

### **Linux Basic Commands Assignment**

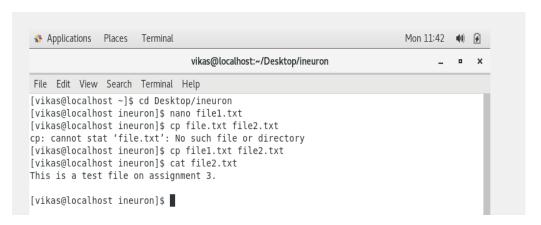
# **Assignment Part-3**

Playing with files

- 1. Create a file like nano file1.txt
  - Edit some data and then save the file

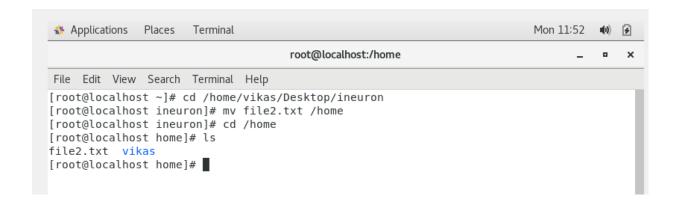
Answer: Added the line "This is a test file on assignment 3" in file1.txt and saved the file using ctrl+O and exited using ctrl+X

- 2. Now we will copy date from file1 to new file2
  - o cp file1.txt file2.txt
  - o Then see the output of file2.txt, cat file2.txt
  - o Give screenshot



Answer: The line added in file1.txt is copied and displayed in file2.txt

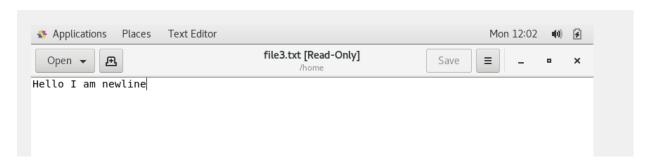
- 3. Now we will move the file2.txt to new folder /home
  - o mv file2.txt /home
  - o Then go to home directory and check is, file exits or not?
  - o Given screenshot



Answer: The file2.txt is now moved to home directory

- 4. Then we create a new **file3.txt and file4.txt** in **home directory** and add content in it.
  - Now do echo "Hello I am newline" > file3.txt and provide the output of file3.txt

#### **Answer:**



 Now do echo "Hello I am newline" >> file4.txt and provide the output of file4.txt

#### **Answer:**

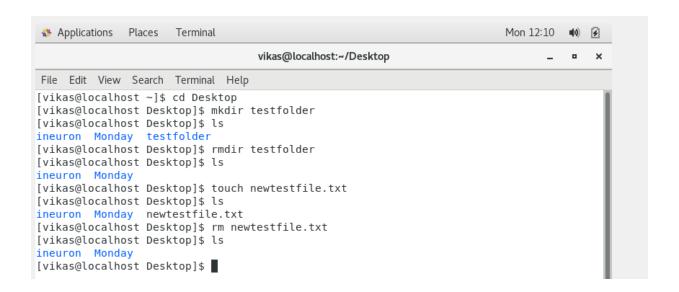


o Tell the different between both step you follow and the reason behind it

### **Answer:**

- ❖ In the file3.txt, the contents which were entered while the file being created are now replaced and displays only the line "Hello I am newline" given in echo.
- ❖ In file4.txt, it displays the contents which were entered earlier "This is a test file4 line added using editor" along with the echo line "Hello I am newline".
- The symbol > replaces the whole content whereas >> appends the content.
- 5. For remove a file or directory you can use the below two commands
  - o To delete a file rm < any\_filename>

# o To delete a directory - rmdir <any\_directoryname>



#### **Answer:**

The files are being created and deleted. The ls confirms that the folder and file have been deleted.

