditation for the COE laboratory by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA), USA for physical, chemical and microbiological testing of textiles and allied substrates.



The testing laboratories have been recognized by international accreditation agencies and national accreditation agencies for 125 and 48 test parameters respectively.

MANTRA is in the process of acquiring NABL Accreditation under the guidance of the Textile Committee, Mumbai.

#### Scope of Mechanical Test Parameters

| Mechanical Test Parameter   | Test Method (s)                                      | Testing Charges<br>(excludes taxes) in Rs. |
|---|--|--|
| 1. Mass or weight per square metre of fabric  | ASTM D 3776<br>ISO 7211-6<br>IS 1964                 | 100  |
| 2. Threads/unit length  | ASTM D 3775<br>ISO 7211-2<br>IS 1963                 | 125  |
| 3. Yarn count   | ASTM D 1059<br>ISO 7211-5<br>IS 3442                 | 150  |
| 4. Thickness  | ASTM D 1777<br>IS 7702                               | 125  |
| 5. Stiffness  | ASTM D 1388 Option A                                 | 200  |
| 6. Tensile strength   | ASTM D 5035<br>ISO 13934-1<br>IS 1969                | 350/500                                    |
| 7. Grab strength  | ASTM D 5034<br>ISO 13934-2<br>IS 1969                | 400  |
| 8. Tear strength (woven) (Non-woven)  | ASTM D 2261<br>ISO 13937-2<br>ASTM D 5733            | 350/500                                    |
| 9. Air permeability   | ASTM D 737<br>ISO 9237                               | 350  |
| 10. Puncture Resistance<br>Index<br>CBR Puncture  | ASTM D 4833<br>ASTM D 6241<br>ISO 12236              | 500  |
| 11. Bursting strength and bursting distension of fabrics: diaphragm method                | ASTM D 3786<br>ISO 13938-2<br>IS 1966                | 250  |
| 12. Martindale abrasion   | ASTM D 4966<br>ISO 12947-1                           | 400 for 10000 rubs                         |
| 13. Textiles-yarn-Determination of Breaking load and elongation at break of single strand | ASTM D 2256<br>IS 1670                               | 325  |
| 14. Determination of Length of woven fabrics  | ASTM D 3773<br>ISO 22198<br>IS 1954                  | 100  |
| 15. Width of Fabric   | ASTM D 3774<br>ISO 22198<br>IS 1954                  | 100  |
| 16. Determination of Linear density of yarns spun on cotton system                        | ASTM D 1907<br>ISO 2060<br>IS 1315<br>IS 7703 Part-1 | 200  |



| Mechanical Test Parameter |  | Test Method (s)                                    | Testing Charges (excludes taxes) in Rs. |
|---------------------------|--|--|---|
| 17.                       | Twist in yarn                          | ASTM D 1422<br>ISO 7211-4<br>ASTM D 1423<br>IS 832 | 200                                     |
| 18.                       | Linear density of textile fibres       | ASTM D 1577  | 250                                     |
| 19.                       | Tensile strength of fibre              | ASTM D 3822<br>ISO 5079                            | 500                                     |
| 20.                       | Water permeability                     | ASTM D 4491<br>ISO 11058                           | 500                                     |
| 21.                       | Taber abrasion                         | ASTM D 3884  | 750                                     |
| 22.                       | Trapezoid tear strength                | ASTM D 4533  | 500                                     |
| 23.                       | Breaking strength by wide width method | ASTM D 4595<br>ISO 10319                           | 1000                                    |
| 24.                       | Thermal resistance                     | ASTM D 1518  | 400                                     |
| 25.                       | Grab strength                          | ASTM D 4632  | 400                                     |
| 26.                       | Apparent opening size                  | ASTM D 4751  | 500                                     |
| 27.                       | Seam strength                          | ASTM D 1683<br>ISO 13935-2                         | 500                                     |
| 28.                       | Seam slippage                          | ASTM 1683<br>ISO 13936-1                           | 500                                     |
| 29.                       | Grab strength for Nonwovens            | ISO 9073-18  | 400                                     |
| 30.                       | Air permeability for Nonwovens         | ISO 9073-15  | 350                                     |

### Scope of Chemical Tests

| Mechanical Test Parameter |                                    | Test Method (s)  | Testing Charges (excludes taxes) in Rs. |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|
| 1.                        | Moisture content                   | ASTM D 2654  | 200                                     |
| 2.                        | Fiber analysis : qualitative       | AATCC-20<br>IS 667   | 200                                     |
| 3.                        | Fiber analysis : quantitative      | AATCC-20 A<br>ISO 1833<br>IS 2006<br>IS 1819<br>IS 2005<br>IS 3416 | 500                                     |
| 4.                        | Flammability                       | ASTM D 1230<br>ISO 6941:2003                                       | 300                                     |
| 5.                        | Whiteness of textiles              | AATCC 110<br>AATCC 173   | 500                                     |
| 6.                        | Color fastness to artificial light | AATCC 16<br>Option 3<br>ISO 105 B02<br>IS 2454                     | 700                                     |
| 7.                        | Color fastness to water            | AATCC 107<br>ISO 105 E01<br>IS 767                                 | 200                                     |
| 8.                        | Color fastness to sea water        | AATCC 106<br>ISO 105 E02<br>IS 690                                 | 250                                     |



| Mechanical Test Parameter   | Test Method (s)  | Testing Charges<br>(excludes taxes) in Rs. |
|---|--|--|
| 9. Color fastness to perspiration                                     | AATCC 15<br>ISO 105 E04<br>IS 971  | 300  |
| 10. Color fastness to crocking / rubbing                              | AATCC 8<br>ISO 105 X12 (E)<br>IS 766                                     | 150  |
| 11. Determination of pH value of aqueous extract of textile materials | AATCC 81<br>ISO 3071<br>IS 1390  | 200  |
| 12. Determination of skew change of fabric and garment                | AATCC 179  | 400  |
| 13. Color fastness to laundering                                      | AATCC 61<br>ISO 6330<br>IS 687<br>IS 3361<br>IS 764<br>IS 765<br>IS 3417 | 400  |
| 14. Color fastness to heat (hot pressing)                             | AATCC 133<br>IS 4636   | 200  |
| 15. CMC calculation of small color difference for acceptability       | AATCC 173  | 500  |
| 16. Hydrostatic pressure test   | AATCC 127<br>Option 2  | 300  |
| 17 Water repellency : spray test                                      | AATCC 22<br>IS 390   | 250  |
| 18 Antifungal activity of textiles                                    | AATCC 30, Part 3   | 1200                                       |
| 19 Antibacterial finishes on textile materials                        | AATCC 100  | 1400                                       |
| 20 Antibacterial activity assessment-parallel streak method           | AATCC 147  | 700  |
| 21 Accelerated UV exposure  | ASTM D 4355<br>ASTM G 154<br>AATCC 169                                   | 20000 (500 hrs)                            |
| 22 Color fastness to washing with soap or soap and soda               | ISO 105<br>C 01, 02, 03,<br>C 04,<br>C05                                 | 250 each<br>300<br>400                     |
| 23. Shower test Bundesmann  | ISO 9865   | 300  |
| 24 Spirallity for knitted garment                                     | ISO 16322,<br>Part 1 and Part 2  | 500  |
| 25 Color Fastness to dry cleaning                                     | ISO 105 DO1  | 300  |
| 26 Absorbency of Textiles   | AATCC 79   | 200  |



## Incubation Center

In order to catalyze new product development and production and marketing activities of agrotextile products, the COE on Agrotech also has set up an incubation centre. The Agrotech COE is engaging with various stakeholders from the industry to generate suggestions on product development ideas and also areas of potential collaboration on product innovation. This will ensure proper utilisation of COE facility and support the working trials and various shop floor trials.

The following is the list of machines procured under the Centre of Excellence to support the incubation efforts:

- i) Dornier Rapier PTS 2/16, 190 cm: For development of woven agrotextile products, even leno structures can be woven
- ii) Raschel Warp Knitting Machine, RS 4N, E12, 170 inches: For development of protective nets
- iii) DILO Needle punched nonwoven line, 700 mm: For development of nonwoven agrotextile products
- iv) Mathis laboratory coating machine: For development of coated agrotextile products

## Select images of the incubation centre equipment



Raschel Warp Knitting Machine, RS 4N, E12, 170"



DILO Needle punched nonwoven line, 700 mm



Dornier Rapier PTS 2/16, 190 cm

## Agrotech Products

### FISHING NETS

#### Composition:

- Nylon mono-filament, multi-filament or HDPE

#### Construction:

- Warp knitted

#### Advantages:

- Helps in fishing and in fish farming



### SHADE NETS

#### Composition:

- Polyethylene tape yarns or mono-filaments

#### Construction:

- Warp knitted

#### Advantages:

- Low weight
- Acts like a sunscreen
- Protection against strong wind





### MULCH MATS

#### Composition:

- Jute, polypropylene, polyethylene

#### Construction:

- Woven, non-woven

#### Advantages:

- Weed control around newly planted trees and shrubs
- Photo-degradable
- Cost effective



### HARVEST NETS

#### Composition:

- Polyethylene mono-filaments

#### Construction:

- Warp knitted

#### Advantages:

- Perfect collecting fruits which fall off the tree when they are ripe.
- Simplifies and rationalizes the harvesting process



### BIRD PROTECTION NET

#### Composition:

- Polyethylene tape yarns or mono-filament yarns

#### Construction:

- Warp knitted

#### Advantages:

- To protect the fruits eaten by birds
- Light weight
- Durable and strong



### ANTI INSECT NETS

#### Composition:

- HDPE mono-filaments

#### Construction:

- Warp knitted advantages

#### Advantages:

- Insect net blocks the penetration of insects into the crop environment
- Reduces the use of pesticides, saving labor, time and money for the grower





#### CROP COVERS

##### Composition:

- Polypropylene

##### Construction:

- Woven, non-woven

##### Advantages:

- Low wind sensitivity
- No excess water retention on the fabric surface
- UV stabilized
- Extremely strong
- Long lasting



#### List of Companies Engaged in Manufacturing of Agrotech Products

| Name  | Location                     | Products   |
|---|------------------------------|--|
| 1. Gujarat Fisheries unit   | Ahmedabad, Gujarat           | Fishing Net and fishline cargo nets, twine, etc.   |
| 2. Ruparel Plastics   | Mahuva , Gujarat             | Fishing nets, cargo nets, twine, etc.  |
| 3. Makharia Netting   | Dahod, Gujarat               | Fishing net and fishline   |
| 4. J.K. Industries  | Rajkot, Gujarat              | Fishing net and fishline   |
| 5. Globe Cast   | Umbergaon                    | Fishing net and fishline   |
| 6. Chain Synthetics (P) Ltd.  | Porbandar, Gujarat           | Fishing net and fishline   |
| 7. Jayshree Marine nets   | Nani Daman                   | Fishing net and fishline   |
| 8. Khetan Twist Net(P) Ltd.   | Mumbai                       | Fishing net and fishline   |
| 9. Fisheries (P) Ltd.   | Bardoli, Gujarat             | Fishing net and fishline   |
| 10. Amar Polyfilms  | Porbander, Gujarat           | Fishing net and fishline   |
| 11. Tuflex India ( <a href="http://www.tuflex.net">www.tuflex.net</a> ) | Vadodara, Gujarat            | Agroshade Net  |
| 12. Agrotech  | Anand, Gujarat               | Agroshade Net  |
| 13. Technofabrics   | Udhna, Gujarat               | Agriculture Net  |
| 14. Rishi Packer  | Silvassa                     | Crop Protection Net  |
| 15. ARD Polymer   | Silvassa                     | Crop Protection Net  |
| 16. Unimin  | Silvassa                     | Shade Net/fabrics  |
| 17. Fiberweb India Ltd  | Silvassa                     | Woven and nonwoven crop covers   |
| 18. Malmo Exim  | Mumbai                       | Shading nets, mulch mats   |
| 19. Kwality nets  | Mumbai                       | Shading nets   |
| 20. Netlon  | Baruch                       | Shading nets   |
| 21. Mysore Nandi Tarpaulins Mfg. Co.                                    | Secunderabad, Andhra Pradesh | Agricultural shade nets  |
| 22. Planet Plastics   | Nagpur, Maharashtra          | Shade net and anti bird net  |
| 23. KT Exports (I) Pvt. Ltd   | Mumbai, Maharashtra          | Shade nets such as agriculture nets, windbreaker nets, bird nets, weed control - non woven, geolay and frost cover |
| 24. Ever Green Industries   | Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu       | Shade net  |
| 25. Affy Export India Pvt. Ltd.   | Ghaziabad, Uttar Pradesh     | Nets, shade nets, agriculture net, scaffolding nettings, silt fence, woven fabric and ground Covers.               |



|     | Name                              | Location                  | Products   |
|-----|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 26. | CTM Technical Textiles Limited    | Ahmedabad, Gujarat        | Agro shading nets  |
| 27. | Sree Durga Industries             | Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu    | Shade nets   |
| 28. | Creative Plastics                 | Mumbai, Maharashtra       | Shading net, insect net, bulb sleeves  |
| 29. | Bhindarwala Traders               | Mumbai, Maharashtra       | Anti-bird nets, safety nets, shading nets, throwing fishing nets, nylon fishing twine, nylon fishing line            |
| 30. | Neo Sack Limited                  | Pithampur, Madhya Pradesh | HDPE/ PP woven sacks, raschel bags, bags with tie-string, shade nets and other allied Products                       |
| 31. | Phuar Agrotech                    | Delhi Cantonment, Delhi   | Shade net, insect net and irrigation Components  |
| 32. | Ratna Fiber Industries            | Bangalore, Karnataka      | Insect proof nets, window mesh, "UV Stabilized" agro shade net, anti-virus nets                                      |
| 33. | India Plastic Associates          | Vadodara, Gujarat         | Garden fencing and shading net   |
| 34. | Premier Tarpaulins                | Coimbatore Tamil Nadu     | Tarpaulins, shade nets, pond liners, chilly drying mats  |
| 35. | Bokaria Meshes and wires          | Chennai, Tamil Nadu       | Plastic shade nets, light weight nylon shade nets, colored shade nets, window screen shade nets and nylon shade nets |
| 36. | Br Agri Factors                   | Daman                     | Shade nets and monofilament nets   |
| 37. | Essen metals & alloys             | Pune, Maharashtra         | Shade Net, Shade Net Ropes, Insect Nets  |
| 38. | Reach netting Solutions Pvt. Ltd. | New Delhi                 | Shade nets, bird protection nets, Monofilament nets  |
| 39. | Shree Siddhivinayak Polyhouse     | Pune, Maharashtra         | Fabricator natural ventilated greenhouse, poly house, tunnel type shade nets.  |
| 40. | Super Paulin                      | Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu    | Shade nets   |
| 41. | Gulati Canvas                     | Delhi                     | Shade nets, Canvas   |
| 42. | Lepakshi Tarpaulin Industries     | Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh | Agriculture Shade nets   |
| 43. | Bharat Tarpaulin Co.              | Bangaluru, Karnataka      | Shade nets, tarpaulins   |
| 44. | Flora Agrotech                    | Vapi Gujarat              | Shade nets, monofilament nets  |
| 45. | Indonet Plastic Industries        | Vadodara, Gujarat         | Shade nets,  |
| 46. | Neelgiri Tarpaulin Co.            | Salem, Tamil Nadu         | Shade nets, tarpaulins, Poultry shed   |
| 47. | R. R. Polynets                    | Valsad, Gujarat           | Shade nets, insect nets, bird protection net, pond liners  |
| 48. | Agro-tech                         | Anand, Gujarat            | Shade nets, vermicompost bed, poultry Shed nets  |
| 49. | Betala Canvas Co.                 | Chennai, Tamil Nadu       | Shade nets, Tarpaulins   |
| 50. | Rajdeep Agri Products Ltd.        | Delhi                     | Shade nets   |
| 51. | Hind Fab                          | Ahmedabad, Gujarat        | Shade nets, Packing sacks, Tarpaulins  |
| 52. | Creative Polymers                 | Halol, Gujarat            | Shade nets, Horti pots   |
| 53. | Rajvi Plastotech Pvt. Ltd.        | Vapi, Gujarat             | Shade nets   |
| 54. | Fortune Agro nets                 | Vapi, Gujarat             | Shade nets, poly sacks   |
| 55. | Hari Om Polysacks                 | Vapi, Gujarat             | Shade nets, polysacks  |
| 56. | Venkatesh Agro shde nets          | Vapi, Gujarat             | Shade nets   |
| 57. | J. B. Packaging                   | Ahmedabad, Gujarat        | Shade nets, insect nets  |
| 58. | Balaji Polynets                   | Vapi, Gujarat             | Shade nets   |



## Information Center

The COE has also established an Information Centre to facilitate dissemination of information through sample exhibits, awareness programmes, e-library, video conferencing and publication of books and papers and technical know-how literature to the manufacturers and users of agrotextile products. List of books, journals and standards procured under the Centre of Excellence on Agrotech is indicated below.

### Books

|    | Title of book  | Publisher           | Author       | Year of Publication |
|----|--|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| 1. | Properties & Performance of Natural Fibre                        | Woodhead Publishing | K. Pickering | 2008                |
| 2. | Fabric Testing   | Woodhead Publishing | J Hu         | 2008                |
| 3. | 2-D Fibrous Assemblies   | Woodhead Publishing | J Hu         | 2008                |
| 4. | Structure & Mechanics of Textile Fibre Assembly                  | Woodhead Publishing | P Schwartz   | 2011                |
| 5. | Indian ManMade Fibre Industry                                    | CARE research       |              | 2010                |
| 6. | Coloration Technology (2009)                                     | SDC                 |              | 2009                |
| 7. | Monthly Periodical on textile<br>Featuring Research in TT (2009) |                     |              | 2009                |
| 8. | Textile research Journal; (2009)                                 | SAGE                |              | 2009                |

### List of Standards

|  |  |   |
|--|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• BS EN 471:2003 + AI 2007</li><li>• BS EN ISO 6941:2003</li><li>• BS 3356:1990 Incorporating Amendment No. 1</li><li>• BS 3321:1986</li><li>• BS : 2782-10 Method 1006:1978</li><li>• BS:3090:1978 Incorporating Amendment No.1</li><li>• BS 3181-1:1987</li><li>• BS 3183: 1968</li><li>• BS 3271:1970 Incorporating amendment No. 1</li><li>• BS 4569: 1983</li><li>• BS: 1771-2 : 1990</li><li>• BS 3424-21:1993</li><li>• BS EN 29073-3 :1992, ISO 9073-3:1989, Incorporating Amendment No. 1</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-AD6: 1997</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105- B04:1997</li><li>• BS EN 29865:1993, ISO:9865:1991</li><li>• BS EN ISO:10319:1996, ISO 10319:1993</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-C08:2002 + AI:2008</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-C10 2007</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-C07:2001</li><li>• BS EN ISO 6330:2001</li></ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• BS EN 20811:1992, ISO 811: 1981 Incorporating Amendment No.1</li><li>• BS EN 22313:1992, ISO 2313:1972</li><li>• BS EN 24920:1992, ISO 4920:1981</li><li>• BS EN ISO 9864:2005</li><li>• BS ISO 7211:3, 1984</li><li>• BS ISO 7211-4, 1964</li><li>• BS ISO 7211-5:1984</li><li>• BS EN ISO 3175-3:2003</li><li>• BS EN ISO 9237:1995</li><li>• BS EN 199586:2008</li><li>• BS ISO 4880:1997</li><li>• BS EN ISO 6940:2004</li><li>• BS EN ISO 5470-2: 2003 Incorporating corrigendum No.1</li><li>• BS EN ISO 5470-2; 1999</li><li>• BS 3424-36; 1993</li><li>• BS 1932-2:1989 Incorporating amendment No.1</li><li>• BS 2471:2005</li><li>• BS 4554: 1970</li><li>• BS 1903: 1981</li><li>• BS 1781: 1981</li><li>• BS 5066: March 1974 UDC 677: 017 633 2</li></ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• BS EN 12447: 2001</li><li>• BS EN 13392: 2005</li><li>• BS EN 1103: 2005</li><li>• BS EN 1102: 1996</li><li>• BS EN 13562: 2000</li><li>• BS EN 13738: 2004 Incorporating corrigendum No.1</li><li>• BS EN 20105 - No.1: 1995, ISO 105- No.1 1993</li><li>• BS EN ISO 12127: 1998</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105- B01: 1999</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105 - B02: 1999 Incorporating corrigendum Nos. 1 &amp; 2 &amp; Amendment 1</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105- B03: 1997</li><li>• BS 7342: 1990, ISO 8498:1989</li><li>• BS 5742: 1989</li><li>• BS 8475: 2006</li><li>• BS 7343: 1990, ISO 8499: 1990</li><li>• BS EN 530: 1995 Incorporating Amendment no. 1</li><li>• BS EN 1624: 1999</li><li>• BS 7552-1: 1992, ISO 9866-1: 1991</li><li>• BS 3424- 13: 1999</li><li>• BS 3408: 1992 Incorporating Amendment No.1</li></ul> |
|--|--|---|



## List of Standards

- |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• BS EN ISO 105-B06:2004, Incorporating Amendment No.1 to BS ISO 105 BO6:1998</li><li>• BS EN ISO 16663-1:2003 Incorporating Corrigendum No.1</li><li>• BS EN ISO 16663-1:2003 Incorporating Corrigendum No.1</li><li>• BS EN ISO 11058:1999</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-C09:2003 Incorporating amendments No.1</li><li>• BS 5438:1989 Incorporating amendment No.1 and 2</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-B08:1999</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-B05:1996</li><li>• BS EN 29073-1:1992, ISO 9073-1:1989 Incorporating Amendment No.1</li><li>• BS EN 1897:2001 Incorporating corrigendum No.1</li><li>• BS EN 12224-2000</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-E06:2006</li><li>• BS EN 13895:2003</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-A04:1999</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105:405:1997</li><li>• BS 5523:1997, ISO 3572 1976</li><li>• BS EN 13772:2003</li><li>• BS EN 13844:2002</li><li>• BS EN 20105-AD2:1995, ISO 105-A02:1993</li><li>• BS EN ISO 5084:1997</li><li>• BS 3424: Part 14: 1985</li><li>• BS EN 12225: 2000</li></ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• BS EN ISO 105-C06: 1997 Incorporating Technical corrigendum No.1</li><li>• BS 4029: 1978</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-A01: 1996 Incorporating Amendment - No.1</li><li>• BS EN ISO 3175: 1998</li><li>• BS 4674: 1971 Incorporating Amendment No.1</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-E-11: 1997</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105- E10: 1997</li><li>• BS EN 1049-2: 1994</li><li>• BS 3424 20: 1987</li><li>• BS 3424-19: 1989</li><li>• BS 3424- 18: 1986</li><li>• BS 3424- 17: 1987</li><li>• BS EN ISO 3175- 2: 1998</li><li>• BS 3424- 34: 1992</li><li>• BS 3424: 31 1990</li><li>• BS 3424: 25: 1993</li><li>• BS 3424- 24: 1990</li><li>• BS EN ISO 1973: 1996</li><li>• BS 7837: 1996</li><li>• BS EN ISO 2060: 1995</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105- E09, 1997 Incorporating Technical corrigendum No. 1</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105- E08; 1997</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105- E07: 1997, Incorporating Technical corrigendum No.1</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105- C12: 2006</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105- E01: 1996 Incorporating Technical corrigendum No.1</li><li>• BS 3424- 16: 1995</li></ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• BS 3404: 1992 Incorporating Amendment No.1</li><li>• BS 3424- 0:2000</li><li>• BS 3424-12: 1996, ISO 1419: 1995 Incorporating Amendment Nos 1 &amp; 2</li><li>• BS 3424- 8: 1983 Incorporating Amendment No. 2</li><li>• BS 2782- 7: Method Y21 A: 1988</li><li>• BS 8459: 2005 Incorporating corrigendum No.1</li><li>• BS EN 1773: 1997</li><li>• BS 3424- 5: 1982</li><li>• BS 3424- 38: 1998</li><li>• BS EN ISO 3071: 2006</li><li>• BS EN 20105- A03: 1995, ISO 105-A03: 1993</li><li>• BS 1771-1: 1989</li><li>• BS 2043: 1968</li><li>• BS 2610: 1978 Incorporating Amendment No.1</li><li>• BS EN ISO 2061:1996</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-ED5:2006</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-E04:2009</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-E03:1997</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-E02:1996 Incorporating technical corrigendum No.1</li><li>• BS-3424-26:1990</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-X11:1996</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105-D01:1995, ISO 105-D01:1993</li><li>• BS EN ISO 105:D02:1996</li><li>• BS EN ISO 1101: 1996 Incorporating Amendment No.1</li></ul> |
|--|---|--|



