

Project-2

Project: End-to-End DevOps Automation for Scalable Containerized Application Deployment

Company: Analytics Pvt Ltd

Role: DevOps Engineer

Description: Designed and implemented a complete DevOps automation pipeline for Analytics Pvt Ltd using Terraform, Ansible, Jenkins, Docker, and Kubernetes to enable scalable, high-availability application deployment. The solution automated infrastructure provisioning, CI/CD workflows, containerization, and Kubernetes-based production deployments.

Application Repo:

<https://github.com/hshar/website.git>

Problem Statement:

Analytics Pvt Ltd needed a reliable and scalable platform to:

- Automate application deployment and operations
- Handle increasing product demand
- Eliminate manual deployment processes
- Maintain consistent environments without modifying existing Docker containers
- Implement controlled release management with monthly production releases
- Enable seamless scaling of application workloads across multiple servers

The challenge was to implement this solution using modern DevOps practices while ensuring zero disruption to existing Docker images and development workflows.

Architecture Overview

Developer



GitHub (master)

↓ (Webhook Trigger)

Jenkins Pipeline (jenkins-controller)

- └─ Stage 1: Checkout Code
- └─ Stage 2: Build (Docker Image)
- └─ Stage 3: Push Image (Docker Hub)
- └─ Stage 4: Deploy to Kubernetes



Docker Image (vikky9387/website)



Kubernetes Cluster

- └─ k8s-master
- └─ k8s-worker1 → Pod (Replica 1)
- └─ k8s-worker2 → Pod (Replica 2)



Application Running in Production

Server Mapping

Four EC2 instances were provisioned using Terraform:

EC2 Name	Purpose
jenkins-controller	Jenkins + Ansible
k8s-master	Kubernetes Control Plane
k8s-worker1	Kubernetes Worker Node
k8s-worker2	Kubernetes Worker Node

Tools Used

The project utilizes **GitHub** for version control, **Jenkins** for continuous integration and continuous deployment (CI/CD), **Docker** for containerization of the application, **Kubernetes** for container orchestration and management, **Terraform** for infrastructure provisioning, **Ansible** for configuration management and automation, and **AWS** as the cloud platform for hosting the complete infrastructure.

PHASE 1 — Launch Terraform Controller EC2

Create EC2 instance:

Launch an EC2 instance named Terraform controller and connect it through EC2 instance connect.

Attach IAM role with policies:

- [AmazonEC2FullAccess](#)
- [AmazonVPCFullAccess](#)
- [IAMFullAccess](#)

The screenshot shows the AWS EC2 Instances page. At the top, there's a header with 'Instances (1/1)' and a 'Info' link. To the right are buttons for 'Connect', 'Instance state ▾', 'Actions ▾', and a prominent orange 'Launch instances' button. Below the header is a search bar with placeholder text 'Find Instance by attribute or tag (case-sensitive)'. A dropdown menu shows 'Running ▾'. On the far right of the header are navigation arrows and a gear icon. The main table has columns: Name, Instance ID, Instance state, Instance type, Status check, Alarm status, Availability Zone, and Public IPv4. One row is selected, showing 'terraform-con...' as the name, 'i-0a8ca382d24fdfba6' as the Instance ID, 'Running' as the state, 't3.small' as the type, 'Initializing' as the status check, 'View alarms +', 'us-east-1b' as the availability zone, and 'ec2-13-217-' as the public IPv4. The table has a scroll bar on the right.

Modify IAM role [Info](#)

Attach an IAM role to your instance.

The screenshot shows the 'Modify IAM role' dialog. At the top left is an 'Instance ID' field containing 'i-0a8ca382d24fdfba6 (terraform-controller)'. Below it is an 'IAM role' section with a dropdown menu showing 'TerraformAdminRole' and a 'Create new IAM role' button. At the bottom are 'Cancel' and 'Update IAM role' buttons. The dialog has a scroll bar on the right.

PHASE 2 — Install Terraform

On terraform-controller:

```
sudo apt update
```

```
sudo apt install -y wget unzip
```

```
wget https://releases.hashicorp.com/terraform/1.14.3/terraform_1.14.3_linux_amd64.zip
```

```
unzip terraform_1.14.3_linux_amd64.zip
```

```
sudo mv terraform /usr/local/bin/
```

```
terraform -v
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~$ sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y wget unzip

wget https://releases.hashicorp.com/terraform/1.14.3/terraform_1.14.3_linux_amd64.zip
unzip terraform_1.14.3_linux_amd64.zip
sudo mv terraform /usr/local/bin/
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Get:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease [126 kB]
Get:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease [126 kB]
Get:4 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Packages [15.0 MB]
Get:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease [126 kB]
Get:6 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe Translation-en [5982 kB]
Get:7 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Components [3871 kB]
Get:8 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 c-n-f Metadata [301 kB]
Get:9 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Packages [269 kB]
Get:10 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse Translation-en [118 kB]
Get:11 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Components [35.0 kB]
Get:12 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 c-n-f Metadata [8328 kB]
Get:13 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 Packages [1684 kB]
Get:14 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main Translation-en [311 kB]
Get:15 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 Components [175 kB]
Get:16 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 c-n-f Metadata [15.0 kB]
Get:17 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 Packages [1506 kB]
Get:18 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe Translation-en [306 kB]
Get:19 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 Components [378 kB]
Get:20 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 c-n-f Metadata [241 kB]
Get:21 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/restricted amd64 Packages [241 kB]
```

i-0a8ca382d24fdfba6 (terraform-controller)

Ubuntu 22.04 LTS - 64-bit - 100.7 GB

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~$ terraform -v
Terraform v1.14.3
on linux_amd64
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~$ █
```

PHASE 3 — Workspace Setup

mkdir analytics-devops

cd analytics-devops

mkdir terraform

cd terraform

ssh-keygen -t rsa

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~$ mkdir analytics-devops
cd analytics-devops
mkdir terraform
cd terraform
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ █
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ ssh-keygen -t rsa
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_rsa):
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_rsa
Your public key has been saved in /home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:LCuRhSF7mR8xorHoVjIeFi58Iu80etl8Y4D16RROMXg ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50
The key's randomart image is:
+---[RSA 3072]----+
| .o o.=          |
|o..*.*E=         |
|+o+o*.=         |
|*.B+ B =        |
| += + B S        |
|.+ = = o         |
|.+ + + *         |
| . + .           |
+---[SHA256]-----+
```

PHASE 4 — Terraform Configuration

nano provider.tf

paste this:

```
provider "aws" {
  region = "us-east-1"
}
```

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ nano provider.tf
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ █
```

```
GNU nano 1.4
provider "aws" {
  region = "us-east-1"
}█
```

nano keypair.tf

paste this:

