How to Change All the commits message

To change the message of the first commit in the master branch, you can use the interactive rebase feature in Git. Follow these steps:

1. Start Interactive Rebase:

Open a terminal and execute the following command to rebase starting from the first commit:

git rebase -i --root

The --root option ensures that the rebase starts from the very first commit in the repository.

2. Pick the Commit to Edit:

This will open an editor with a list of commits in your repository, starting from the first commit. You'll see something like this:

```
pick <commit-hash> <first-commit-message>
pick <commit-hash> <second-commit-message>
pick <commit-hash> <third-commit-message>
```

The list will display the commit hashes and their associated messages.

3. Change the Command for the First Commit:

Change the word pick next to the first commit to reword:

```
reword <commit-hash> <first-commit-message> pick <commit-hash> <second-commit-message> pick <commit-hash> <third-commit-message>
```

4. Save and Close the Editor:

After making the change, save and close the editor. The rebase will pause at the first commit.

5. Edit the Commit Message:

Git will now open an editor for you to change the commit message of the first commit. Edit the commit message as desired, then save and close the editor.

6. Complete the Rebase:

Once you've saved the new commit message, Git will proceed with the rebase and apply the changes.

7. Force Push to Update the Remote (if necessary):

If the branch is already pushed to a remote (like GitHub or GitLab), you'll need to force push the changes to update the history on the remote:

git push --force

Be cautious when force-pushing, especially if you are working with others on the same branch, as it rewrites the history of the repository. Make sure everyone is aware of the changes.