## Technical Manpower

| <b>SASMIRA, Mumbai</b> |                          |   |
|------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 1.                     | Mr. U. K. Gangopadhyay   | Textiles & Technical Textiles                             |
| 2.                     | Dr M R Mathur            | Textile Polymers and Chemistry                            |
| 3.                     | Dr. K. Tandon            | Marketing and Project implementation                      |
| 4.                     | Mr. A. Oak               | Marketing and Project implementation                      |
| 5.                     | Mr. H. Soni              | Marketing and Project implementation                      |
| 6.                     | Mrs. A. S. Sudam         | Textile testing and technical textiles                    |
| 7.                     | Mr. S. Saini             | Development of Textiles                                   |
| 8.                     | Mrs Manisha Hira         | R & D in Technical textiles                               |
| 9.                     | Dr R Ramakrishnan        | Polymer Chemistry   |
| 10.                    | Mr. R. P. Singh          | Fibre Science and Technical Textiles                      |
| 11.                    | Ms. S. N. Shinde         | Biotechnology   |
| 12.                    | Mr. P.R.Survase          | Textiles and Technical Textiles                           |
| 13.                    | Ms Purnima Chauhan       | Textile Chemistry   |
| 14.                    | Shri J S Sawant          | Textile Chemistry and training                            |
| 15.                    | Shri A C Bhuta           | Testing and evaluation                                    |
| 16.                    | Shri V D Naik            | Testing and evaluation                                    |
| 17.                    | Ms A A Desai             | Testing and evaluation                                    |
| 18.                    | Shri A S Patil           | Testing and evaluation                                    |
| 19.                    | Shri H S Pandit          | Testing and evaluation                                    |
| 20.                    | Shri A R Talekar         | Testing and evaluation                                    |
| 21.                    | Shri N T Mistry          | Testing and evaluation                                    |
| 22.                    | Shri P G Kochrekar       | Testing and evaluation                                    |
| 23.                    | Shri D M Jani            | Testing and evaluation                                    |
| 24.                    | Ms A T Jhaveri           | Testing and evaluation                                    |
| 25.                    | Ms K A Hallur            | Testing and evaluation                                    |
| 26.                    | Ms L V Mhatre            | Testing and evaluation                                    |
| 27.                    | Shri R.K.Kulkarni        | Testing and evaluation                                    |
| 28.                    | Shri A. R. Venkatramanan | Agrotextile product and field applications                |
| <b>MANTRA, Surat</b>   |                          |   |
| 1.                     | Dr. S. K. Basu           | Textiles and Technical Textiles                           |
| 2.                     | Dr. Hima D. Joshi        | Textile Chemistry   |
| 3.                     | M. G. Patel              | Textile Chemistry   |
| 4.                     | B. S. Pancholi           | Textiles  |
| 5.                     | M. G. Parikh             | Textile testing   |
| 6.                     | A. M. Choksi             | Textile chemistry   |
| 7.                     | A. D. Chauhan            | Textile Testing   |
| 8.                     | D. M. Prajapati          | Textile Testing   |
| 9.                     | S. R. Upadhyay           | Textile Testing   |
| 10.                    | D. V. Kantharia          | Textile Testing   |
| 11.                    | J. K. Patel              | Textile Testing   |
| 12.                    | K. N. Jadhav             | Textile Testing   |
| <b>NAU, Navsari</b>    |                          |   |
| 1.                     | Dr. A. R. Pathak         | Application of Agrotextile products and field application |
| 2.                     | Dr. R. G. Patil          |   |
| 3.                     | Er. E. M. Solia          |   |
| 4.                     | Dr. S.G. Patil           |   |



### List of Standards Formulated

1. Glossary of Agrotextiles finalized and accepted by BIS. Under publication
2. Specification for 50% shade nets for horticulture applications -finalized and accepted by BIS. Under publication
3. Specification for woven ground covers-finalized; being sent to BIS for acceptance
4. Specification for 75% shade nets for horticulture applications-finalized; being sent to BIS for acceptance
5. Specification for 90% shade nets for horticulture applications-finalized; being sent to BIS for acceptance

### List of Manuals Prepared

1. A concept paper of Agrotextile with special focus on Protective Agrotextiles
2. A concept paper on Agrotextiles in Hindi and Marathi languages for local publicity
3. A 25 minute film on Agrotech COE 'Samruddhi ki disha mein' has been prepared in English as well as popular regional languages Hindi, Marathi and Tamil highlighting
  - i. COE activities and facilities created
  - ii. Potential products and application areas of Agrotextile
  - iii. Success stories of few manufacturers and users
4. A short 5 min. film highlighting the usage and benefits of key Agrotextile products has also been prepared.

### R&D Projects on Agrotech Undertaken/Under Progress

#### SASMIRA

1. Development of reflective agrotextiles for Sun Management
2. Development of specialty fabric for water conservation and soil erosion control used in horticulture application
3. Development of durable, breathable and barrier work wear fabrics for agrotextile applications
4. Development of PET/ nanoclay nanocomposite for barrier packaging
5. Evaluating compatibility & establishing methodology for simultaneous functional finishes for textile
6. Standardisation of norms for agricultural shade net
7. Dyeing of polypropylene using nanotechnology
8. Development of Super absorbent polymer mats for horticulture applications
9. Establishing correlation on UV Stability of Technical Textiles under different exposure conditions
10. Development of Electrically Conductive PET/CNT Nanocomposite Film

#### MANTRA

1. Development of multilayer fabrics for sportswear (in progress)
2. Smart fabrics/garment products with smart colours for security labeling
3. Development of innovative fabrics from PTT yarn and to set processing parameters for them

### Training Programmes Offered

The centre assists the manufacturers in development of standard agrotextile products and users in adopting the agrotextile products in the most scientific way. This is facilitated through specific training workshops, online training and field demonstrations. In addition, customised courses are developed to address the specific needs of the industry. The following section depicts the various training modules being conducted by the COE on Agrotech.



## I. Short Term Courses in Technical Textiles

| Short Term Course   | Content   |
|---|---|
| <b>1. Orientation course in Agrotextiles</b><br>Duration : 1 week<br>Batch size : 20<br>Course fee : Rs 500   | i. Introduction to Agrotextiles<br>ii. Classification of Agrotextiles<br>iii. Composition and construction of Agrotextiles<br>iv. Manufacturing of Agrotextiles<br>v. Testing and evaluation of Agrotextiles<br>vi. Market scenario of Agrotextiles   |
| <b>2. Testing and evaluation of technical textiles</b><br>Duration : 1 week<br>Batch size : 20<br>Course fee : Rs 1,000<br>Qualification : Graduation in Science/ Diploma or Degree in Textiles   | i. Introduction & classification of Technical Textiles<br>ii. Functional Requirements of Technical Textiles<br>iii. Principles of Testing and Evaluation<br>iv. Introduction to various test standards<br>v. Standard Test methods for evaluating Technical Textiles<br>vi. Testing and evaluation of Technical Textiles  |
| <b>3. Crash course in Testing and evaluation of technical textiles (Customised)<br/>(Theory &amp; Practical Demonstration)</b><br>Duration : 3 days<br>Batch size : 5 max.<br>Course fee : Rs 5,000<br>Qualification : Graduation in Science/ Diploma or Degree in Textiles | i. What, Why and How of Technical Textile Testing (Specific areas)<br>ii. Introduction to various test standards<br>iii. Standard Test methods for evaluating Technical Textiles(Specific areas)<br>iv. Testing and evaluation of Technical Textiles (Specific areas)<br>v. Practical Demonstration of Test Procedures (Specific areas)   |
| <b>4. Entrepreneurship in Agrotextiles</b><br>Duration : 1 week<br>Batch size : 20<br>Course fee : Rs 5,000   | i. Introduction to Agrotextiles<br>ii. Classification of Agrotextiles<br>iii. Composition and construction of Agrotextiles<br>iv. Manufacturing of Agrotextiles<br>v. Testing and evaluation of Agrotextiles<br>vi. Market research in Agrotextiles<br>vii. Product development strategy<br>viii. Product Pricing<br>ix. Government Schemes and Fiscal Policies<br>x. Business Promotion for Agrotextiles |

## II. Certificate Courses

| Certificate Course   | Topics Covered   |
|--|--|
| <b>Certificate course in Technical Textiles</b><br>Duration : 6 months<br>Batch : 25<br>Course Fees : Rs 25,000<br>Qualification : Graduation in Science/Diploma or Degree in Textiles | i. Introduction to Technical Textiles<br>ii. Raw Material fibre /yarn etc.<br>iii. Manufacturing of fibre /yarn<br>iv. Polymer spinning<br>v. Conventional & special spinning processes<br>vi. Weaving<br>vii. Non wovens<br>viii. Knitting /braiding, with special focus on nets<br>ix. Special finishes for Technical Textiles Various segments of technical textiles, specialisation in Agrotextile/ composites/coated textiles<br>x. Testing & Evaluation<br>xi. International Bodies for testing and Certification<br>xii. Practicals in Testing and Evaluation<br>xiii. Entrepreneurship in Technical Textiles<br>xiv. Elements of marketing<br>xv. Marketing Strategies<br>xvi. Manufacturers in India<br>xvii. Exim Policies |



## II. Certificate Courses

| Certificate Course   | Topics Covered   |
|--|--|
| <b>Certificate course in Agrotextiles</b><br>Duration: 3 months<br>Batch : 25<br>Course Fees : Rs 25,000<br>Qualification : Graduation in Science/ Diploma or Degree in Textiles | i. Introduction to Agrotextiles<br>ii. Raw Material fibre / yarn for Agrotextiles<br>iii. Manufacturing Process for Agrotextile products<br>iv. Finishing and Making up of Agrotextiles<br>v. Testing & Evaluation of Agrotextiles<br>vi. International Bodies for testing and Certification<br>vii. Practicals in Testing and Evaluation<br>viii. Entrepreneurship in Agrotextiles<br>ix. Elements of marketing<br>x. Marketing Strategies<br>xi. Exim Policies |

## Awareness Programmes Conducted

Agriculture is the backbone of Indian economy. However due to industrialization and urbanization the availability of cultivable land is reducing. In order to feed the growing population, it is essential to get the best yield from the available cultivable land. Protective Agrotextiles enable protected cultivation and thus help improve the yield. The Centre of Excellence has an important mission of popularizing Agrotextiles. With this aim, several awareness programmes have been conducted till date and the same are listed below:

### Agrotextile Seminars (SASMIRA)

1. 1st October 2008 Mumbai (Introductory, 200 participants)
2. 6th February 2009 Nagpur (200 participants)
3. 25th August 2009 Navsari (250 participants)
4. 5th March 2010 Targhadia, Rajkot (200 participants)
5. 22nd March 2010 Vijayawada (180 participants)
6. 28th October, 2010 Jalandhar (250 participants)
7. 16th December, 2010 Pune (200 participants)
8. 20th January 2011 One Day seminar on Protective Agrotextiles: Advantages and Future Prospects, Ichalkaranji, Kolhapur (250 participants)
9. 7th June 2011 - One Day seminar on Protective Agrotextiles: Advantages and Future Prospects, Coimbatore (200 participants)

### Agrotextile Seminars (MANTRA)

1. 8th October, 2009 International Seminar on coating and laminating including Agrotextile applications, Surat
2. 14th Dec., 2009 Half day Seminar on New Polyester Fibre, Surat
3. 8th January, 2010 Industry Innovations for sustainability and growth, Ahmedabad
4. 20th February, 2010 A destiny for investment in technical textiles in India with respect to Agrotextiles, Meditech and Coating and Laminated Textiles
5. 25th March, 2010 One day Conference on Technical Textiles, Indore
6. 30-31st July, 2010 Two day Conference on Texellence '10, Ahmedabad
7. 23rd Dec., 2010 - International Seminar on Technical Textile: An emerging opportunity for growth, Surat

SASMIRA participated in agro-show KISAN 2010 organized by Kisan Forum Pvt. Ltd. at Pune during December 15 -19, 2010. To create awareness among the masses about the Agrotextile products and its uses, variety of Agrotextile products like shade-net, mulch mat, anti-hail nets etc. were displayed to the visitors. Almost 40,000 people visited SASMIRA's stall (approximately 8000 people per day) during the five day program. During the program, the team interacted with many farmers, consultants and industry people about various Agrotextile products, their uses, development techniques and quality testing.



## Foreign Collaboration details

### SASMIRA

1. American Association for Laboratory Accreditation, A2LA, USA for accredited testing services
2. Industrial Fabrics Association International, IFAI, USA for marketing and entrepreneurship in technical textiles.  
Also participation in seminars and exhibitions across the world
3. International Jute Study Group, IJSG, for development of Agrotextile product from natural fibres
4. Colorado State University for research and development in Technical Textiles.

**MANTRA** has collaborated with the De Monfort University, UK for R&D and technical information exchange.

## Agrotech Prototypes to be developed

Today, a large share of market is dominated by fishing nets under the domain of Agrotextiles. The product is standardized and defined under Indian specifications. However, no norms and standards are available for the other large gamut of protective agrotextile products specifically shade nets, crop covers, ground covers, harvesting nets, insect nets and hail protection nets. Since the users are currently unaware about the substantial advantages of these products, the main activity of COE on Agrotextiles is creating awareness about the different products of Agrotextiles and their benefits. Also, the Centre of Excellence plays a significant role in testing, evaluation and establishment of standards for these products. Though there are few entrepreneurs in the field of agrotextiles in India, the entire gamut of products under agrotextiles are currently not being manufactured in India. Another important factor is that most of the entrepreneurs are small time players; no single manufacturer has the infrastructure facility and know-how to produce all the products. Hence, the Centre of Excellence can play a significant role in assisting the manufacturers of agrotextile products in development of new products suitable for usage by the Indian cultivators. The COE is well positioned to showcase new technology and process for development of the various agrotextile products to the manufacturers and entrepreneurs. The technology and processes can be suitably adopted in the industry after studying the market acceptability of the developed product prototypes.

### A few of the envisaged prototype developments are:

1. Artificial soil from polymer fibre balls can be used as substitute for soil for plantation
2. Ground cover fabrics with screening for sunlight management
3. Knitted hoses for storing and transporting water near to plant roots for irrigation
4. Super Absorbent Polymer mats for water management during cultivation
5. Water retention nets using super absorbent polymer resin coating on the textile structure

## Contact Details

U. K. Gangopadhyay  
Executive Director  
The Synthetic & Art Silk Mills' Research Association, SASMIRA  
Sasmira Marg, Worli  
Mumbai 400 030  
Email: [sasmira@vsnl.com](mailto:sasmira@vsnl.com)  
Website: [www.sasmira.org](http://www.sasmira.org)  
Phone.: +91-22 24935351  
Fax: +91-22 24930225



**Associate Partner, COE Agrotech**

Dr. S. K. Basu  
Director  
Man Made Textile Research Association (MANTRA)  
Near Textile Market, Telephone Exchange,  
Ring Road,  
Surat 395002

Dr. R. G. Patil  
Research Associate  
Soil & Water Management Research Dept.  
Navsari Agriculture University  
Eru Char Raasta,  
Navsari



## 4. COE on Geotech

**Lead: Bombay Textile Research Association (BTRA)**

### Background and Information of Parent Organization(s)

The Centre of Excellence on Geotech was launched in 2008 with Bombay Textile Research Association (BTRA) as the lead partner duly supported by Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association (ATIRA).

#### BTRA

The Bombay Textile Research Association (BTRA) was set up in the year 1954 as an autonomous Co-operative Research Association. BTRA was the third in the series of Co-operative Textile Research Institutes set up in the aftermath of Indian Independence with a view to carry out research and other scientific work for textile and allied industries. The aim of the organisation is to provide day-to-day technological inputs to the industry and support the s & technological objectives set at the national level.

Geotech COE at BTRA is focused on the following areas:

- Testing of geo-textiles
- Testing of industrial filters
- Testing of coated textiles
- Testing of hygienic products (Medical Textiles )
- Evaluation of high loft wadding
- Product development through spun lace system (especially for products made from cellulosic fibre)

In the past two decades, many applications of geosynthetics have proved their value in civil engineering projects. This new class of material has added entirely a new dimension to the world of geotechnical engineering. Geosynthetic materials like Geotextiles, Geogrids, Geonets, Geocell and Geomembranes are used in various civil engineering activities.

The Centre of Excellence for Geotech at BTRA has been established to undertake the following:

- To create awareness for the use of geosynthetic products and to facilitate the evaluation and development of geosynthetics
- To encourage the entrepreneurs to develop geosynthetics indigenously by providing know how and developing samples at BTRA pilot plant

Apart from testing & development, BTRA provides training to users / entrepreneurs in Geotech as well as in other fields of technical textiles. Also consultancy including DPR preparation, is provided to entrepreneurs to support establishment of new manufacturing facilities for geosynthetics.

BTRA has setup a new Geotech Laboratory with all testing facilities to test Geotextiles, Geomembranes, Geocomposites, Gabions, Geosynthetic Clay Liner, Geogrids, Prefabricated Vertical Drain etc. BTRA is also strengthening its information resources on Geotech by procuring various books and international test methods such as ASTM, INDA, EDANA, ISO, etc. This Geotech laboratory is accredited per the following:

- GAI-LAP Accreditation of Geosynthetics Institute, USA
- ISO/IEC-17025:2005



## Infrastructure Facilities

### Testing Instruments

#### Testing Equipment Installed at BTRA

| Name of Equipment                              | Model/Type/Year of Make                                     | Range & Accuracy  |
|--|---|---|
| 1. Universal Testing Machine                   | H300KU Tinius Olsen 2008                                    | 300KN 1%  |
| 2. Peel Bond Tester                            | 1kN Tinius Olsen 2008                                       | 1 KN 1%   |
| 3. Melt Flow Indexer                           | AC type<br>Stop watch<br>LSW-72<br>International Equipments | Temp. up to 400°C<br>+ 0.1°C  |
| 4. ESCR  | Controller -VT 4826 International Equipments                | Temp. 100 °C±0.1°C  |
| 5. Carbon Black Content Tester                 | Controller -VT 4826 International Equipments                | Temp.up to1000°C<br>Rotameter 2.0 LPM                                   |
| 6. Porometer                                   | Quantchrome 3Gz USA   | 1 to 500 microns ± 0.01 micron  |
| 7. Particle Size Analyser                      | Malvern Master Sizer 2000                                   | 0.02 to 2000 microns ± 0.01 micron                                      |
| 8. Water Vapour Transmission Rate Tester       | TextTest<br>FX 3150 Gravitest                               | Air flow +0.01m/sec<br>Weight +0.1mg<br>Humidity + 0.1 %<br>Temp +0.1°C |
| 9. CBR Puncture Test Apparatus                 | Aimil   | Max. Stroke 150mm   |
| 10. Index Puncture Test Apparatus (Pneumatic)  | Tinius Olsen  | Max. Stroke 50mm  |
| 11. Air Permeability Tester                    | Qualitest-Frazier   | Up to 500 LMP   |
| 12. Thermal Conductivity Tester                | Laser Comp  | Product up to 25 mm max   |
| 13. Pneumatic Press (with cutting dies )       | Pneumatic Dumbell Cutter                                    | Capacity 1 Ton  |
| 14. UV Weatherometer                           | Q-Sun   | --  |
| 15. Profile Projector                          | Sipcon / SVI-IMG MSU 3D                                     | 30x to 200x   |
| 16. Hydrostatic Pressure Head Tester           | Mesdan  | Water head up to 100cm  |
| 17. Upgradation of DSC                         | HP  | Up to 1000°C  |
| 18. Instron                                    | 4206  | 50kN ± 1%   |
| 19. Cone Drop Tester                           | BTRA  | 2 to 50 mm ± 2 mm   |
| 20. BTRA Thickness Tester                      | BTRA  | 10 mm, 0.01 mm  |
| 21. Water Permeability Tester                  | BTRA  | Flow rate 1 to 30 LPM ± 0.1 LPM<br>WH up to 100 mm                      |
| 22. Digital Density Balance                    | ER200A Afcoset  | up to 100 g ± 0.0001 g  |
| 23. Digital Bursting StrengthTester            | Qualitest QC115D  | Up to 60kg/cm² ± 0.1kg/cm²  |
| 24. SDL Thickness Tester                       | SDL Carpet thickness gauge                                  | Thick 0 to 25 mm ± 0.01mm<br>Pressure 2 to 200kPa                       |
| 25. Index Puncture Test Apparatus (mechanical) | BTRA  | Max. stroke 50mm  |
| 26. Digital Platform Scale                     | CS 100 CITIZEN  | Up to 100 kg ± 20 g   |
| 27. Sieve Shaker                               |   |   |

#### Testing Equipment to be Procured at BTRA

|                                      |              |                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. Stress Cracking Resistance Tester | WIRA         |                |
| 2. Pyramid Puncture Tester           | Tinius Olsen | Capacity 5 Ton |



#### Geotech COE Equipment Installed at ATIRA

1. Instron make UTM, 50 KN
2. ATLAS Weather-o-meter
3. Mettler Balance
4. Pull out Test Device
5. Thickness Gauge
6. Global UV Test System

#### Images: Geotech COE Equipment at BTRA

|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
|   |   |   |
| Bursting Strength Tester  | Carbon Black Content Tester  | Cone Drop Tester  |
|  |  |  |
| Density Tester  | ESCR   | Martindale Abrasion Tester  |
|  |  |  |
| Melt Flow Indexer   | Particle Size Analyser   | Peel Bond Tester  |



|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
|    |     |    |
|   |   |   |
|  |  |  |

### Geotech Test Parameters Supported and Corresponding Cost

The BTRA testing lab is accredited by GRI, USA as well as by NABL.