```
resource "aws_key_pair" "devops_key" {  
    key_name  = "terraform-key"  
    public_key = file("~/ssh/id_rsa.pub")  
}
```

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ nano keypair.tf
```

```
GNU nano 7.2  
resource "aws_key_pair" "devops_key" {  
    key_name  = "terraform-key"  
    public_key = file("~/ssh/id_rsa.pub")  
}
```

nano network.tf

paste this:

```
resource "aws_vpc" "devops_vpc" {  
    cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/16"  
    tags = { Name = "devops-vpc" }  
}  
  
resource "aws_internet_gateway" "devops_igw" {  
    vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id  
}
```

```

resource "aws_route_table" "devops_rt" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id
  route {
    cidr_block = "0.0.0.0/0"
    gateway_id = aws_internet_gateway.devops_igw.id
  }
}

```

```

resource "aws_subnet" "devops_subnet" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id
  cidr_block = "10.0.1.0/24"
  map_public_ip_on_launch = true
  tags = { Name = "devops-subnet" }
}

```

```

resource "aws_route_table_association" "devops_assoc" {
  subnet_id = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
  route_table_id = aws_route_table.devops_rt.id
}

```

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ nano network.tf
```

```

GNU nano 7.2
resource "aws_vpc" "devops_vpc" {
  cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/16"
  tags = { Name = "devops-vpc" }
}

resource "aws_internet_gateway" "devops_igw" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id
}

resource "aws_route_table" "devops_rt" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id
  route {
    cidr_block = "0.0.0.0/0"
    gateway_id = aws_internet_gateway.devops_igw.id
  }
}

resource "aws_subnet" "devops_subnet" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id
  cidr_block = "10.0.1.0/24"
  map_public_ip_on_launch = true
  tags = { Name = "devops-subnet" }
}
```

^G Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut

nano security.tf

paste this:

```
resource "aws_security_group" "devops_sg" {
```

```
  name  = "devops-sg"
```

```
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id
```

```
# SSH
```

```
  ingress {
```

```
    from_port  = 22
```

```
    to_port   = 22
```

```
    protocol  = "tcp"
```

```
    cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
```

```
}
```

```
# Jenkins
```

```
  ingress {
```

```
    from_port  = 8080
```

```
    to_port   = 8080
```

```
    protocol  = "tcp"
```

```
    cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
```

```
}
```

```
# Kubernetes NodePort (for your website service)
```

```
  ingress {
```

```
    from_port  = 30008
```

```
    to_port   = 30008
```

```
    protocol  = "tcp"
```

```
    cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
```

```
}
```

```
# Kubernetes API
```

```
  ingress {
```

```
    from_port  = 6443
```

```
    to_port = 6443
    protocol = "tcp"
    cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
}
```

```
# Internal cluster communication
ingress {
    from_port = 0
    to_port = 0
    protocol = "-1"
    self = true
}
```

```
egress {
    from_port = 0
    to_port = 0
    protocol = "-1"
    cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
}
```

```
tags = {
    Name = "devops-sg"
}
}
```

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ nano security.tf
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ █
```

```

GNU nano 1.4
resource "aws_security_group" "devops_sg" {
  name      = "devops-sg"
  vpc_id    = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id

  # SSH
  ingress {
    from_port    = 22
    to_port      = 22
    protocol     = "tcp"
    cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
  }

  # Jenkins
  ingress {
    from_port    = 8080
    to_port      = 8080
    protocol     = "tcp"
    cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
  }

  # Kubernetes NodePort (for your website service)
  ingress {
    from_port    = 30008
  }
}

```

^{^G} Help ^{^O} Write Out ^{^W} Where Is ^{^K} Cut
^{^A} Undo ^{^P} Redo ^{^Y} Paste ^{^X} Delete

nano instances.tf

paste this:

```
variable "ami" { default = "ami-0ecb62995f68bb549" }
```

```

resource "aws_instance" "jenkins" {
  ami           = var.ami
  instance_type = "t3.small"
  key_name      = aws_key_pair.devops_key.key_name
  subnet_id     = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
  vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.devops_sg.id]
  tags          = { Name = "jenkins-controller" }
}

resource "aws_instance" "master" {

```

```
ami = var.ami
instance_type = "t3.small"
key_name = aws_key_pair.devops_key.key_name
subnet_id = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.devops_sg.id]
tags = { Name = "k8s-master" }
}
```

```
resource "aws_instance" "worker1" {
ami = var.ami
instance_type = "t3.small"
key_name = aws_key_pair.devops_key.key_name
subnet_id = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.devops_sg.id]
tags = { Name = "k8s-worker1" }
}
```

```
resource "aws_instance" "worker2" {
ami = var.ami
instance_type = "t3.small"
key_name = aws_key_pair.devops_key.key_name
subnet_id = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.devops_sg.id]
tags = { Name = "k8s-worker2" }
}
```

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ nano instances.tf
```

```

GNU nano 7.2
variable "ami" { default = "ami-0ecb62995f68bb549" }

resource "aws_instance" "jenkins" {
  ami = var.ami
  instance_type = "t3.small"
  key_name = aws_key_pair.devops_key.key_name
  subnet_id = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
  vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.devops_sg.id]
  tags = { Name = "jenkins-controller" }
}

resource "aws_instance" "master" {
  ami = var.ami
  instance_type = "t3.small"
  key_name = aws_key_pair.devops_key.key_name
  subnet_id = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
  vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.devops_sg.id]
  tags = { Name = "k8s-master" }
}

resource "aws_instance" "worker1" {
  ami = var.ami
  instance_type = "t3.small"
}

^G Help          ^O Write Out      ^W Where Is      ^K Cut          ^T Execu

```

PHASE 5 — Deploy Infrastructure

[terraform init](#)

[terraform plan](#)

[terraform apply](#)

```

ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ terraform init
Initializing the backend...
Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding latest version of hashicorp/aws...
- Installing hashicorp/aws v6.27.0...
- Installed hashicorp/aws v6.27.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider
selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository
so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when
you run "terraform init" in the future.

Terraform has been successfully initialized!

```

You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see
any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands
should now work.

If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform,
rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other
commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.

ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform\$ █

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ terraform plan
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_instance.jenkins will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "jenkins" {
    + ami                                = "ami-0ecb62995f68bb549"
    + arn                                = (known after apply)
    + associate_public_ip_address        = (known after apply)
    + availability_zone                  = (known after apply)
    + disable_api_stop                  = (known after apply)
    + disable_api_termination           = (known after apply)
    + ebs_optimized                     = (known after apply)
    + enable_primary_ipv6               = (known after apply)
    + force_destroy                     = false
    + get_password_data                = false
    + host_id                           = (known after apply)
    + host_resource_group_arn          = (known after apply)
    + iam_instance_profile              = (known after apply)
```

i-0a8ca382d24fdfba6 (terraform-controller)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ terraform apply -auto-approve
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_instance.jenkins will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "jenkins" {
    + ami                                = "ami-0ecb62995f68bb549"
    + arn                                = (known after apply)
    + associate_public_ip_address        = (known after apply)
    + availability_zone                  = (known after apply)
    + disable_api_stop                  = (known after apply)
    + disable_api_termination           = (known after apply)
    + ebs_optimized                     = (known after apply)
    + enable_primary_ipv6               = (known after apply)
    + force_destroy                     = false
    + get_password_data                = false
    + host_id                           = (known after apply)
    + host_resource_group_arn          = (known after apply)
    + iam_instance_profile              = (known after apply)
    + id                                 = (known after apply)
    + instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = (known after apply)
    + instance_lifecycle               = (known after apply)
    + instance_state                   = (known after apply)
    + instance_type                    = "t3.small"
```

i-0a8ca382d24fdfba6 (terraform-controller)

