

Q2)

1)

```
sift_dir = "E:\Sem 6\CV\Assignment 3\sift_keypts"
for i in img_dir :
    if "1" in i or "2" in i:
        print(i)
        img_pth = os.path.join(img_root,i)

        img = cv2.imread(img_pth)
        gray= cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)

        sift = cv2.SIFT_create()
        kp = sift.detect(gray,None)

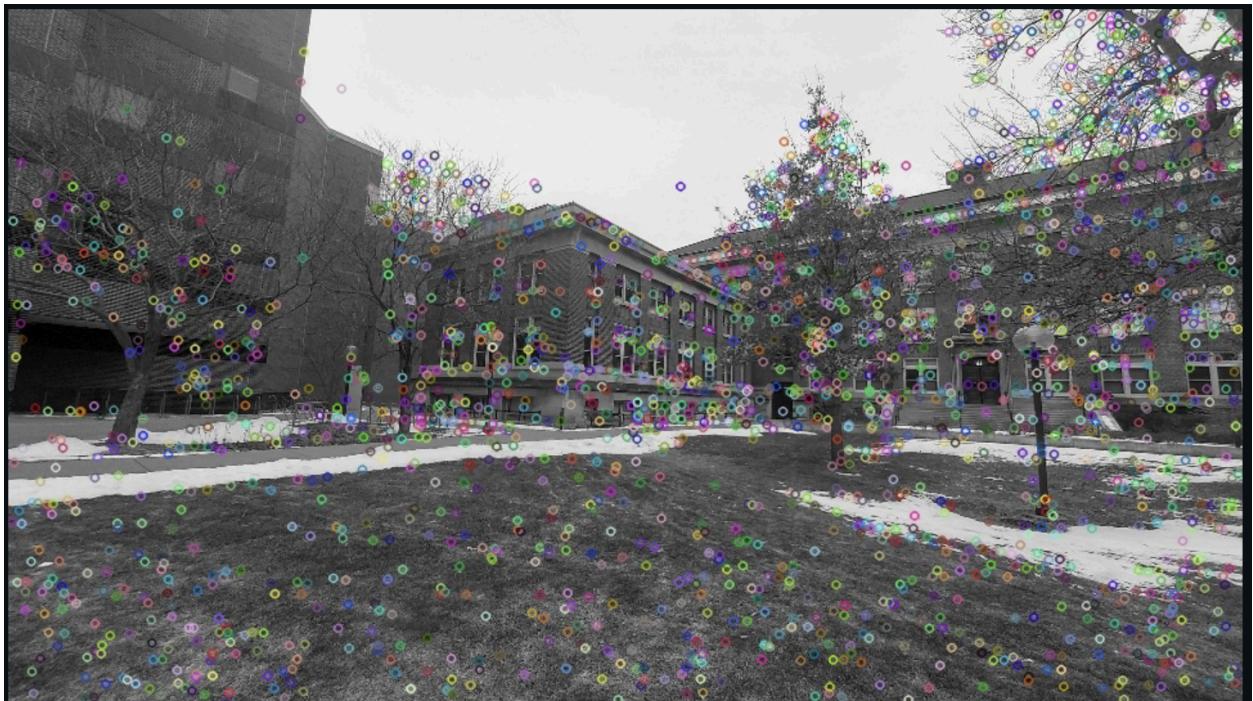
        img=cv2.drawKeypoints(gray,kp,img)
        save = os.path.join(sift_dir,f"{i}")