Products tested at BTRA include the following:

- Geomembrane
- Geogrid
- Geocell
- Geotextile
- Geocomposite
- Geodrain
- Geosynthetic Clay Liner
- Geostrap
- Gabions
- Prefabricated Vertical Drain
- Geonet
- And others



| Test Parameters                            | ASTM     | ISO     | IS      | BS EN  | Minimum Quantity    | Cost of Test (Rs) |
|--|----------|---------|---------|--------|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1. AOS                                     | D 4751   |         | 14294   |        | 2 M <sup>2</sup>    | 600               |
| 2. Abrasion                                | D 4886   |         | 14714   |        | 0.5 M <sup>2</sup>  | 4000              |
| 3. Bursting strength                       | D 3786   |         |         |        | 0.5 M <sup>2</sup>  | 350               |
| 4. CBR puncture                            | D 6241   | 12236   |         |        | 2 M <sup>2</sup>    | 1250              |
| 5. Carbon black content                    | D 1603   |         |         |        | 1 sq.ft             | 1200              |
| 6. Cone drop                               |          | 13433   | 13162-4 | 918    | 2 M <sup>2</sup>    | 400               |
| 7. Density                                 | D 792    |         |         |        | 1 sq.ft             | 500               |
| 8. ESCR                                    | D 1693   |         |         |        | 1 sq.ft             | 1200              |
| 9. Grab strength                           | D 4632   | 13934-2 |         |        | 1 M <sup>2</sup>    | 1000              |
| 10. Index puncture                         | D 4833   |         |         |        | 0.75 M <sup>2</sup> | 1200              |
| 11. Mass                                   | D 5261   | 9864    | 14716   |        | 0.5 M <sup>2</sup>  | 500               |
| 12. Melt flow index                        | D 1238   |         |         |        | 10 gm               | 900               |
| 13. Pore size                              | D 6767   |         |         |        | 0.5 M <sup>2</sup>  | 1250              |
| 14. Rope strength                          |          |         | 7071-4  | 1140   | 6 M                 | 900               |
| 15. Seam strength                          | D 4884   | 10321   | 15060   |        | 2 M <sup>2</sup>    | 1500              |
| 16. Tear strength of geomembrane           | D 1004   |         |         |        | 0.5 M <sup>2</sup>  | 1200              |
| 17. Tensile strength 50mm strip            | D 5035   | 13934-1 | 1969    |        | 0.5 M <sup>2</sup>  | 900               |
| 18. Tensile strength of geogrid-single rib | D 6637 A |         |         |        | 3 M <sup>2</sup>    | 1000              |
| 19. Tensile strength of geogrid-multi rib  | D 6637 B |         |         |        | 3 M <sup>2</sup>    | 2000              |
| 20. Tensile strength of geomembrane        | D 6693   |         |         |        | 0.5 M <sup>2</sup>  | 1200              |
| 21. Thickness                              | D 5199   | 9863-2  | 13162-3 |        | 0.5 M <sup>2</sup>  | 250               |
| 22. Trapezoid tear strength                | D 4533   |         | 14293   |        | 1 M <sup>2</sup>    | 1000              |
| 23. UV stabilisation                       | D 4355   |         | 13162-2 | 12225  | 1 M <sup>2</sup>    | 80/hr             |
| 24. Water permeability                     | D 4491   | 11058   | 14324   | 6906-3 | 0.75 M <sup>2</sup> | 900               |
| 25. 2% secant modulus of geomembrane       | D 5323   |         |         |        | 0.5 M <sup>2</sup>  | 1200              |
| 26. Metal gabion(size, thickness, tensile) | D 975    |         |         |        | 1 piece             | 1700              |
| 27. Wide width of geotextile               | D 4595   | 10319   | 13162-5 |        | 2 M <sup>2</sup>    | 1500              |
| 28. Wide width of geomembrane              | D 4885   |         |         |        | 2 M <sup>2</sup>    | 1500              |
| 29. Pyramid puncture resistance            | D 5494   |         |         |        | 2 M <sup>2</sup>    | 2000              |
| 30. Thermal conductivity                   |          |         | 3144    |        | 1 M <sup>2</sup>    | 2000              |

### Incubation Centre

The following equipment is available at the incubation centre to support innovation and the development of new products and processes :

1. Nonwoven pilot plant
  - Needle punching & Hydro entanglement nonwoven (for geotextiles & others) for width 500mm
2. Plasma processing plant
  - For product development using plasma technology
  - Woven geotextiles
  - Max. width 500 mm
3. Sample Loom : CCI ( Dobby ) computer operated with mini sizing & warping
  - Machine and drawing-in machine
  - Any design with different coloured yarns is possible
  - Its fast & economical process to develop woven geotextiles
  - Various types of fibres can be processed

|   |             |  |   |   |                        |
|---|-------------|--|---|---|------------------------|
|  | Needle Loom |  | Water Vapour Transmission Rate Tester (Warping Machine) |  | Plasma Processing Unit |
|---|-------------|--|---|---|------------------------|



## Information Center

### Books & CDs Procured

- Coated textiles - principles & applications
- ASTM-STP1190
- ASTM-STP1379
- Ullmann's fibres [vol. 1 & 2]
- High performance fibres
- Military textiles
- 3D fibre reinforced polymer composites
- Friction in textile materials
- Composites forming technologies
- Guide specifications for geotextiles in separate applications
- Worldwide outlook for the nonwovens industry [2007-2012] / india nonwovens outlook [2007-2012] - trends, forecasts & business strategies
- World markets for technical textiles to 2012 & strategies of leading technical textile companies
- Bridging the gap between technical textiles and fashion
- 3-D fibrous assemblies, biologically inspired textiles, structure and mechanics of textile fibre assemblies, tribology of natural fibre polymer composites
- Textile advances in the automotive industry, physical properties of textile fibres
- Properties and performance of natural fibre composites, engineering textiles
- Developments in Smart Fabrics
- Developments in Nonwovens for Personal Care
- Developments in Nonwovens for Wipes
- Developments in Nonwovens for Filtration
- Technical Textiles: Technology, Development & Applications
- Airlaid Pulp Nonwoven Primer
- Elementary Nonwovens Training DVD
- Filtration Technology Handbook
- Hydroentangled Technology Primer
- Needlepunch Nonwoven Primer
- Nonwoven Fabric Sampler & Technology Reference
- Principles of Nonwovens
- Nonwovens! What Are They DVD
- The Nonwoven Fabrics Handbook
- Spunbonded and Melt Blown Technology Handbook
- Technical Textiles Markets 5th Symposium CD ROM
- Technical Textiles Markets 4th Symposium CD ROM
- Buyers Guide for 2010
- Designing with Geosynthetics - (Hard bound book 2005 - 5th Edition), Designing with Geosynthetics Solutions Manual 2005 - 5th Edition
- GRI Standards (currently numbering 45)
- Status and Use of AASHTO M288 Geotextile Specifications
- Survey of Landfill Liner and Cover, Regulations Part 1 USA Status
- Survey of Landfill Liner and Cover, Regulations Part II Worldwide Status
- Geosynthetics in Infrastructure Remediation
- Field Performance of Geosynthetics
- Field Installation of Geosynthetics
- Lessons Learned from Case Histories
- Geosynthetics in the Future
- Bioreactors, GCLs and SRWs
- Peak/Residual, RECMs and Installation
- Probability, LFs, Poor Backfill
- MSW Properties, GT Tubes
- Geosynthetics R & D - "In-Progress"
- Koerner Symposium Proceedings
- CD-LF-K , B-Fill in Walls, Heap Leach Pads, etc.
- CD-Combating Terrorism & Natural Disasters
- CD-Agriculture & Aqua-culture
- CD-It's All in the Details
- Needle punch Conference Proceedings 2004, 2006 & 2009
- Link with India Conference Proceedings, 2007
- INTC Conference Proceedings 2004 to 2009
- Vision Conference Proceedings 2005 to 2009
- World of Wipes Conference Proceedings 2007 & 2008
- Non-woven Research Academy, 2005 To 2008
- International Non-wovens Symposium, 2006, 2007 & 2009
- Middle East Non-wovens Symposium, 2009 & 2007
- FILTREX Conference, 2004, 2006 & 2008
- OUTLOOK Conference, 2005 to 2008
- Filtrex Asia 2010
- International Non-wovens Symposium 2010
- Non-wovens Structures for Absorption of Body Fluids
- Non-wovens Booklet
- 2009 GEO conference proceedings CD
- 6th ICG proceedings Vol. 1 & 2
- Advanced landfill liner system
- Geosynthetics: How to buy, design and build retaining walls
- FHWA Manual Geosynthetic design and construction guidelines
- 2010 state of the industry report
- Advances in Geosynthetic Clay Liner Technology: 2nd Symposium [STP1456]
- Testing and Performance of Geosynthetics in Subsurface Drainage [STP1390]
- Testing and Acceptance Criteria for Geosynthetic Clay Liners [STP1308]
- Geostatistics for Environmental and Geotechnical Applications [STP1283]
- Recent Developments in Geotextile Filters & Prefabricated Drainage Geocomposites [STP1281]
- Dynamic Geotechnical Testing II [STP1213]
- Geotechnical Engineering of Ocean Waste Disposal [STP1087]
- Geosynthetic Testing for Waste Containment Applications [STP1081]
- Geotechnics of Waste Fills Theory and Practice [STP1070]
- Geotextile Testing and the Design Engineer [STP952]
- Composite Materials: Testing and Design (13th Vol) [STP 1242]
- Geosynthetics in civil and environmental engineering
- Introduction to Non-wovens
- Non-wovens: theory, process, performance and testing
- Technical needs: Non-wovens for medical/surgical and consumer uses
- Geosynthetics Asia 1997
- Geotextiles, Geomembranes and related products [vol. 1, 2, 3]
- Geotextiles in filtration & drainage
- Filtration conference [2003, 2005, 2006, 2008]
- IDEA [2004, 2007] Proceedings
- Geotechnical aspects of landfill design and construction
- Final covers for solid waste landfills and abandoned dumps
- Waste containment facilities
- Hitech fibrous materials
- Construction and geotechnical methods in foundation engineering
- Construction and geotechnical engineering using synthetic fabrics
- Durability and aging of geosynthetics
- Geosynthetic resins, formulations and manufacturing
- Soft soil stabilization using geosynthetics
- Video 'Geosynthetics in Transportation Applications'
- Video 'Geosynthetics in Reinforced Soil Structures'
- Video 'Geosynthetics in Landfills'
- CD Geosynthetics and environmental engineering
- CD Retaining Structures with Geosynthetics
- Durability of geotextiles



### Standards Procured

- AASHTO M 288
- ASTM-C1338:2000
- ASTM-D2020:1992(03)
- ASTM-D2574:2006
- ASTM-D3273:2000(05)
- ASTM-D5590-2000(05)
- ASTM-E1428:1999(04)
- ASTM-E2180:2007
- ASTM-E96/96M:2005
- BS D1 CEN/TS [14416, 14417, 14418]
- DIN EN [12226, 12447, 13719, 13738, 14030, 14150, 14196, 14414, 14415, 14574, 14575, 14576]
- DIN HANDBOOK 385
- DIN-EN-1644-1:1997
- DIN-EN-1644-2:2000
- DIN-V53160-1:2002
- ISO/TS 13434:2008
- ISO-10318:2005
- ISO-10319:2008
- ISO-10320:1999
- ISO-10321:2008
- ISO-10722:2007
- ISO-12236:2006
- ISO-12957-1:2005
- ISO-12957-2:2005
- ISO-12958:1999
- ISO-13426-1:2003
- ISO-13426-2:2005
- ISO-13427:1998
- ISO-13428:2005
- ISO-13433:2006
- ISO-13437:1998
- ISO-13935-2:1999
- ISO-25619-1-2008
- ISO-25619-2-2008
- ISO-3071:2005
- ISO-3759:2007
- ISO-4920:1981
- ISO-5978:1990
- ISO-6330:2000
- ISO-9863-2:1996

### Journals Subscribed

1. Future Materials
2. Geosynthetics International
3. Geotechnical Testing Journal
4. Geotextiles And Geomembranes
5. International Dyer
6. Journal Of The Textile Institute
7. Textile Progress
8. Smart Textiles And Nanotechnology
9. Technical Textile International
10. Technical Textile Markets
11. Technical Textiles
12. Textile Research Journal
13. World Textiles

### Technical Manpower

|    |                            |  |
|----|----------------------------|--|
| 1. | Dr. A. N. Desai            | Ph.D in Nonwoven<br>Field of specialization: Nonwoven & technical textiles<br>Experience: 31 years   |
| 2. | Mr. Venkatrayan            | M.Sc.<br>Field of specialization: Consultancy in Lab Accreditation, Total Quality Management, Lead Assessor for NABL Audit. Over 35 years experience in all aspects of textile testing and certification/accreditation & quality management. |
| 3. | Mr. V.K.Patil              | LTM , VJTI<br>Field of specialization: Nonwoven & technical textiles, development of products, Development of test equipments, consultancy in Nonwoven etc .Experience: 31 years   |
| 4. | Mr. AmolShivdas            | M.Tech (Geotechnical Engineering) IIT Guwahati. M.Tech project: Performance improvement of railway ballasted track using geocell reinforcement.  |
| 5. | Mr. Rajit Menon            | B.Sc (Chemistry)<br>Experience: 19 years in testing of technical textiles  |
| 6. | Ms. Kanchaan K. Vaichalkar | B.Tech (Textile Technology)<br>Testing of Geosynthetics  |

### List of Standards and Specifications Formulated

#### Specifications Finalized

1. Specifications of geosynthetics for highways
  - Geotextile for reinforcement applications
  - Geotextile for separation purpose
  - Geotextile for filtration purpose
  - Geotextile for drainage applications
2. Specifications of PVC geomembrane (IS 15909) for water proofing lining purpose for use in canal, ponds, reservoirs, industrial effluents & roofing
3. Specifications for coir bhoovastra (IS 15869)



### Specifications Under Preparation

#### Draft Standard Prepared

- a. Specifications for geogrid used as soil reinforcement in mechanically stabilized earth(MSE) retaining structures
- b. Specifications for geogrid used as reinforcement of base and sub-base layers in pavement structures
- c. Specifications for geotextile used in pavement overlays
- d. Specifications for geotextile used as protection ( or cushioning ) material

#### Revision of Standards

- a. Jute geotextile-part 1 for strengthening of sub grade in road (IS 14715)
- b. Part 2 for control of bank erosion in rivers & waterways (IS 14715)

#### Drafts Proposed

- a. Specifications for geotextile used in sub-surface drainage application
- b. Specifications for geotextile for permanent erosion control in hard armor system
- c. Specifications for geotextile used in sub-grade separation in pavement structures
- d. Specifications for geotextile used in sub-grade stabilization in pavement structures

### Test Standards Finalized

1. Determination of water permeability normal to the plane, without load
2. Determination of the characteristics opening size
3. Determination of water flow capacity in their plane
4. Static ( CBR ) puncture resistance
5. Apparent opening size by wet sieving

### Test Standards Under Review

1. Test method for the determination of the filtration behaviour of geotextiles under turbulent water flow conditions
2. Geotextiles and Geotextile-related products- Determination of water permeability characteristics normal to the plane, under load

### R&D Projects on Technical Textiles Undertaken/Under Progress

- Development of geotextile (natural & synthetic fibres) for various clients (completed )
- Development of Filters for various clients (completed )
- Design & development of creep rupture tester as per ASTM D 5262 (under progress )
- Development of protective non-woven (completed )
- Development of woven geotextile (under progress )

### Training Programmes Offered

Training covering the following topics on non-wovens/woven and composite fabrics is provided by the COE:

- Raw material used for non-woven
- Different web forming technologies
- Various methods of non-woven finishing
- International test methods used for various technical textiles (non-woven, woven and composite)
- Some applications of technical textiles



## Foreign Collaboration Details

Collaborated with foreign Institutes / organisations

- FITI ( Testing Laboratory GRI, USA accredited ), South Korea
- GRI ( Geosynthetic Research Institute ), USA

In addition, BTRA is a member of IGS (International Geosynthetic Society), USA; EDANA, Europe and INDA, USA.

## Type of Technical Consultancy Provided/Offered

The Geotech COE provides the following specialized consulting services:

- Development of Nonwoven Geotextiles
- Development of Nonwoven composite canal liner

## Contact details

Mr. V.K. Patil

Senior Scientific Officer-Geotech

The Bombay Textile Research Association

LBS Marg, Ghatkopar (W), Mumbai-400086

E-mail: btra@vsnl.com, geotechbtra@gmail.com

Phone: +91-22-25002652

Blank



## 5. COE on Meditech

**Lead: South India Textile Research Association (SITRA)**

### Background and Information of Parent Organization(s)

The Centre of Excellence on Medical Textiles is led by the South India Textile Research Association (SITRA). The first phase of the COE implementation also saw involvement from the AC College of Technology, Chennai.

#### **South India Textile Research Association (SITRA)**

SITRA was established in the year 1956 by the textile industry with support from the Ministry of Textiles, Government of India. SITRA is governed by Council of Administration consisting of members from the textile industry, representatives from Ministry of Textiles, Government of India, representatives from Government of Tamil Nadu, scientists from reputed institutions and Directors of other Textile Research Associations.

The total membership of SITRA now stands at about 280, covering about 330 units. This includes 11 mills from 8 foreign countries namely Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Nepal, Thailand, Iran, Nigeria, Bangladesh and Indonesia. SITRA's services are also utilised by about 77 small units under the technical service card holder's category. Further SITRA offers services through 7 power loom service centers, one textile service center, 4 CAD centers, one jute promotion center and one sample collection center.

#### **AC College of Technology, Anna University, Chennai**

AC College of Technology has been at the forefront of textile education in the country since 1945 and was the first institute to offer degree programmes in textile technology. It offers undergraduate, post graduate and research programmes in the areas of spinning, weaving and technical textiles.

### Infrastructure Facilities

The COE is equipped with the following equipment to support the industry's needs:

#### **Testing Instruments**

|    | Name of the Instrument                                | Make                | Model                       | Description  |
|----|---|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 1. | Lister AC & Wet Back                                  | Lenzing Instrument  | -                           | To determine liquid strike through & wetback of the non-woven  |
| 2. | Upgraded Instron                                      | Instron             | Model 6021 with 5500 R      | To test the tensile properties of all kinds of Meditech products   |
| 3. | Sweating Guarded Hot Plate                            | SDL Atlas           | M259B                       | To determine Thermal resistance, Water-vapour resistance, Water-vapour transmission, Water-vapour permeability index of Meditech products                |
| 4. | Hydrostatic Head Tester                               | Textest Instruments | FX 3000 (Hydro tester III)  | To test the water resistance of all types of fabrics, including those treated with water resistant or water repellent finish                             |
| 5. | Vertical Flammability Tester                          | SDL Atlas           | M233M                       | Used for determining the ignitability of material  |
| 6. | Gas Chromatography and Mass Spectrum Detector (GC-MS) | Thermo Scientific   | DSQ II (SR.No: MS 220-6340) | Used for analyzing banned aryl amine, pesticides, phthalates, alkyl phenol ethoxylates (APEO), Pentachlorophenol (PCP), Organic metallic Tin (OMT), etc. |



| Name of the Instrument                                 | Make                | Model          | Description   |
|--|---------------------|----------------|---|
| 7. Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer (AAS)           | SHIMADSU            | AA-7000        | Atomic absorption along with atomic emission using either flame or electro thermal atomization is widely used for analysis arsenic; selenium, mercury, tin, lead, nickel, chromium, etc can be quantified in ppm/ppb levels |
| 8. High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)       | Waters              | C2695          | Mainly used for separation technique both for volatile and non-volatile samples, quantifying the banned compounds i.e. Aryl amines, disperse dyes, pentachlorophenol etc.   |
| 9. UV-Visible Spectrophotometer                        | GBC                 | UV/VIS 918     | To determine the drug release in the wound dressings  |
| 10. Liquid Absorbency Tester & Liquid Absorbency Kit   | WIRA instruments    | SR.No: G102/10 | To determine the sinking time & water holding capacity of the Meditech products   |
| 11. Instrument for Run test                            | WIRA Instruments    | SR.No: G103/10 | The Run-off tester is used to measure the quantity of test liquid (simulated urine) which runs down a Nonwoven test piece   |
| 12. Wet Barrier Tester                                 | WIRA                | G103/10        | The test uses an inverted mason jar to assess the ability of a sample to withstand water, penetration by applying a constant head of liquid over a period of time   |
| 13. Liquid Wicking Rate                                | WIRA Instruments    | G103/10        | To determine the liquid transport in all kinds of fabric  |
| 14. Flushability Tester for Non-Woven Products         | Lenzing Instruments | Flush 100      | To access the rate and extent of disintegration of a test material by turbulent water in a rotating tube  |
| 15. Fourier Transform Infra-red Spectroscopy (FTIR)    | Thermo Scientific   | Nicolet IS 10  | To determine the functional groups present in the materials   |
| 16. Microwave Digestion                                | Milestone Unit      | SR.No: 132122  | Microwave sample preparation has become the benchmark technology in digesting samples for AAS, AES, ICP, and ICP-MS   |
| 17. High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography (HPTLC) | CAMAG               | 027.6200       | Useful for the analysis of banned amines and other chemicals present in the Meditech products   |



|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
|    |    |    |
|    |    |    |
|   |    |   |
|  |   |  |
|  |  |  |
|   |   |   |



## Test Parameters

The laboratory is fully geared to undertake the following tests:

| Test Name  | International Standards Applied                      | Sample Size Required               | Testing Charges in (Rs.) |
|--|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Hydrostatic resistance                           | AATCC 127  | ½ square Metre cloth               | 300                      |
| Bacterial filtration efficiency                  | ASTM F 2101  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 1000                     |
| Thermal resistance                               | ISO 11092  | 1 square Metre cloth               | 2000                     |
| Water-vapour resistance                          | ISO 11092  | 1 square Metre cloth               | 2000                     |
| Water-vapour permeability                        | ISO 11092  | 1 square Metre cloth               | 1000                     |
| Liquid strike through time                       | EDANA 150.5 & ISO 9073 - 13                          | ½ square Metre cloth               | 450                      |
| Wet back   | EDANA 151.2 & ISO 9073 - 8                           | ½ square Metre cloth               | 200                      |
| Run-off test                                     | ISO 9073 - 11  | ½ square Metre cloth               | 400                      |
| Flushability                                     | -  | ½ square Metre cloth               | 500                      |
| Knot strength                                    | -  | -                                  | 400                      |
| Threads/unit length                              | ASTM 3775  | ½ square Metre cloth with selvedge | 125                      |
| Yarn count                                       | ASTM D 1059  | ½ square Metre cloth               | 150                      |
| GSM  | ASTM D 3776/ IS 1964                                 | ½ square Metre cloth               | 190                      |
| Tear strength                                    | ASTM D 1424  | ½ square Metre cloth               | 150                      |
| Tensile Strength                                 | ASTM D 5035  | ½ square Metre cloth               | 150                      |
| Thickness  | ASTM D 1777  | ½ square Metre cloth               | 50                       |
| Stiffness  | ASTM D 4032/BS 3356                                  | ½ square Metre cloth               | 150                      |
| Pilling  | IS 10971   | ½ square Metre cloth               | 150                      |
| Co-efficient of drape woven                      | BS 5058  | ½ square Metre cloth               | 150                      |
| Air permeability                                 | ASTM D 737   | ½ square Metre                     | 150                      |
| Bursting strength                                | IS 1966  | ½ square Metre cloth               | 100                      |
| Antibacterial activity assessment (Qualitative)  | AATCC 147  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 1000                     |
| Antibacterial activity assessment (Quantitative) | AATCC 100  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 1400                     |
| Antifungal evaluation, qualitative               | AATCC 30, Part III                                   | ½ Metre cloth                      | 1250                     |
| Soil burial test                                 | AATCC 30, Part I                                     | ½ Metre cloth                      | 3000                     |
| Aerobic bioburden                                | -  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 1000                     |
| Fungal bioburden                                 | -  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 1000                     |
| Spore bioburden                                  | -  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 1000                     |
| Total colony unit                                | APHA 9215B   | ½ Metre cloth                      | 800                      |
| Most probable number of E.Coli                   | IS 1622  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 800                      |
| E.Coli (Isolation)                               | IS 5887 (PI)   | ½ Metre cloth                      | 700                      |
| E.Coli (Enumeration)                             | IS 5887 (PI)   | ½ Metre cloth                      | 1000                     |
| Light  | AATCC 16/IS 686/IS 2454/BS 1006                      | ½ Metre cloth                      | 400                      |
| Rubbing  | IS 766/AATCC 8/AATCC 165                             | ½ Metre cloth                      | 125                      |
| Washing  | AATCC 61/IS 687/IS 3361/IS 764/IS 765/IS 3417/IS 984 | ½ Metre cloth                      | 150                      |
| Perspiration                                     | IS 790/AATCC 15                                      | ½ Metre cloth                      | 150                      |
| Water repellency                                 | AATCC- 22  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 125                      |
| Water soluble substances                         | IS 3456/AATCC 97                                     | ½ Metre cloth                      | 150                      |
| Presence of surfactants                          | -  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 150                      |
| Residual total dissolved solids                  | -  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 300                      |
| Sulphate content                                 | IS 4203  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 300                      |
| Ash content                                      | IS 199   | ½ Metre cloth                      | 200                      |
| Presence of fluorescence                         |  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 100                      |
| Absorbency                                       | IS 2369/AATCC 79/IS 14579                            | ½ Metre cloth                      | 125                      |
| Wicking rate                                     | -  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 300                      |
| Ether soluble substances                         | IS 4390  | ½ Metre cloth                      | 400                      |



## Incubation Center

Incubation activities have just been initiated and prospective entrepreneurs are being identified.