```
Apply complete! Resources: 11 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$
```

i-0a8ca382d24fdfba6 (terraform-controller)

Instances (5) Info										
Last updated less than a minute ago (C) Connect Instance state ▾ Actions ▾ Launch instances ▼										
<input type="text"/> Find Instance by attribute or tag (case-sensitive) Running ▾ < 1 > ⚙️										▼
	Name ⚡	Instance ID	Instance state	Instance type	Status check	Alarm status	Availability Zone	Public IPv4		
<input type="checkbox"/>	k8s-master	i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06	Running Q Q	t3.small	Initializing	View alarms +	us-east-1c	-		
<input type="checkbox"/>	k8s-worker1	i-09db45f83a70daea3	Running Q Q	t3.small	Initializing	View alarms +	us-east-1c	-		
<input type="checkbox"/>	jenkins-contro...	i-034c60ff7a59f29ab	Running Q Q	t3.small	Initializing	View alarms +	us-east-1c	-		
<input type="checkbox"/>	k8s-worker2	i-0ffe284ff3e111254	Running Q Q	t3.small	Initializing	View alarms +	us-east-1c	-		

PHASE 6 — Configuration Management with Ansible

Install Ansible on Jenkins Controller

sudo apt update

sudo apt install -y ansible

ansible --version

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~$ sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y ansible
ansible --version
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Get:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease [126 kB]
Get:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease [126 kB]
Get:4 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Packages [15.0 MB]
Get:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease [126 kB]
Get:6 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe Translation-en [5982 kB]
Get:7 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Components [3871 kB]
Get:8 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 c-n-f Metadata [301 kB]
Get:9 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Packages [269 kB]
Get:10 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse Translation-en [118 kB]
Get:11 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Components [35.0 kB]
Get:12 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 c-n-f Metadata [8328 B]
Get:13 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 Packages [1684 kB]
Get:14 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main Translation-en [311 kB]
Get:15 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 Components [175 kB]
Get:16 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 c-n-f Metadata [15.8 kB]
Get:17 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 Packages [1506 kB]
Get:18 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe Translation-en [306 kB]
Get:19 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 Components [378 kB]
Get:20 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 c-n-f Metadata [31.4 kB]
Get:21 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/restricted amd64 Packages [2413 kB]
Get:22 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/restricted Translation-en [550 kB]
Get:23 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/restricted amd64 Components [212 B]
Get:24 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/restricted amd64 c-n-f Metadata [516 B]
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

PublicIP: 44.200.17.67 PrivateIP: 10.0.1.98

```
No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binaries on this host.
ansible [core 2.16.3]
  config file = None
  configured module search path = ['/home/ubuntu/.ansible/plugins/modules', '/usr/share/ansible/plugins/modules']
  ansible python module location = /usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/ansible
  ansible collection location = /home/ubuntu/.ansible/collections:/usr/share/ansible/collections
  executable location = /usr/bin/ansible
  python version = 3.12.3 (main, Aug 14 2025, 17:47:21) [GCC 13.3.0] (/usr/bin/python3)
  jinja version = 3.1.2
  libyaml = True
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

Create Inventory

mkdir ~/ansible

cd ~/ansible

nano hosts

Paste this:

[jenkins]

44.200.17.67

[k8s_master]

44.204.209.45

[k8s_workers]

44.200.197.111

3.237.82.87

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~$ mkdir ~/ansible
cd ~/ansible
nano hosts
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ █
```

```
GNU nano 7.2
[jenkins]
44.200.17.67
[k8s_master]
44.204.209.45
[k8s_workers]
44.200.197.111
3.237.82.87
```

PHASE 7 - SECURE SSH TRUST SETUP

On Controller

```
ssh-keygen -t rsa
```

```
cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ ssh-keygen -t rsa
cat >/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_rsa):
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_rsa
Your public key has been saved in /home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:YSHMuEZHDnygi7PSpgQwT8V/iLt0PfeY0fZTwSx/OTA ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98
The key's randomart image is:
+---[RSA 3072]---+
| *+.o . . |
| o ++.... . |
| . o. o . o .. |
| .o. o . E . |
| * . S o o o |
| . = o . . . o. |
| ..+ = + = + . |
| .+ o o . = + . |
| o.. o . o . |
+---[SHA256]---+
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAQABAAQbQDtKPMkaYZB53FFjpRPd/M53yxp1Cu+uCoZ2jwyccX5Qvo19UUloM6eEs3QWQJ7mx9XOoWBfxTx4OHw/aJFnQyPjpnZ3KnnmIRUr7XUadv3GnDl0R9pifk4imQpFwfPHG11
s+Xj43UubU2hqqg93Sxx9VsrFSJsa88rpdknHuE77jj1jKRkEkoit13jbeYd9s+wN2R1haz7zClg4y1lGYf/spsQ/J2yQz+0Fos4D7Jw7N+N1bhx2HMHjAS5jah5pk0Trui1sJd1LEHRPB8jrl73pHac2QxDkocjvC2r
5jjRtnZL61AOmLiAzHKx04r2ng2VUyAmbH81Logmmz5z4rcrBy93ePSqgGYJPbzefhTaOyAretN2az+q4yaDzNPqGtSNVzgXhAnD0Zwnk5tLE8naAM1AvuFXPGgaubXb/KuZX/EP4kkQMTg/MS8RLy55cVPbMYrnS2aQoRge8u
Cb8mJa3Ni95FsFtNvJRhL/gsPDejeEzzGWntR+rw4v8M= ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ █
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

On Each Node (via EC2 Instance Connect)

```
mkdir -p ~/.ssh
```

```
nano ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

```
# paste public key
```

```
Save and exit
```

```
chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ mkdir -p ~/.ssh
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ nano ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ █
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

```
-----  
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAQABAAQDeoNfV5J+sMPlIDA+zXGL1HsqdopCTToBc+qhi6SaQ1jhfmx8sgmf/C3pJQDfqAqdUD3phNm8Larpq/KvzTN6SwA3H5dPXOK/XksGS2iE7EmN7vAlIPdtyAmXC6PCN0z5G>
<RLy55CVPbM1rnS2aQoRge8uCb8nUa3Ni95RsFtNvJRhL/gsPUEjEZzGWNvtR+rW4v8M= ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98 █
```

```
^G Help      ^O Write Out    ^W Where Is      ^K Cut          ^T Execute      ^C Location     M-U Undo      M-A Set Mark   M-J To Bracket M-Q Previous
^X Exit      ^R Read File    ^\ Replace       ^U Paste        ^J Justify     ^/ Go To Line   M-E Redo      M-B Copy      ^Q Where Was   M-W Next
```

```
i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)
```

```
X
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ mkdir -p ~/.ssh
nano ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ █
```

i-09db45f83a70dae3 (k8s-worker1)

```
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAQABAAQgQDeoNfV5J+sMPlIDA+zXGL1HsqdopCTToBc+qh16SaQ1jhTmx8sgmF/C3pJQDfqAqDUD3phNm8Larpq/KvzTN6SwA3H5dPXOK/XksGS2iE7EmN7vALIPdtyAmXC6PCN0z5Q><RLy55CVPbMYrns2aQoRge8uCb8nUa3Ni95FsFtNvJRhL/gsPUejEZzGWNvtR+rw4v8M= ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98█
```

