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github link -> <https://github.com/Vikasprajapati7500/weather.git>

Task 1

```
├─ prisma/
|   └─ schema.prisma
├─ public/
├─ styles/
|   └─ globals.css
├─ pages/
|   └─ api/
# Public assets (images, icons, etc.)
# Global CSS including Tailwind imports
| | └─ create-rule.ts # API route for creating a rule
| | └─ combine-rules.ts # API route for combining rules
| | └─ evaluate-rule.ts # API route for evaluating rules
| └─ index.tsx
├─ lib/
|   └─ ruleEngine.ts
|   └─ prisma.ts
├─ components/
|   └─ RuleForm.tsx
├─ tailwind.config.js
├─ postcss.config.js
├─ tsconfig.json
├─ package.json
├─ prisma/
```

| |—migrations/

| |—schema.prisma

|— next.config.js

Home page with form for rule creation

Rule engine logic (AST parsing, combining, evaluating)

Prisma client setup

React component for the rule form

Tailwind CSS configuration

PostCSS configuration for Tailwind CSS

TypeScript configuration

Project dependencies and scripts

Prisma migrations (auto-generated)

Prisma schema definition

Next.js configuration

1

// schema.prisma

model Rule {

id Int @id @default(autoincrement())

ast Json // Stores the AST structure as JSON

createdAt DateTime @default(now())

}

model User {

id Int @id @default(autoincrement())

age Int

department String

salary Int

experience Int

}

// api/rules.ts

```
import { NextApiRequest, NextApiResponse } from 'next';

import { parseRuleString, combineRuleASTs, evaluateRuleAST } from '../lib/ruleEngine';

import { prisma } from '../lib/prisma'; // Assuming Prisma is used for DB interaction

// POST /api/create-rule

export async function createRule(req: NextApiRequest, res: NextApiResponse) {

  const { ruleString } = req.body;

  try {

    const ast = parseRuleString(ruleString); // Parse the rule string into an AST

    const rule = await prisma.rule.create({

      data: { ast: JSON.stringify(ast) } // Store AST as JSON in PostgreSQL

    });

2

    res.status(200).json({ rule });

  } catch (error) {

    res.status(500).json({ error: 'Failed to create rule' });

  }

}

// POST /api/combine-rules

export async function combineRules(req: NextApiRequest, res: NextApiResponse) {

  const { ruleStrings } = req.body;

  try {

    const asts = ruleStrings.map((ruleString: string) => parseRuleString(ruleString));

    const combinedAST = combineRuleASTs(asts); // Combine the ASTs

    res.status(200).json({ combinedAST });

  } catch (error) {

    res.status(500).json({ error: 'Failed to combine rules' });

  }

}

// POST /api/evaluate-rule
```

```

export async function evaluateRule(req: NextApiRequest, res: NextApiResponse) {

  const { ast, data } = req.body; // AST and user data

  try {

    const isEligible = evaluateRuleAST(ast, data); // Evaluate rule based on user data

    res.status(200).json({ isEligible });

  } catch (error) {

    res.status(500).json({ error: 'Failed to evaluate rule' });

  }

}

```

3

// pages/index.tsx

```

import { useState } from 'react';

export default function Home() {

  const [rule, setRule] = useState("");

  const [result, setResult] = useState(null);

  async function handleCreateRule() {

    const res = await fetch('/api/create-rule', {

      method: 'POST',

      headers: { 'Content-Type': 'application/json' },

      body: JSON.stringify({ ruleString: rule }),

    });

    const data = await res.json();

    setResult(data);

  }

  return (

    <div className="p-6">

      <h1 className="text-xl font-bold mb-4">Rule Engine</h1>

      <textarea

        className="border p-2 w-full"