### Illustrative Meditech Products

| Product Name                              | Description  | End Use  | Manufacturers  |
|---|--|--|--|
| 1. Absorbent cotton/wool I.P.             | 100% bleached cotton.  | Suitable for cleaning and swabbing wounds.<br>Applications of medicaments to wounds.<br>Economical and convenient for Clinic, Dental, Nursing home and Hospital. | The Ramaraju Surgical Cotton Mills Ltd.<br>Rajapalayam, Tamilnadu, India.<br>Alluvion Cotton Processing Factory, UK. |
| 2. Absorbent lint I.P.                    | 100% Cotton woven, One side brushed.                               | Used in general surgeries.   | Disha Surgicals (P) Ltd, Meerut , India.<br>Global Veterinary Products, Australia.                                   |
| 3. Ankle binder                           | Knitted fabric.  | Adjusts and fits the ankle firmly.<br>Stretched knitted material allows for targeted compression and support to sprained ankles.                                 | Gel O Kare, Lucknow, India.<br>Anping County XuDa Hardware Wire Mesh Co., Ltd., China.                               |
| 4. Anti embolism stocking                 | 80% Nylon and 20% Elastane<br>Knitted fabric.                      | Immobile patients.<br>Pre, intra, post operative bed ridden patients.  | Web cot, Aluva, Kerala.<br>Manifattura Calze Ci-Zeta Srl, Italy.   |
| 5. Arm sling pouch (adjustable)           | Cotton fabric with Nylon straps.                                   | Effective support to the left/right arm during recuperation from fracture, sprain, strain or surgery.  | Viccos Ortho Aids, Delhi.<br>Fortuna International Ltd., UK.   |
| 6. Baby soft dry care (Diaper)            | PP spun bond,<br>Wood pulp with SAP,<br>PE spun bond.              | Absorbs urine very fast and retains it.  | Huggies, India.<br>Pamper, UK.   |
| 7. Bamboo Bandage                         | 100% Bamboo, Plain Weave.  | Used as Wound Dressing.  | Developed by SITRA.  |
| 8. Barbed bi-directional surgical sutures | Polydioxanone monofilament & Monocryl monofilament barbed sutures. | Biomaterial for wound closure and tissue approximation.<br><i>In Vitro</i> Tendon Repair.<br><i>In Vivo</i> Wound Closure.                                       | Developed by SITRA.  |
| 9. Compression stockinet                  | Cotton and Synthetic Knitted.                                      | Used in orthopaedics & others.   | Shashi International, Kanpur, India.<br>Anji Yuandong Medical Products Co., Ltd. China.                              |

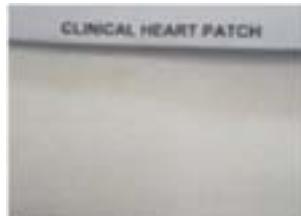


| Product Name |   | Description                                  | End Use  | Manufacturers   |
|--------------|---|--|--|---|
| 10.          | Cotton crepe bandage B.P                                | 100% Cotton, Woven.                          | General Surgical, Orthopaedic and sports injuries.<br>Extremely convenient as a pressure dressing and for skin grafts.<br>Can be used for sprains, aches dislocation, painful joints, veins, cramps, skin injuries to tendons and muscles.<br>Very useful as a light compression bandage for muscular support. | Dynamic Techno Medicals (P) Ltd, Aluva, Kerala.<br>KOB Medical Textiles, TN, India.<br>Fortuna International Ltd, UK. |
| 11.          | Disposable surgical face mask                           | SMS PP Nonwoven.                             | To protect from blood borne pathogens.   | Thea-Tex, Maharashtra, India. Bosung Industrial Co., Ltd. South Korea.  |
| 12.          | Elastic abdominal binder                                | Nylon with Elastomer.                        | Support the weakened abdominal wall post delivery.   | Antro Care Enterprises, Chennai, India.<br>Biomedical Horizons, Inc., USA.  |
| 13.          | Elastic tubular bandage B.P                             | Cotton with Elastomer, Knitted.              | Muscular pain, sprain, strain and swelling.  | Dr. Sabharwals Mfg. Labs Limited, Kanpur, India.<br>JetNet Corporation, USA.  |
| 14.          | Elastic tubular fabric for knee support & ankle support | Heat resistant rubber and High quality yarn. | Provides firm support for weak ankle and helps to prevent and treat stress injuries. Used in sports.   | Vespas Orthotics Industries, Haryana, India Champ, Pune, India Yanmao, China.   |
| 15.          | Elbow Support   | 100% Cotton Knitted.                         | Provides support and compression to the elbow and surroundings.<br>Release pain, reduces swelling.   | Champ, Pune, India.<br>Yechun, China.   |
| 16.          | Heart patch (knitted fabric)                            | 100% Polyester, Warp Knitted.                | To rectify ventricular septal defect.  | Developed by SITRA.   |
| 17.          | Heart valve fabrics                                     | 100% Polyester, Warp Knitted.                | Covering fabric for heart valve.   |   |
| 18.          | Hernia mesh   | PP warp knitted structure.                   | Quite strong and effectively repair hernias Completely.  |   |



| Product Name |  | Description   | End Use  | Manufacturers  |
|--------------|--|---|--|--|
| 19.          | Insoles/Liners for Diabetic Shoes                              | 3-D spacer fabric.  | Reduces the Risk of lesions on the lower extremities of foot. Pressure release & soft bedding of the foot.               |  |
| 20.          | Leno gauze   | 100% cotton Leno weave.   | Wound dressing application.  | Kulkarni Weaving Mills Pvt. Ltd., India. Nantong Flexitex Co., Ltd., China.                          |
| 21.          | Lumbar sacral support  | Sewn with unique combination of virgin elastic, durable fabric material with foam and soft cotton inner lining. | Back pain, postural muscle imbalance in the Spine. Post discectomy syndrome. Slight joint loosening in the lumbar Spine. | Antro Care Enteprices, Chennai, India. HK siwei medical instrument Co.,Ltd., Taiwan.                 |
| 22.          | Poly glycolide violet sutures                                  | 100% Polyglycolide Acid-Braided & Coated.   | Implantable surgical sutures.  | Sutures India Private Limited, India. Dynek (P) Ltd, Australia.                                      |
| 23.          | Prosthetic bifurcated vascular graft                           | 100% Polyester, Tubular Woven Fabric.   | Replacement of cardio vascular system.   | Developed by SITRA.  |
| 24.          | Ribbed cotton stockinette B.P                                  | Tubular rib knitted.<br>100% cotton   | As sterilisable stockinette for surgical incisions.<br>As stump socks for amputees wearing prosthesis.                   | Shashi International, Kanpur, India.<br>Anji Yuandong Medical Products Co., Ltd., China.             |
| 25.          | Soft cervical collar   | High density PU foam, cotton stockinet covering.  | Cures cervical spondylolysis, neck sprain/stiff neck.  | Viccos Ortho Aids, Delhi. HK siwei medical instrument Co.,Ltd., Hong Kong.                           |
| 26.          | Surgical gown fabric treated with Nano antimicrobial finish    | 100% cotton   | Surgical gown worn by surgeons.  | Developed by SITRA   |
| 27.          | Surgical gown fabric treated with Nano liquid repellent finish | 100% cotton   | Surgical gown worn by surgeons.  | Developed by SITRA   |
| 28.          | Sutures  | Nylon, Braided structure.   | Closure for wounds.  | Arasan phosphates (P) Ltd, TN, India. STARMEDIX, USA.  |
| 29.          | Tennis elbow support   | Cotton, PE, Nylon, PP and Ethafoam PU.  | Preventive or non surgical care.   | Samson Scientifics and surgical, Indore, India. F3 Sports Inc., USA.                                 |
| 30.          | Varicose vein stoking  | Woven by circular looms, Nylon and Spandex Yarn. Gives four way stretching,                                     | Controlled compression to the legs to squeeze away abnormal back flow of blood   | Samson scientific and surgical, Indore, India. Yiwu Yinhong Healthy&Sports Article Co., Ltd., China. |
| 31.          | Wrist splint   | Made of strong and porous, high quality elastic.  | To maintain wrist in functional position.<br>Resting splint for arthritis.   | Dynamic Technomedicals (P) Ltd, Aluva, Kerala. Jiangsu Reak Healthy Articles Co., Ltd., China.       |



|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
|    |    |    |
|    |    |    |
|   |    |   |
|  |   |  |
|  |   |  |
|  |  |  |



|  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| <br>Insoles/liners for diabetic shoes | <br>Leno gauze  | <br>Lumbar sacral support   |
| <br>Poly glycolide violet sutures     | <br>Prosthetic bifurcated vascular graft                         | <br>Ribbed cotton stockinette B.P                                   |
| <br>Soft cervical collar             | <br>Surgical gown fabric treated with Nano antimicrobial finish | <br>Surgical gown fabric treated with Nano liquid repellent finish |
| <br>Sutures                         | <br>Tennis elbow support                                       | <br>Varicose vein stoking   |
|  | <br>Wrist splint  |  |



## Information Center

The COE on Meditech at SITRA has a comprehensive repository of books, publications, journals and relevant standards. An overview of these resources is provided below.

### Books and Publications

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| 1.  | Medical Textiles. Proceedings of the International Conference 24 & 25 August 1999 Bolton, UK. Edited by Prof. Subhash Anand Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2001. vii, 237p.   |
| 2.  | Medical Textiles and Biomaterials for Healthcare. Edited by Prof.S.C.Anand, Prof.J.F.Kennedy, Dr.M.Mirafab and Dr.S.Rajendran. Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2006. xi, 508p. |
| 3.  | Smart Textiles for Medicine and Healthcare: Materials, Systems and Applications. Edited by L.Van Langenhove. Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2007. xiii, 312p.                 |
| 4.  | Biologically Inspired Textiles. Edited by A.Abbott and M.Ellison Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2008. xxi, 219p   |
| 5.  | Clothing Biosensory Engineering. Edited by Y.Li and A.S.W.Wong Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2006. xv, 391p.   |
| 6.  | Biomechanical Engineering of Textiles and Clothing. Edited by Y.Li and X-Q.Dal Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2006. xvi, 412p   |
| 7.  | Biomedical Polymers Edited by Mike Jenkins Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2007. ix, 224p.   |
| 8.  | Handbook of Technical Textiles. Edited by A.R.Horrocks and S.C.Anand Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2000. xvi, 559p.  |
| 9.  | Handbook of Industrial Textiles (Wellington series). Edited by Sabit Adanur, Technomic Publishing Company, U.S.A. 1995. xx,832p.   |
| 10. | Textiles for Protection. Edited by Richard A.Scott, Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2005. xxx, 754p.   |
| 11. | Natural Fibers, Biopolymers, and Biocomposites. Edited by Amar K.Mohanty, M.Misra and L.T.Drzal, Taylor & Francis, USA. 2005. 875p.  |
| 12. | Biomaterials, Artificial Organs and Tissue Engineering. Edited by L.L.Hench and J.R.Johnes. Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2005. xii, 284p.                                   |
| 13. | Natural Based Polymers for Biomedical Applications. Edited Rui L.Reis et al, Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2008. xxv, 802p.  |
| 14. | Smart Materials. Edited by Mel Schwartz, CRC Press, USA. 2009.   |
| 15. | Military Textiles. Edited by Eugene Wilusz, Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2008. xxii, 362p.  |
| 16. | Handbook of Nonwovens. Edited by S.J.Russell, Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2007. xiii, 530p   |
| 17. | Nanofibers and Nanotechnology in Textiles. Edited by P.J.Brown and K.Stevens Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2007. xvi, 528p.  |
| 18. | Advances in Fire Retardant Materials. Edited by A.R.Horrocks and D.Price, Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2008. xvi, 616p.   |
| 19. | Medtex 2007 Conference Programme. The University of Bolton, Bolton, UK. 2007.  |
| 20. | Nonwoven. by Madhavamoorthi, Mahajan Publishers Pvt Ltd, Ahmedabad. 2005. 342p.  |
| 21. | Annual Book of ASTM Standards 2007: Volume 11.03 Occupational Health and Safety, Protective Clothing. ASTM International, USA. 2007. XVII, 487P.                                     |
| 22. | Seminar on Medical Textiles Opportunities & Applications Office of the Textile Commissioner, Mumbai. 2008.   |
| 23. | Processing of Reusable Surgical Textiles for use in Health Care Facilities. Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation, USA. 2000.                                   |
| 24. | Seminar on Woven and Knitted Technical Textiles- Resume of Papers. SITRA, Coimbatore. 2008.  |
| 25. | Plasma Technologies for Textiles. Edited by R.Shishoo Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2007. xxx, 322p.   |
| 26. | Ecotextiles: The Way Forward for Sustainable Development in Textiles. Edited by Mirafab and Horrocks. Woodhead Publishing Limited, England. 2007. x, 221p.                           |



|     |  |
|-----|--|
| 27. | Use of Natural Polysaccharides in Medical Textile Applications by Fouda University Duisburg-Essen, Egypt. 2005. 121p.            |
| 28. | Introduction to Medical Microbiology by R.Ananthanarayan Orient Longman, Hyderabad. 1984. 207p.                                  |
| 29. | Medical Microbiology - Volume 1 Microbial Infections by J.P.Duguid et al ELBS, Hong Kong. 1978. 666p.                            |
| 30. | Medical Physics by Cameron and Skofronick John Wiley & Sons, New York. 1978. 615p.   |
| 31. | Advances in nano science & nanotechnology by Dr. Ashutosh Sharma et al. , National Institute of Science                          |
| 32. | Communication and Information Resources, July 2004, 284p.  |
| 33. | Handbook of Nonwoven filter media by Mr. Irvin M. Hutter, Elsiver Ltd, 2007, 473p.   |
| 34. | Intelligent Textiles and Clothing by H.R. Mattila, Wood head Publishing Ltd, 2006, 506p.   |
| 35. | Joint Replacement Technology by A. Revell, Woodhead Publishing Ltd, 2008, 675p.  |
| 36. | Applications of Nonwoven in Technical Textiles by R.A. Chapman, Woodhead Publishing Ltd, 2010, 212p.                             |
| 37. | Technical Textiles Yarns Industrial and Medical Application by R. Allagirusamy and A. Dass, Woodhead Publishing Ltd, 2010, 612p. |
| 38. | Medical and Health Care Textiles by S.C. Anand et al., Woodhead Publishing Ltd, 2010, 529p.                                      |
| 39. | Compression Garments for Enhanced Performance, Textile Intelligence Ltd., UK. 2008 IV, 16p.                                      |
| 40. | Industry Technology Roadmapping of Nonwoven Medical Textiles by Asad Amir North Carolina State University, USA. 2006. 133p.      |

#### List of Journals

1. Medical Textiles Published by International News Letter, U.K.
2. Future Material
3. Asian Technical Textiles
4. Technical Textiles International

#### List of Standards

1. ASTM Volume 11.03 consisting Standards of Medical/Protective Textiles.
2. ISO 10993-15 Standards.
3. Australian Standards AS 3789 10 Standards

#### Technical Manpower

| Name                            | Qualification               | Experience (Years) |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Dr. Prakash Vasudevan (Head) | PhD                         | 20                 |
| 2. Mr. R.Krishnan               | M.E                         | 30                 |
| 3. Mr. Kumaravel                | B.E                         | 25                 |
| 4. Mr. S.Sounderraj             | M.Tech (Textile Technology) | 13                 |
| 5. Mr. T.Sureshram              | M.Tech (Textile Technology) | 7                  |
| 6. Mr. A.Jothivelmurugan        | M.Tech (Textile Technology) | 4                  |
| 7. Mr. P.Sundramoorthy          | M.Tech (Textile Technology) | 1                  |
| 8. Mr. A.Thambidurai            | M.Tech (Textile Technology) | -                  |
| 9. Mr. P.Senthilkumar           | B.Tech (Textile Technology) | 9                  |
| 10. Mr. V.J.Rajendren           | D.T.T                       | 31                 |
| 11. Mr. P.Subramaniam           | B.Sc (Chem)                 | 30                 |
| 12. Mr. S.Shanmuganandan        | B.Sc(Phy)                   | 20                 |
| 13. Mr. D.Ranganathan           | M.Sc (Chem)                 | 15                 |
| 14. Mr. G.Santhanakrishnan      | B.Tech (Textile Technology) | 12                 |
| 15. Mr. C.Sathishkumar          | M.Sc (Chem)                 | 5                  |
| 16. Ms. B.Renuka                | M.Sc (Chem)                 | 4                  |
| 17. Ms. K.Nandhini              | M.Sc M.Phil (Microbiology)  | -                  |



### List of Standards Formulated

SITRA has formulated the standards for the following Meditech related products:

1. Disposable surgical gowns
2. Disposable surgical drape
3. Disposable surgical face mask
4. Cellulose wadding
5. Vapor permeable water proof plastic wound dressings
6. Non-woven gauze bandage
7. Paraffin gauze dressings
8. Knitted viscose primary dressings
9. Perforated film absorbent dressings

### List of Manuals Prepared

The COE on Meditech has produced manuals covering a vast array of subjects relevant to the field of Medical textiles.

1. The scope of medical textiles in India
2. Basic quality requirements for meditech products
3. Nonwovens: Technology & Machinery
4. Training workshop on medical textiles with special emphasis on products & devices for bandaging and pressure garments
5. Meditech products produced using existing machinery setup
6. Functional finishes for medical textiles
7. Textile composites for technical textiles
8. Production and application of wound care products for chronic and acute wound
9. Manufacturing of Meditech products using advanced technique
10. Opportunities and challenges for fibrous products in medical and hygiene sector

### R&D Projects on Technical Textiles Undertaken/Under Progress

| R & D Project Title   | Status of the Projects |
|---|------------------------|
| 1. Development of functional spacer fabrics for medical inlays in orthopaedic shoes   | Completed              |
| 2. Breathability of woven surgical gowns treated with nano Finishes   | Completed              |
| 3. Cut-resistance technical fabrics using spectra filament yarns  | Completed              |
| 4. Design and development of Hernia mesh  | Completed              |
| 5. Woven arterial prosthetic graft  | Completed              |
| 6. Bandages using bamboo fibres   | Completed              |
| 7. Clinical heart patch   | Completed              |
| 8. Development of specialty 3 D compression bandages for Lymphedema   | Ongoing                |
| 9. Design and fabrication of an instrument to assess the barrier properties of operation theatre surgical apparels with specific reference to blood and other body fluids | Ongoing                |
| 10. Development of spun laced non-woven wound dressings using bamboo Fibres   | Ongoing                |
| 11. Development of barbed, bi-directional surgical sutures  | Ongoing                |
| 12. Controlled drug release on Chitosan-coated cotton gauze   | Ongoing                |
| 13. Development of special wound care dressing made of PVA / Chitosan and PVA/Silver nitrate nano membrane  | Ongoing                |
| 14. Development of bifurcated vascular graft  | Ongoing                |
| 15. Compression bandage pressure measurement systems  | Ongoing                |
| 16. Development of rotator cuff repair devices for shoulder re-construction   | Ongoing                |



## Training Programmes Offered

Following are the list of training programmes offered by the Meditech COE at SITRA:

1. The scope of Medical textiles in India
2. Basic quality requirements for Meditech Products
3. Nonwovens: Technology & Machinery
4. Training workshop on Medical textiles with special emphasis on products & devices for bandaging and pressure garments
5. Meditech products produced using existing machinery setup
6. Functional finishes for Medical textiles
7. Textile composites for technical textiles
8. Production and application of wound care products for chronic and acute wound
9. Manufacturing of Meditech products using advanced technique
10. Opportunities and challenges for fibrous products in Medical and hygiene sector

## Foreign Collaboration Details

SITRA has executed an MoU on 25th January, 2010 with the University of Bolton, UK. The MoU is valid for 2 years, and covers research in healthcare and medical textiles.

## Details of Prototypes Developed

The following prototypes have been developed by SITRA:

1. Woven surgical gowns treated with nano finishes
2. Hernia mesh
3. Heart valve fabric
4. Functional spacer fabrics for medical inlays in orthopaedic shoes
5. Woven arterial prosthetic graft
6. Clinical heart patch
7. Bandages using bamboo fibres
8. Ankle support

|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
|  |   |  |
|  |   |  |
|  |  |  |



### Type of Technical Consultancy Provided/Offered

| Client Name and Address  | Manufacturing Items   | Services Offered by SITRA   |
|--|---|---|
| 1. KOB Medical Textiles,<br>Perumpalli, Semmipalayam Village,<br>Trichy Road,<br>Palladam-641 662.<br>Phone: (04255) 277833<br>Fax No.(04255) 277836<br>E-mail: nvi@kobmt.com                              | Medical Bandages  | Waste generation analysis and reduction and fixation of norms for waste for various types of bandages                                 |
| 2. Dynamic Techno Medicals Pvt. Ltd.,<br>Post Box No.45, Asokapuram,<br>Aluva, Kerala-683 101.<br>Phone: (0484) 2837788, 2837970<br>Fax No .(0484) 2837688<br>E-mail: dynamicortho@sify.com                | Medical Stockings, Bandages, etc.   | Consultancy offered for product development in bandages   |
| 3 Sidd Life Sciences P. Ltd.,<br>Plot No.4, NH-7, M.M.DA Industrial Estate, Maraimalai Nagar-603 209. Tamil Nadu   | Membrane Oxygenator   | Development of fabric winding machine for membrane oxygenator   |
| 4. T.T.K. Healthcare Ltd.,<br>Plot A-28, Kintra Apparel Park,<br>St. Xavier's College Post,<br>Thumba, Trivandrum-695 586.<br>Fax : (0471) 2707004<br>E-mail: heartvalve@ttkhealthcare.com                 | Vascular Grafts, Heart Valve, etc.  | 1) Development of clinical heart patch fabric<br>2) Development of heart valve fabric<br>3) Development of Prosthetic vascular grafts |
| 5. Eucare Pharmaceuticals Private Limited,<br>Plot No.AC-25B, Sidco Industrial Estate,<br>Thirumudivakkam, Chennai-600 044.<br>md_eucare@yahoo.co.in<br>Fax No.(44) 2478 2516<br>E-mail: eucare@vsnl.com   | Development of Oxidised Cellulosic Fabrics for Haemostatic Purpose                            | 1) Development of Haemostatic fabric using cotton and rayon<br>2) Development of nylon 66 fabric for medical application              |
| 6. Comfort Meditex (I) Pvt. Ltd.,<br>2/949-B, Rupika Garden,<br>Mahalakshmi Nagar (East),<br>Goundampalayam Road,<br>Palladam 641 664, Tirupur District.<br>Phone 04255 251846, 256097<br>Fax 04255 256098 | Bandages, Crepe Bandages, Elastic Bandages, Compression Bandages etc. for Medical Application | Testing, product analysis and re-engineering of bandages for medical  |

### Other services and support offered by Meditech COE at SITRA

A range of services and support programmes are provided, an illustrative list is presented below:

- Inter-Mill Study of Productivity
- Managerial Training Programmes
- Quality Audit
- Energy Audit
- Maintenance Audit
- Functional Programmes
- Quality Management
- Apparel Costing
- Calibration Services
- Software Development
- Training Programmes for Shop Floor Workers
- Effluent Characteristic Study and Advice on the Treatment Plants

### Contact Details

Dr. Prakash Vasudevan  
Joint Director and Head, Center of Excellence in Medical Textiles, SITRA  
13/37, Avinashi Road, Coimbatore Aerodrome Post, Coimbatore - 641 014, Tamil Nadu, India.  
Email: sitraindia@dataone.in  
Phone: +91-422-2574367-9, 6544188, 4215333



# 6.COE on Protech

**Lead: Northern India Textile Research Association (NITRA)**

## Background and Information of Parent Organization(s)

The Centre of Excellence for Protective Textiles is led by NITRA. The first phase of the COE implementation also saw involvement from the Indian Institute of Technology, New Delhi.

### Northern India Textile Research Association (NITRA)

NITRA is one of the four textile research associations established in the year 1975 with the objective to carry out scientific research in the field of textiles as well as to promote and foster scientific research studies for the extension of knowledge related to or connected with textile industry. NITRA is linked to the Ministry of Textiles and recognized by the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research for providing services to centralized as well as decentralized sectors.

NITRA is rendering services to the centralized sector through various R&D projects, consultancies, training programmes and publications. These services span across areas such as energy audit, manpower studies, pollution control, machine and design development, designing of effluent treatment plants and software development. Besides, NITRA helps the industry in solving their operational problems. NITRA is also rendering services to the decentralized sector through eight (8) Powerloom Service Centers established by the Ministry of Textiles, Govt. of India in the Northern Region under the administrative control of Director, NITRA.

### Indian Institute of Technology (IIT), Delhi

IIT Delhi was created as centre of excellence for higher training, research and development in science, engineering and technology in India. Established as College of Engineering in 1961, the Institute was later declared an institution of National Importance under the 'Institutes of Technology (Amendment) Act, 1963' and was renamed as the 'Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi'.

The Textile Technology department at IIT Delhi enjoys a special status in the country and has the distinction of being the only Department of Textile Technology amongst the IITs. The department aims to achieve excellence in education in Textile Technology through continuous up gradation of textile syllabi, conducting fundamental research in established and emerging technologies as well as applied/developmental research by closely interacting with the industry and thus provides highly competent technical manpower to the industry, R&D organisations and academic institutes.