        cv2.imwrite(save,img)

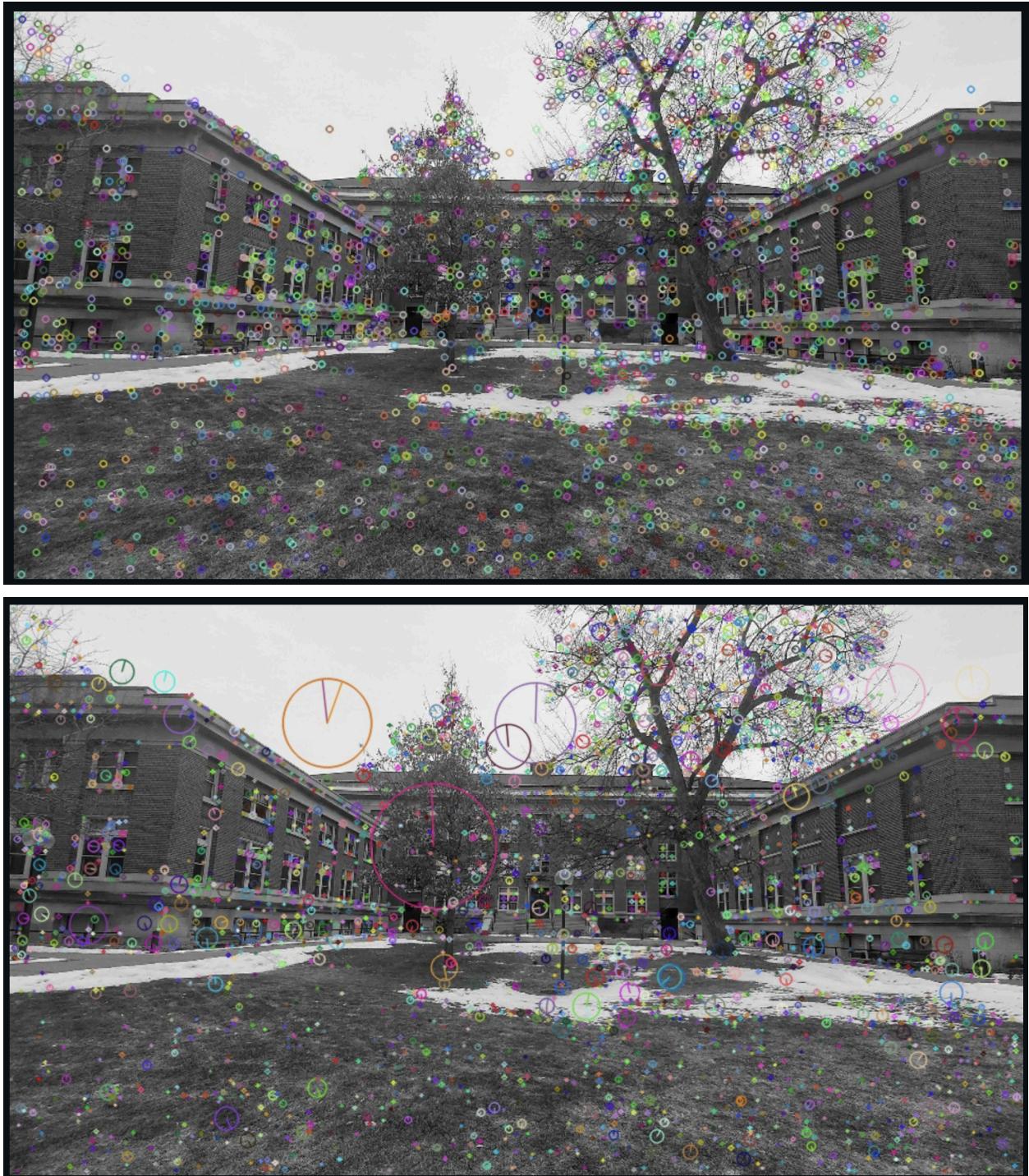
img=cv2.drawKeypoints(gray,kp,img,flags=cv2.DRAW_MATCHES_FLAGS_DRAW_RICH_KEYPOINTS)
        save2 = os.path.join(sift_dir,f"rich_{i}")
        print(save2)
        cv2.imwrite(save2,img)

        sift = cv2.SIFT_create()
        kp, des = sift.detectAndCompute(gray,None)

        txt_file = os.path.join(sift_dir,f"des_{i[0]}.txt")
        np.savetxt(txt_file,des)
        print(kp)
```