```

```

    value={rule}

    onChange={(e) => setRule(e.target.value)}

    placeholder="Enter rule string..."

  />

  <button onClick={handleCreateRule} className="mt-2 bg-blue-500 text-white px-4 py-2">

4
    Create Rule

  </button>

  {result && <pre className="mt-4">{JSON.stringify(result, null, 2)}</pre>}

</div>

);

}

// lib/ruleEngine.ts

// Node structure for the Abstract Syntax Tree (AST)

export interface Node {

  type: 'operator' | 'operand'; // "operator" or "operand"

  operator?: 'AND' | 'OR';      // For operator nodes

  condition?: string;           // For operand nodes like "age > 30"

  left?: Node;                  // Left child (for operators)

  right?: Node;                 // Right child (for operators)

  value?: any;                  // Value for operand nodes, e.g., number, string

}

// Function to parse rule strings into AST

export function parseRuleString(ruleString: string): Node {

  // Parse rule string into an AST

  // Example: return abstract syntax tree (AST) for "age > 30 AND department = 'Sales'"

  return {

    type: 'operator',

    operator: 'AND',

```

```

    left: { type: 'operand', condition: 'age > 30' },

    right: { type: 'operand', condition: "department = 'Sales'" }

  };

  5

}

// Function to combine multiple ASTs into one

export function combineRuleASTs(ast: Node[]): Node {

  // Combine multiple ASTs with 'AND' or 'OR' operators

  let combinedAST: Node = ast[0];

  for (let i = 1; i < ast.length; i++) {

    combinedAST = {

      type: 'operator',

      operator: 'AND',

      left: combinedAST,

      right: ast[i],

    };

  }

  return combinedAST;

}

// Function to evaluate an AST against user data

export function evaluateRuleAST(ast: Node, data: any): boolean {

  // Recursively evaluate the AST against the provided data

  if (ast.type === 'operand') {

    // Evaluate condition like 'age > 30'

    return evalCondition(ast.condition, data);

  } else if (ast.type === 'operator') {

    const leftEval = evaluateRuleAST(ast.left, data);

    const rightEval = evaluateRuleAST(ast.right, data);

    return ast.operator === 'AND' ? leftEval && rightEval : leftEval || rightEval;

  }

```

```

}

return false;

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}

// Helper function to evaluate a single condition like 'age > 30'

function evalCondition(condition: string, data: any): boolean {

const [field, operator, value] = condition.split(' ');

switch (operator) {

case '>': return data[field] > +value;

case '<': return data[field] < +value;

case '=': return data[field] === value.replace(/["']/g, "");

default: return false;

}

}

```

Task 2 - > code

```

weather-app/
|
├── components/
|   └── WeatherCard.tsx
|
├── pages/
|   └── index.tsx
|

```

```
├── public/
|
├── services/
|   └── openWeather.ts
|
├── styles/
|   └── globals.css
|
├── utils/
|   └── weatherUtils.ts
|
├── .gitignore
├── next-env.d.ts
├── next.config.js
├── package.json
├── postcss.config.js
├── tailwind.config.js
├── tsconfig.json
└── README.md
```

Component to display weather data and alerts

Main page displaying weather data for multiple cities

Static assets (optional)

Service to interact with OpenWeatherMap API

Tailwind CSS global styles

Utility functions for temperature conversion and timestamp formatting

Git ignore file

Next.js TypeScript environment definitions

Next.js configuration file

Project dependencies and scripts

PostCSS configuration for Tailwind CSS

Tailwind CSS configuration file

TypeScript configuration

Project documentation (optional)

1

services/openWeather.ts

ts

Copy code

```
import axios from 'axios';

const API_KEY = '1b73a80d4682f7a2fa586674813aa6e8';

const API_URL = 'https://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?units=metric&q=';

interface WeatherData {

  main: string;

  temp: number;

  feels_like: number;

  dt: number;

}

export const getWeatherData = async (city: string): Promise<WeatherData | null> => {

  try {

    const response = await axios.get(`${API_URL}${city}&appid=${API_KEY}`);

    const { main, weather, dt } = response.data;

    return {

      main: weather[0].main,

      temp: main.temp,

      feels_like: main.feels_like,

      dt,

    }

  }

};
```

```
} catch (error) {  
  
  console.error('Error fetching weather data:', error);  
  
  return null;  
  
}  
  
};
```

