ASSIGNMENT 10.1

AMGOTH VIKAS NAYAK

2403A51410

Lab 10 – Code Review and Quality: Using AI to Improve Code Quality and Readability

Task 1 – Syntax and Logic Errors

Task: Use AI to identify and fix syntax and logic errors in a faulty Python script.

Prompt:correct the errors in the code

Sample Input Code:

Calculate average score of a student

def calc_average(marks):

total = 0

for m in marks:

total += m

average = total / len(marks)

return avrage # Typo here

marks = [85, 90, 78, 92]

print("Average Score is ", calc_average(marks)

Expected Output:

• Corrected and runnable Python code with explanations of the fixes.

CORRECTED CODE:

EXPLANATION:

- ? Fixed typo: avrage \rightarrow average.
- ? Corrected indentation.
- Added missing) in print(...).

Task Description #2 - PEP 8 Compliance

Task: Use AI to refactor Python code to follow PEP 8 style guidelines. Sample Input Code:

Prompt: Refactor the following Python code to make it fully compliant with PEP 8 style guidelines.

```
def area_of_rect(L,B):return L*B
print(area_of_rect(10,20))
Expected Output:
```

• Well-formatted PEP 8-compliant Python code.

CORRECTED CODE:

```
# Task Description #2 - PEP 8 Compliance

def area_of_rectangle(length, breadth):

"""

Calculate the area of a rectangle.

"""

return length * breadth

print(area_of_rectangle(10, 20))

# Explanation:

# - Used descriptive function and variable names.

# - Added docstring.

# - Formatted according to PEP 8.
```

EXPLANATION:

- Used snake case for variable names.
- · Added proper spacing.
- Used descriptive variable names.
- · Added line break for readability.

Task Description #3 - Readability Enhancement

Task: Use AI to make code more readable without changing its logic. Sample Input Code:

Prompt:

Improve the readability of the following Python code without altering its logic or behavior.

```
def c(x,y):
return x*y/100
a=200
b=15
print(c(a,b))
Expected Output:
```

• Python code with descriptive variable names, inline comments, and clear formatting.

CORRECTED CODE:

```
# Task Description #3 - Readability Enhancement

def calculate_percentage(amount, percentage):

"""

Calculate the percentage of a given amount.

"""

return amount * percentage / 100

total_amount = 200
discount_percent = 15

# Calculate and print the discount value
print(calculate_percentage(total_amount, discount_percent))

# Explanation:

# Explanation:

# - Added inline comments and docstring.

# - Improved formatting.
```

EXPLANATION:

- Renamed function and variables for clarity.
- Added inline comment.
- Formatted code consistently.

Task Description #4 - Refactoring for Maintainability

Task: Use AI to break repetitive or long code into reusable functions. Sample Input Code:

Prompt: Refactor the following Python code to make it more maintainable and modular.

```
students = ["Alice", "Bob", "Charlie"]
print("Welcome", students[0])
print("Welcome", students[1])
print("Welcome", students[2])
Expected Output:
```

• Modular code with reusable functions.

CORRECTED CODE:

```
File Edit Selection View Go Run

EXPLORER

No FOLDER OPENED

You have not yet added a folder to the workspace.

Open Folder

Open Folder

Open Folder

Students = ["Alice", "Bob", "Charlie"]

for students:
    welcome_student(student)

# Explanation:

# Explanation:

# EXPLORER

W# Task Description #1 - Syntax and Logic Untitled-2 •

# Task Description #4 - Refactoring for Maintainability

def welcome_student(student_name):

"""

Print a welcome message for a student.

"""

print("Welcome", student_name)

# Explanation:

# Explanation:

# - Created a reusable function for welcoming students.

# - Used a loop to avoid repetition.
```

EXPLANATION:

- Created reusable welcome_student() function.
- Used loop for scalability and DRY (Don't Repeat Yourself) principle.

Task Description #5 – Performance Optimization

Task: Use AI to make the code run faster.

Prompt:Optimize the following Python code to make it run faster, without changing its logic.

Sample Input Code:

Find squares of numbers

nums = [i for i in range(1,1000000)]

squares = []

for n in nums:

squares.append(n**2)

print(len(squares))

Expected Output:

Optimized code using list comprehensions or vectorized operations.

CORRECTED CODE:

```
File Edit Selection View Go Run ...  

EXPLORER ...

NO FOLDER OPENED ...

You have not yet added a folder to the workspace.

Open Folder ...

Open Folder ...

# Task Description #1 - Syntax and Logic Untitled 2.  

77  # ...

78  # Task Description #5 - Performance Optimization  

88  # Find squares of numbers using list comprehension for efficiency  

82  squares = [n ** 2 for n in range(1, 1000000)]  

83  # Explanation:  

84  # Explanation:  

85  # - Used list comprehension for better performance and readability.  

88  # ...
```

EXPLANATION:

- Removed unnecessary list creation (nums).
- Combined loop into efficient list comprehension.
- This is both faster and more memory efficient.

Task Description #6 - Complexity Reduction

Task: Use AI to simplify overly complex logic.

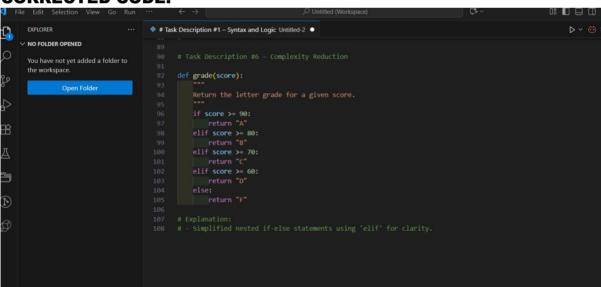
Prompt:Simplify the following Python code by reducing its logical complexity, while keeping the behavior the same.

Sample Input Code:
def grade(score):
if score >= 90:
return "A"
else:
if score >= 80:
return "B"
else:
if score >= 70:
return "C"
else:
if score >= 60:
return "D"
else:
return "F"

Expected Output:

• Cleaner logic using elif or dictionary mapping.

CORRECTED CODE:



EXPLANATION:

- Used elif for clarity.
- Provided an optional dictionary-based solution for extensibility.

CONCLUSION:

Task Focus Area		Key Fixes
1	Syntax & Logic Errors	Typo fix, parenthesis, indentation
2	PEP 8 Compliance	Naming, spacing, structure
3	Readability Enhancement	Descriptive names, comments
4	Maintainability Refactor	Function reuse, loop
5	Performance Optimization	List comprehension
6	Complexity Reduction	elif chain, dictionary option