EDITH COWAN UNIVERSITY PERTH WESTERN AUSTRALIA			INTERNAL Semester xxx, 200x			
Unit Code and Title CSP2		204 Data Structures	SAMPLE PAPER			
Student Numb	er	SURNAME/FAMILY NAME	OTHER OR GIVEN NAME/S			
Please print clearly						

Duration Reading time 5 minutes

Working time 3 hours

Total time 3 hours 5 minutes

Attempt All question in Section A, THREE (3) questions out of

FOUR (4) in Section B, and THREE (3) questions out of

FOUR (4) in Section C.

Marks As indicated on paper. Total marks: 100

Type of Exam This is a restricted **OPEN BOOK** (textbook only)

examination. The textbook (Watt and Brown: Java

Collections) may contain annotations but must not contain

inserted sheets.

Special Instructions

- RECORD YOUR ANSWERS IN THE EXAMINATION PAPER.
- The 3-page booklet MUST be returned with the exam paper for recording your exam mark.
- Use the 3-page booklet as scratch paper if needed during exam.
- Calculator (non-programmable) is optional.
- There are a total of 13 pages.

Students are not permitted to write on the examination or any other paper during reading time.

Do not commence the examination until you are told to do so.

Section A: Algorithms and Fundamentals of Abstract Data Types (40 marks)

There are two (2) questions in this section, and each is worth 20 marks. **Attempt these two (2) questions**.

- 1. Algorithms Analysis (20 marks)
- 1) Answer the following questions

[4 marks]

- a) Apply *Floor* and *Ceiling* functions to Log₂111. (Must show your workings)
- b) The notation $O(n^4)$ means that its algorithm's time (or space) growth rate is proportional to _____.
- c) An algorithm that takes a certain number of steps to complete any given tasks has a time complexity of ______.
- d) What are the differences between an algorithm and a program?

2) For the following expressions, sort them into the order from slowest growth to fastest growth. (Must show your workings) [4 marks]

$$10n^2 + 3n + 500$$

$$0.001n^8 + 3n^7 + 11n^6$$

$$(2n + 11)^3$$

$$n^3 - 13n^2 + 10^{10}$$

$$17n + 60logn$$

$$100n + nlogn$$

$$2^n + 3n^3$$

$$(11n^3 + 0.2n)/(n^2 + 175)$$

3) What is the growth rate of the following method? (Must show your workings)

[2 marks]

```
public static int count(int[]a) {
    int j;
    int count = 0;
    for (j = 1; j < a.length; j++) {
        if (a[j] > a[0]) count++;
        }
        return count;
    }
```

4) Find the GCD of 51 and 85 by hand-testing the Euclid GCD algorithm shown on page 3 in the textbook (Algorithm 1.3). (Must show your workings) [3 marks]

Plus 2 more questions

2. Fundamentals of Abstract Data Types (20 marks)

You can find almost all the answers from Chapter 5 to the questions on this topic. Therefore no sample question is given here.

	firs	st 3 will be co	ounted.						
		rays (10 mainswer the following the following)		estions:				[5 m	arks]
	a) The number used to refer to a particular element of an array is							called	·
	b)	The process array.	of placing	g the elem	ents of an	array in o	rder is call	ed	the
	c)	Which of the nearly s	e followir orted array	-	methods is	the most	efficient n	nethod to s	sort a
		A) Selection C) Merge S			,	nsertion Souick Sort	ort		
	d)	True or Fals	se: An arra	ny can stor	e many dif	ferent typ	es of value	es?	
	e)	True or Fals	se: An arra	ny index sł	nould norm	nally be of	data type	integer.	
2)		nsider the fo							
	step-by-step the search for values 30 and 450, respectively. [2 marks] (Must show your workings)								narks]
a	[0]		•	_	a[4]	a[5]	a[6]	a[7]	a[8]
	11	30	52	100	137	203	400	410	500

There are four (4) questions in this section, and each is worth 10 marks. **Attempt ONLY three (3) out of these 4 questions**. If you attempt all 4 questions, only the

Section B: Java Data Structures (30 marks)

	nked Lists (10 marks) swer the following questions	[3 marks]
	The reference to the next node in a SLL is referred to as	
b)	True or False: The length of a linked list is the number of nodes in	ı it.
c)	Visiting some or all of the nodes in a SLL in a predefine order is c of the SLL.	alled
2) Giv	e explanations to the following questions	[4 marks]
a)	Why the binary search algorithm is unsuitable for linked lists?	
b)	What are the differences between a SLL and a Stack?	

