# Assignment 1

# 21AIE303

Signal and Image Processing – SEM-V

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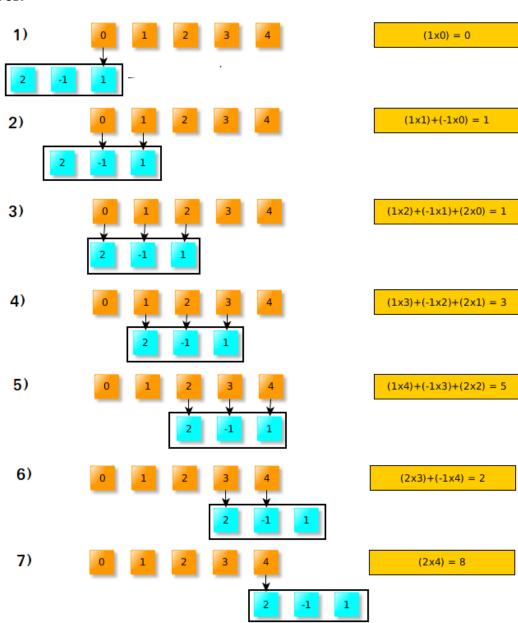


# Idea of Implementation: Question



# W flip horizontal

#### Answer:



1. CODE: {Verfication using In-Built – Python}

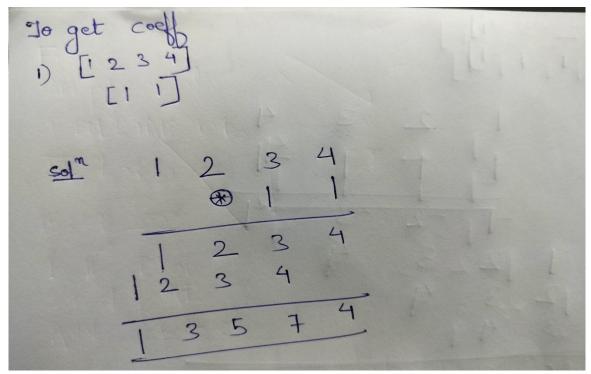
```
import numpy as np
np.convolve(list1,list2)
```

CODE: {Verfication using In-Built – MATLAB}

```
conv(list1,list2)
```

Verify the workout examples using InBuilt Function:

#### Handwritten:



Python:

```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 np.convolve([1,2,3,4],[1,1])

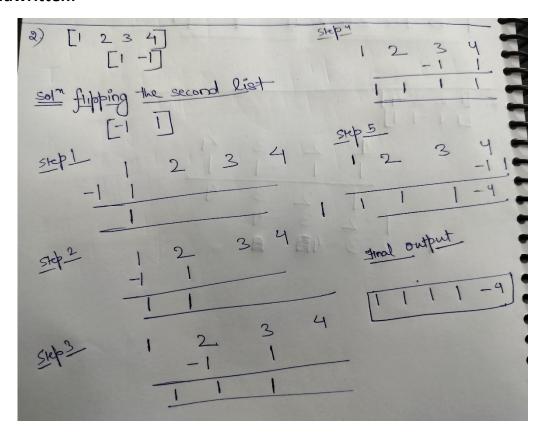
1 import numpy as np
2
3 np.convolve([1,2,3,4],[1,1])

2 array([1, 3, 5, 7, 4])
```

```
conv(11,12) %% In-Built Function %%

ans = 1×5

1 3 5 7 4
```

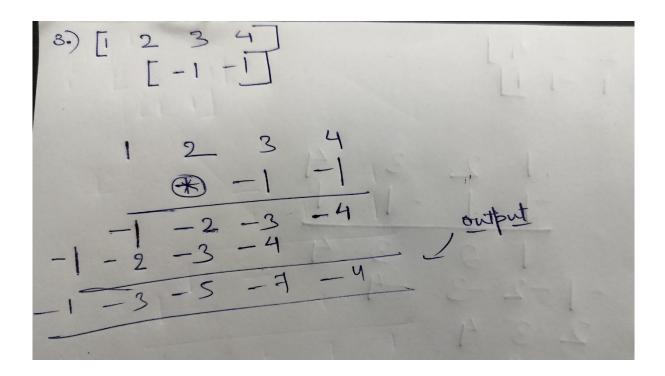


# Python:

```
conv(11,12) >>> In-Built Function >>> 

ans = 1x5

1  1  1  1  -4
```



## Python:

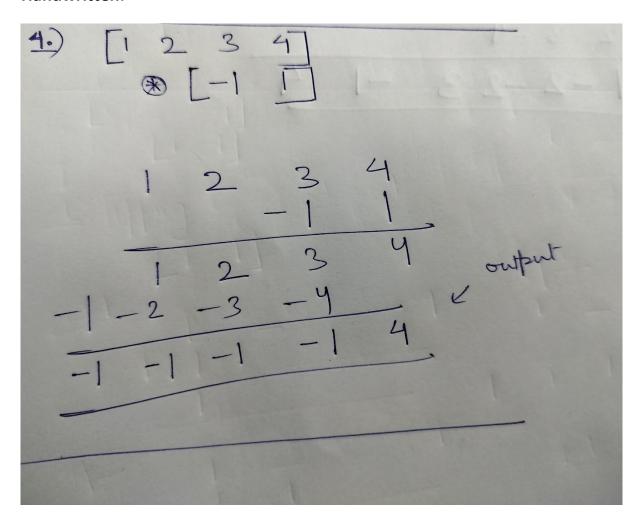
```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 np.convolve([1,2,3,4],[-1,-1])

> 0.0s
array([-1, -3, -5, -7, -4])
```

```
conv(11,12) %% In-Built Function %%

ans = 1×5

-1 -3 -5 -7 -4
```