2. Create a utility for temperature conversion and time formatting.

utils/weatherUtils.ts

ts

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```
import dayjs from 'dayjs';  
  
// Convert temperature from Kelvin to Celsius  
  
export const kelvinToCelsius = (kelvin: number): number => kelvin - 273.15;  
  
// Convert Unix timestamp to readable format  
  
export const formatTimestamp = (timestamp: number): string => dayjs.unix(timestamp).format('YYYY-MM-DD HH:mm:ss');  
  
// Calculate aggregate values for daily summaries  
  
export const calculateDailyAggregates = (weatherData: Array<any>) => {  
  
  const tempSum = weatherData.reduce((acc, curr) => acc + curr.temp, 0);  
  
  const maxTemp = Math.max(...weatherData.map((data) => data.temp));  
  
  const minTemp = Math.min(...weatherData.map((data) => data.temp));  
  
  const dominantWeather = weatherData  
  
    .map((data) => data.main)  
  
    .sort((a, b) =>  
  
      weatherData.filter((v) => v === a).length - weatherData.filter((v) => v === b).length  
  
    )  
  
    .pop();  
  
  return {  
  
    avgTemp: tempSum / weatherData.length,  
  
    maxTemp,
```

```

minTemp,

dominantWeather,

};

};

```

3. Create a component to display weather data and handle alerts.

```

components/WeatherCard.tsx

import { useEffect, useState } from 'react';

import { getWeatherData } from '../services/openWeather';

import { formatTimestamp } from '../utils/weatherUtils';

interface WeatherCardProps {

  city: string;

  threshold: number;

}

const WeatherCard: React.FC<WeatherCardProps> = ({ city, threshold }) => {

  const [weather, setWeather] = useState<any>(null);

  const [alert, setAlert] = useState<string | null>(null);

  useEffect(() => {

    const fetchWeather = async () => {

      const data = await getWeatherData(city);

      if (data) {

        setWeather(data);

4

        // Check for alert condition

        if (data.temp > threshold) {

          setAlert(`Alert: Temperature in ${city} exceeds ${threshold}°C!`);

        } else {

          setAlert(null);

        }

      }

    }

  })
}

```

```
};

// Fetch weather every 5 minutes

fetchWeather();

const interval = setInterval(fetchWeather, 300000);

return () => clearInterval(interval);

}, [city, threshold]));

return (

<div className="bg-white p-4 rounded-lg shadow-md">

  <h2 className="text-xl font-bold">{city}</h2>

  {weather ? (

    <>

      <p>Main: {weather.main}</p>

      <p>Temp: {weather.temp}°C</p>

      <p>Feels Like: {weather.feels_like}°C</p>

      <p>Last Update: {formatTimestamp(weather.dt)}</p>

    </>

  ) : (

    <p>Loading...</p>

5

  )}

  {alert && <p className="text-red-500 font-bold">{alert}</p>}

</div>

);

};

export default WeatherCard;
```

4. Create a page to display weather data for multiple cities and configure thresholds.

```
pages/index.tsx

tsx
```

Copy code

```

import WeatherCard from '../components/WeatherCard';

const cities = ['Delhi', 'Mumbai', 'Chennai', 'Bangalore', 'Kolkata', 'Hyderabad'];

const Home = () => {

  const threshold = 35; // Example threshold in °C

  return (

    <div className="container mx-auto p-4">

      <h1 className="text-2xl font-bold text-center mb-4">Weather Monitoring System</h1>

      <div className="grid grid-cols-1 md:grid-cols-3 gap-4">

        {cities.map((city) => (

          <WeatherCard key={city} city={city} threshold={threshold} />

        ))}

      </div>

    </div>

  );

}

export default Home

```