^G Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut ^T Execute ^C Location M-U Undo M-A Set Mark M-J To Bracket M-Q Previous
^X Exit ^R Read File ^\ Replace ^U Paste ^J Justify ^/ Go To Line M-B Redo M-D Copy ^Q Where Was M-N Next

i-09db45f83a70dae3 (k8s-worker1) X

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ mkdir -p ~/.ssh
nano ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ █
```

i-Offe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2)

```
GNU nano 7.2                                         /home/ubuntu/.ssh/authorized_keys *
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAQABgQDeoNfV5J+sMPlIDA+zXGL1HsqdopCTToBc+gh16SaQljhTmx8sgmf/C3pJQDfqAqPUD3phNm8Larpq/KvzTN6SwA3H5dPXOK/XksGS2iE7EmN7vALIPdtyAmXC6PCNoz5Q>
<RLy55CPbMYrnS2aQoRge8uCb8nUa3Ni95FsFtNvJRhl/gsPUejEZzGWNvtR+rw4v8M= ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98

^G Help      ^O Write Out   ^W Where Is    ^K Cut        ^T Execute     ^C Location    M-U Undo      M-A Set Mark  M-] To Bracket M-Q Previous
^X Exit      ^R Read File   ^\ Replace     ^U Paste       ^J Justify     ^/ Go To Line  M-E Redo      M-F Copy      ^Q Where Was   M-T Next
i-Offe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2)  X
```

Controller Self-Trust

```
cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub >> ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub >> ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$
```

Verify

```
ansible all -i hosts -m ping
```

```

ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ ansible all -i hosts -m ping
44.200.17.67 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
44.200.197.111 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
3.237.82.87 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
44.204.209.45 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,

```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

PHASE 8 — Automated Installation Using Ansible

Server	Installation
jenkins-controller	Java + Jenkins
k8s-master	Docker + kubeadm + kubelet + kubectl
k8s-worker1	Docker + kubeadm + kubelet
k8s-worker2	Docker + kubeadm + kubelet

Step 1 — Create Playbook on Jenkins controller

```
cd ~/ansible
```

```
nano setup.yml
```

PASTE THIS:

```
---
```

```
- hosts: all
  become: yes
  tasks:
    - name: Update system
      apt:
        update_cache: yes

    - name: Install basic packages
      apt:
        name: ['curl','apt-transport-https','ca-certificates','gnupg']
        state: present

- hosts: jenkins
  become: yes
  tasks:
    - name: Install Java
      apt:
        name: openjdk-17-jdk
        state: present

    - name: Add Jenkins key
      shell: curl -fsSL https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key | tee /usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc

    - name: Add Jenkins repo
      apt_repository:
        repo: deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc] https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/
        state: present
```

```
- name: Install Jenkins

  apt:
    name: jenkins
    state: present

- name: Start Jenkins

  service:
    name: jenkins
    state: started
    enabled: yes

- hosts: k8s_master,k8s_workers
  become: yes
  tasks:
    - name: Install Docker

      apt:
        name: docker.io
        state: present

    - name: Enable Docker

      service:
        name: docker
        state: started
        enabled: yes

    - name: Add Kubernetes GPG key

      shell: |
        curl -fsSL https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.29/deb/Release.key \
        | gpg --dearmor -o /usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg

    - name: Add Kubernetes repository

      shell: |
        echo "deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg] \\"
```

```
https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.29/deb /" \
> /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list
```

```
- name: Install Kubernetes packages
```

```
apt:
```

```
  name: ['kubelet','kubeadm','kubectl']
```

```
  state: present
```

```
  update_cache: yes
```

```
- name: Hold Kubernetes packages
```

```
shell: apt-mark hold kubelet kubeadm kubectl
```

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ nano setup.yml
```

```
GNU nano 7.2                                     setup.yml *
```

```
--
```

```
- hosts: all
  become: yes
  tasks:
    - name: Update system
      apt:
        update_cache: yes

    - name: Install basic packages
      apt:
        name: ['curl','apt-transport-https','ca-certificates','gnupg']
        state: present

- hosts: jenkins
  become: yes
  tasks:
    - name: Install Java
      apt:
        name: openjdk-17-jdk
        state: present

    - name: Add Jenkins key
      shell: curl -fSSL https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key | tee /usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc
```

```
^G Help      ^O Write Out     ^W Where Is      ^K Cut          ^T Execute      ^C Location      M-U Undo      M-A Set Mark      M-
^X Exit      ^R Read File     ^V Replace      ^U Paste        ^J Justify      ^/ Go To Line    M-E Redo      M-B Copy      ^Q
```

Step 2 — Run Automation

```
ansible-playbook -i hosts setup.yml
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ ansible-playbook -i hosts setup.yml

PLAY [all] ****
TASK [Gathering Facts] ****
ok: [44.200.197.111]
ok: [44.200.17.67]
ok: [3.237.82.87]
ok: [44.204.209.45]

TASK [Update system] ****
changed: [44.200.17.67]
changed: [44.200.197.111]
changed: [3.237.82.87]
changed: [44.204.209.45]

TASK [Install basic packages] ****
changed: [44.200.197.111]
changed: [44.200.17.67]
changed: [3.237.82.87]
changed: [44.204.209.45]

PLAY [jenkins] ****
TASK [Gathering Facts] ****
ok: [44.200.17.67]
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

Step 3 — Verify

Jenkins:

<http://44.200.17.67:8080>

The screenshot shows the Jenkins 'Getting Started' page. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links like 'Adobe Acrobat', 'crowd-gen-contribu...', 'GENCO TRANS CO D...', 'Welocalize', 'Applicant Login', 'Recruitment Dashb...', 'AWS Skill Builder', and 'WELCOME'. Below the navigation bar, the main content area has a heading 'Getting Started' and a large title 'Unlock Jenkins'. A text block explains that Jenkins is securely set up and provides the path '/var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword' where the password is written. It instructs the user to copy the password from either location and paste it into a text input field labeled 'Administrator password'. The input field contains several dots ('.....'). At the bottom right of the form is a blue 'Continue' button.

Kubernetes Nodes:

docker --version

kubeadm version

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ docker --version
kubeadm version
Docker version 20.2.2, build 82b9c3a
kubeadm version: vversion.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"29", GitVersion:"v1.29.15", GitCommit:"0d0f172cdf9fd42d6feee3467374b58d3e168df0", GitTreeState:"clean", BuildDate:"2025-03-11T17:46:36Z", GoVersion:"go1.23.6", Compiler:"gc", Platform:"linux/amd64"}
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

X

PHASE 9 - Kubernetes Cluster Setup — Production Grade

Cluster Architecture

Role	Node
Kubernetes Master	44.204.209.45
Worker Node 1	44.200.197.111
Worker Node 2	3.237.82.87

❖ STEP 1 — Disable Swap (ALL NODES)

sudo swapoff -a

sudo sed -i '/ swap / s/^/#/' /etc/fstab

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ sudo swapoff -a  
sudo sed -i '/ swap / s/^/#/' /etc/fstab  
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ █
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ sudo swapoff -a  
sudo sed -i '/ swap / s/^/#/' /etc/fstab  
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ █
```

i-09db45f83a70daea3 (k8s-worker1)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ sudo swapoff -a  
sudo sed -i '/ swap / s/^/#/' /etc/fstab  
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ █
```

i-0ffe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2)

◆ STEP 2 — Load Kernel Modules (ALL NODES)

