Due: 2012/10/10 before class

Homework 3

Problem 1. A matrix is good if in each row there are no repeated elements, and in each column there are no repeated elements. How many good matrices are there with 2 rows and 6 columns whose elements are all from [6]?

Problem 2. For each n, find the simple form for S(n, n-2), S(n, n-3), s(n, n-2), and s(n, n-3).

Problem 3. Prove that the Stirling numbers of the 1st kind s(n,k) is an even number whenever 2k < n and n > 0.

Problem 4. Count the number of permutations x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{2n} of [2n] such that $x_i + x_{i+1} \neq 2n + 1$ for all $1 \leq i \leq 2n - 1$.

Problem 5. Suppose n > 4 and there is an array of numbers $a_1, a_2, ..., a_n$, where each a_i is either 1 or -1. If

$$a_1a_2a_3a_4 + a_2a_3a_4a_5 + \ldots + a_{n-1}a_na_1a_2 + a_na_1a_2a_3 = 0,$$

prove that n is a multiple of 4.

Problem 6. In an $n \times n$ matrix each entry is filled with an integer. In each step you can select one line (a row or a column) and change the sign of all the n numbers in that line.

Prove that in finite number of steps, one can change it to a matrix with non-negative sums on every line.