**DATE: 19/10/2023** 

## **GROUP B: PRATICAL.4**

NAME: SAYALI TANAJI PAWAR

**ROLL NO: S213002** 

**CLASS: SE** 

**DIV: C** 

BATCH: C1

#### **PROBLEM STATEMENT:**

Write C++ program to draw 2-D object and perform following basic transformations,a) Scaling b) Translation c) Rotation. Apply concept of operator overloading.

### **CODE:**

```
#include<iostream>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<math.h>
using namespace std;
class transform
                                         //creating class for functions
{
public:
int m,a[20][20],c[20][20];
int i,j,k;
public:
void object();
void accept();
void operator *(float b[20][20])
                                           //overloading * operator
for(int i=0;i < m;i++)
for(int j=0;j<\!m;j++)
c[i][j]=0;
for(int k=0;k< m;k++)
c[i][j]=c[i][j]+(a[i][k]*b[k][j]);
```

```
}
void transform::object()
                               //for setting the x y axis on polygon coordinates
int gd,gm;
gd=DETECT;
                                     //graphics initialization
initgraph(&gd,&gm,NULL);
line(300,0,300,600);
                                          //x axis
line(0,300,600,300);
                                          //y axis
for( i=0;i<m-1;i++)
line(300+a[i][0],300-a[i][1],300+a[i+1][0],300-a[i+1][1]);
line(300+a[0][0],300-a[0][1],300+a[i][0],300-a[i][1]);
for( i=0;i< m-1;i++)
line(300+c[i][0],300-c[i][1],300+c[i+1][0],300-c[i+1][1]);
line(300+c[0][0],300-c[0][1],300+c[i][0],300-c[i][1]);
int temp;
cout << "Press 1 to continue";</pre>
cin >> temp;
closegraph();
void transform::accept()
                                  //function for accepting polygon info
cout << "\n";
cout<<"Enter the Number Of Edges:";</pre>
cin>>m;
cout<<"\nEnter The Coordinates :";</pre>
for(int i=0;i<m;i++)
for(int j=0; j<3; j++)
if(j>=2)
a[i][j]=1;
else
cin>>a[i][j];
int main()
int ch,tx,ty,sx,sy;
```

```
float deg,theta,b[20][20];
transform t;
t.accept();
cout<<"\nEnter your choice";</pre>
cout<<"\n1.Translation"
"\n2.Scaling"
"\n3.Rotation";
cin>>ch;
switch(ch)
{
case 1: cout<<"\nTRANSLATION OPERATION\n";
cout<<"Enter value for tx and ty:";
cin>>tx>>ty;
b[0][0]=b[2][2]=b[1][1]=1;
                               //setting matrix elements according to translation
b[0][1]=b[0][2]=b[1][0]=b[1][2]=0;
b[2][0]=tx;
b[2][1]=ty;
t * b;
t.object();
break;
case 2: cout<<"\nSCALING OPERATION\n";
cout << "Enter value for sx,sy:";
cin>>sx>>sy;
b[0][0]=sx;
                          //setting matrix elements according to scaling
b[1][1]=sy;
b[0][1]=b[0][2]=b[1][0]=b[1][2]=0;
b[2][0]=b[2][1]=0;
b[2][2] = 1;
t * b;
t.object();
break;
case 3: cout<<"\nROTATION OPERATION\n";
cout << "Enter value for angle:";
cin>>deg:
theta=deg*(3.14/100);
b[0][0]=b[1][1]=\cos(\text{theta});
                             //setting matrix elements according to rotation
b[0][1]=\sin(\text{theta});
b[1][0]=\sin(-theta);
b[0][2]=b[1][2]=b[2][0]=b[2][1]=0;
b[2][2]=1;
t * b;
t.object();
break;
default:
cout<<"\nInvalid choice";</pre>
```

```
}
getch();
return 0;
}
```

## **INPUT:**

#### 1.Translation:

Enter the Number Of Edges: 3

Enter The Coordinates:60

60

160

60

70

160

Enter your choice

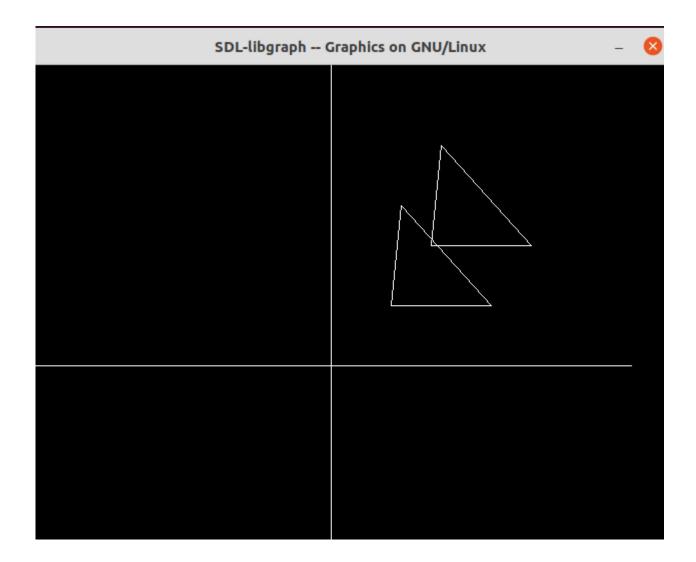
- 1.Translation
- 2.Scaling
- 3.Rotation 1

#### TRANSLATION OPERATION

Enter value for tx and ty:40

60

## $\underline{OUTPUT}:$



# **INPUT:**

## 2.Scaling:

Enter the Number Of Edges: 3

Enter The Coordinates: 60

60

160

60

70

160

Enter your choice

1.Translation

2.Scaling

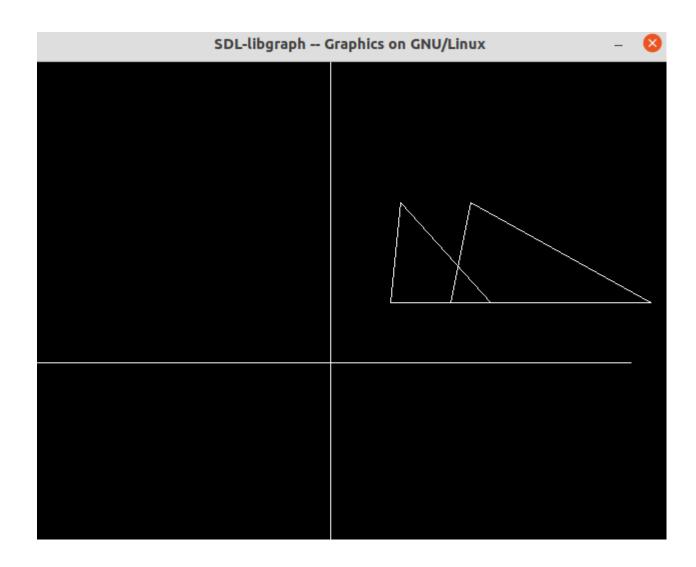
3.Rotation 2

**SCALING OPERATION** 

Enter value for sx,sy:2

1

# **OUTPUT:**



## **INPUT:**

#### 3. Rotation:

Enter the Number Of Edges: 3

Enter The Coordinates: 60

60

160

60

70

160

Enter your choice

- 1.Translation
- 2.Scaling
- 3.Rotation 3

### ROTATION OPERATION

Enter value for angle: 40

# **OUTPUT:**