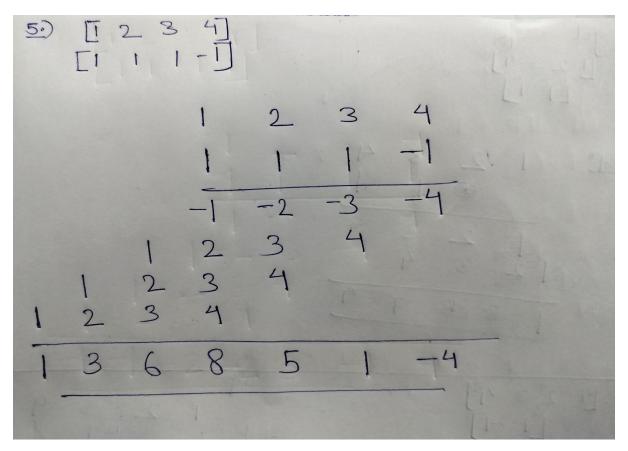
## Python:

```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 np.convolve([1,2,3,4],[-1,1])

> 0.0s

array([-1, -1, -1, -1, 4])
```



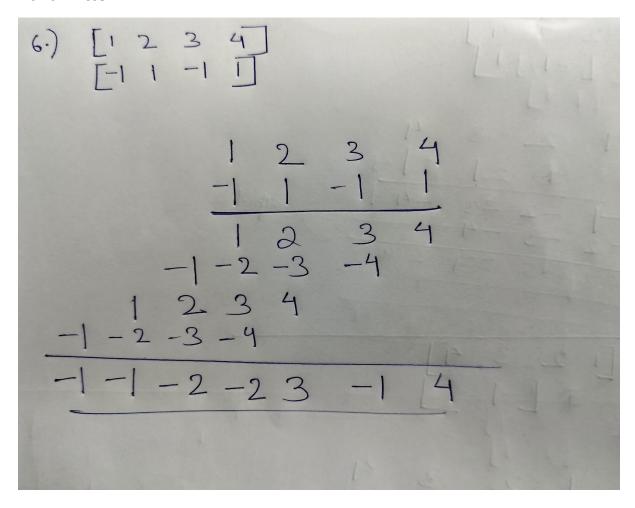


# Python:

```
conv(11,12) %% In-Built Function %%

ans = 1x7

1  3  6  8  5  1  -4
```



#### Python:

```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 np.convolve([1,2,3,4],[-1,1,-1,1])

/ 0.0s

marray([-1, -1, -2, -2, 3, -1, 4])
```

```
conv(11,12) %% In-Built Function %%

ans = 1x7

-1 -1 -2 -2 3 -1 4
```

2. Implement code for convolution and verify using examples given.

```
CODE: {Self Implemented – Python}
def convolution(list1, list2):
    # Getiing the length of the resultant list an flipping the
second list
    n = len(list1) + len(list2) -1
    coeffs = [0]*n
    list2 = list2[::-1]
    # Creating a new list with entries as zero of length(list2)-1
    newlist1 = [0]*(len(list2)-1)
# Adding the initial input list1 to the newlist1 just to get the
correct entries.
   for i in range(len(list1)):
        newlist1.append(list1[i])
    # Adding more zeroes to newlist just to deal with protruding
#part of list2 when flipped.
   for j in range(len(list2)-1):
        newlist1.append(∅)
    # Using Flipping Convolution
   for i in range(n):
        for j in range(len(list2)):
            coeffs[i] += newlist1[i+j]*list2[j]
    return coeffs
```

# Code (Self Implemented – MATLAB)

```
function coefs = convolution(11,12)
   coefs = zeros(1,n);
                                 %% Padding of zeros on empty list %%
   12 = flip(12);
                                 %% Flipping second list %%
   newlist1 = zeros(1,length(12)-1);  %% Same as python code%%
   for i=1:length(l1)
       newlist1(length(l2)-1+i) = l1(i);
   for j=1:length(12)-1
       newlist1(length(newlist1)+j) = 0;
   end
   for i=1:n
              %% Traversing list1 using list2 and updating final coefs list
       for j=1:length(12)
          coefs(i) = coefs(i) + newlist1(i+j-1)*12(j);
       end
   end
end
```

# Verify the implemented code using Examples:

```
a.) List 1 = [1 2 3 4]
List 2 = [1 1]
```

Python:

```
b.) List 1 = [1 2 3 4]
List 2 = [1 -1]
```

#### Python:

```
26
27 convolution([1,2,3,4],[1,-1])

v 0.0s
... [1, 1, 1, 1, -4]
```

#### MATLAB:

#### Python:

```
26
27 convolution([1,2,3,4],[-1,-1])

9] 

0.0s

[-1, -3, -5, -7, -4]
```

```
d.) List 1 = [1 2 3 4]
List 2 = [-1 1]
```

#### Python:

#### MATLAB:

#### Python:

```
27 convolution([1,2,3,4],[1,1,1,-1])

v 0.0s

1, 3, 6, 8, 5, 1, -4]
```

## Python:

```
26
27 convolution([1,2,3,4],[-1,1,-1,1])

[22] 

0.0s

... [-1, -1, -2, -2, 3, -1, 4]
```

```
clear all;clc;
11 = [1 2 3 4];
12 = [-1 1 -1 1];
convolution(11,12) %% Using Self-Built Function for Flipping Convolution %%
-1 -1
```