```
sudo modprobe overlay
```

```
sudo modprobe br_netfilter
```

```
cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/modules-load.d/k8s.conf
```

```
overlay
```

```
br_netfilter
```

```
EOF
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ sudo modprobe overlay
sudo modprobe br_netfilter

cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/modules-load.d/k8s.conf
overlay
br_netfilter
EOF
overlay
br_netfilter
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ █
```

i-09db45f83a70daeae3 (k8s-worker1)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ sudo modprobe overlay
sudo modprobe br_netfilter

cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/modules-load.d/k8s.conf
overlay
br_netfilter
EOF
overlay
br_netfilter
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ █
```

i-09db45f83a70daeae3 (k8s-worker1)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ sudo modprobe overlay
sudo modprobe br_netfilter

cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/modules-load.d/k8s.conf
overlay
br_netfilter
EOF
overlay
br_netfilter
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ █
```

i-Offe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2)

◆ STEP 3 — Configure Network Parameters (ALL NODES)

```
cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
EOF
```

sudo sysctl --system

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
EOF

sudo sysctl --system
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/10-apparmor.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-bufferbloat.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-console-messages.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ipv6-privacy.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-kernel-hardening.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-magic-sysrq.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-map-count.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-network-security.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ptrace.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-zeropage.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/50-cloudimg-settings.conf ...
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/50-pid-max.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/99-cloudimg-ipv6.conf ...
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/99-protect-links.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/99-sysctl.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.conf ...
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
EOF

sudo sysctl --system
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/10-apparmor.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-bufferbloat.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-console-messages.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ipv6-privacy.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-kernel-hardening.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-magic-sysrq.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-map-count.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-network-security.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ptrace.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-zero-page.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/50-cloudimg-settings.conf ...
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/50-pid-max.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/99-cloudimg-ipv6.conf ...
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/99-protect-links.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/99-sysctl.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.conf ...
```

i-09db45f83a70daea3 (k8s-worker1)

PUBLISHED: 44 days ago · PRIVATE: 10 days ago

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
EOF

sudo sysctl --system
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/10-apparmor.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-bufferbloat.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-console-messages.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ipv6-privacy.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-kernel-hardening.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-magic-sysrq.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-map-count.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-network-security.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ptrace.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-zero-page.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/50-cloudimg-settings.conf ...
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/50-pid-max.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/99-cloudimg-ipv6.conf ...
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/99-protect-links.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/99-sysctl.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.conf ...
```

i-0ffe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2)

◆ STEP 4 — Fix Container Runtime (ALL NODES)

[sudo mkdir -p /etc/containerd](#)

[containerd config default | sudo tee /etc/containerd/config.toml](#)

[sudo sed -i 's/SystemdCgroup = false/SystemdCgroup = true/' /etc/containerd/config.toml](#)

[sudo systemctl restart containerd](#)

[sudo systemctl restart kubelet](#)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ sudo mkdir -p /etc/containerd
containerd config default | sudo tee /etc/containerd/config.toml
sudo sed -i 's/SystemdCgroup = false/SystemdCgroup = true/' /etc/containerd/config.toml
sudo systemctl restart containerd
sudo systemctl restart kubelet
disabled_plugins = []
imports = []
oom_score = 0
plugin_dir = ""
required_plugins = []
root = "/var/lib/containerd"
state = "/run/containerd"
temp = ""
version = 2

[cgroup]
path = ""

[debug]
address = ""
format = ""
gid = 0
level = ""
uid = 0

[grpc]
address = "/run/containerd/containerd.sock"
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ sudo mkdir -p /etc/containerd
containerd config default | sudo tee /etc/containerd/config.toml
sudo sed -i 's/SystemdCgroup = false/SystemdCgroup = true/' /etc/containerd/config.toml
sudo systemctl restart containerd
sudo systemctl restart kubelet
disabled_plugins = []
imports = []
oom_score = 0
plugin_dir = ""
required_plugins = []
root = "/var/lib/containerd"
state = "/run/containerd"
temp = ""
version = 2

[cgroup]
path = ""

[debug]
address = ""
format = ""
gid = 0
level = ""
uid = 0

[grpc]
address = "/run/containerd/containerd.sock"
```

i-09db45f83a70daeae3 (k8s-worker1)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ sudo mkdir -p /etc/containerd
containerd config default | sudo tee /etc/containerd/config.toml
sudo sed -i 's/SystemdCgroup = false/SystemdCgroup = true/' /etc/containerd/config.toml
sudo systemctl restart containerd
sudo systemctl restart kubelet
disabled_plugins = []
imports = []
oom_score = 0
plugin_dir = ""
required_plugins = []
root = "/var/lib/containerd"
state = "/run/containerd"
temp = ""
version = 2

[cgroup]
path = ""

[debug]
address = ""
format = ""
gid = 0
level = ""
uid = 0

[grpc]
address = "/run/containerd/containerd.sock"
```

i-0ffe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2)

STEP 6 — Initialize Cluster (MASTER ONLY)

```
sudo kubeadm init --pod-network-cidr=192.168.0.0/16
```

Save the kubeadm join command printed at the end.

◆ STEP 7 — Configure kubectl (MASTER ONLY)

```
mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
```

```
sudo cp /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
```

```
sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
```

```
export KUBECONFIG=$HOME/.kube/config
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
sudo cp /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
export KUBECONFIG=$HOME/.kube/config
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ █
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