## Infrastructure Facilities

### Testing Instruments Installed at NITRA

| Equipment                            | Purpose   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1. Flammability tester               | This instrument is useful to test work wear as per national and International standards for vertical oriented samples.              |
| 2. Limited oxygen index tester       | This instrument is used to test flame retardant behavior of fabric under varying oxygen and nitrogen concentrations.                |
| 3. Contact heat tester               | This instrument is used to determine to test the protective textile material against contact heat.                                  |
| 4. Washing and dry cleaning cylinder | This instrument is used to determine the effect of washing and dry cleaning on protective clothing for flame resistance properties. |



| Equipment |  | Purpose  |
|-----------|--|--|
| 5.        | Moisture analyzer                        | This instrument is used to determine moisture content in the textiles.   |
| 6.        | Mechanical pre-treatment device          | The effectiveness of metalized coatings in reflecting radiant heat can be for metalized material drastically reduced by the effect of wear. In this instrument protective textiles are pretreated mechanically to simulate wear. |
| 7.        | Rapid oil extraction apparatus           | This instrument is used to determine quantity of spin finish oil in the textile materials.   |
| 8.        | Bundesmann water repellency tester       | This instrument is used to determine the resistance to the passage of simulated rain by fabrics being rubbed and rotated.  |
| 9.        | Rotary crock meter                       | This is used to determine wet or dry rubbing fastness properties of printed fabric.  |
| 10.       | Humidity and temperature control chamber | This is used to condition textile material before performing tests.  |
| 11.       | Inclined automatic                       | To determine the burning characteristics of textiles under controlled Flammability Tester conditions, when the textile material is in inclined (45°) stage.  |
| 12.       | Molten metal splash tester               | This instrument is used to assess the resistance of materials used in protective clothing to molten metal splash.  |
| 13.       | Vertical flammability tester             | This instrument is used to measure the vertical flame spread for children sleepwear, fabrics and other textile materials.  |
| 14.       | Horizontal flammability tester           | To determine the comparative burn rates and burn resistance of textiles.   |
| 15.       | Radiant heat transmission tester         | This instrument is used to compare the heat transmission on exposure of radiant heat through materials used in protective clothing. By this instrument heat transmission index is measured.                                      |
| 16.       | Convective heat tester                   | This instrument is used to compare the heat transmission on exposure of flame through materials used in protective clothing. By this instrument heat transmission index is measured.   |
| 17.       | Moisture management tester               | This instrument is used to measure liquid moisture management properties of knitted, woven and non-woven textile fabrics.  |
| 18.       | Fogging tester                           | This instrument is used to determine fogging characteristics of automotive interior trim of textiles, plastic or leather.  |
| 19.       | Hydrostatic head tester                  | This is used to determine the resistance of fabric to water penetration under pressure while firmly clamped in the test rig of standard area, by means of dynamic test method and static test method.                            |
| 20.       | Spray tester-water repellency            | To determine the surface wetting resistance of fabric.   |
| 21.       | Water cooled xenon tester                | This instrument is used to determine weathering effect on textile and plastic material.  |
| 22.       | High visibility clothing                 | These instruments are used to determine the high visibility clothing (Retro testing equipment reflective and background material).   |
| 23.       | Electronic crock meter                   | This is used to determine the colour fastness of textile materials to dry or wet rubbing.  |
| 24.       | Vibroscope & vibrodyne (Lenzing)         | <u>Vibroscope</u> :<br>To determine fineness of manufactured fibres.<br><u>Vibrodyne</u> :<br>To determine fibre tensile properties viz breaking strength, tenacity, Elongation, Modulus etc.                                    |
| 25.       | Vibrotex (Lenzing)                       | To determine crimp stability of manufactured fibres.   |
| 26.       | Microscope & Microtome (Zeiss )          | For microscopic studies.   |



| Equipment   | Purpose  |
|---|--|
| 27. Uster tester-5  | To determine yarn unevenness , imperfections & hairiness.  |
| 28. Uster tensorapid-4  | For tensile properties of yarn / Thread viz breaking force, tenacity, elongation, modulus etc.   |
| 29. Constant Tension Transport (CTT)                                      | To determine frictional properties of yarn Lawson- Hemphill.   |
| 30. Universal Tensile Testing M/C (SDL)                                   | To determine tensile properties of yarn / fabric and also used for seam strength, puncture strength , peel / bond strength , constant load elongation and tear strength etc. |
| 31. Martindale abrasion cum pilling tester (SDL)                          | To determine abrasion & pilling properties of fabric / garments.   |
| 32. CSI abrasion tester   | To determine wear properties of fabric and garment.  |
| 33. Wyzenbeek abrasion tester<br>(Oscillatory abrasion Tester ) SDL-ATLAS | To determine abrasion resistance property of textiles.   |
| 34. ICI mace snag tester SDL-ATLAS  | To determine snagging resistance property of fabric /garments.   |
| 35. Tear strength tester (Textest)  | To determine tear strength of fabric / garments ( Elmendorf Tear).   |
| 36. Surface resistance tester<br>(Rothschild static Voltmeter)            | To determine antistatic properties of textiles.  |
| 37. Brush pilling tester (SDL-ATLAS)                                      | To determine fuzz & pilling propensity of textiles.  |
| 38. Air permeability tester (WIRA)  | To determine air permeability of fabric / garments.  |
| 39. Toxicity Tester   | To determine toxicity of various materials.  |
| 40. D.S.C. Instrument   | To determine thermal properties of polymers.   |
| 41. T.G.A. Instrument   | To determine thermal properties of polymers.   |
| 42. Universal Tensile Machine   | To determine tensile properties of materials.  |
| 43. Seam Fatigue Tester   | To determine the effect of cycles on seam.   |
| 44. Resistance to heat under load tester for zipper                       | To determine the effect of heat and load on zippers.   |
| 45. Reciprocating movement of slider under load tester for zippers        | To determine the effect of zippers movement under load.  |
| 46. Endurance test for hook & loop fastener                               | To determine the usability of hook & loop fastener.  |
| 47. Deterioration of smoke visibility tester                              | To determine the effect of smoke generated on visibility.  |

#### Testing Equipment Installed at IIT, Delhi

1. Sweating Guarded Hot Plate
2. Dynamic Impact Tester
3. Ball Burst Tester
4. Low Stress Property Kawabata KES Auto System
5. High Visibility Clothing Testing Equipment
6. Thermolab -Thermal Property Measuring Instrument
7. Liquid Barrier Test System
8. Dynamic Fatigue Tester
9. Hirox Advanced 3 D Video Microscope
10. Moisture Balance
11. Temperature Chamber for Ball Burst Tester
12. Gravimetric Absorption Test System (GATS)
13. Gas/Vapor Permeameter



### Images: Testing Equipment at the COE

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
|    |   |    |
| Electronic Crock Meter  | High Visibility Clothing Testing Equipment  | High Visibility Clothing Testing Equipment  |
|    |    |    |
| Water Cooled Xenon Tester   | Spray Tester-Water Repellency   | Hydrostatic Head Tester   |
|  |  |  |
| Fogging Tester  | Moisture Management Tester  | Convective Heat Tester  |
|  |  |  |
| Radiant Heat Transmission Tester  | Horizontal Flammability Tester  | Vertical Flammability Tester  |
|  |  |  |
| Molten Metal Splash Tester  | Inclined Automatic Flammability Tester  | Humidity And Temperature Control Chamber  |
|  |  |  |
| Rotary Crock Meter  | Bundesmann Water Repellency Tester  | Rapid Oil Extraction Apparatus  |



### Images: Testing Equipment at the COE

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |
| Mechanical Pre-treatment Device For Metalized Material | Moisture Analyzer                                    | Washing And Dry Cleaning Cylinder                                    |
|  |  |  |
| Water Cooled Xenon Tester                              | Limited Oxygen Index Tester                          | Flammability Tester For Vertical Oriented Samples                    |
|  |  |  |
| Vibroscope & Vibrodyne (Lenzing)                       | Vibrotex (Lenzing)                                   | Microscope (Zeiss)   |
|  |  |  |
| Uster Tester-5   | Constant Tension Transport (CTT)<br>Lawson- Hemphill | Universal Tensile Testing M/c (SDL)                                  |
|  |  |  |
| Martindale Abrasion Cum Pilling Tester (SDL)           | CSI Abrasion Tester                                  | Wyzenbeek Abrasion Tester<br>(Oscillatory Abrasion Tester) SDL-ATLAS |
|  |  |  |
| ICI Mace Snag Tester SDL-ATLAS                         | Tear Strength Tester (Textest)                       | Surface Resistance Tester<br>(Rothschild Static Voltmeter)           |



### Images: Testing Equipment at the COE

|   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
|   |   |  |
| Brush Pilling Tester (SDL-ATLAS)        | Air Permeability Tester (WIRA)                  | Toxicity Tester  |
|   |   |  |
| D.S.C. Instrument                       | T.G.A. Instrument                               | Universal Tensile Machine                                      |
|   |   |  |
| Seam Fatigue Tester                     | Resistance to Heat under Load Tester for Zipper | Reciprocating Movement of Slider under Load Tester for Zippers |
|   |   |  |
| Endurance Test for Hook & Loop Fastener | Microtome (Zeiss)                               | Deterioration of Smoke Visibility Tester                       |
|   |   |  |
| Sweating Guarded Hotplate               | Ball Burst Tester                               |  |

### Parameters that can be tested at the Protech COE\*

#### Heat and Flame Resistance Tests

| Personal Protective Clothing                            |   |
|---|---|
| Ease of ignition of vertically oriented specimen        | BS EN ISO 6940                              |
| Flame spread properties of vertically oriented specimen | BS EN ISO 6941, DIN EN ISO 6941, BS EN 1103 |
| Night wear clothing                                     | BS 5438, BS 5722                            |

\*For test charges and other details, visit [www.nitratextile.org](http://www.nitratextile.org)



|  |  |
|--|--|
| 45° inclined specimen                        | 16FR 1610, ASTM D 1230, NFPA 702                                     |
| Vertical flammability test                   | IS:11871, BS 3119, NFPA 1971   |
| Horizontal flammability test                 | IS:15061, ASTM D 4804  |
| Limited flame spread test                    | ISO 15025, BS 5438:1976 test 1, test 2 and test 3, IS:15758 (part-4) |
| Convective heat test                         | ISO 9151, IS:15758 (part-1)  |
| Radiant heat test                            | ISO 6942   |
| Molten metal splash test                     | ISO 9185   |
| Contact heat test                            | ISO 12127  |
| Impact of spatter test                       | ISO 14181 (for zippers)  |
| <b>Upholsteries</b>                          |  |
| Ignitability of vertically oriented specimen | BS EN 1101, IS:15612, IS:15741                                       |
| Flame spread vertically                      | BS EN 1102, NFPA 701   |
| Smoldering cigarette test                    | IS: 15727  |
| <b>Automotive fabrics</b>                    |  |
| Horizontal test                              | FMVSS 302, DIN 75200   |
| <b>Railways</b>                              |  |
| Limiting oxygen index                        | IS:13501, ISO 4589-2   |
| Smoke visibility test                        | UIC 564-20R appendix 15  |
| Toxicity Index                               | NCD 1409   |
| Fire resistance test                         | UIC 564 OR   |
| <b>Floor coverings</b>                       |  |
| Methanamine tablet test                      | BS 6307, IS: 12722   |
| Hot metal nut test                           | BS 4790  |
| Vertically oriented                          | IS: 15764  |

#### Colour Fastness And Weathering Effect

|                                 |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Colour fastness to light        | IS 2454, ISO 105 B02, B 03, B04, AATCC-16 |
| Colour fastness to laundering   | IS 105-C10, C06, AATCC 61                 |
| Colour fastness to rubbing      | IS 766, ISO 105-X12, AATCC-8              |
| Colour fastness to perspiration | IS 971, ISO 105 E04, AATCC 15             |

#### Water Resistance

|                                |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Bundesmann/shower test         | IS 392                                    |
| Cone test                      | IS 7941                                   |
| Spray test                     | IS 390, AATCC 22, ISO 4920                |
| Hydrostatic pressure head test | IS 7016 (Part-VII), AATCC 79, ASTM D 4772 |
| Water vapour transmission test | ASTM E 96                                 |

#### Mechanical Testing on Fabric/Garments

|                          |                                      |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Tensile strength         | IS :1969                             |
| -Cut strip method        | ASTM D 5034                          |
| -Wide width method       | ASTM D 5035                          |
| -Ravelled strip method   | ASTM D 4355                          |
| -Grab method             | ASTM D 4595<br>ISO 5081<br>ISO 10319 |
| Tear strength            | IS : 6489                            |
| -Falling pendulum method | ASTM D 1424                          |
| -Single tongue tear      | ASTM D 2261                          |
| -Double tongue tear      | ASTM D 4533                          |
| -Trapezoidal tear method | ASTM D 5587<br>ISO 9290              |



|   |   |
|---|---|
| Bursting Strength   | IS: 1966  |
| -Ball Bursting Method                                     | ASTM D 3787   |
| -Diaphragm Bursting Method                                | ASTM D 3786   |
| Abrasion Resistance                                       | IS : 12673  |
| -Martindale Abrasion                                      | ASTM D 3885   |
| -Flax & Flat Abrasion                                     | ASTM D3886  |
| -Wyzenbeek Abrasion                                       | ASTM D 4966<br>ASTM D 4157                                    |
| Puncture Strength Test                                    | ASTM D 4833   |
| -Falling Cone Method                                      | ASTM D 6261   |
| -CBR Puncture Method                                      | ASTM D 6241   |
| Seam Strength Test & Seam Slippage Test                   | ASTM D 1683<br>ASTM D 434<br>ISO 13935-1 &2<br>ISO 13936 -1&2 |
| Snag Resistance Test                                      | ASTM D 3939   |
| Fabric Stretch & Growth                                   | ASTM D 6614<br>ASTM D 5278<br>ASTM D 3107; 2594               |
| Stiffness & Flexural Rigidity                             | IS 6490<br>ASTM D 1388<br>BS 3356                             |
| Constant Load Elongation & permanent set                  | ASTM D 6614   |
| Bond / Adhesion strength / Peel Strength / Shear strength | ASTM D 2724<br>ASTM D 3936<br>ASTM D 3135<br>ISO 4637         |

#### Mechanical Testing on Yarn/Thread

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Yarn / Thread Strength   | ASTM D 2256                              |
| Loop strength & Knot strength  | IS :1671                                 |
| Yarn / Thread Elongation   | ASTM D 2256<br>IS :1671                  |
| Yarn Un-evenness & Imperfections                                     | ASTM D 1425<br>ISO 16549                 |
| Yarn Twist   | ASTM D 1422/1423<br>IS 832               |
| Yarn / Thread Shrinkage due to exposure to boiling water or dry heat | ASTM D 204<br>ASTM D 4974<br>ASTM D 2259 |
| Thread Diameter  | ASTM D 204                               |
| Yarn on yarn abrasion (Dry & Wet )                                   | ASTM D 6611                              |
| Yarn to Yarn & Yarn to metal friction                                | ASTM D 3108<br>ASTM D 3412               |

#### Mechanical Tests On Fibre Properties

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Microscopic study on fibre structure<br>-Longitudinal / Cross sectional structure |   |
| Fibre length  | ASTM D 5103<br>IS 10014 Part 1          |
| Fibre Fineness  | ASTM D 1577<br>IS 10014 Part 2<br>BISFA |
| Fibre Strength, Elongation and Modulus  | ASTM D 3822<br>ISO 5079<br>DIN 53816    |



|   |                |
|---|----------------|
| Fibre Crimp & crimp stability   | ASTM D 3937    |
| Fibre Shrinkage   | ASTM D 2102-07 |
| -Bundle Test  | ASTM D 5104    |
| -Single Fibre Test  |                |
| Fibre Diameter  | -              |
| Breaking Tenacity of manufactured fibres in loop & knot configuration | ASTM D 3217    |

#### Additional Tests

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Toxicity Test  | NCD 1409   |
| Zipper Test  | IS 14181, IS 3148, IS 9748 and BS 3084                   |
| Endurance Test for Hook & Loop Fastener                              | IS 8156  |
| Seam Fatigue Test  | JASO M 403, HES D 6511, SES N 3298 & 3294 and NES M 7081 |
| D.S.C. & T.G.A.  | ASTM D 3418 and ASTM D 6370                              |
| Crease Flex Test   | HES D 6511 and SES N 3298                                |
| Tensile Properties   | IS 7016, IS 1969, ASTM D 638                             |
| Deterioration of Smoke Visibility Test                               | UIC 564-2 Appendix-15                                    |
| Thermal Insulation   | Thermal Conductivity Apparatus                           |
| Ultra Violet Protection factor                                       | AATCC 183 and AS/NZS 4399                                |
| Peel Strength  | IS 7016, IS 8156 and IS 1259                             |
| Ignitability Test (includes Cigarette, Butane Gas, Wooden Crib Test) | BS 5852  |
| Fire Resistance Test   | UIC 564-2  |
| Zipper(Slide Fastener)   |  |
| Remeshability of Fastener  | IS 14181   |
| Fold Over Security of Textile Chain                                  | IS 14181   |
| Resistance to Abrasion under Load Cycles                             | IS 14181   |
| Security of Attachment of Bottom Stop                                | IS 14181   |
| Security of Attachment of Puller to Slider                           | IS 14181   |
| Security of Attachment of Top Stop                                   | IS 14181   |
| Security of Inter-Locking of Textile Chain to Lateral Load           | IS 14181   |
| Security of Slider Lock Holding                                      | IS 14181   |
| Chain Crosswise Strength   | IS 14181   |
| Security of Attachment of Retainer to Longitudinal Load              | IS 14181   |
| Security of Attachment of Retainer to Lateral Load                   | IS 14181   |
| Resistance to Heat under Load  | IS 14181   |
| Reciprocating Movement of Slider under Load                          | IS 14181   |

#### Incubation Center

The equipment that textile enterprises can leverage at the incubation centre for the Protech COE are indicated below:

#### Spinning Equipment

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Blow Room                            | LR - 1993                   |
| Carding Machine                      | LR - 1981, C-1/2            |
| Draw Frame                           | LR - 1981, DO-2S            |
| Speed Frame                          | LR - 1981, GS               |
| Ring Frame                           | LR - 1981, DJ - 5           |
| Friction Spinning Machine            | Fehrer - AG, 1998, DREF-III |
| Ginning Machine                      | Bajaj - 1994                |
| Double Roller Gin                    | Mark - I                    |
| Two For One Twister (Trytex-2011)    | Lab Model                   |
| Rotor Spinning Machine (Trytex-2011) | Lab Model                   |



### Images: Testing Equipment at the COE

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
|    |    |  <p>Ginning Machine Double Roller Gin:<br/>Bajaj – 1994 Mark - I</p> |
|    |   |  <p>Two For One Twister<br/>(Trytex-2011): Lab Model</p>             |
|  |  <p>Friction Spinning Machine:<br/>Fehrer – AG, 1998 DREF-III</p> |  <p>Rotor Spinning Machine<br/>(Trytex-2011): Lab Model</p>        |

### Weaving Equipment

|                                 |            |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| Rapier (Double) Weaving machine | Challenger |
| Automatic Loom                  | Ruti CA1NT |
| Terry Towel Loom                | Cimmco     |
| Sample Warping Machine          | CCI        |
| Sample Sizing Machine           | CCI        |
| Sample Loom                     | CCI        |
| Hand Loom with Dobby            |            |
| Hand Loom with Jacquard         |            |



|   |   |
|---|---|
|    |    |
| Rapier (Double) Weaving Machine: Challenger   | Automatic Loom: Ruti CA1NT  |
|    |    |
| Terry Towel Loom: Cimmco  | Sample Warping Machine: CCI   |
|   |   |
| Sample Sizing Machine: CCI  | Sample Loom: CCI  |
|  |  |
| Hand Loom with Dobby  | Hand Loom with Jacquard   |

#### Knitting Equipment

1. Interlock Knitting Machine
2. Knitability Tester
3. Flat Knitting Machine

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
|  |  |  |
| Flat Knitting Machine   | Knitability Tester  | Interlock Knitting Machine  |



#### Additional Equipment At The Incubation Centre

| Equipment  | Purpose  |
|--|--|
| 1. Name: Single Needle 2-Thread Straight Lock Stitch Machine<br>Make: Brother<br>Model: SL 1010-3                      | The machine is used for all general application of joining and topstitching, mainly woven fabrics.   |
| 2. Name: Button Hole Machine<br>Make: Brother<br>Model: HE-800A-2  | The Button Hole Machine is used to create various types of Button Holes in various garments like Men's Shirts, T-shirts, and Ladies Tops etc.  |
| 3. Name: Bartack Machine<br>Make: Brother<br>Model: KE-430D-02   | The machine is used to reinforce certain areas of the garment which are subjected to excess stress due to repeated usage, such as pocket openings, bottom of fly opening, buttonholes etc.                       |
| 4. Name: Single Thread Chain stitch blind hem Machine<br>Make: Brother<br>Model: JC-9330-0                             | The machine is used to stitch bottom hems of Formal Trousers, Skirts etc.  |
| 5. Name: Flatlock Machine<br>Make: Brother<br>Model: JC-9330-0   | This machine is mainly used for knits. It is widely used for the applications like stitching undergarments both men and women, cover-stitching t-shirts.   |
| 6. Name: Button Stitch Machine<br>Make: Brother<br>Model: BE-438D  | The machine is used to attach various types of buttons to the garments like shirt, trousers, tops etc.   |
| 7. Name: Fusing Machine<br>Make: HASHIMA<br>Model: HP-400CS  | The machine is used to fix various types of interlinings to provide extra stiffness to the garments.   |
| 8. Name: Single Needle Lockstitch Straight Buttonholing Machine<br>Make: JUKI<br>Model: LBH-781                        | The machine is capable of sewing heavy weight materials such as bulky knits with maximum lift of work clamp up to 12mm to make high quality button holes in Men's Shirt, Blouses, Working wear, ladies wear etc. |
| 9. Name: 6 Thread Overlock Machine<br>Make: JUKI<br>Model: MO-6700   | The machine makes safety stitch which is used in run stitching, gathering in knits and woven garments, swimsuit construction etc.  |
| 10. Name: Twin Needle Feed of the Arm double chain stitcher<br>Make: Brother<br>Model: DA-9270-A                       | The machine is used in joining side seam, jeans inseam, balloon stitching etc.   |
| 11. Name: 4 thread overlock machine<br>Make: JUKI<br>Model: MO-6700  | It is used in seaming (over edging) knits and woven.   |
| 12. Name: Single needle direct drive straight lock stitcher with thread trimmer<br>Make: BROTHER<br>Model: S-7200A-303 | Used in all application of single needle lock stitching like run stitch/topstitch with ease of stitch length /pattern selection, automatic backtack, under bed thread trimmer etc.                               |
| 13. Name: High Speed single needle lockstitch machine with UBT<br>Make: BROTHER<br>Model: SL-737-403                   | Used in all application of single needle lock stitching like run stitch/topstitch with ease of stitch length /pattern selection, automatic backtack, under bed thread trimmer etc.                               |
| 14. Name: LECTRA CAD Plotter<br>Make: LECTRA<br>Model: ALYS-30   | It is used to print marker, patterns etc. when connected with CAD Software   |
| 15. Name: GERRBER Digitizer<br>Make: GTCO Cacomp<br>Model: SG63648   | It is used to digitize paper patterns, which can be further used in CAD Software for pattern grading, marker making etc.   |
| 16. Name: TUMBLE DRYER<br>Make: RAMSONS  | It is used to dry clothes after hydro extraction process in a heated rotating drum.  |



| Equipment |   | Purpose  |
|-----------|---|--|
| 17.       | Name: Textile Processing Machine<br>Make: RAMSONS<br>Model: RHTP-15                             | It is a type of tunnel washing with rotating basket where detergent mixed with hot water is sprayed for effective cleaning of clothes.   |
| 18.       | Name: Hydro Extractor<br>Make: RAMSONS<br>Model: RDD  | It is used to extract water with minimum energy requirement through centrifuge principle. The wet material is placed in the extractor, which has a wall of perforated metal, generally stainless steel. The internal drum rotates at high speed thus throwing out the water contained in it. |
| 19.       | Name: Stain buster (Stain Removing Work Station)<br>Make: RAMSONS<br>Model: CL-4                | It is used to remove stains with the help of cold spotting guns & dual steam cum air gun. Body designed to stand all types of chemical spray makes it more effective for wide range of chemical applications.  |
| 20.       | Name: Shirt Folding Table<br>Make: RAMSONS<br>Model: R-516                                      | It is used to fold formal shirt with minimal time and effort.  |
| 21.       | Name: Thread Sucking M/c<br>Make: RAMSONS   | It is used to suck loose threads, dust from a garment with the application of required air pressure.   |
| 22.       | Name: Computerized Embroidery m/c with standard accessories<br>Make: DEFU<br>Model: DF1H9061500 | It is a six head Computerized Embroidery m/c used to create embroidery design on fabric/garment with the help of a computer head in which required design floppy is loaded.  |

Images: Additional Equipment at Incubation Centre

|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |   |  |



**Images: Additional Equipment at Incubation Centre**

|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
|    |     |    |
| <p>Twin Needle Feed of the<br/>Arm Double Chain Stitcher</p>                        | <p>4 Thread Overlock Machine</p>   | <p>Button Stitch Machine</p>  |
|    |    |    |
| <p>High Speed Single Needle<br/>Lockstitch Machine with UBT</p>                     | <p>LECTRA CAD Plotter</p>  | <p>GERRBER Digitizer</p>  |
|  |   |  |
| <p>Tumble Dryer</p>   | <p>Textile Processing Machine</p>  | <p>RDD</p>  |
|  |   |  |
| <p>Stain Buster<br/>(stain Removing Work Station)</p>                               | <p>Shirt Folding Table</p>   | <p>Thread Sucking M/c</p>   |
|   |  |   |
|   | <p>Computerized Embroidery m/c<br/>with Standard Accessories</p>                     |   |



#### Details of Products Developed by COE

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
|   |   |   |
| Antimicrobial Baby T Shirt (Knitted, Cotton Crabyon 85/15, 30 Ne)             | Antimicrobial Baby T Shirt (Knitted, Cotton Crabyon 70/30, 30 Ne)             | Antimicrobial Baby T Shirt (Knitted, Cotton Silver Coated Nylon 95/05, 30 Ne) |
|   |   |   |
| Antimicrobial Baby T Shirt (Knitted, Cotton Silver Coated Nylon 90/10, 30 Ne) | Antimicrobial Polo T Shirt (Knitted, Cotton Crabyon 85/15, 30 Ne)             | Antimicrobial Polo T Shirt (Knitted, Cotton Crabyon 70/30, 30 Ne)             |
|   |   |   |
| Antimicrobial Polo T Shirt (Knitted, Cotton Silver coated Nylon 95/05, 30 Ne) | Antimicrobial Polo T Shirt (Knitted, Cotton Silver coated Nylon 90/10, 30 Ne) | Kidswear (Knitted, Cotton 100%, 30 Ne)  |
|   |   |   |
| Kidswear (Knitted, Modal Cotton 35/65, 30 Ne)                                 | Kidswear (Knitted, Modal 100%, 30 Ne)   | Kidswear (Knitted, Modal Cotton 50/50, 30 Ne)                                 |
|   |   |   |
| Man's Undergarment (100% Bamboo, 30 Ne)                                       | Lady's Undergarment (100% Bamboo, 40 Ne)                                      | Man's T Shirt (100% Bamboo, 30 Ne)  |
|   |   |   |
| Lady's T Shirt (100% Bamboo, 40 Ne)   |   | Combat Uniform (Nylon 66 Cotton, 50/50)                                       |



## Information Center at the Protech COE

The books and data sources available at the Protech COE are listed below.