Img 1 :





ii)

Brute force based :

```
def brute_feature_matching(img1, img2):  
  
    image1 = cv2.imread(os.path.join(img_root, img1), cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)  
    image2 = cv2.imread(os.path.join(img_root, img2), cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
```

```

save_pth = "brute_feature_matching"
sift = cv2.SIFT_create()

# Detect keypoints and compute descriptors for both images
keypoints1, descriptors1 = sift.detectAndCompute(image1, None)
keypoints2, descriptors2 = sift.detectAndCompute(image2, None)

# Initialize the feature matcher using brute-force matching
bf = cv2.BFMatcher(cv2.NORM_L2, crossCheck=True)

# Match the descriptors using brute-force matching
matches_bf = bf.match(descriptors1, descriptors2)

# Sort the matches by distance (lower is better)
matches_bf = sorted(matches_bf, key=lambda x: x.distance)

# Draw the top N matches
num_matches = 100
image_matches_bf = cv2.drawMatches(image1, keypoints1, image2,
keypoints2, matches_bf[:num_matches], None)

src_points = np.float32([keypoints1[m.queryIdx].pt for m in
matches_bf]).reshape(-1, 1, 2)
dst_points = np.float32([keypoints2[m.trainIdx].pt for m in
matches_bf]).reshape(-1, 1, 2)

s = os.path.join(save_pth, f"brute_matching_{img1[0]}_{img2[0]}")
print(s)

cv2.imwrite(f"{s}.jpg", image_matches_bf)
# np.savetxt(f"{s}_src_points.txt", src_points)
# np.savetxt(f"{s}_dst_points.txt", dst_points)

print(f"image saved at : {s}.jpg ")

return src_points, dst_points

src_points_brute = []

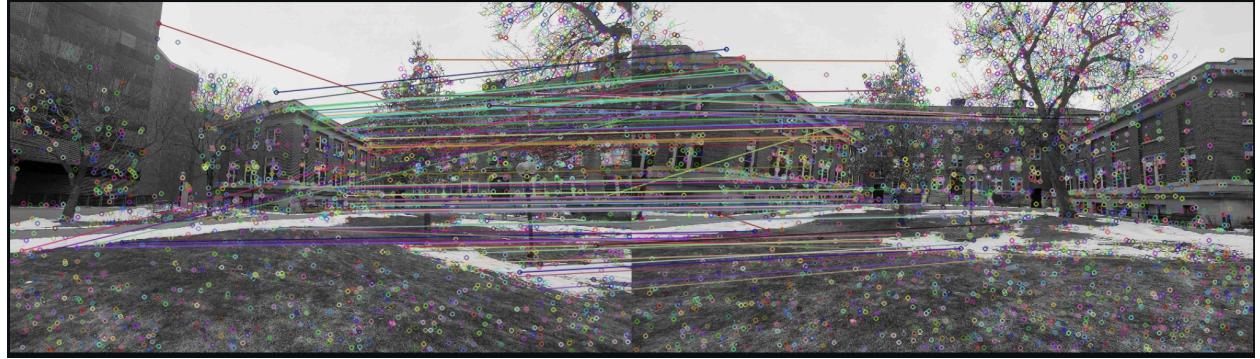
```

```

dst_points_brute = []

for i in range(len(img_dir)) :
    if i != len(img_dir) - 1 :
        sb , db = brute_feature_matching(img_dir[i],img_dir[i+1])
        src_points_brute.append(sb)
        dst_points_brute.append(db)

```



Flann based :

```

def flann_matching(img1, img2) :

    image1 = cv2.imread(os.path.join(img_root,img1), cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
    image2 = cv2.imread(os.path.join(img_root,img2), cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)

    num_matches = 100
    save_pth = "flann_feature_matching"
    sift = cv2.SIFT_create()

    # Detect keypoints and compute descriptors for both images
    keypoints1, descriptors1 = sift.detectAndCompute(image1, None)
    keypoints2, descriptors2 = sift.detectAndCompute(image2, None)

    index_params = dict(algorithm=0, trees=5)
    search_params = dict(checks=100)
    flann = cv2.FlannBasedMatcher(index_params, search_params)

    # Match the descriptors using FLANN matching
    matches_flann = flann.match(descriptors1, descriptors2)

    # Sort the matches by distance (lower is better)

```

```

matches_flann = sorted(matches_flann, key=lambda x: x.distance)

# Draw the top N matches
image_matches_flann = cv2.drawMatches(image1, keypoints1, image2,
keypoints2, matches_flann[:num_matches], None)

src_points = np.float32([keypoints1[m.queryIdx].pt for m in
matches_flann]).reshape(-1, 1, 2)
dst_points = np.float32([keypoints2[m.trainIdx].pt for m in
matches_flann]).reshape(-1, 1, 2)

s = os.path.join(save_pth,f"flann_matching_{img1[0]}_{img2[0]}")
print(s)

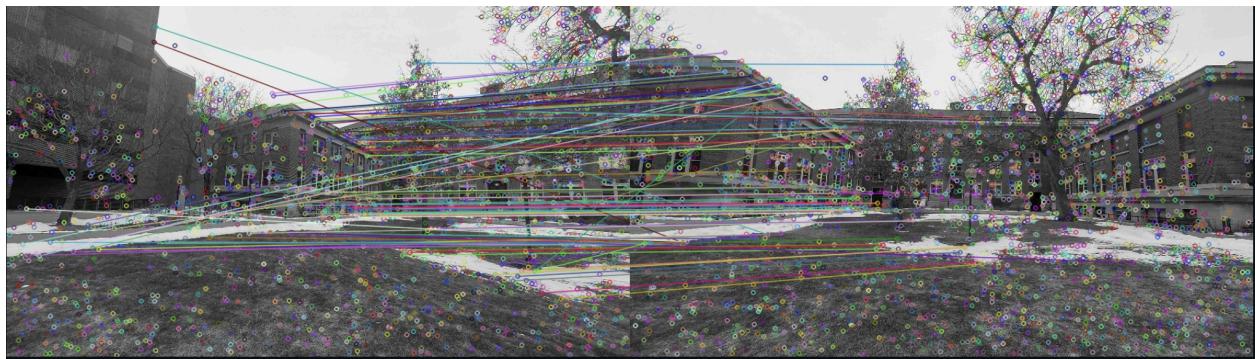
cv2.imwrite(f"{s}.jpg", image_matches_flann)
# np.savetxt(f"{s}_src_points.txt",src_points)
# np.savetxt(f"{s}_dst_points.txt",dst_points)

print(f"image saved at : {s}.jpg " )

return src_points, dst_points
src_points_flann = []
dst_points_flann = []

for i in range(len(img_dir)) :
    if i != len(img_dir) - 1 :
        sf , df = flann_matching(img_dir[i],img_dir[i+1])
        src_points_flann.append(sf)
        dst_points_flann.append(df)

