#1.create dataframe
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('/content/train.csv')
df

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	(
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	
3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1000	
4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.0500	
886	887	0	2	Montvila, Rev. Juozas	male	27.0	0	0	211536	13.0000	
887	888	1	1	Graham, Miss. Margaret Edith	female	19.0	0	0	112053	30.0000	
888	889	0	3	Johnston, Miss. Catherine Helen "Carrie"	female	NaN	1	2	W./C. 6607	23.4500	
889	890	1	1	Behr, Mr. Karl Howell	male	26.0	0	0	111369	30.0000	
890	891	0	3	Dooley, Mr. Patrick	male	32.0	0	0	370376	7.7500	

891 rows × 12 columns



df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890 Data columns (total 12 columns):

Data Columns (Cotal 12 Columns):							
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype				
0	PassengerId	891 non-null	int64				
1	Survived	891 non-null	int64				
2	Pclass	891 non-null	int64				
3	Name	891 non-null	object				
4	Sex	891 non-null	object				
5	Age	714 non-null	float64				
6	SibSp	891 non-null	int64				
7	Parch	891 non-null	int64				
8	Ticket	891 non-null	object				
9	Fare	891 non-null	float64				
10	Cabin	204 non-null	object				
11	Embarked	889 non-null	object				
dtype	es: float64(2)), int64(5), obj	ect(5)				
memor	ry usage: 83.	7+ KB					

df.shape #891 rows and 12 columns

```
# total number of elements in dataframe
df.size
```

```
10692
```

```
# To dfficially check the null values
df.isnull().sum()
```

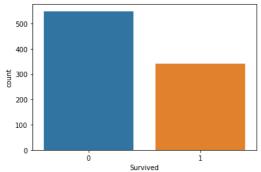
```
PassengerId
               0
Survived
               0
Pclass
               0
Name
               0
Sex
               0
Age
              177
SibSp
             0
Parch
               0
Ticket
Fare
               0
Cabin
              687
Embarked
dtype: int64
```

$\mbox{\tt\#}\mbox{\tt I}$ want to find out the exact count elements in each and every column df.nunique()

```
PassengerId
              891
             2
Survived
Pclass
               3
              891
Name
Sex
               2
Age
              88
              7
7
SibSp
Parch
Ticket
              248
Fare
Cabin
              147
Embarked
dtype: int64
```

Visualisation tells us about the no of people Survived and Not Survived #visualization - SEABORN import seaborn as sns #sns.countplot(x = 'Survived',data = df)

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f5b47d8db80>



#I want to know the exact count of the number of people Survived and Not Survived df.groupby('Survived').size()

Survived 0 549 1 342 dtype: int64

#an other way to find
df['Survived'].value_counts()

0 5491 342

Name: Survived, dtype: int64

df.Survived.value_counts()

0 549 1 342

Name: Survived, dtype: int64

 $\mbox{\tt \#I}$ want to know how many males and how many females were on Titanic $\mbox{\tt df.Sex.value_counts()}$

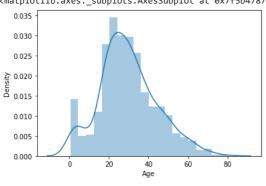
male 577 female 314

Name: Sex, dtype: int64

```
df['Sex'].value_counts()
     male
               577
     female
             314
     Name: Sex, dtype: int64
df.groupby('Sex').size()
     Sex
     female
               314
     male
              577
     dtype: int64
#I want the exact count
#No of males - Survived
#No of females - Survived
#No of males - Not Survived
#No of females - Not Survived
df.groupby(['Sex','Survived']).size()
             Survived
     Sex
                         81
     female 0
             1
                        233
     male
             0
                        468
             1
                        109
     dtype: int64
df[['Sex','Survived']].value_counts()
            Survived
     Sex
                        468
     male
            0
     female 1
                        233
     male
            1
                        109
     female 0
                         81
     dtype: int64
import numpy as np
survived_m = np.sum((df['Sex']=='male')&df['Survived']==1)
survived_m
     109
#Let us divide the Age column into 4 categories
young = np.sum((df['Age']>=0)&(df['Age']<20))</pre>
adult = np.sum((df['Age']>=20)&(df['Age']<40))
midage = np.sum((df['Age']>=40)&(df['Age']<60))
old = np.sum((df['Age']>=60))
print(young)
print(adult)
print(midage)
print(old)
     164
     387
     137
     26
#The age column has got 714 values
164+387+137+26
     714
#I want to find out the age of the youngest passenger
np.min(df['Age']) #here 0.42 years = 5 months
     0.42
#I want to find out the age of the eldest passenger
np.max(df['Age']) #80 years
     80.0
#DISTRIBUTION PLOT
sns.distplot(df['Age'])
₽
```

В

/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot' warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f5b4787e9a0>



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