### Books

|     |   |
|-----|---|
| 1.  | Handbook of Non-woven   |
| 2.  | Non-woven textiles  |
| 3.  | Military textiles   |
| 4.  | Advances in fire retardant materials  |
| 5.  | Textile in sports   |
| 6.  | Handbook of technical textiles  |
| 7.  | Polymer Data Handbook   |
| 8.  | Thermal and Moisture Transport in fibrous material  |
| 9.  | Eco textiles: the way forward   |
| 10. | Intelligent textiles of clothing  |
| 11. | Fabric Testing  |
| 12. | Engineering Textiles  |
| 13. | Smart textiles for medicine and healthcare  |
| 14. | Medical Textiles and Bio Material for Health Care   |
| 15. | Protective Clothing   |
| 16. | Wearable Electronics & Photonics  |
| 17. | Identification of Fibres  |
| 18. | Smart Cloths and Wearable Technology  |
| 19. | Ullmann's Fibres  |
| 20. | Design & Manufacturing of Textile Composites  |
| 21. | Smart Textiles Coatings and Laminates   |
| 22. | Advance in Yarn Spinning Technology   |
| 23. | Advances in Textile Biotechnology   |
| 24. | Textiles for Cold weather Apparel   |
| 25. | Handbook of Textile fibre Structure : Fundamentals and Manufactured Polymer Fibres (Volume I)           |
| 26. | Handbook of Textile fibre Structure: Natural, Regenerated, Inorganic and Specialist Fibres ( Volume II) |
| 27. | Interior Textiles : Design and Development  |
| 28. | Colour Measurement : Principles, Advances and Industrial Applications                                   |
| 29. | Advanced Textiles for wound Care  |
| 30. | Modelling and Predicting Textile Behaviour  |
| 31. | Sustainable Textiles : Life Cycle and Environmental Impact  |
| 32. | Textiles, Polymers and Composites for Buildings   |

### Standards

|     |                         |
|-----|-------------------------|
| 1.  | ASTM Vol. 11.03         |
| 2.  | ASTM Vol. 04.13         |
| 3.  | ASTM Vol. 11.03         |
| 4.  | ASTM Vol. 04.13         |
| 5.  | ASTM Vol. 07.01 & 07.02 |
| 6.  | AATCC manual            |
| 7.  | ISO 12402 - 1 : 2005    |
| 8.  | ISO 12402 - 2 : 2006    |
| 9.  | ISO 12402 - 3 : 2006    |
| 10. | ISO 12402 - 4 : 2006    |
| 11. | ISO 12402 - 5 : 2006    |
| 12. | ISO 12402 - 6 : 2006    |
| 13. | ISO 12402 - 7 : 2006    |
| 14. | ISO 12402 - 8 : 2006    |
| 15. | ISO 12402 - 9 : 2006    |
| 16. | ISO 12402 -10 : 2006    |
| 17. | ASTM Vol. 07.01 & 07.02 |



### Technical Manpower

|     | Name               | Qualification  | Experience (yrs) |
|-----|--------------------|--|------------------|
| 1.  | Dr. J. V. Rao      | B. Tech., M.Tech., Ph.D.                                       | 40               |
| 2.  | Dr. A. V. Agrawal  | M. Text, Ph.D., F.I.E., F.I.V.                                 | 21               |
| 3.  | Dr. M. S. Parmar   | M.Sc., Ph.D.   | 18               |
| 4.  | Dr. Surender Kumar | M.Sc., Ph.D.   | 25               |
| 5.  | Dr. A. A. Ansari   | M.Sc., M.Phil., Ph.D.  | 17               |
| 6.  | Dr. B. K. Sharma   | M.Sc., M.Tech., Ph.D.  | 19               |
| 7.  | Abhijit Pal        | B.Sc. (Text. Tech), MS (by research), F.I.E., F.I.V.           | 25               |
| 8.  | N. N. Sharma       | B. Text. (Tech.), MS (by research)                             | 34               |
| 9.  | R. K. Gaur         | B.Text., M.Tech. Dip. in TQM & ISO 9000                        | 28               |
| 10. | U. C. Sharma       | AMIE (Textile Engg.), MS (by research), M.I.E., F.I.V.         | 28               |
| 11. | R. S. Yadav        | B.Tech. (Text.), MS (by research), MIE                         | 21               |
| 12. | Vivek Agarwal      | B.Tech. (Text. Tech), MS (by research), PGDBM                  | 16               |
| 13. | Sanjeev Shukla     | B.Text., M.Tech. (Text. Tech.), PGDBM                          | 17               |
| 14. | Neeraj Aggarwal    | B.Text., MS (by research)                                      | 18               |
| 15. | A. K. Singh        | B.Text.(Tech.)   | 31               |
| 16. | A.K. Pandey        | B.Text. (Text. Tech.)  | 31               |
| 17. | A. K. Aggarwal     | M.Sc.  | 33               |
| 18. | M. K. Bansal       | Dip. in Text. Tech., MBA                                       | 20               |
| 19. | Neha Kapil         | M.Sc.(Textile & Clothing)                                      | 7                |
| 20. | Shweta Saxena      | M.Sc.(Textile & Clothing)                                      | 7                |
| 21. | M.M. Tiwari        | B.Sc., Dip. in Text. Tech.                                     | 29               |
| 22. | Maheshwar Singh    | B.Sc., Dip. in Text. Chem.                                     | 27               |
| 23. | C.B. Chourasia     | B.E. (Civil), M. Tech. (Civil)                                 | 20               |
| 24. | Vikas Sharma       | B.E. (Mech.), Adv. Dip. in Maint. Mgmt. & Condition Monitoring | 11               |
| 25. | Sanjeev Saxena     | B. Tech.   | 15               |
| 26. | Partha Basu        | B.Com., PG Dip. in Advt. & Mktg.                               | 21               |
| 27. | Krishan Kr. Dewan  | BHM, PGDBM   | 11               |
| 28. | R. K. Sharma       | B.Sc.  | 27               |

### List of Standards Formulated

Following standards have been formulated / reviewed at the Protech COE and communicated to BIS for acceptance:

1. Protective clothing for fire fighters
2. Textiles-resistance to ignition of mattresses, diwans and bed bases
3. Nylon life jacket with expandable polyethylene foam, buckle and whistle plastic
4. Nylon-cotton blended combat uniform cloth



In addition, specifications for the following items have been specifically prepared for the Indian Navy, CRPF (CoBRA) and other armed forces:

**Technical Specifications Prepared by Nitra for Indian Navy**

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
|  |    |  |
| Unarmed Combat dress<br>for Marine Commandoes                                     | Cap FS Blue   | T Shirt   |
|  |  |   |
| Shorts  | Socks   |   |

**Technical Specifications Prepared by Nitra for CRPF (CoBRA)**

|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
|  |   |                     |
| NYCO Uniform  | Life Jacket  | Multi Purpose Light Weight Load Bearing Frame<br>With Carrier Facilities and Convertibility As Stretcher |
|  |   |                     |
| Durable Combat Sack   | Water Proof Multipurpose Rain Poncho<br>With Convertibility as Bivouac               | Pouches  |
|  |   |                     |
| Anti-mosquito Veil  | Jungle Hat   | Balaclava with Convertible Properties as Cap<br>Comforter, Face Mask and Cold Weather Muffler            |
|  |  |                     |
| Tactical 3 Point Sling  | Special Operation Rope   | Nylon Belt   |



### Technical Specifications Prepared for other Agencies

1. National Disaster Response Force, Ministry of Home Affairs: Development of colour specification of uniform
2. RPSF: Development of colour specification of uniform
3. DBEL: Development of test method of dope dyed material

### R&D Projects on Technical Textiles Undertaken/Under Progress

NITRA has successfully completed the following projects on Technical Textiles:

1. Development of fire resistant equipment
2. Development of industrial fabrics
3. Protective clothing from jute
4. Development of antimicrobial fabric
5. Development of UV resistant fabric
6. Work-wear for protection against pesticides

Following products have been developed:

1. NYCO fabric for Paramilitary and Military combat uniforms
2. Personal protective textile using novel fibre
3. Functional fabric to provide bacterial & ultraviolet protection to the skin (bamboo)
4. Extra soft knitted fabric for inner wear/kids wear by using 'High Performance Modal Fibre'

### Training Programmes Offered

#### Supervisory Level Programs on Protective Textile

1. Heat resistant fabrics
2. Fire resistant fabrics
3. Fabrics for Extreme cold
4. Bullet Proof fabrics
5. Fabric for UV radiation protection
6. Fabric for Nuclear radiation protection
7. Fabric for Biological Protection
8. Fabric for Electromagnetic radiation protection
9. Fabric for Reduced Visibility Protection
10. Fabric for Chemical Protection
11. Cut resistant fabric
12. High-Visibility fabric

#### Programs For Laboratory Technician & Quality Controller

1. Testing & evaluation of Heat resistant fabrics
2. Testing & evaluation of Fire resistant fabrics
3. Testing & evaluation of Extreme cold fabrics
4. Testing & evaluation of Bullet Proof fabrics
5. Testing & evaluation of fabric for UV radiation protection
6. Testing & evaluation of fabric for Nuclear radiation protection
7. Testing & evaluation of fabric for Biological Protection
8. Testing & evaluation of fabric for Electromagnetic radiation protection
9. Testing & evaluation of fabric for Reduced Visibility Protection
10. Testing & evaluation of fabric for Chemical Protection
11. Testing & evaluation of Hi-Visibility fabric
12. Testing & evaluation of Cut resistant fabric
13. Tester-Fibre -length, Strength, elongation, fineness, crimp, etc.
14. Tester-Yarn Count, Strength, elongation, Twist, Evenness, etc.
15. Tester-Fabric structure, Strength, dimensions, abrasion, pilling, etc.
16. Tester-Blend Analysis



#### **Operator Level Programs**

1. Coating machine operator
2. Needle punching adhesive based non-woven machine operator
3. Sewing machine operator for heavy duty fabrics
4. Multilayer Industrial fabrics weaver
5. High speed knitting machine operator

#### **Foreign Collaboration Details**

NITRA has entered into an agreement with University of Bolton, U.K. to conduct collaborative research in the area of Protective Textiles. The areas earmarked in the agreement are:

- Cooperate and exchange research findings for mutual benefits.
- Provide facilities for quality testing at respective institutions for research purpose.
- Support and engage in research dissemination activities such as journal publications and conference presentations in the areas of Protech.
- Support each other for staff deputation and training in the area of Protective Textiles.
- Deputation of experts and scientists for guidance in research work on mutually agreed terms.

#### **Details of Prototypes Developed**

Following instruments have been developed by NITRA:

1. Smoke Visibility Tester
  - This instrument is developed as per UIC 564-2 Appendix 15 and is used to determine the effect of smoke generated on visibility.
2. Fire Resistance Tester
  - This instrument is developed as per UIC 564-2 and is used to determine the effect of fire on various materials.
3. Flammability Tester
  - This instrument is developed as per BS 5438 and is used to determine the effect of fire on textile materials in vertical mode.

#### **Type of Technical Consultancy Provided/Offered**

The Protech COE also provides support in the following areas:

- Quality Management
- Process House Study
- Computer Aided Textile Designing
- Defect Analysis
- Product Development and its Evaluation
- Package Design Consultancy on Recovery or Treatment for Textile Effluent
- Air Quality Monitoring (Stack & Ambient)
- Pilot Plant Study for Specific Design relating to Paper & Beverage Industries
- Performance Evaluation of Textile Export House
- Electrical Energy & Safety Audit
- Thermal Energy Audit
- Thermal Insulation Audit
- Power Quality Audit
- Environmental Audits
- Air Pollution Abatement
- E.T.P Operator's Training
- Assessment of Workers Turnover & Absenteeism
- Training System Audit
- D.G. Audit
- Automation & Modification
- Steam Trap Maintenance Audit
- Humidification Audit
- Industrial Furnace Audit
- Environmental Surveys/ Rapid EIA
- Laboratory as well as pilot plant scale R & D studies on typical effluents
- Testing (analysis) of Effluent & Water Samples



## List of Companies Engaged in Manufacturing of Protective Textiles

### List of Indian Manufacturers

|     | Name                             | Country | Website  |
|-----|----------------------------------|---------|--|
| 1.  | Adigear International            | India   | <a href="http://www.adigear.com">www.adigear.com</a>               |
| 2.  | Alok Industries                  | India   | <a href="http://www.alokind.com">www.alokind.com</a>               |
| 3.  | Alps Industries Ltd.             | India   | <a href="http://www.alpsindustries.com">www.alpsindustries.com</a> |
| 4.  | Arvind Ltd.                      | India   | <a href="http://www.arvindmills.com">www.arvindmills.com</a>       |
| 5.  | Baswara syntax Ltd.              | India   | <a href="http://www.banswarasyntax.com">www.banswarasyntax.com</a> |
| 6.  | Delkon Textiles Pvt. Ltd.        | India   | <a href="http://www.delkontextiles.com">www.delkontextiles.com</a> |
| 7.  | Jaya Shree Textiles              | India   | <a href="http://www.jayashree-iril.com">www.jayashree-iril.com</a> |
| 8.  | JCT Ltd.                         | India   | <a href="http://www.jct.co.in">www.jct.co.in</a>                   |
| 9.  | Kusumgar                         | India   | <a href="http://www.kusumgar.com">www.kusumgar.com</a>             |
| 10. | Mafatlal Industries Ltd.         | India   | <a href="http://www.mafatlals.com">www.mafatlals.com</a>           |
| 11. | Reliance Industries Ltd.         | India   | <a href="http://www.ril.com">www.ril.com</a>                       |
| 12. | RSWM                             | India   | <a href="http://www.lnjbhilwara.com">www.lnjbhilwara.com</a>       |
| 13. | Shree Lakshmi Cotsyn Ltd.        | India   | <a href="http://www.shrilakshmi.in">www.shrilakshmi.in</a>         |
| 14. | Superior Fabrics                 | India   | <a href="http://www.superiorfabrics.in">www.superiorfabrics.in</a> |
| 15. | Surya Processors (P) Ltd.        | India   | <a href="http://www.suryatextiles.com">www.suryatextiles.com</a>   |
| 16. | Tarasafe International Pvt. Ltd. | India   | <a href="http://www.tarasafe.in">www.tarasafe.in</a>               |

### List of International Manufacturers

|     | Name                         | Country      | Website  |
|-----|------------------------------|--------------|--|
| 1.  | 3 M                          | USA          | <a href="http://www.3m.com/scotchlite">www.3m.com/scotchlite</a>                         |
| 2.  | Ames Europe                  | Netherlands  | <a href="http://www.ames-europe.com">www.ames-europe.com</a>                             |
| 3.  | Andropol                     | Poland       | <a href="http://www.andropol.com.pl">www.andropol.com.pl</a>                             |
| 4.  | Argar Technology             | Italy        | <a href="http://www.argartechology.com">www.argartechology.com</a>                       |
| 5.  | Baltex                       | UK           | <a href="http://www.baltex.co.uk">www.baltex.co.uk</a>                                   |
| 6.  | Bel Maille                   | France       | <a href="http://www.belmaille.com">www.belmaille.com</a>                                 |
| 7.  | Blucher                      | Germany      | <a href="http://www.bluecher.com">www.bluecher.com</a>                                   |
| 8.  | Boos                         | Germany      | <a href="http://www.boos-textil.de">www.boos-textil.de</a>                               |
| 9.  | British Millerain            | UK           | <a href="http://www.britishmillerain.com">www.britishmillerain.com</a>                   |
| 10. | Burce                        | Turkey       | <a href="http://www.burce.com.tr">www.burce.com.tr</a>                                   |
| 11. | C.F. Weber                   | Germany      | <a href="http://www.cfweber.de">www.cfweber.de</a>                                       |
| 12. | Carrington Career & Workwear | UK           | <a href="http://www.carrington.uk.com">www.carrington.uk.com</a>                         |
| 13. | Concordia Textiles           | Belgium      | <a href="http://www.concordiatextiles.com">www.concordiatextiles.com</a>                 |
| 14. | Dupont Safety & Protection   | USA          | <a href="http://www.personalprotection.dupont.com">www.personalprotection.dupont.com</a> |
| 15. | Engtex                       | Sweden       | <a href="http://www.engtex.se">www.engtex.se</a>   |
| 16. | Eschler                      | Switzerland  | <a href="http://www.eschler.com">www.eschler.com</a>                                     |
| 17. | Europrotect                  | France       | <a href="http://www.europrotect.fr">www.europrotect.fr</a>                               |
| 18. | Everest Textile              | Taiwan       | <a href="http://www.everest.com.tw">www.everest.com.tw</a>                               |
| 19. | FOV                          | Sweden       | <a href="http://www.fov.se">www.fov.se</a>   |
| 20. | Frohn                        | Germany      | <a href="http://www.frohn-textil.de">www.frohn-textil.de</a>                             |
| 21. | Gehring Textiles             | USA          | <a href="http://www.gehringtextiles.com">www.gehringtextiles.com</a>                     |
| 22. | Gelvenor Textiles            | South Africa | <a href="http://www.geltex.co.za">www.geltex.co.za</a>                                   |



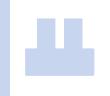
|     | Name                            | Country     | Website  |
|-----|---------------------------------|-------------|--|
| 23. | Glen Raven                      | USA         | <a href="http://www.glenraven.com">www.glenraven.com</a>                               |
| 24. | GTT                             | China       | <a href="http://www.guobatex.com">www.guobatex.com</a>                                 |
| 25. | Guardiantex                     | Germany     | <a href="http://www.guardiantex.com">www.guardiantex.com</a>                           |
| 26. | Hainsworth                      | UK          | <a href="http://www.hainsworth.co.uk">www.hainsworth.co.uk</a>                         |
| 27. | HDM/SuperFabric                 | USA         | <a href="http://www.superfabric.com">www.superfabric.com</a>                           |
| 28. | Ibena Protect                   | Germany     | <a href="http://www.protect.ibena.de">www.protect.ibena.de</a>                         |
| 29. | IBQ Fabrics                     | Spain       | <a href="http://www.ibqfabrics.com">www.ibqfabrics.com</a>                             |
| 30. | JB Broadley                     | UK          | <a href="http://www.jbbroadley.co.uk">www.jbbroadley.co.uk</a>                         |
| 31. | KAP                             | Germany     | <a href="http://www.kap.de">www.kap.de</a>   |
| 32. | Kermel                          | France      | <a href="http://www.kermel.com">www.kermel.com</a>                                     |
| 33. | Klopman                         | Germany     | <a href="http://www.klopman.com">www.klopman.com</a>                                   |
| 34. | Kolon FM                        | South Korea | <a href="http://www.kolonfm.com">www.kolonfm.com</a>                                   |
| 35. | Komatsu Seiren                  | Japan       | <a href="http://www.komatsuseiren.co.jp">www.komatsuseiren.co.jp</a>                   |
| 36. | Lauffenmuhle                    | Germany     | <a href="http://www.lauffenmuehle.com">www.lauffenmuehle.com</a>                       |
| 37. | Marina Textil S.L.              | Spain       | <a href="http://www.marinatextil.net">www.marinatextil.net</a>                         |
| 38. | Mectex                          | Italy       | <a href="http://www.mectex.com">www.mectex.com</a>                                     |
| 39. | Monotex/Shin Heung              | South Korea | <a href="http://www.monotex.co.kr">www.monotex.co.kr</a>                               |
| 40. | Noiret                          | France      | <a href="http://www.groupe-noiret.com">www.groupe-noiret.com</a>                       |
| 41. | Norafin                         | Switzerland | <a href="http://www.norafin.com">www.norafin.com</a>                                   |
| 42. | Oztek Textile                   | Turkey      | <a href="http://www.oztektekstil.com.tr">www.oztektekstil.com.tr</a>                   |
| 43. | Performance Global Solutions    | France      | <a href="http://www.solutions-globales.com">www.solutions-globales.com</a>             |
| 44. | Polartec                        | USA         | <a href="http://www.polartec.com">www.polartec.com</a>                                 |
| 45. | Pro-Belting                     | Germany     | <a href="http://www.pro-belting.com">www.pro-belting.com</a>                           |
| 46. | Safety Components International | USA         | <a href="http://www.safetycomponents.com">www.safetycomponents.com</a>                 |
| 47. | Savex Protection Textiles       | China       | <a href="http://www.savex-textile.com">www.savex-textile.com</a>                       |
| 48. | Schoeller Textil                | Switzerland | <a href="http://www.schoeller-works.com">www.schoeller-works.com</a>                   |
| 49. | Sioen Industries                | Belgium     | <a href="http://www.sioen.com">www.sioen.com</a>                                       |
| 50. | Sympatex                        | Germany     | <a href="http://www.sympatex.com">www.sympatex.com</a>                                 |
| 51. | Tencate Protective Fabrics      | Netherlands | <a href="http://www.tencateprotectivefabrics.com">www.tencateprotectivefabrics.com</a> |
| 52. | Textil Santanderina             | Spain       | <a href="http://www.textilsantanderina.com">www.textilsantanderina.com</a>             |
| 53. | Thai Taffeta                    | Thailand    | <a href="http://www.thai-taffeta.com">www.thai-taffeta.com</a>                         |
| 54. | Toray Industries                | Japan       | <a href="http://www.toray.com">www.toray.com</a>                                       |
| 55. | Utexbel                         | Belgium     | <a href="http://www.utexbel.com">www.utexbel.com</a>                                   |
| 56. | Verseidag Ballistic Protection  | Germany     | <a href="http://www.verseidagprotection.de">www.verseidagprotection.de</a>             |

#### Contact Details

Dr. J. V. Rao  
Director  
Northern India Textile Research Association,  
Sector-23, Raj Nagar, Ghaziabad - 201002  
E-mail: mail@nitratexile.org  
Phone: +91-120-2783334

## **Status of Newly Announced COEs**

Blank



# 7.COE on Composites

**Lead: Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association (ATIRA)**

## Background and Information of Parent Organization(s)

Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association (ATIRA) has been designated as the Center of Excellence on Composites. ATIRA's stated objective is to create a Centre of Excellence (COE) for development of advanced composites through newer and innovative processes in order to achieve weight reduction, high mechanical properties and cost competitiveness. Furthermore the goal is to enhance the knowledge base in composites through research, development and training.