5. 1)	Binary Trees (10 marks) Answer the following questions (Must show your workings) [3 marks
	a) How many nodes does a fully-balanced binary tree of depth 6 have?
	b) What is the range of possible depths of a binary tree with 120 nodes?
2)	What are the advantages and disadvantages of using a BST? [2 marks]
3)	How many internal nodes (ie, nodes excluding leaf nodes) does a fully-balanced binary tree of depth 8 have? (Must show your workings) [2 marks

6. Hash Tables (10 marks) 1) What is a hash table?	[1 mark]
2) What is the difference between CBHTs and OBHTs?	[1 mark]
3) True or false: Clustering is associated with CBHTs.	[1 mark]
 4) Suppose the following list is part of a student record. a) Use the hash function Hash(elem) = name's first letter - 'A' to construct a CBHT to represent this list. 	[2 marks]

Section C: Java Abstract Data Types (ADTs) (30 marks)

There are four (4) questions in this section, and each is worth 10 marks. **Attempt ONLY three (3) out of these 4 questions**. If you attempt all 4 questions, only the first 3 will be counted.

7. Stack and Queue ADTs (10 marks)

1) Answer the following questions

[2 marks]

- a) Would it make sense to call a stack a FILO (first-in-last-out) structure? Why?
- b) Would it make sense to call a queue a LILO (last-in-last-out) structure? Why?
- 2) Trace the following code, showing the contents of the stack after each invocation [note: push() = addLast(); pop() = removeLast()]:

[2 marks]

```
Stack stack = new Stack();
stack.push("Alice");
stack.push("Bart");
stack.pop();
stack.push("Carl");
stack.push("Doug");
stack.pop();
stack.pop();
stack.push("Emma");
stack.pop();
```

```
ArrayQueue q;
q.enqueue("Eagles");
q.enqueue("Lions");
q.dequeue();
q.enqueue("Cats");
q.enqueue("Tigers");
q.dequeue();
q.enqueue("Swans");
q.dequeue();
q.dequeue();
```

8. I	⊿ist	AD	Ts	(10	marks)
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1) Answer the following questions:

[2 marks]

a) Explain whether the following expression is true or false.

Feeling = << I, want, to, pass, this, exam, but, I, do, not, know, if, I, can, pass, it>>

b) In deciding whether to use an ArrayList or a LinkedList in an application, what factors make one choice better than the other?

2) On pages 173-175 in the textbook, Program 8.1 shows the Java implementation of text editor. [4 marks]

a) In this implementation, methods find(), insertBefore(), delete() and replace() all have a statement if (sel < 0)....
 Could we use only one such a statement at a position in the beginning of this program to replace the same statement in all methods above? Why?

b) In this implementation, suppose we apply method delete() to the following text file, which line will be selected after line 5 and line 0 are deleted, respectively?

Line 0	CSP1250 is Data Structures with Java.
Line 1	This is a new unit to replace CSP1243.
Line 2	It is a core unit to B38 and B39.
Line 3	It is elective to other steams.
Line 4	I believe I will pass this unit.
Line 5	It is one of the hardest units in computer science.

Plus 2 more questions

9. Set ADTs (10 marks)

1)	Ans	swer the following questions:	[5 marks]
	a)	What is the difference between a List and a Set?	
	b)	What happens when you try to add() an element to a set that all contains it?	ready
	c)	What happens when you try to remove() an element from a set not in the set?	when it is
	d)	What are the advantages and disadvantages of using a HashSet c TreeSet?	ompared to a
	e)	Explain whether the following expression is true or false.	
	Fee	eling = {I, want, to, pass, this, exam, but, I, do, not, know, if, I, can,	pass, it}

Plus tow more questions

10. Map ADTs (10 marks) 1) Answer the following questions: [4 marks] a) A map is also called a _______. b) An entry is a pair of _______. c) The cardinality of a map is the number of entries, which equals to the number of _______ in the map. d) What are the advantages and disadvantages of using a HashMap compared to a TreeMap? 2) Using examples to explain whether the following statements are true or false. [3 marks]

Plus one more question

a) A key may have more than one value in the same value field.

b) A value may have more than one associated key.

END OF EXAMINATION PAPER