```



iii)

Homography matrix for img1 and img2 :

Brute force matching

```
homography, mask = cv2.findHomography(src_points_brute[0], dst_points_brute[0], cv2.RANSAC, 5.0)
|
# Print the estimated homography matrix
print("Estimated Homography Matrix:")
print(homography)
✓ 0.0s

Estimated Homography Matrix:
[[ 5.28050204e+02 -3.12733007e+01 -1.85290951e+05]
 [ 1.59084913e+02  3.21052436e+02 -9.72796794e+04]
 [ 5.46025613e-01 -1.35011049e-02  1.00000000e+00]]
```

```
homography, mask = cv2.findHomography(src_points_flann[0], dst_points_flann[0], cv2.RANSAC, 5.0)
|
# Print the estimated homography matrix
print("Estimated Homography Matrix:")
print(homography)
✓ 0.0s

Estimated Homography Matrix:
[[ 9.85070865e+01 -4.26449231e+00 -3.46094591e+04]
 [ 2.95305455e+01  6.14283815e+01 -1.81893553e+04]
 [ 1.00837617e-01  4.77673022e-04  1.00000000e+00]]
```

iv and v)

```
def wrapping(img1, img2, src_flann, dst_flann) :
    image1 = cv2.imread(os.path.join(img_root, img1))
    image2 = cv2.imread(os.path.join(img_root, img2))
    result_width = image1.shape[1] + image2.shape[1]
    result_height = image1.shape[0]

    homography, _ = cv2.findHomography(dst_flann, src_flann, cv2.RANSAC,
5.0)

    warped_image2 = cv2.warpPerspective(image2, homography, (result_width,
result_height))

    # Resize the warped image to match the width of the second image
    warped_image2_resized_rs = cv2.resize(warped_image2, (image1.shape[1],
image1.shape[0]))
```

```

warped_image2_resized = warped_image2

# Create the resulting canvas
result = np.zeros((result_height, result_width, 3), dtype=np.uint8)

# Copy images onto the resulting canvas
result[:, :image1.shape[1]] = image1

res_prin = copy.deepcopy(result)

res_prin[:, image1.shape[1]:] = warped_image2_resized_rs

warped_image2_resized[:image1.shape[0], :image1.shape[1]] = 0

# Blending the warped image with the second image using alpha blending
alpha = 0.5 # blending factor
blended_image = cv2.addWeighted(warped_image2_resized, alpha, result,
1-alpha, 0)

blended_save = "blended_img"
result_save = "separated_wraps"

bs = os.path.join(blended_save, f"{img1[0]}_{img2[0]}_blend.jpg")
rs = os.path.join(result_save, f"{img1[0]}_{img2[0]}_sep.jpg")

cv2.imwrite(bs, blended_image)
cv2.imwrite(rs, res_prin)

cv2.imshow('Blended', blended_image)
print(f"Blended imaged saved at : {bs} ")
# cv2.imshow('Wraps', res_prin)
print(f"Separated wraps saved at : {rs} ")

cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

return

for i in range(len(img_dir)) :

```

```
if i != len(img_dir) - 1 :  
    wrapping(img_dir[i], img_dir[i+1], src_points_flann[i],  
dst_points_flann[i])
```

For image 1 and 2 :

Blended img -



Separated Wraps -



vi)

Stitched image (all)