### Ahmedabad Textile Industry Research Association (ATIRA)

ATIRA is an autonomous non-profit association for textile research. ATIRA was established at the initiative of Dr. Vikram Sarabhai and Shri Kasturbhai Lalbhai in 1947 with the support of the textile industry of Ahmedabad. It started in 1949 after due recognition by the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, Ministry of Science and Technology, Government of India. Later it was linked to the Ministry of Textiles.

ATIRA membership is voluntary and consists of 150 units spread all over India and abroad: comprising units engaged in ginning, spinning, weaving, process houses, composite textile units, manufacturers of fibres, dyes, chemicals, instruments, equipments and machinery.

The scientific and technological activities of ATIRA include:

- Process optimization for improved processed control leading to better quality, cost reduction and export promotion
- Development of new products, processes and design of new instruments, equipments and machinery with emphasis on industry/user collaboration/sponsorship as far as possible
- Supportive studies in areas of environmental pollution, management, human relations and policy aspects

## Infrastructure Facilities

### Testing Instruments

The following test instruments are available at the COE in ATIRA:

|   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <br>Apparent Opening Size Analyzer | <br>Thickness Gauge   | <br>Water Permeability: Perpendicular to the plane of the geosynthetic (without load, falling head) |
| <br>Tensile Testing Machine        | <br>Water Permeability: Perpendicular to the plane of the geosynthetic (with load) | <br>Water Permeability: In the plane of the geosynthetic (with load)                                |



|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
|   |   |   |
|   |   |   |
|  |  |  |

#### Test Parameters

##### Index Testing Parameters

- Fabric Weight (GSM) ISO 9863-1& 2
- Fabric Thickness ISO 9864
- Grab Tensile Strength : (ASTM D 4632, IS 1969, ISO 13934-2)
- Width Tensile Strength (BS EN ISO 10319, ASTM D 4595)
- Trapezoidal Tear Strength (ASTM D 4533)
- Pyramid Puncture (ASTM D 5494)
- Index Puncture (ASTM D 4833)
- CBR Puncture (ASTM D 6241, ISO 12236)
- Bursting Strength (ASTM D 3786,BS EN ISO 13938-1,ISO 13938-1)
- Dynamic Cone Drop Apparatus (ISO 13433)
- UV Resistance (% Retained @ 500hrs) ASTM D 4355
- System for Measuring Resistance to Weathering (DIN EN 12224)
- Apparent Opening Size (AOS)- ISO 12956
- Porometer for Pore Size Analysis
- Falling Head Water Permeability (EN ISO 11058 and ASTM D4491-99a)
- Constant Head Water Permeability (ISO 11058)
- In-Plane Permittivity (ISO 12958)
- Protection Efficiency (ISO 13428)
- Carbon Black Content Analyzer
- Carbon Black Dispersion Analyzer
- Melt Flow Index Tester



### Performance Testing

- Shear Box-Friction Properties ISO 12957-1 & 2
- Pull out Tester-For Geogrid material testing for Abrasion damage simulation
- Creep Test Apparatus (ISO 13431)-The test is carried out over a long period of time. The specimens are loaded with a constant static force, in constant ambient conditions of temperature and humidity. The elongation of the specimen is recorded continuously or is measured at specific time intervals. The load is maintained for a period of 1000 hrs. If the specimen fails before 1000 hrs., the time to rupture is recorded.
- Damage during Installation: ISO 17022

### Friction Behavior Of Geosynthetics In Soil

- Test Method: ISO 12957
- Test Equipment: Shear Box

### Information Centre

The COE Information Centre has a comprehensive repository of books, journals and standards to enable knowledge dissemination in the field.

### Books

The list of books available at the COE Information Centre is indicated below:

| Title   | Author   |
|---|--|
| 1. Environmental impact of textiles : Production, processes and protection  | SLATER (K.)  |
| 2. Structure and mechanics of textile fibre assemblies  | SCHWARTZ (P. ) ed.   |
| 3. Textile advances in the automotive industry  | SHISHOO (R.) ed.   |
| 4. Fabric testing   | JINLIAN (H. U.) ed.  |
| 5. Geosynthetics in civil engineering   | SARSBY (R. W.) ed.   |
| 6. Physical properties of textile fibres  | MORTON (W. E.) & HEARLE (W. S.)                                    |
| 7. Handbook of non-woven filter media   | HUTTEN (I. M.)   |
| 8. Succeeding like success : The affluent consumers of Asia   | WONG (Y. N.)   |
| 9. Quest for global dominance : Transforming global presence into global competitive advantage  | GUPTA (A. K.), GOVINDARAJAN (V.) & WANG (H.)                       |
| 10. Annual book of ASTM standards 2008 : Section 4, construction, Volume 04.13 Geosynthetics  | ASTM International   |
| 11. Brainstorming session on technological innovations in textiles, 30th April 2004 : Proceedings   | Office of the Textile Commissioner, Mumbai                         |
| 12. Bio-mechanical engineering of textiles and clothing   | LI (Y. ) & DAI (X. Q. ) eds.                                       |
| 13. Medical textiles and biomaterials for healthcare  | ANAND (S.), KENNEDY (J. F. ) , MIRAFTAB (M.) & RAJENDRAN (S.) eds. |
| 14. 3-D fibrous assemblies : Properties, applications and modelling of three-dimensional textile structures                                       | JINLIAN (H. U.)  |
| 15. Physical properties of polymers handbook  | MARK (J. E.)   |
| 16. Coated textiles : Principles and applications   | SEN (A. K.)  |
| 17. Recycling in textiles   | WANG (Y.) ed.  |
| 18. Designing with geosynthetics  | KOERNER (R. M.)  |
| 19. Handbook of technical textiles  | HORROCKS (A. R. ) & ANAND (S. C.) eds.                             |
| 20. Smart fibres, fabrics and clothing  | TAO (X.) ed.   |
| 21. Yarn texturing technology   | HEARLE (J. W. S. ), HOLICK (L.) & WILSON (D. K.)                   |
| 22. Recent advances in textile composites (Proceedings of the 9th International conference on textile composites) : TEXCOMP9, October 13-15, 2008 | ADVANI (S. G. ) & GILLESPIE (J. W.) eds.                           |



| Title   | Author  |
|---|---|
| 23. Cotton : Science and technology   | GORDON (S.) & HSIEN (Y. L.) eds.              |
| 24. Engineering textiles : Integrating the design and manufacture of textile products             | MOGAHZY (Y. E. EI)                            |
| 25. Handbook of weaving   | ADANUR (S.)                                   |
| 26. Modern textile characterization methods   | RAHEEL (M.) ed.                               |
| 27. Ullmann's fibers 1 : Fiber classes, production and characterization                           | ULLMANN                                       |
| 28. Ullmann's fibers 2 : Textile and dyeing technologies, high performance and optical fibers     | ULLMANN                                       |
| 29. Advances in apparel production  | FAIRHURST (C.) ed.                            |
| 30. Materials in sports equipment : Volume 2  | SUBIC (A.) ed.                                |
| 31. Intelligent textiles and clothing   | MATTILA (H. R.) ed.                           |
| 32. Fire retardant materials  | HORROCKS (A. R.) & PRICE (D.) eds.            |
| 33. 3-D textile reinforcements in composite materials   | MIRAVETE (A.) ed.                             |
| 34. Textile in automotive engineering   | FUNG (W. ) & HARDCASTLE (M.)                  |
| 35. 3D fibre reinforced polymer composites  | TONG (L.), MOURITZ (A. P.) & BANNISTER (M. K) |
| 36. Smart clothes and wearable technology   | McCANN (J.) & BRYSON (D.) eds.                |
| 37. High speed spinning of polyester and its blends with viscose : A practical guide              | NANAL (S. Y. ) & GARDE (A. R.)                |
| 38. Chemical finishing of textiles  | SCHINDLER (W. D.) & HAUSER (P. J.)            |
| 39. Composite solutions thermosets and thermoplastics   | REYNE (M.) ed.                                |
| 40. Composite materials in construction and civil engineering                                     | JEC Group                                     |
| 41. JEC 2009 forum proceedings : Biomaterials forum 26th March 2009, Paris                        | JEC Composites, Paris                         |
| 42. Strength & life of composites   | TSAI (S. W. ) ed.                             |
| 43. JEC 2009 forum proceedings : Wind energy forum, 24th March 2009, Paris                        | JEC Composites, Paris                         |
| 44. JEC 2009 forum proceedings : Civil engineering forum, 25th March 2009, Paris                  | JEC Composites, Paris                         |
| 45. JEC 2009 forum proceedings : Rail and road transportation forum, 25th March 2009, Paris       | JEC Composites, Paris                         |
| 46. JEC 2009 forum proceedings : Aeronautics forum, 15th October, 2009, Singapore                 | JEC Composites, Singapore                     |
| 47. JEC 2009 forum proceedings : Wind energy forum, 15th October 2009, Singapore                  | JEC Composites, Singapore                     |
| 48. JEC 2009 forum proceedings : Automotive & mass transportation, 16th October 2009, Singapore   | JEC Composites, Singapore                     |
| 49. JEC 2009 forum proceedings : Construction civil engineering, 16th October 2009, Singapore     | JEC Composites, Singapore                     |
| 50. Main dynamics of the Asia-Pacific composite industry  |   |
| 51. Composite materials in the aeronautics industry   |   |
| 52. Composite materials in the marine industry  |   |
| 53. Composites materials in automotive  |   |
| 54. Aeronautics forum proceeding  | JEC Asia 2008                                 |
| 55. Automotive & mass transportation forum proceeding   | JEC Asia 2008                                 |
| 56. Construction & civil engineering forum proceeding   | JEC Asia 2008                                 |
| 57. Annual book of ASTM standards 2009 : Section 7, Volume 07.01, Textiles (i) : D 76 - D4391     | ASTM International                            |
| 58. Annual book of ASTM standards 2009 : Section 7, Volume 07.02, Textiles (ii) : D 4393 - Latest | ASTM International                            |



| Title   | Author                              |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 59. Engineering apparel fabrics and garments  | FAN (J.) & HUNTER (L.)              |
| 60. Humidification and ventilation management in textile industry   | PURUSHOTHAMA (B.)                   |
| 61. Quality characterisation of apparel   | DAS (S.)                            |
| 62. Aircraft textiles : Interior fabrics and air cabin fashion<br>25 supplier profiles                    | FISHER (G.)                         |
| 63. Performance apparel market issue no. 29 (TISPAM)  |                                     |
| 64. Design and manufacture of textile composites  | LONG (A. C.) ed.                    |
| 65. Composite forming technologies  | LONG (A. C.) ed.                    |
| 66. Seven macro trends in the textiles and apparel<br>industry : Management briefing                      | International News Services         |
| 67. Automotive textiles : The changing landscape for tier 1 and tier<br>2 suppliers : 40 Company profiles | WILSON (A.)                         |
| 68. Surface modification of textiles  | WEI (Q.) ed.                        |
| 69. Sustainable textiles : Life cycle and environmental impact  | BLACKBURN (R. S. ) ed.              |
| 70. Chemicals technology in the coloration of textiles : Volume 1   | KARMAKAR (S. R.)                    |
| 71. Anthology of speciality chemicals for textiles  | SIVARAMAKRISHNAN (C. N.)            |
| 72. Colour technology : Tools, techniques & applications  | GUPTE (V. C.)                       |
| 73. Profiles in analysis of chemicals   | DESAI (N. F.)                       |
| 74. Advance in fire retardant materials   | HORROCKS (A. R.) & PRICE (D. ) eds. |
| 75. Textiles for cold weather apparel   | WILLIAMS (J. T. ) ed.               |
| 76. Automation of polymer composites manufacturing  | MAFELD (A.) ed.                     |
| 77. World wide composites industry : Structure, trends and innovation                                     | JEC Composite, Paris                |
| 78. Application of non-wovens in technical textiles   | CHAPMAN (R.A.) ed.                  |
| 79. Smart textile coating and laminates   | SMITH (W.C.) ed.                    |

### Journals

The following journals are available at the COE on Composites at ATIRA:

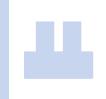
- Textile Research Journal 2009
- Journal of the Textile Institute 2009
- Textile Progress 2009
- AATCC Review 2009
- Asian Textile Journal 2009
- Coloration Technology 2009
- Chemical Fibers International 2009
- Mellian International 2009
- Indian Journal of Fiber and Textile Research Journal 2009
- Journal of Industrial Textiles 2009
- Technical Textile International 2009
- Textile Industry of India 2009
- Textile Trends 2009
- Textile World 2009
- Textile Asia 2009
- Journal of the Indian Society for Cotton Improvement 2009
- Modern Textile Journal 2009
- Asian Textile Business 2009
- Indian Textile Journal (April 2009 to March 2010)
- Textile Month (April 2009 to March 2010)
- International Dyer (July 2009 to June 2010)
- Press Clippings Textile Industry (July 2009 to June 2010)
- Textile Horizons (July 2009 to June 2010)
- Textile Industry & Trade Journal (July 2009 to June 2010)
- Geotechnical Testing Journal 2010
- Journal of Industrial Textiles 2010
- Textile Research Journal 2010
- Journal of the Textile Institute 2010
- Textile Progress 2010
- Indian Textile Journal 2010
- Textile Month 2010
- Coloration Technology 2010
- Indian Journal of Fiber and Textile Research 2010
- Technical Textile International 2010
- Textile World 2010
- Textile Asia 2010
- AATCC Review 2010
- Textile Trends 2010
- Textile Industry of India 2010
- Asian Textile Journal 2010
- International Dyer July 2010 to June 2011
- Textile Horizons July 2010 to June 2011
- Asian Textile Business 2010
- Chemical Fibres International 2010
- Journal of the Indian Society for Cotton Improvement 2010
- Mellian International 2010
- Modern Textile Journal 2010
- Textile Industry and Trade Journal July 2010 to June 2011
- Press Clipping : Textile Industry July 2010 to June 2011



## Standards

The following standards can be perused at the COE:

1. BS EN 1149-1 : 2006 Protective clothing - electrostatic properties Part 1 : Test method for measurement of surface resistivity
2. BS EN 1149-2 : 1997 Protective clothing - electrostatic properties Part 2 : Test method for measurement of the electrical resistance through a material (vertical resistance)
3. BS EN 1149-3 : 2004 Protective clothing - electrostatic properties - Part 3 : Test methods for measurement of charge decay
4. BS EN 1149-5 : 2008 Protective clothing -electrostatic properties - Part 5 : Material performance and design requirements
5. ISO set of - TC 38/SC1, TC 38/SC2, TC 38/SC 24, TC 38, TC 221 & TC 94/SC 13 on CD-ROM
6. BS EN 1150 :1999 Protective clothing - visibility clothing for non professional use test methods and requirements
7. BS EN ISO 7854 : 1997, BS 3424-9 : 1996 - Rubber or plastics -coated fabrics determination of resistance to damage by flexing
8. BS EN 348 :1992 Protective clothing determination of behaviour of materials on impact of small splashes of molten metal
9. BS EN ISO 9185 : 2007 Protective clothing - Assessment of resistance of materials to molten metal splash
10. DIN EN ISO 17070 : 2007 Leather chemical tests determination of pentachlorophenol content (ISO 17070 : 2006) English version of DIN ISO 17070 : 2007-01
11. ISO/IS 19036 : 2006 Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs - Guidelines for the estimation of measurement uncertainty for quantitative determinations
12. IS 15612 Pt. 1 : 2005 Textiles - Burning behaviour of curtains and drapes Part 1 Classification scheme
13. IS 15612 Pt. 2 : 2006 Textiles - Burning behaviour of curtains and drapes Part 2 Measurement of flame spread of vertically oriented specimens with large ignition source
14. IS 15612 Pt. 3 : 2005 Textiles - Burning behaviour of curtains and drapes Part 3 Method for determining the ignitability of vertically oriented specimens (small flame)
15. IS 15612 Pt. 4 : 2005 Textiles - Burning behaviour of curtains and drapes Part 4 Method for determining the flame spread of vertically oriented specimens
16. BS 5438 : 1989 Methods of test for flammability of textile fabrics when subjected to a small igniting flame applied to the face or bottom edge of vertically oriented specimens
17. IS Standards
18. IS 15758 Pt. 4 : 2000, ISO 15025 : 2000 Textiles Protective clothing
19. IS 15061 : 2002 Automotive vehicles flammability requirements
20. BS EN 659 : 2003 + A1 : 2008 Protective gloves for firefighters
21. ISO 11613 : 1999 Protective clothing for firefighters - Laboratory test methods and performance requirements
22. IS 12467 Pt. 1: 2006 Textiles - Assessment of the ignitability of upholstered furniture Part 1 Ignition source: Smouldering cigarette
23. IS 12467 Pt. 2: 2006 Textiles - Assessment of the ignitability of upholstered furniture Part 2 Ignition source: Match flame equivalent
24. IS 13501 : 1992 Textiles - Determination of flammability by oxygen index
25. IS 15589 : 2005 ISO 6940 : 2004 Textile fabrics - Burning behaviour determination of ease of ignition of vertically oriented specimens
26. IS 15590 :2005 ISO 6941 : 2003 Textile fabrics - Burning behaviour measurement of flame spread properties of vertically oriented specimens
27. IS 15727 Pt. 1 : 2007 ISO 12952 - 1 :1998 Textiles - Burning behaviour of bedding items Part 1 General test methods for the ignitability by a smouldering cigarette
28. IS 15727 Pt. 2 : 2007 ISO 12952 - 2 :1998 Textiles - Burning behaviour of bedding items Part 2 Specific test methods for the ignitability by a smouldering cigarette
29. IS 15727 Pt. 3 : 2007 ISO 12952 - 3 :1998 Textiles - Burning behaviour of bedding items Part 3 General test methods for the ignitability by a small open flame



30. IS 15727 Pt. 4 : 2007 ISO 12952 - 4 : 1998 Textiles - Burning behaviour of bedding items Part 4 Specific test methods for the ignitability by a small open flame
31. IS 15741 : 2007 Textiles - Resistance to ignition of curtains and drapes - specification
32. IS 15742 : 2007 Textiles - Requirements for clothing made of limited flame spread materials and material assemblies affording protection against heat and flame - specification
33. IS 15748 : 2007 Textiles - Protective clothing for industrial workers exposed to heat (Excluding firefighters' and welders' clothing)
34. IS 15758 Pt 1 : 2007 ISO 9151 : 1995 Textiles - Protective clothing Part 1 Method of determining of heat transmission on exposure to flame
35. IS 15758 Pt. 2 : 2007 ISO 6942 : 2002 Textiles - Protective clothing Part 2 Assessment of material assemblies when exposed to source of radiant heat
36. IS 15758 Pt. 5 : 2007 ISO 15025 : 2000 Textiles - Protective clothing Part 5 Assessment of resistance of materials to molten metal splash
37. IS 15764 : 2008 Textiles - Determination of burning behaviour of textile floor coverings
38. IS 15768 : 2008 Textiles - Resistance to ignition of upholstered composites used for non-domestic furniture - specification
39. IS 15781 : 2008 Textiles - Method for determination of flammability of blankets
40. IS 15782 : 2008 Textiles - Method for determining deterioration of visibility due to smoke released on combustion of materials
41. IS 6489 : 1993 Textiles - Woven fabrics - Determination of tear resistance by falling pendulum method
42. IS/ISO 105 - C10 : 2006 Textiles - Tests for colour fastness Part C10 colour fastness to washing with soap or soap and soda
43. IS 7903 : 2005 Textiles - Tarpaulines made from high density polyethylene woven fabric - Specification
44. NFPA 1977 Standard on Protective Clothing and Equipment for Wildland fire fighting 2005 Edition
45. NFPA 1975 Standard on Station/work Uniforms for emergency services 2009 Edition
46. NFPA 1971 Standard on Protective Ensembles for structural fire fighting and proximity fire fighting 2007 Edition
47. NFPA 2112 Standard on flame resistant garments for protection of industrial personnel against flash fire 2007 Edition
48. NFPA 1992 Standard on Liquid splash protective ensembles and clothing for hazardous materials emergencies 2005 Edition
49. DIN EN 13034 - 2009 Protective clothing against liquid chemicals - performance requirements for chemical protective clothing offering limited protective performance against liquid chemicals (type 6 and Type PB [6] equipment)(includes amendment A1:2009) English version of DIN EN 13034: 2009-08
50. ASTM D 751 : 2006 Standard test methods for coated fabrics
51. ASTM D 1603 - 06 Standard test method for carbon black content in olefin plastics
52. ASTM D 297 - 1993 (Reapproved - 2006) Standard test methods for rubber products - Chemical analysis
53. ASTM SEC 11 VOL. 11.03 : 2010 Water and environmental technology : Atmospheric analysis; occupational health and safety; protective
54. ASTM E96 / E96M - 05 Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials

### Technical Manpower

|    |                    |  |
|----|--------------------|--|
| 1. | Dr. S. Rahman      | M.Sc., Ph. D. Resin Chemistry, Nano Composites                           |
| 2. | Ms. Seema Patel    | B.E., M.E. (Textiles), Testing & Quality Assurance of Technical Textiles |
| 3. | Mr. Suresh Saini   | B.E. (Chemical), PGDPE (CIPET)   |
| 4. | Mr. Suketa Tyagi   | B.E (Chemical), M.Tech. (Plastic Technology)                             |
| 5. | Mr. Anup V. Devane | B.Text. (Textile Technology), Weaving expert (Technical Textiles)        |
| 6. | Mr. Amit Shah      | B.E. (Textiles), Weaving expert (Technical Textiles)                     |
| 7. | Mr. Amit Sehgal    | B.Text. (Textile Engineering), Weaving expert (Technical Textiles)       |



## R&D Projects on Technical Textiles Undertaken/Under Progress

The following projects are being undertaken at ATIRA:

- Construction related design as well as environmental design parameters for both woven and non-woven geo-synthetics
- Development of nano-fibre based textiles
- Spinning of fire retardant fibre blends on cotton system
- Development of fire retardant textiles

## Training Programmes Offered

Composites Manufacturing Process (Duration 1 Month)

## Foreign Collaboration Details

- ITA Aachen, Germany
- Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT), Germany
- Fraunhofer ICT, Karlsruhe Germany
- Bremen Institute of Technology
- Northwest Composite Centre, Manchester, UK

## Contact Details

Dr. A. K. Sharma  
Director  
Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association  
P.O. Ambawadi Vistar,  
Ahmedabad - 380 015, India  
Email: [atiraad1@sancharnet.in](mailto:atiraad1@sancharnet.in)  
Phone: +91-79- 26307921, 26307922, 26307923



# 8.COE on Indutech

**Lead: PSG College of Technology**

## Background and Information of Parent Organization(s)

PSG College of Technology houses the recently announced Centre of Excellence on Industrial Textiles. The COE on Indutech was sanctioned in March 2011 and the setting up of infrastructure facilities is currently underway.

### PSG College of Technology

PSG College of Technology is an institution of academic excellence, founded in 1951 by PSG & Sons' Charities Trust. The emphasis of the Trust started with vocational education & production oriented industrial training. Presently, PSGCT boasts student strength of around 7000 along with 450 faculty members, with 130 doctoral qualifications.