Verify:

```
kubectl get nodes
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ kubectl get nodes
NAME           STATUS      ROLES   AGE      VERSION
ip-10-0-1-46  NotReady   control-plane   2m12s   v1.29.15
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ █
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

Expected:

k8s-master NotReady

◆ STEP 8 — Install Network Plugin (Calico)

kubectl apply -f

<https://raw.githubusercontent.com/projectcalico/calico/v3.27.0/manifests/calico.yaml>

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/projectcalico/calico/v3.27.0/manifests/calico.yaml
poddisruptionbudget.policy/calico-kube-controllers created
serviceaccount/calico-kube-controllers created
serviceaccount/calico-node created
serviceaccount/calico-cni-plugin created
configmap/calico-config created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/bgpconfigurations.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/bgpfilters.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/bgppeers.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/blockaffinities.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/caliconodestatuses.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/clusterinformations.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/felixconfigurations.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/globalnetworkpolicies.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/globalnetworksets.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/hostendpoints.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/ipamblocks.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/ipamconfigs.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/ipamhandles.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/ippools.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/ipreservations.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/kubecontrollersconfigurations.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/networkpolicies.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/networksets.crd.projectcalico.org created
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/calico-kube-controllers created
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/calico-node created
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/calico-cni-plugin created
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

Ubuntu 22.04 LTS - 2021-06-20 10:00:16

◆ STEP 9 — Join Worker Nodes

Run on each worker node:

sudo kubeadm join 10.0.1.46:6443 --token 3d0yll.qsqgsrk5u2uzgbyi \

--discovery-token-ca-cert-hash

sha256:e624bfd29c5770b605ea5fc693fb721f50f71dd1257f6bb18aa1fde4c06af08

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ sudo kubeadm join 10.0.1.46:6443 --token 3d0yll.qsqgsrk5u2uzgbyi \
    --discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:e624bfd29c5770b605ea5fc693fb721f50f71dd1257f6bb18aa1fde4c06af08
[preflight] Running pre-flight checks
[preflight] Reading configuration from the cluster...
[preflight] FYI: You can look at this config file with 'kubectl -n kube-system get cm kubeadm-config -o yaml'
[kubelet-start] Writing kubelet configuration to file "/var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml"
[kubelet-start] Writing kubelet environment file with flags to file "/var/lib/kubelet/kubeadm-flags.env"
[kubelet-start] Starting the kubelet
[kubelet-start] Waiting for the kubelet to perform the TLS Bootstrap...

This node has joined the cluster:
* Certificate signing request was sent to apiserver and a response was received.
* The Kubelet was informed of the new secure connection details.

Run 'kubectl get nodes' on the control-plane to see this node join the cluster.
```

ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~\$ █

i-09db45f83a70daea3 (k8s-worker1)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ sudo kubeadm join 10.0.1.46:6443 --token 3d0y11.qsqgsrk5u2uzgbyi \
--discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:e624bfd29c5770b605ea5fcd693fb721f50f71dd1257f6bb18aa1fde4c06af08
[preflight] Running pre-flight checks
[preflight] Reading configuration from the cluster...
[preflight] FYI: You can look at this config file with 'kubectl -n kube-system get cm kubeadm-config -o yaml'
[kubelet-start] Writing kubelet configuration to file "/var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml"
[kubelet-start] Writing kubelet environment file with flags to file "/var/lib/kubelet/kubeadm-flags.env"
[kubelet-start] Starting the kubelet
[kubelet-start] Waiting for the kubelet to perform the TLS Bootstrap...

This node has joined the cluster:
* Certificate signing request was sent to apiserver and a response was received.
* The Kubelet was informed of the new secure connection details.

Run 'kubectl get nodes' on the control-plane to see this node join the cluster.

ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ █
```

i-Offe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2)

◆ STEP 10 — Final Cluster Verification (MASTER)

[kubectl get nodes](#)

Final expected state:

k8s-master Ready

k8s-worker1 Ready

k8s-worker2 Ready

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ kubectl get nodes
NAME      STATUS    ROLES      AGE      VERSION
ip-10-0-1-19  Ready    <none>    41s     v1.29.15
ip-10-0-1-46  Ready    control-plane  3m41s   v1.29.15
ip-10-0-1-93  Ready    <none>    19s     v1.29.15
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ █
```

i-Oec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

PHASE 10 - Application Deployment + Jenkins CI/CD Pipeline

Pipeline Architecture

Developer Commit → GitHub → Jenkins Pipeline



Docker Build → Docker Hub



Kubernetes Deployment (2 replicas)

STEP 1 — Jenkins Preparation

Install Required Software on Jenkins Server

```
sudo apt update
```

```
sudo apt install -y docker.io git
```

```
sudo usermod -aG docker jenkins
```

```
sudo systemctl restart jenkins
```

```
sudo systemctl restart docker
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y docker.io git
sudo usermod -aG docker jenkins
sudo systemctl restart jenkins
sudo systemctl restart docker
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Hit:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease
Hit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease
Hit:4 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease
Ign:5 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ InRelease
Hit:6 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Release
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
66 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
git is already the newest version (1:2.43.0-1ubuntu7.3).
git set to manually installed.
The following additional packages will be installed:
  bridge-utils containerd dns-root-data dnsmasq-base pigz runc ubuntu-fan
Suggested packages:
  ifupdown aufs-tools cgroupfs-mount | cgroup-lite debootstrap docker-buildx doc
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  bridge-utils containerd dns-root-data dnsmasq-base docker.io pigz runc ubuntu-
0 upgraded, 8 newly installed, 0 to remove and 66 not upgraded.
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

Install kubectl on Jenkins Server

```
curl -fsSL https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:v1.29/deb/Release.key | sudo gpg --dearmor -o /usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg
```

```
echo "deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg]
```

```
https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:v1.29/deb/ " | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list
```

```
sudo apt update
```

```
sudo apt install -y kubectl
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ curl -fsSL https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:v1.29/deb/Release.key | sudo gpg --dearmor -o /usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg
echo "deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg] https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:v1.29/deb/ " | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list
sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y kubectl
deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg] https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:v1.29/deb/
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Hit:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease
Hit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease
Ign:4 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ InRelease
Hit:5 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Release
Hit:7 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease
Get:6 https://prod-cdn.packages.k8s.io/repositories/isv:/kubernetes:/core:/stable:v1.29/deb InRelease [1192 B]
Get:9 https://prod-cdn.packages.k8s.io/repositories/isv:/kubernetes:/core:/stable:v1.29/deb Packages [21.3 kB]
Fetched 22.5 kB in 0s (49.5 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
66 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  kubectl
i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)
```

Provide Kubernetes Access to Jenkins

On k8s-master:

```
sudo cat /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf
```

Copy content.

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ sudo cat /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf
apiVersion: v1
clusters:
- cluster:
    certificate-authority-data: LS0tLS1CRUdJTiBDRVJUSUZJQ0FURS0tLS0tc1JSURLVENDQWuyZ0E3SUJBZ01JVjRGb1RHlZVVQXd3RFZSkvWklodmNOQVFTEJRQxdGVEVUTUJFR0ExVUUKQXhNs2EzVmIwAEPtWlhSbGN6QWVGdzB5mpBe1EVXhNel4VTRGYUZ3MhpOakF4TURNeE16VTJNVE2hTUJVeApFekFSqmd0VkJBTVDbxQxW1WeWJtVjBaWb13Z2dfauIBMeidDU3FHU01iM0RRRUJBUVVBQTRJQR3QXdnZ0VLCKFwsUBUUR5YWh0VWR1Vzhj2tYgU3ckxUytKR0DSSXp5t2a3Y1BxNExTMS9JaZg1SXPc05QUUNZR1VpVWIKOUz1d0ZjRk12Qfd0VS9JcfUN1zocH1hWU1MOFHQT2NT15Sl12SHJ1VkdKvmrls3ZVNNEchMvaGltwnJrzQpS242WkgrcVpPR0c3TmlhRQpxVYE5mdzc2J1ePzxenFXXmc1UHETOch6WVg2SEXTM0dQfIm9cmkrYXh3aV1lCjhucNrWVb6Ymh6UcytkJY2tBSjBoNnZoa3fInhyTmJCNkxyb09NTHludmMxaDlkMWN3UXREWEZJMjHou1okazMybjFPeFybhdWdGpzM25cRRL1uQgxXT1hdU1ZzCTczUj0t1pMukxNctMweDR1mRKFpFyzVY0zVxNG1TQpp3a015cTJYKKNY21ViTWl1Tndkwp1TSVrdrIx2QWnQkFBR2pXVJYUk0R0EXVWRRd0VCl3GRRF3SINWRxEFQCKJnT1ZIuK1cQWY4RJUJUQURBUUgvTUIWR0ExVWREZ1fxQkUr1h0MXB6MGRTUm5XBeg1SkZxbGT5Q2Fpm1RqqVYKQmdOVkhSRUVeakFNZ2dwcmRxSmjxbTVsZedWek1BMeDDu3FHU01iM0RRRUJDD1VBQTRJQRkFRQzzkTHpu2GEV9yUdHAkRzdxjW1ShNuUckpwS8xE4xeUNR2RLzNCVtIVY3NSQVRJUVEMTY5QWNSdxJRWVMzaZjZHC2c1lmcjJ1Uwo4L0k5adRTL1hYH1rc3lyM1JQo4xZTJB7kNQYnhQnlHR1pv091cvFoafUFRreqlqWHEFLCDBeV9yUdHAkRzdxjW1ShNuUckpwS8xE4xeUNR2RLzNCVtIVY3NSQVRJUVEMTY5QWNSdxJRWVMzaZjZHC2c1lmcjJ1Uwo4L0k5adRTL1hYH1rc3lyM1JQo4xZTJB7kNQYnhQnlHR1pv091cvFoafUFRreqlqWHEFUxNz1lhc2xmcTVjcmzp0FVmC5zYXJjdzbCqjZMMWk9PK1RxTExzdTxDXNDJZRUf1Uzd2Ky9xCfMr3pLN1VLSVzmaGyydXdnb3hhNU1KaE81T01pR11kaVJVCi0tLS0tRU5EiENfUlRJRk1DqVRFLS0tLS0K
  server: https://10.0.1.46:6443
  name: kubernetes
contexts:
- context:
    cluster: kubernetes
    user: kubernetes-admin
    name: kubernetes-admin@kubernetes
current-context: kubernetes-admin@kubernetes
kind: Config
preferences: {}
users:
- name: kubernetes-admin
  user:
    client-certificate-data: LS0tLS1CRUdJTiBDRVJUSUZJQ0FURS0tLS0tc1JSURLVENDQWuhZ0F3SUJBZ01JRDVzcEx6eDda0E13RFZSkvWklodmNOQVFTEJRQxdGVEVUTUJFR0ExVUUKQXhNs2EzVmIwAEPtWlhSbGN6QWVGdzB5mpBe1EVXhNel4VTRGYUZ3MhpOakF4TURNeE16VTJNVE2hTUJVeApFekFSqmd0VkJBTVDbxQxW1WeWJtVjBaWb13Z2dfauIBMeidDU3FHU01iM0RRRUJBUVVBQTRJQR3QXdnZ0VLCKFwsUBUUR5YWh0VWR1Vzhj2tYgU3ckxUytKR0DSSXp5t2a3Y1BxNExTMS9JaZg1SXPc05QUUNZR1VpVWIKOUz1d0ZjRk12Qfd0VS9JcfUN1zocH1hWU1MOFHQT2NT15Sl12SHJ1VkdKvmrls3ZVNNEchMvaGltwnJrzQpS242WkgrcVpPR0c3TmlhRQpxVYE5mdzc2J1ePzxenFXXmc1UHETOch6WVg2SEXTM0dQfIm9cmkrYXh3aV1lCjhucNrWVb6Ymh6UcytkJY2tBSjBoNnZoa3fInhyTmJCNkxyb09NTHludmMxaDlkMWN3UXREWEZJMjHou1okazMybjFPeFybhdWdGpzM25cRRL1uQgxXT1hdU1ZzCTczUj0t1pMukxNctMweDR1mRKFpFyzVY0zVxNG1TQpp3a015cTJYKKNY21ViTWl1Tndkwp1TSVrdrIx2QWnQkFBR2pXVJYUk0R0EXVWRRd0VCl3GRRF3SINWRxEFQCKJnT1ZIuK1cQWY4RJUJUQURBUUgvTUIWR0ExVWREZ1fxQkUr1h0MXB6MGRTUm5XBeg1SkZxbGT5Q2Fpm1RqqVYKQmdOVkhSRUVeakFNZ2dwcmRxSmjxbTVsZedWek1BMeDDu3FHU01iM0RRRUJDD1VBQTRJQRkFRQzzkTHpu2GEV9yUdHAkRzdxjW1ShNuUckpwS8xE4xeUNR2RLzNCVtIVY3NSQVRJUVEMTY5QWNSdxJRWVMzaZjZHC2c1lmcjJ1Uwo4L0k5adRTL1hYH1rc3lyM1JQo4xZTJB7kNQYnhQnlHR1pv091cvFoafUFRreqlqWHEFUxNz1lhc2xmcTVjcmzp0FVmC5zYXJjdzbCqjZMMWk9PK1RxTExzdTxDXNDJZRUf1Uzd2Ky9xCfMr3pLN1VLSVzmaGyydXdnb3hhNU1KaE81T01pR11kaVJVCi0tLS0tRU5EiENfUlRJRk1DqVRFLS0tLS0K
  i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)
```

On Jenkins server:

```
sudo mkdir -p /var/lib/jenkins/.kube
```

```
sudo nano /var/lib/jenkins/.kube/config
```

```
# paste admin.conf content
```

Save and exit

```
sudo chown -R jenkins:jenkins /var/lib/jenkins/.kube
```

```
sudo chmod 600 /var/lib/jenkins/.kube/config
```

```
sudo systemctl restart jenkins
```

Verify:

```
sudo -u jenkins kubectl get nodes
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ sudo mkdir -p /var/lib/jenkins/.kube
sudo nano /var/lib/jenkins/.kube/config
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ █
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

