

3. Newton Raphson

```
In[1]:=
newtonraphson[f_, p0_, n_] := Module[{ }, p1 = N[p0];
  i = 1;
  df[x_] = D[f[x], x];
  Print["-----"];
  Print["Sno.", " ", "Root"];
  Print["-----"];
  While[i ≤ n,
    p2 = N[p1 - N[f[p1]] / N[df[p1]]];
    Print[i, " ", p2];
    i++;
    p1 = p2];
  Print["Root = ", p2];
  Plot[f[x], {x, 1, 3}]
]
```

Question - 1

```
In[2]:= f[x_] := x^3 + x^2 - 3 * x - 3;
newtonraphson[f, 2, 5]
```

Sno.	Root
------	------

1	1.76923
---	---------

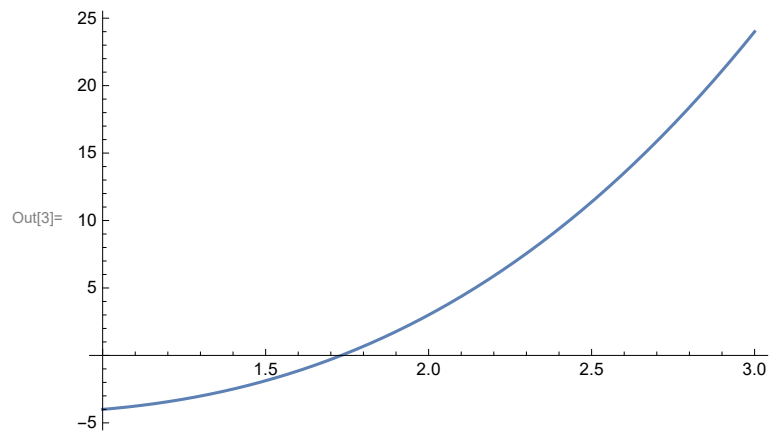
2	1.73292
---	---------

3	1.73205
---	---------

4	1.73205
---	---------

5	1.73205
---	---------

Root = 1.73205



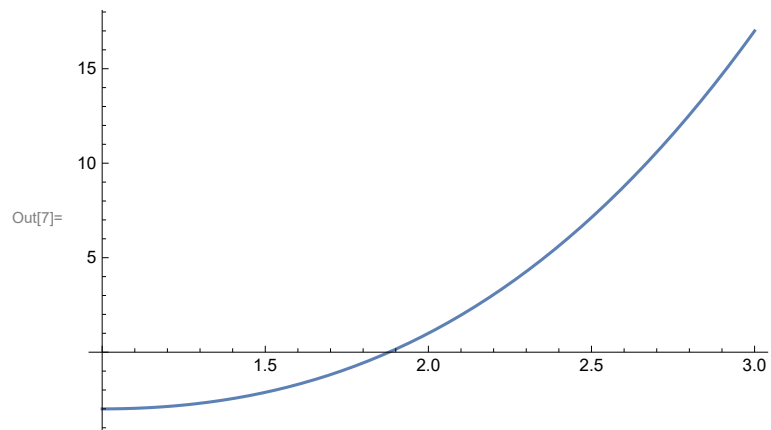
Question -2

```
In[6]:= f[x_] = x^3 - 3 * x - 1  
newtonraphson[f, 0, 3]
```

Out[6]= $-1 - 3x + x^3$

Sno.	Root
1	-0.333333
2	-0.347222
3	-0.347296

Root = -0.347296

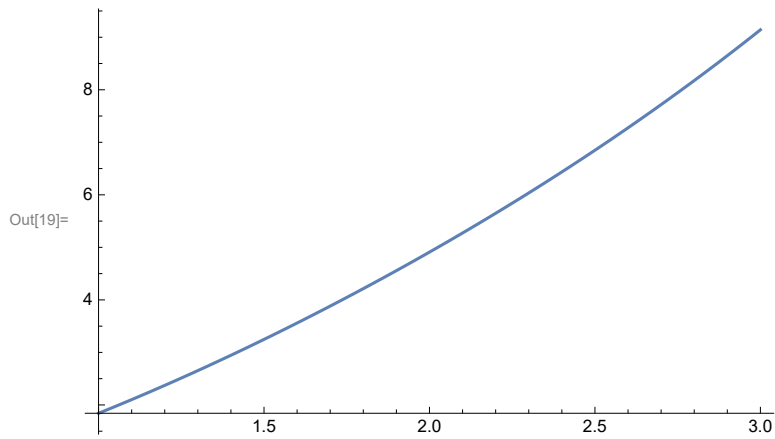


Question - 3

```
In[18]:= f[x_] = Sin[x] + x^2
newtonraphson[f, -10, 10]
```

Out[18]= $x^2 + \sin[x]$

```
-----
Sno.      Root
-----
1         -5.17522
2         -2.38061
3         -1.47317
4         -1.06073
5         -0.906166
6         -0.877734
7         -0.876727
8         -0.876726
9         -0.876726
10        -0.876726
Root = -0.876726
```



Question - 4

In[28]:=

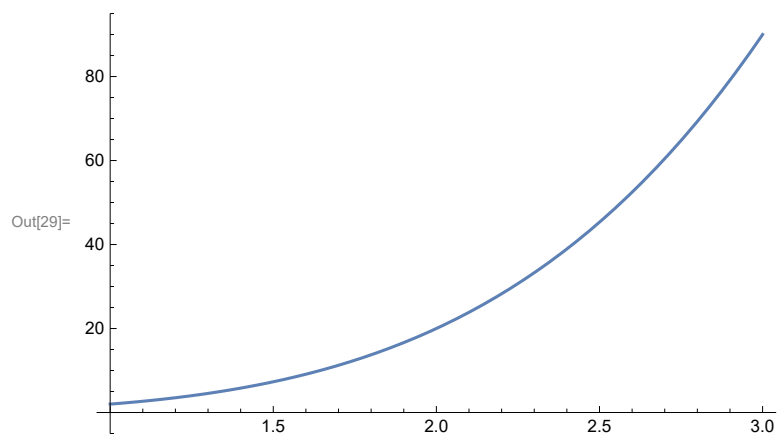
```
f[x_] = x^4 + x^2
newtonraphson[f, 1, 10]
```

Out[28]= $x^2 + x^4$

Sno.	Root
------	------

1	0.666667
2	0.411765
3	0.23195
4	0.121608
5	0.0616776
6	0.0309552
7	0.0154924
8	0.00774807
9	0.00387427
10	0.00193716

Root = 0.00193716



In[5]:=

In[30]:=