In addition to the Centre of Excellence on Indutech, the college also has the following additional centres of excellence:

- Centre for Robotics
- TIFAC-CORE in Product Design
- Center for Supply Chain Management
- PSG Agilent Center for Advanced RF Design
- Virtual Reality Centre
- Engineering Design Laboratory
- Festo Pneumatic Centre
- Laser Centre
- Education Technology Centre
- Metal Testing and Research Centre
- Thin Film Centre
- CAD/CAM Centre,
- Virtual Instrumentation Centre
- VLSI Design Centre
- Product Development Centre
- PSG LAPP Center in Cable Technology
- PSG - L & T Center in LV Switchgear
- Audio Processing Centre
- Centre for Technology Management

## Infrastructure Facilities

### Testing Instruments

The following instruments are proposed to be procured to facilitate the objectives of the COE:

| Name of the Equipment              | Description- Quality Parameters Tested  | Make  |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| 1. Zwick Z100                      | Tensile strength  | Zwick Roell, Germany                            |
| 2. Permetest                       | Dry heat & water vapour permeability  | Sensora Instruments, Czech Republic             |
| 3. LISTER                          | Liquid strike through time tester for coverstocks and absorbing materials   | Ms. Lenzing Instruments, GmbH & Co. KG, Austria |
| 4. Automatic Processor Tensiometer | Absorption/ wetting behaviour of powder and fibre sample  | M/s. Kruss GmbH, Germany                        |
| 5. Ge-Te-Flow                      | To test water permeability of non-woven, geotextiles, industrial textiles   | MS. Lenzing Instruments, GmbH & Co. KG, Austria |
| 6. Impedence Tube                  | To measure sound absorption coefficients and impedance  | Bruel & Kjaer                                   |
| 7. Wrap Reel                       | Preparing leas to determine count and leas strength of the yarns  |   |
| 8. Stiffness Tester                | Used to measure stiffness of fabrics. Results are expressed in bending length (to calculate flexural rigidity) and bending modulus of fabrics | SDL   |



| Name of the Equipment |  | Description- Quality Parameters Tested  | Make                   |
|-----------------------|--|---|------------------------|
| 9.                    | Crease Recovery Tester                                   | Rapid determination of crease resistance of fabrics   |                        |
| 10.                   | Launderometer  | Evaluation of colour - fastness to washing of the dyed and printed textiles   | SDL                    |
| 11.                   | Abrasion Resistance Tester (Taber/ Martindale) & Pilling | To determine the abrasion and pilling resistance of all kinds of textile structures   | SDL                    |
| 12.                   | Spray rating Tester                                      | Measuring the water-repellent efficiency of finishes applied to the fabric  | SDL                    |
| 13.                   | Electronic Crockmeter                                    | To determine the color fastness of textiles to dry or wet rubbing   | SDL                    |
| 14.                   | Flammability Tester                                      | To test the flammability characteristics  | SDL                    |
| 15.                   | Friction Tester for non-woven Fabrics                    | The fabric friction tester determines the static and kinetic co-efficient of friction for non-woven fabrics.                          | WIRA, UK               |
| 16.                   | Elmendorf Tearing Tester                                 | Elmendorf type tearing strength tester is used to determine the tearing strength of fabrics, plastic films or other similar materials | SDL                    |
| 17.                   | Bursting Strength Tester                                 | To determine the bursting strength and distension at burst of woven, knitted and non-woven fabrics                                    | SDL                    |
| 18.                   | Softness Tester  | To test the softness of the leather and textile material like coated fabrics with SPC software  | SDL                    |
| 19.                   | Liquid Absorptive Capacity Tester                        | To measure the absorption capacity of non-woven   | WIRA                   |
| 20.                   | Air Permeability Tester                                  | To analyze the permeability of a textiles   | WIRA                   |
| 21.                   | Hydrostatic Head Tester                                  | Water proofness of medium and heavy weight fabrics  | WIRA                   |
| 22.                   | FTIR Spectrometer  | Surface chemistry   | Thermo scientific, USA |

#### Information Center

The Information Center at COE on Indutech is procuring the following books and standards to enable information access to the industry stakeholders:

#### Books

| Woodhead Publishing |   |
|---------------------|---|
| 1.                  | Textiles in Automotive Engineering  |
|                     | W. Fung, Collins and Aikman Automotive Fabrics and J M Hardcastle, Consultant, UK |
| 2.                  | Application of Non-wovens in Technical Textiles                                   |
|                     | Edited by R Chapman, Consultant, UK   |
| 3.                  | Handbook of Non-wovens  |
|                     | Edited by S. Russell, University of Leeds, UK                                     |
| 4.                  | Smart Textile Coatings and Laminates  |
|                     | Edited by W. C. Smith, Industrial Textile Associates, USA                         |
| 5.                  | Handbook of Natural Textile Fibres  |
|                     | Edited by R. Kozlowski, Institute of Natural Fibres (INF), Poland                 |
| 6.                  | Bast and other Plant Fibres   |
|                     | Edited by R. R. Franck, Consultant, UK  |
| 7.                  | Regenerated Cellulose Fibres  |
|                     | Edited by C. Woodings, Consultant, UK   |



| <b>Woodhead Publishing</b>            |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| 8.                                    | Handbook of Textile Fibres: Natural Fibre<br>J Gordon Cook   |
| 9.                                    | Fibrous and Composite Material for Civil Engineering Applications<br>Edited by R Fangueiro, University of Minho, Portugal          |
| 10.                                   | Modification of Fibres for Technical Applications<br>S Mukhopadhyay, Indian Institute of Technology Delhi, India                   |
| 11.                                   | Composites Forming Technologies<br>Edited by A C Long, University of Nottingham, UK  |
| 12.                                   | Handbook of Technical Textiles<br>Edited by A R Horrocks and S C Anand, University of Bolton, UK                                   |
| 13.                                   | Automotive Textiles<br>S Mukhopadhyay and J F Partridge  |
| 14.                                   | Textile Terms and Definitions<br>M J Denton and P N Daniels  |
| 15.                                   | Advanced Textiles for Wound Care<br>Edited by S Rajendran, University of Bolton, UK  |
| <b>Elsevier Publications</b>          |  |
| 1.                                    | Handbook of Non-woven Filter Media<br>Irwin M. Hutton, Filtration Consultant, Perry, GA, USA                                       |
| 2.                                    | Absorbent Technology<br>P.K. Chatterjee, Nutech International Co., B.S. Gupta, North Carolina State University, Raleigh.           |
| <b>CRC Press</b>                      |  |
| 1.                                    | Wellington Sears Handbook of Industrial Textiles<br>Sabit Adanur, Auburn University.<br>Edited by Xiaoming Tao                     |
| 2.                                    | Advanced Technical Textile Product<br>Edited by R. Alagirusamy; A. Das   |
| 3.                                    | Technical Textile Yarns<br>Edited by Rose A. Ryntz; Philip V. Yanoff, E.I. DuPont Canada   |
| 4.                                    | Coating of Polymers and Plastics<br>Ajax, Ontario, Canada  |
| 5.                                    | Coating Technology Handbook<br>Edited by Arthur A. Tracton, BRIDGEWATER, NEW JERSEY  |
| <b>Textile Institute Publications</b> |  |
| 1.                                    | Absorbent Incontinence Products<br>Cusick, G.E. and Hopkins, T.  |
| 2.                                    | Thermal Bonding of Non-woven Fabrics<br>Dharmadhikary, R.K., Gilmore, T.F., Davis, H.A., and Batra, S.K.                           |
| 3.                                    | Developments in Non-woven Fabrics<br>Purdy, A.T.   |
| 4.                                    | Industrial Applications of Textiles<br>Bajaj, P. and Sengupta, A.K.  |
| <b>Wiley Publications</b>             |  |
| 1.                                    | Industrial Applications of Natural Fibres<br>Edited by Jörg Müssig, Christian Stevens  |
| 2.                                    | Non-woven Fabrics Raw Materials, Applications, Testing Processes<br>Edited by Wilhelm Albrecht, Hilmar Fuchs and Walter Kittelmann |
| <b>EDANA Publication</b>              |  |
| 1.                                    | Standard Test Methods for Non-woven Industry   |

### Standards

| <b>ASTM Standards</b>  |
|--|
| 1. Standard test methods for determining average grain size  |
| 2. ASTM Volume 07.01 Textiles (I): D76 D4391   |
| 3. ASTM Volume 07.02 Textiles (II): D4393  |
| <b>B S Standards</b>   |
| 1. Test methods for non-wovens. Determination of resistance to penetration by water (hydrostatic pressure) |
| <b>INDA Standards</b>  |
| 1. Harmonized test methods for the non-wovens & related industries   |
| 2. Standard test methods for the non-wovens and related industries   |
| 3. Individual non-woven standard test methods  |
| 4. Principles of non-wovens  |



## R&D Projects on Technical Textiles Undertaken/Under Progress

The following projects on Industrial Textiles are currently underway at the COE:

- Development of natural fiber non-wovens for acoustic applications
- Development of jute/wool blend non-wovens
- Development of natural fibre non-wovens for application as car interiors for noise control
- Bamboo blended non-wovens for automobile interiors
- Utilisation of chicken feathers for the development of non-wovens and value added products
- Development of natural fibre non-wovens for application as car interiors
- Production of an hydrophobic oleophilic kapok non-woven fabric for its potential application
- Analysis of natural non-woven geotextiles used in erosion control.
- Design & development of non-woven products using recycled fibres
- Non-woven textiles as health care products
- Development of odour free antimicrobial hospital linens
- Production and properties of non-wovens using comber noils
- Design and development of home textiles using non-woven fabrics

## Training Programmes Offered

1. One day workshop on "Industrial Technical Textiles-Products, Applications and Testing", on 17th August, 2011.

Areas covered:

- Needle punched non-woven products, their production and application
- Spun bonded and chemical bonded non-woven products, their production and application
- Technology Mission on Technical Textiles and Government support
- Industrial textiles testing and methods (yarns, ropes, cordages and coated fabrics-tensile strength)
- Surface chemistry analysis of textile products

2. A national conference on 'Industrial Textiles- Products, Applications and Prospects INDUTECH 2012' is planned to be organised in January, 2012.

## Foreign Collaboration details

PSG Tech's COE on Indutech is in the process of executing MOUs with two leading international institutions regarding technical consultancy. The institutions are:

1. University of Bolton, UK; and
2. Technical University of Liberec, Czech Republic

## Indutech Prototypes to be developed

The incubation centre for Indutech COE will support the innovators to access funds and technical know-how for the development of prototypes and also support them during the establishment of production facilities.

Indutech COE will also actively engage in training of students, faculty members of academic institutions and technicians from the industry to create awareness and knowledge about the technical textiles field as a whole. Short term courses shall be offered round the year to suit the requirements of the industry.

## Contact Details

Dr. G. Thilagavathi  
Head of the Department, Department of Textile and Fashion Technology  
PSG College of Technology, Peelamedu, Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu, India  
E-mail: thilagapsg@gmail.com  
Phone: +91 94435 05369



# 9.COE on Nonwovens

**Lead: DKTE Society's Textile & Engineering Institute (DKTE)**

## Background and Information of Parent Organization(s)

### **DKTE**

The D.K.T.E. Society's Textile & Engineering Institute was founded in 1982. It is based in Ichalkaranji (popularly known as 'Manchester of Maharashtra') which is one of the prominent hubs of the decentralized textile segment. The Institute has 8 departments, 175 full time academic staff and 2960 full time students.

The Institute is engaged in a wide array of activities as summarized below:

- Academic
- Research and Development Activity
- Consultancy (Trouble shooting, Turn key projects, Project appraisal)
- Training for Industry (Management, Technical man power, Machine Technician and Operators)
- Testing Facilities
- Seminars/ Workshops and Conferences (Dissemination of Technical knowledge and information)
- Training and Placement for Students
- Co-curricular activities for Students (Paper presentation contests, Project Contests, Quiz Contest etc.)
- Entrepreneurial Development Activity and Business Incubation

## Infrastructure Facilities

### **Testing Instruments**

The COE on Nonwovens will procure the following testing instruments:

| <b>Instruments</b>   | <b>Instruments</b>                         |
|--|--|
| 1. Water Permeability Tester                                   | 15. Direct Shear Apparatus                 |
| 2. Pore size Analyser  | 16. Fibre Orientation Web Measurement      |
| 3. Air Permeability  | 17. Universal Tensile Tester               |
| 4. Liquid-Strike-Through-Time and Wetback Property of Nonwoven | 18. Water Repellency Tester                |
| 5. Digital Bursting Strength Tester                            | 19. Vibroscope                             |
| 6. Water Transmission Tester                                   | 20. Digital Thickness Tester               |
| 7. Hydrostatic Head Tester                                     | 21. Digital Pneumatic Stiffness Tester     |
| 8. Digital Tearing Strength Tester                             | 22. Fibre Crimp Tester                     |
| 9. Softness Tester   | 23. Spin Finish Extractor                  |
| 10. Microscope With Microtome                                  | 24. Conditioning Chamber                   |
| 11. Water Vapour Permeability Tester                           | 25. UV Accelerated Weathering Tester       |
| 12. GSM Tester   | 26. Abrasion Tester Martindale / Universal |
| 13. LOI Tester   | 27. Electrical Resistivity Tester          |
| 14. Thermal Conductivity Tester                                | 28. Microbiological Resistivity            |

In addition to the above, the Institute already has the following technical textile testing instruments:

- |  |                           |
|--|---------------------------|
| 1. Lab coating machine                   | 6. Puncher tester         |
| 2. Bursting strength tester              | 7. Ball bursting          |
| 3. Vertical and horizontal flame chamber | 8. Banana fibre extractor |
| 4. Instron tester                        | 9. Carle Zeiss microscope |
| 5. Compression testing                   | 10. Universal wear tester |



## Incubation Center

The Nonwoven COE incubation centre proposes to procure the following equipment to assist the industry development efforts:

| Name of the Machinery/Equipment |                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1.                              | Needle Punched Nonwoven      |
| 2.                              | Spun lace                    |
| 3.                              | Melt blown                   |
| 4.                              | Spunbond                     |
| 5.                              | Coating & Lamination machine |
| 6.                              | Foam padder and Stenter      |
| 7.                              | Calendering machine          |
| 8.                              | Fibre retrieving machine     |
| 9.                              | Industrial stitching machine |
| 10.                             | Fabric inspection machine    |
| 11.                             | Slitter rewinder Machine     |
| 12.                             | Fusing machine               |
| 13.                             | Moulding                     |

## Information Center

The COE is equipped with the following literature and aligned resources.

### List of Books with the Institute

| Name of books   | Year of publication | Name of the publisher                   |
|---|---------------------|---|
| 1. Handbook of Nonwovens by S.J. Russell                                  | 2007                |   |
| 2. Non-woven Textiles by L.C. Wadsworth                                   | 1999                | Carolina Academic Press, North Carolina |
| 3. Handbook of Nonwoven Filter Media                                      | 2007                |   |
| 4. Nonwoven Textiles  | 1999                | Woodhead Publication                    |
| 5. Medical Textiles 96  | 1997                |   |
| 6. Textiles in Sports   | 2005                | Woodhead Publication                    |
| 7. Military Textiles  | 2008                |   |
| 8. Textiles for Protection  | 2005                | Woodhead Publication                    |
| 9. Nonwoven Textiles by L.C. Wadsworth                                    | 1999                |   |
| 10. Wellington Sears Handbook of Industrial Textiles by Sabit Adnur       | 1995                | Technommic Publicaton Co., USA          |
| 11. Hand Book of Technical Textiles by A. R. Horrocks                     | 2008                |   |
| 12. Automotive Textiles by Textile Progress Vol. 29 by S. K. Mukhopadhyay | 2003                | The Textile Institute Manchester, UK    |
| 13. Coated & Laminated Fabrics : 2000 & Beyond by AATCC                   | 1998                |   |
| 14. Coated Textiles by A. K. Sen  | 2008                | Technommic Publicaton Co.,USA           |
| 15. Coated Textiles, Principles & applications by A. K. Sen               | 2008                |   |
| 16. Composites Forming Technologies by A.C. Long                          | 2005                | Woodhead Publication,UK                 |



| Name of books  | Year of publication | Name of the publisher                           |
|--|---------------------|---|
| 17. Composites materials: Engineering & Science by F. L. Matthews & R. D. Rawlings         | 1999                | Woodhead Publication                            |
| 18. Fibre Reinforced Composites by P. K. Mallick   | 1993                | Marcel Dekker, Inc, New York                    |
| 19. Textiles in automotive engineering by W. Fung & M. Hardcastle                          | 2001                | The Textile Institute, Manchester               |
| 20. Military Textiles by E. Wilusz   | 2008                | Woodhead Publication, England                   |
| 21. Textiles for Protection by R.A. Scott  | 2005                | Woodhead Publication Ltd. & Textile Institute   |
| 22. Smart Textiles : Coatings & Laminates  | 2010                | Woodhead Publication                            |
| 23. Materials in Sports Equipment  | 2003                | Woodhead Publication                            |
| 24. Surface modification of Textiles   | 2009                | Woodhead Publication                            |
| 25. Smart Textile Coating and Laminates  | 2010                | Woodhead Publication                            |
| 26. Handbook of Advance material testing   | 2003                | Dekker  |
| 27. Intelligent Textile and clothing edited by H. R. Mattila                               | 2006                | Woodhead Publication, England                   |
| 28. 3-D Textile Reinforcements in composite materials by A. Miravete                       | 1999                | Woodhead Publication, Cambridge                 |
| 29. Nanofibres & Nanotechnology in Textiles by P.J. Brown & K. Stevens                     | 2007                | Woodhead Publishing Limited, Anand              |
| 30. New Fibres by T. Hongu & G.O. Phillips   | 1997                | Woodhead Publication, England                   |
| 31. New Millennium Fibres by G.O. Phillips & M. Takigami                                   | 2005                | Woodhead Publication, UK                        |
| 32. Smart Fibres, Fabrics and Clothing edited by Xiaoming Tao                              | 2001                | Woodhead Publishing Ltd. England                |
| 33. Medical Textiles & Biomaterial for Healthcare by S.C. Anand, M.M. Traftab, S. Rajendra | 2006                | Woodhead Publication                            |
| 34. Plasma Technology for Textiles by Roshan Shishoo                                       | 2007                | Woodhead Publishing Limited, England, CRC Press |
| 35. Medical Textile & Bio-materials for health care  | 2006                | Woodhead Publication                            |
| 36. Nano Fibres and Nanotechnology in textiles   | 2007                | Woodhead Publication                            |
| 37. Handbook of Nonwoven Filter Media  | 2007                | Elsevier  |
| 38. Nonwoven Textiles  | 1999                | Woodhead Publication                            |
| 39. Medical Textiles 96  | 1997                | Woodhead Publication                            |
| 40. Textiles in Sports   | 2005                | Woodhead Publication                            |
| 41. Military Textiles  | 2008                | Woodhead Publication                            |
| 42. Textiles for Protection  | 2005                | Woodhead Publication                            |

### Technical Manpower

|                        |                           |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Dr. S. B. Vhanbatte | I/C Director              |
| 2. Mr. S. S. Aparaj    | Testing/ Training Officer |
| 3. Reshma Ramanna      | Jr. Scientist             |



## R&D Projects on Technical Textiles Undertaken/Under Progress

- Geotextiles in Nonwoven application in paved road and unpaved road: non-woven needle punched polypropylene fabric - Ichalkaranji Nagarpalika, Ichalkaranji.
- Endless fabric belt for weighing machine - Tetra Pak, Nickrom, Pune
- Industrial fabric for military - Sunil Industries, Mumbai
- Development of filter fabric for vacuum cleaner- Modi Hoovers Ltd., New Delhi
- 1000d geotextile fabric-Marex Geogrids, Pune
- 20 x 30 peroxide bleached fabric for medical textiles-Sultangpure Textile Mills, Ichalkaranji (Johnson & Johnson, Mumbai)
- Development of needle punched Nonwoven fabric products from banana fibre
- Coir Nonwoven with cement composites
- Novel application of kapok fibre Nonwoven for recovery of oil spill
- Development of Nanometal oxide coated cotton fabrics with improved UV protection
- Development of antibacterial and conductive fabrics using nano-ZnO
- Investigating the modification of textile using plasma
- Development of flame retardant fabrics for school children along with Kumarguru College of Technology, Coimbatore

## Training Programmes Offered

- Various aspects of Technical Textiles, May 5, 2009 to May 7, 2009
- Weaving of Technical Textiles, June 8, 2009 to July 22, 2009
- Weaving of Filter fabrics-Costing & Marketing for Entrepreneurs in and around Ichalkaranji, September 20, 2009

## Foreign Collaboration Details

### Industry Collaborations

- Dogetech, Taiwan
- Xerolla AG, Switzerland
- Pinter, Spain
- SEDO, TREEPOINT, Germany
- Zinser Saurer, Switzerland

### University Collaborations

- Eastern Michigan University, USA
- School of Textile Technology, Indonesia
- Busitema University, Uganda
- Copperbelt University, Zambia
- Kenyatta University, Kenya
- NC State University, USA
- UCLA Extension, USA
- Troy University, USA
- DeVry University, USA



## Details of Prototypes Developed

Development of an instrument for measurement of acoustic characteristic of fabrics

## Knowledge and Industry Partners

DKTE has associated with the following organizations for the COE on Nonwovens:

### Knowledge Partners

1. Eastern Michigan University, USA
2. Texas Tech University, USA
3. Association of Nonwoven Fabrics Industry (INDA), USA
4. NWTEXNET Ltd., UK

### Industry Partners

1. SVM Nonwovens Pvt. Ltd., Hyderabad
2. Ruby Surgical & Allied Products Pvt. Ltd., Jalgaon
3. Reliance Industries Limited, Patalganga, Maharashtra
4. Deegee Cotsyn Pvt. Ltd., Amravati
5. Anjani Nonwovens, Kolkata
6. Sri Bhagirath Textile Ltd., Nagpur
7. Suvin Advisors Pvt. Ltd., Thane
8. SVG Fashions Limited, Daman
9. Ujwal Texprints, Sangli
10. Mahlo GmbH and Co. KG, Germany
11. Zenith Fibres Pvt. Ltd., Baroda
12. Obeetee Textile Pvt. Ltd., Mirzapur

## Contact Details

Prof. (Dr.) P. V. Kadole

Principal & COE Coordinator-DKTE COE in Non-wovens

DKTES Textile and Engineering Institute, 'Rajwada', P.B. No. 130, Ichalkaranji

District Kolhapur, Maharashtra, India 416 115

E-mail: dktestextile@gmail.com, pvkadole@hotmail.com

Web: www.dktes.com

Phone: +91 230 2421300

Fax: +91 230 2432329

Blank

Blank

**Centre of Excellence for Agrotech**

The Synthetic & Art Silk Mills' Research Association, SASMIRA  
Sasmira Marg, Worli  
Mumbai 400 030  
E-mail: sasmira@vsnl.com  
Phone: +91-22-24935351

**Centre of Excellence for Geotech**

The Bombay Textile Research Association  
LBS Marg, Ghatkopar (W)  
Mumbai 400086  
E-mail: btra@vsnl.com  
Phone: +91-22-25002652

**Centre of Excellence for Meditech**

South India Textile Research Association  
13/37, Avinashi Road, Coimbatore Aerodrome Post  
Coimbatore 641 014  
E-mail: sitraindia@dataone.in  
Phone: +91-422-2574367-9, 6544188, 4215333

**Centre of Excellence for Protech**

Northern India Textile Research Association  
Sector-23, Raj Nagar,  
Ghaziabad 201002  
E-mail: mail@nitratextile.org  
Phone: +91-120-2783334

**Centre of Excellence for Composites**

Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association  
P.O. Ambawadi Vistar,  
Ahmedabad 380 015  
E-mail: atiraad1@sancharnet.in  
Phone: +91-79- 26307921, 26307922, 26307923

**Centre of Excellence for Indutech**

Department of Textile and Fashion Technology  
PSG College of Technology, Peelamedu  
Coimbatore 641004  
E-mail: thilagaps@gmail.com  
Phone: +91 94435 05369

**Centre of Excellence for Nonwovens**

DKTE COE in Nonwovens  
DKTES Textile and Engineering Institute  
'Rajwada', P.B. No. 130, Ichalkaranji  
District Kolhapur 416 115  
E-mail: dktestextile@gmail.com  
Phone: +91 230 2421300

