

# 11. Trapezoidal Integration

In[1]:=

In[2]:=

Q1. Solve :  $1/(1+x)$

In[ ]:=

```
In[24]:= ClearAll
a = Input["Enter the left end limit : "]
b = Input["Enter the right end limit : "]
n = Input["Enter the number of sub intervals : "]
sum = 0;
h = (b - a) / n;
f[x] = 1 / (1 + x)
For[i = 1, i ≤ n - 1, i++, sum += N[f[x] /. x → (a + i * h)]]
sum = N[(2 * sum + (f[x] /. x → a) + (f[x] /. x → b)) * h / 2]
in = Integrate[1 / (1 + x), {x, 0, 1}]
Print["The value is : ", in]
Print["Absolute Error : ", Abs[sum - in]]
```

Out[24]= ClearAll

Out[25]= 0

Out[26]= 1

Out[27]= 8

Out[30]=  $\frac{1}{1+x}$

Out[32]= 0.694122

Out[33]= Log[2]

The value is : Log[2]

Absolute Error : 0.00097467

Q2. Solve the equation :  $1/(x^3+x^2+x)$

In[36]:=

```

ClearAll
a = Input["Enter the left end limit : "]
b = Input["Enter the right end limit : "]
n = Input["Enter the number of sub intervals : "]
sum = 0;
h = (b - a) / n;
f[x] = 1 / (x^3 + x^2 + x)
For[i = 1, i ≤ n - 1, i++, sum += N[f[x] /. x → (a + i * h)]]
sum = N[(2 * sum + (f[x] /. x → a) + (f[x] /. x → b)) * h / 2]
in = Integrate[1 / (x^3 + x^2 + x), {x, 4, 5}]
Print["The value is : ", in]
Print["Absolute Error : ", Abs[sum - in]]

```

Out[36]= ClearAll

Out[37]= 4

Out[38]= 5

Out[39]= 10

Out[42]= 
$$\frac{1}{x + x^2 + x^3}$$

Out[44]= 0.00881461

Out[45]= 
$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{11}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[3\sqrt{3}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[\frac{525}{496}\right]$$

The value is : 
$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{11}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[3\sqrt{3}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[\frac{525}{496}\right]$$

Absolute Error :  $3.74806 \times 10^{-6}$

Q3. Solve:  $\sqrt{x^2 + (1/x^4)}$

In[48]:=

```

ClearAll
a = Input["Enter the left end limit : "]
b = Input["Enter the right end limit : "]
n = Input["Enter the number of sub intervals : "]
sum = 0;
h = (b - a) / n;
f[x] =  $\sqrt{x^2 + (1/x^4)}$ 
For[i = 1, i ≤ n - 1, i++, sum += N[f[x] /. x → (a + i * h)]]
sum = N[(2 * sum + (f[x] /. x → a) + (f[x] /. x → b)) * h / 2]
in = Integrate[ $\sqrt{x^2 + (1/x^4)}$ , {x, 2, 15}]
Print["The value is : ", in]
Print["Absolute Error : ", Abs[sum - in]]

```

Out[48]= ClearAll

Out[49]= 2

Out[50]= 15

Out[51]= 30

Out[54]=  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^4} + x^2}$

Out[56]= 110.508

Out[57]=  $-\frac{11390626}{15} \sqrt{11390626} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{6}, -11390625\right] +$   
 $\frac{65}{2} \sqrt{65} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{6}, -64\right]$

The value is :  $-\frac{11390626}{15} \sqrt{11390626} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{6}, -11390625\right] +$   
 $\frac{65}{2} \sqrt{65} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{6}, -64\right]$

Absolute Error : 0.000587928

Q4. Solve:  $\sqrt{x^3 + x^2}$

In[72]:=

```

ClearAll
a = Input["Enter the left end limit : "]
b = Input["Enter the right end limit : "]
n = Input["Enter the number of sub intervals : "]
sum = 0;
h = (b - a) / n;
f[x] =  $\sqrt{x^3} + x^2$ 
For[i = 1, i ≤ n - 1, i++, sum += N[f[x] /. x → (a + i * h)]]
sum = N[(2 * sum + (f[x] /. x → a) + (f[x] /. x → b)) * h / 2]
in = Integrate[ $\sqrt{x^3} + x^2$ , {x, 2, 5}]
Print["The value is : ", in]
Print["Absolute Error : ", Abs[sum - in]]

```

Out[72]= ClearAll

Out[73]= 2

Out[74]= 5

Out[75]= 20

Out[78]=  $x^2 + \sqrt{x^3}$ 

Out[80]= 59.1115

Out[81]=  $39 - \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{5} + 10\sqrt{5}$ 

The value is :  $39 - \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{5} + 10\sqrt{5}$

Absolute Error : 0.0135614