

# DNS

Domain name servers if you host web site then that web site hosted on IP address. Domain give you memorable name

Hosting give you the space to store all the files in web servers and give you the servers names of them

now DNS request goes to the resolver → resolver search what is the www.google.com is then resolver go for root servers then root servers give the reference of another servers resolver ask again same query to reference servers in response the servers give the address of the query of google.com and at that location we have google.com (in that location we have IP to do operation)  
≡ all servers knows that info from registry that hosting & and store the data.

3 main steps for hosting..

1 Register Domain name - www.example.com

2 Create host zone - take host servers  
create DNS Record (files of HTML....)

3 "Delegate" to Route 53 - give domain the servers name  
this is also can register - give (DNS) the host name (Host name)

## \*\*taking DNS\*\*

- we can do it from Route 53
- use another registrar (godaddy, GoDaddy, Google...)

## AWS Route 53 DNS

1. Give domain name and see if it's available.
2. It shows available domains.
3. Select and proceed forward and give time that you are using this domain for and pay (1 year to 10 years) auto renew.
4. Contact info for reg. (pay purchase and done)

If you register your domain from Route 53 then it automatically creates Route 53 and creates host zone.

## OR

You have to give registrar the name servers that you are getting from hosting web servers.

## \*\*hosting zone\*\*

(if Route 53)

1. Go to the hosted zone in Route 53 or take your web and go to create.
2. If there is no record from Route 53 DNS then you have to create (create Record Set).
3. The Route then automatically defines in Route 53.

(OR)

1. Go to create Hosted zone
2. Enter domain name, type, comment, and press create.
3. Now there is records in hosted zone then there is servers links in your 3rd column (zone name)
4. We are going to create Route for DNS or sub DNS.
5. Create record set enter name as your = hosted server name (links)
6. If your sub domain points to same web page then we are going to create wildcard.

name:  (example.com) in simple Brackets that is the name

and in Round Brackets () that is default you don't have to write it



Type = CNAME  
value = example.com.

→ If your sub domain is change every time or sometime then that is not allowed. for that we have Alias in record creation.

Name = default (dont write anything)

Type = A - ipv4 address (from drop down menu)

Alias = Radio button Yes

Alias target = (select record from drop down)

example.com	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
sub.example.com	<input type="radio"/>
quickbooks.com	<input type="radio"/>

Commands

dig example.com - IP

dig NS example.com - Servers name

dig example.com +trace - each servers response