Set 2

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Practice

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Clone	a	linked	list	with	next	and	random	pointer

We have already discussed 2 different ways to clone a linked list. In this post, one more simple method to clone a linked list is discussed.

The idea is to use Hashing. Below is algorithm.

- 1. Traverse the original linked list and make a copy in terms of data.
- 2. Make a hash map of key value pair with original linked list node and copied linked list node.
- 3. Traverse the original linked list again and using the hash map adjust the next and random reference of cloned linked list nodes.

A Java based approach of the above idea is below.

```
// Java program to clone a linked list with random pointers
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
// Linked List Node class
class Node
    int data;//Node data
    Node next, random;//Next and random reference
    //Node constructor
    public Node(int data)
        this.data = data;
        this.next = this.random = null;
    }
// linked list class
class LinkedList
    Node head; //Linked list head reference
    // Linked list constructor
    public LinkedList(Node head)
        this.head = head;
    // push method to put data always at the head
```

```
// in the linked list.
    public void push(int data)
        Node node = new Node(data);
        node.next = this.head;
        this.head = node;
    }
    // Method to print the list.
    void print()
        Node temp = head;
        while (temp != null)
            Node random = temp.random;
            int randomData = (random != null)? random.data: -1;
            System.out.println("Data = " + temp.data +
                               ", Random data = "+ randomData);
            temp = temp.next;
        }
    }
    // Actual clone method which returns head
    // reference of cloned linked list.
    public LinkedList clone()
        // Initialize two references, one with original
        // list's head.
        Node origCurr = this.head, cloneCurr = null;
        // Hash map which contains node to node mapping of
        // original and clone linked list.
        Map<Node, Node> map = new HashMap<Node, Node>();
        // Traverse the original list and make a copy of that
        // in the clone linked list.
        while (origCurr != null)
            cloneCurr = new Node(origCurr.data);
            map.put(origCurr, cloneCurr);
            origCurr = origCurr.next;
        }
        // Adjusting the original list reference again.
        origCurr = this.head;
        // Traversal of original list again to adjust the next
        // and random references of clone list using hash map.
        while (origCurr != null)
            cloneCurr = map.get(origCurr);
            cloneCurr.next = map.get(origCurr.next);
            cloneCurr.random = map.get(origCurr.random);
            origCurr = origCurr.next;
        }
        //return the head reference of the clone list.
        return new LinkedList(map.get(this.head));
    }
// Driver Class
class Main
{
    // Main method.
```

```
public static void main(String[] args)
    // Pushing data in the linked list.
   LinkedList list = new LinkedList(new Node(5));
   list.push(4);
   list.push(3);
   list.push(2);
    list.push(1);
    // Setting up random references.
   list.head.random = list.head.next.next;
    list.head.next.random =
        list.head.next.next.next;
   list.head.next.next.random =
        list.head.next.next.next;
   list.head.next.next.next.random =
        list.head.next.next.next.next;
   list.head.next.next.next.next.random =
        list.head.next;
   // Making a clone of the original linked list.
   LinkedList clone = list.clone();
   // Print the original and cloned linked list.
   System.out.println("Original linked list");
   list.print();
   System.out.println("\nCloned linked list");
    clone.print();
}
```

Run on IDE

Output:

```
Original linked list

Data = 1, Random data = 3

Data = 2, Random data = 4

Data = 3, Random data = 5

Data = 4, Random data = -1

Data = 5, Random data = 2

Cloned linked list

Data = 1, Random data = 3

Data = 2, Random data = 4

Data = 3, Random data = 5

Data = 4, Random data = 5

Data = 4, Random data = -1

Data = 5, Random data = 2
```

Time complexity: O(n)
Auxiliary space: O(n)

This article is contributed by **Kumar Gautam**. Please write comments if you find anything incorrect, or you want to share more information about the topic discussed above



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