OS Security

Assignment 1:

Assignment report for creating two Linux user accounts and setting file permissions so that only one user can read and write to a file, while the other user has no access:

Objective

The objective of this assignment is to create two separate user accounts on a Linux system and configure a file with permissions allowing only one user to read and write to it, while explicitly denying any access to the other user.

Environment

Ubuntu 22.04 LTS running on a virtual or physical machine with root or sudo access.

Procedure

1. Open a terminal with sudo privileges

- o Access your Linux system and open a terminal.
- o Ensure you have administrative (sudo) rights to create users.

2. Create the first user

- Run: sudo adduser user1
- Follow the prompts to set a password and user details.

3. Create the second user

- Run: sudo adduser user2
- Similarly, set a password and complete the setup.

4. Switch to user1

Run: su - user1

Enter the password for user1 when prompted.

5. Create a private file

- Run: echo 'This is a private file.' > /home/user1/private.txt
- This creates a file in user1's home directory.

6. Set file ownership

- Run: sudo chown user1:user1 /home/user1/private.txt
- Ensures the file is owned by user1 and their primary group.

7. Set restrictive permissions

- o Run: chmod 600 /home/user1/private.txt
- o This allows only the owner (user1) to read and write the file.

8. Verify the permissions

- Run: ls -l /home/user1/private.txt
- o You should see output like: -rw----- 1 user1 user1 ...

9. Switch to user2

Open a new terminal or log out and run: su - user2

Enter user2's password.

10. Test access from user2

- Try: cat /home/user1/private.txt
- o This should fail with a permission denied error, confirming user2 has no access.

11. Return to user1 to confirm access

Switch back to user1 and verify they can still read and write the file.

This setup ensures that only user1 has read and write access, while user2 (and all others) are denied access

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X
                              user2@SunilVijay: ~
 ■ Win64 OpenSSL Command Prc ×
                                                               50
  System load:
                 1.25
                                      Processes:
                 5.5% of 250.92GB
  Usage of /:
                                      Users logged in:
  Memory usage: 84%
                                      IPv4 address for eth0: 172.30.207.47
  Swap usage:
                 100%
This message is shown once a day. To disable it please create the
/home/user1/.hushlogin file.
user1@SunilVijay:~$ echo 'this is a private file.'>/home/user1/private.txt
user1@SunilVijay:~$ sudo chown user1:user1/home/user1/private.txt
[sudo] password for user1:
user1 is not in the sudoers file.
user1@SunilVijay:~$ chmod 600/home/user1/private.txt
chmod: missing operand after '600/home/user1/private.txt'
Try 'chmod --help' for more information.
user1@SunilVijay:~$ chmod 600 /home/user1/private.txt
user1@SunilVijay:~$ ls l /home/user1/private.txt
ls: cannot access 'l': No such file or directory
/home/user1/private.txt
user1@SunilVijay:~$ ls -l /home/user1/private.txt
-rw----- 1 user1 user1 24 Oct 12 12:52 /home/user1/private.txt
user1@SunilVijay:~$ su -user2
Try 'su --help' for more information.
user1@SunilVijay:~$ su - user2
Password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 24.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.6.87.2-microsoft-standard-WSL2 x86_64)
 * Documentation:
                    https://help.ubuntu.com
                    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Management:
                    https://ubuntu.com/pro
 * Support:
 System information as of Sun Oct 12 12:56:45 UTC 2025
  System load:
                                      Processes:
                                                               52
                 1.1
                 5.7% of 250.92GB
  Usage of /:
                                      Users logged in:
  Memory usage: 85%
                                      IPv4 address for eth0: 172.30.207.47
  Swap usage:
This message is shown once a day. To disable it please create the
/home/user2/.hushlogin file.
user2@SunilVijay:~$ cat /home/user1/private.txt
cat: /home/user1/private.txt: Permission denied
user2@SunilVijay:~$
```

Results

- Two users successfully created (user1, user2).
- File exclusive_file.txt created with owner user1 and permission 600.
- user1 can read and write to the file.
- user2 is denied access, achieving the objective of exclusive access.

Conclusion

This assignment demonstrates Linux user and file permission management by enforcing strict access control on file resources. Using permission 600 effectively restricts the file to owner-only access, preventing unauthorized reading or modification by other users.

Commands Summary

| | <u></u> |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Command | Purpose |
| sudo adduser user1 | Create first user |
| sudo adduser user2 | Create second user |
| echo "text" > file as user1 | Create file owned by user1 |
| chmod 600 file | Set owner read-write, no access others |
| ls -l file | Check permissions and ownership |
| cat file as user2 | Confirm user2 access denial |