

## Assignment 2 (Indicies):

Test completed: 4/11/22

**Github link:** [https://github.com/Vijay-turaka/Advanced\\_Algorithms-Concordia\\_Assignments-](https://github.com/Vijay-turaka/Advanced_Algorithms-Concordia_Assignments-)

(2-1) using 2d matrix:

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```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int n, m, size=0, value, k=0;
    cout<<"enter inputs \n";
    cin>>n;
    cin>>m;
    int sMatrix[n][m];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            cout<<"enter array values ["<<i<<" ["<<j<<" :";
            cin>>value;
            if (value != 0) {
                size++;
            }
            sMatrix[i][j]=value;
        }
    }
    int Matrix[3][size];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            if (sMatrix[i][j] != 0)
            {
                Matrix[0][k] = i;
                Matrix[1][k] = j;
                Matrix[2][k] = sMatrix[i][j];
                k++;
            }
        }
    }

    for (int i=0; i<3; i++)
    {
        for (int j=0; j<size; j++)
            cout <<Matrix[i][j] <<" ";
        cout <<"\n";
    }
    return 0;
}
```

```
}
```

(2-2) using Linked lists:

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```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class Node {
public:
    int row;
    int col;
    int data;
    Node *next;
};

void createNode(Node **refFirst, int row, int col, int data) {
    Node *tempFirst = *refFirst;
    Node *newNode;
    if(tempFirst == NULL) {
        tempFirst = new Node();
        tempFirst->row = row;
        tempFirst->col = col;
        tempFirst->data = data;
        tempFirst->next = NULL;
        *refFirst = tempFirst;
    }
    else {
        while(tempFirst->next != NULL) {
            tempFirst = tempFirst->next;
        }
        newNode = new Node();
        newNode->row = row;
        newNode->col = col;
        newNode->data = data;
        newNode->next = NULL;
        tempFirst->next = newNode;
    }
}

int main()
{
    int n, m, value, k=0;
    Node *startNode = NULL;
    cout<<"enter size of matrix n and m \n";
    cout<<"enter n value: ";
    cin>>n;
    cout<<"enter m value: ";
    cin>>m;
```

```

int matrix[n][m];
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
        cout<<"enter array values ["<<i<<" ["<<j<<" :";
        cin>>value;
        matrix[i][j]=value;
    }
}
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    for(int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
        if(matrix[i][j]!=0) {
            createNode(&startNode, i, j, matrix[i][j]);
        }
    }
}
cout<< "\nprinting linked list representation:\n";
while (startNode != NULL) {
    cout << "* row[" << startNode->row << "]"-<< "col[" << startNode->col << "]"-
" << "data[" <<startNode->data <<"]--> ";
    startNode = startNode->next;
}
return 0;
}

```

### Self evaluation:

1. How long did you spend on this assignment?
  - a. 2hr
2. Based on your effort, what letter grade would you say you earned?
  - a. On a scale of 1 to 10. I would grade this as 10/10.
3. Based on your solution, what letter grade would you say you earned?
  - a. On a scale of 1 to 10. I would grade this as 9/10.
4. Provide a summary of what doesn't work in your solution, along with an explanation of how you attempted to solve the problem and where you feel you struggled?
  - a. For matrix approach I used 3\*m matrix where each stores row, col, data which makes simple as data increases and easy to traverse
  - b. For Linked List approach I create a node object which holds row, col, data as single unit and connect each node to new node.