```
GNU nano 7.2                                     /var/lib/jenkins/.kube/config *
apiVersion: v1
clusters:
- cluster:
    certificate-authority-data: LS0tLS1CRUdJTiBDRVJUSUZJQ0FURS0tLS0tck1JSURCVENDQWhz0F3SUJBZ0lJVjRGb1RHLzVVQxd3RFF2SktvWklodmNOQVFTEJRQxdGVEVUTUJFR0ExVUUQXhNS2EzVmlaWEp
    server: https://10.0.1.46:6443
  name: kubernetes
contexts:
- context:
    cluster: kubernetes
    user: kubernetes-admin
  name: kubernetes-admin@kubernetes
current-context: kubernetes-admin@kubernetes
kind: Config
preferences: {}
users:
- name: kubernetes-admin
  user:
    client-certificate-data: LS0tLS1CRUdJTiBDRVJUSUZJQ0FURS0tLS0tck1JSURCVENDQWhz0F3SUJBZ0lJRDVzcEx6eDdaOE13RFF2SktvWklodmNOQVFTEJRQxdGVEVUTUJFR0ExVUUQXhNS2EzVmlaWEp
    client-key-data: LS0tLS1CRUdJTiBSU0EgUEJJVkfURSBLRVktLS0tLQpNSUlFcEFJQkFBs0NBUVBemtiU2dSNHREQUFyemFOOVhPblRaaXNsWUo5RjdnnVXYwbXhtc3FnbCtlMy9hQkJvCkUrSGxOYTd5WS9HcW5>
```

```
^G Help      ^O Write Out   ^M Where Is     ^K Cut        ^T Execute      ^C Location     M-U Undo      M-A Set Mark   M-[ To Bracket M-Q Previous
^X Exit      ^R Read File    ^\ Replace      ^U Paste       ^J Justify      ^/ Go To Line   M-E Redo      M-C Copy       ^Q Where Was   M-W Next
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)



```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ sudo chown -R jenkins:jenkins /var/lib/jenkins/.kube
sudo chmod 600 /var/lib/jenkins/.kube/config
sudo systemctl restart jenkins
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ █
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ sudo -u jenkins kubectl get nodes
NAME      STATUS   ROLES      AGE      VERSION
ip-10-0-1-19  Ready    <none>    5m10s   v1.29.15
ip-10-0-1-46  Ready    control-plane  8m10s   v1.29.15
ip-10-0-1-93  Ready    <none>    4m48s   v1.29.15
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ █
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

```
git clone https://github.com/vikky9387/Ansible-Deployment.git
```

STEP 2 — GitHub Integration

Configure Git

```
git config --global user.name "Vikky9387"
```

```
git config --global user.email gangadharavikram2002@gmail.com
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ git config --global user.name "Vikky9387"
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ git config --global user.email "gangadharavikram2002@gmail.com"
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

GitHub Authentication

GitHub → Settings → Developer Settings → Personal Access Token

Scopes: repo, workflow

Use the token as the Git password when pushing.

The screenshot shows the GitHub Developer Settings page under Personal access tokens (classic). The sidebar on the left lists GitHub Apps, OAuth Apps, and Personal access tokens (the latter is selected). A note at the top states: "Scopes you've selected are included in other scopes. Only the minimum set of necessary scopes has been saved." Below this, a table lists a single token:

Token	Scopes	Last used	Action
project 2	repo, workflow	Within the last 2 weeks	Delete

A callout box provides information about personal access tokens:

Personal access tokens (classic) function like ordinary OAuth access tokens. They can be used instead of a password for Git over HTTPS, or can be used to authenticate to the API over Basic Authentication.



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STEP 3 - Connect Jenkins to GitHub

Part A — Prepare Your GitHub Repository

Fork the project

Open in browser:

<https://github.com/hshar/website.git>

Click **Fork** → select your GitHub account.

Now your repository becomes:

<https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git>

Clone it on Jenkins server

Clone:

`git clone https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git`

`cd website`

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ git clone https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git
cd website
Cloning into 'website'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 124, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (32/32), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (16/16), done.
remote: Total 124 (delta 24), reused 16 (delta 16), pack-reused 92 (from 3)
Receiving objects: 100% (124/124), 103.61 KiB | 17.27 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (48/48), done.
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ █
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

STEP 4 — Docker Setup

nano Dockerfile

paste this:

```
FROM nginx:latest  
COPY . /usr/share/nginx/html
```

Save and exit

Commit:

```
git add .  
git commit -m "Added Dockerfile for containerization"  
git push origin master
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ nano Dockerfile
```

```
GNU nano 7.2  
FROM nginx:latest  
COPY . /usr/share/nginx/html
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ git add .  
git commit -m "Added Dockerfile for containerization"  
git push origin master  
[master 70e4812] Added Dockerfile for containerization  
1 file changed, 2 insertions(+)  
create mode 100644 Dockerfile  
Username for 'https://github.com': vikky9387  
Password for 'https://vikky9387@github.com':  
Enumerating objects: 4, done.  
Counting objects: 100% (4/4), done.  
Delta compression using up to 2 threads  
Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.  
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 383 bytes | 383.00 KiB/s, done.  
Total 3 (delta 0), reused 1 (delta 0), pack-reused 0  
To https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git  
 6010978..70e4812 master -> master  
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ █
```

STEP 5 — Kubernetes Manifests

Go to your project directory:

```
cd ~/ansible/website
```

Create folder:

```
mkdir k8s
```

```
cd k8s
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ mkdir k8s
cd k8s
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website/k8s$ █
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

nano deployment.yml

paste this:

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
```

```
kind: Deployment
```

```
metadata:
```

```
  name: website
```

```
spec:
```

```
  replicas: 2
```

```
  selector:
```

```
    matchLabels:
```

```
      app: website
```

```
  template:
```

```
    metadata:
```

```
      labels:
```

```
        app: website
```

```
spec:
```

```
  containers:
```

```
    - name: website
```

```
      image: vikky9387/website:latest
```

```
  ports:
```

```
    - containerPort: 80
```

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website/k8s$ nano deployment.yml
```

```
GNU nano 7.2
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: website
spec:
  replicas: 2
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: website
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: website
  spec:
    containers:
      - name: website
        image: vikky9387/website:latest
      ports:
        - containerPort: 80
```

nano service.yml

paste this:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: website-service
spec:
  type: NodePort
  selector:
    app: website
  ports:
    - port: 80
      targetPort: 80
      nodePort: 30008
```

save & exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website/k8s$ nano service.yml
```

```
i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)
```

```
Ubuntu 14.04.1 LTS - Precise Pangolin
GNU nano 7.2
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: website-service
spec:
  type: NodePort
  selector:
    app: website
  ports:
    - port: 80
      targetPort: 80
      nodePort: 30008
```

Commit & Push

```
cd ~/ansible/website
```

```
git add k8s
```

```
git commit -m "Added Kubernetes deployment and service manifests"
```

```
git push origin master
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website/k8s$ cd ~/ansible/website
git add k8s
git commit -m "Added Kubernetes deployment and service manifests"
git push origin master
[master 961ccf3] Added Kubernetes deployment and service manifests
 2 files changed, 31 insertions(+)
  create mode 100644 k8s/deployment.yml
  create mode 100644 k8s/service.yml
Username for 'https://github.com': vikky9387
Password for 'https://vikky9387@github.com':
Enumerating objects: 6, done.
Counting objects: 100% (6/6), done.
Delta compression using up to 2 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (5/5), done.
Writing objects: 100% (5/5), 686 bytes | 686.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 5 (delta 1), reused 3 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (1/1), completed with 1 local object.
To https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git
    70e4812..961ccf3  master -> master
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

Prepare Jenkins

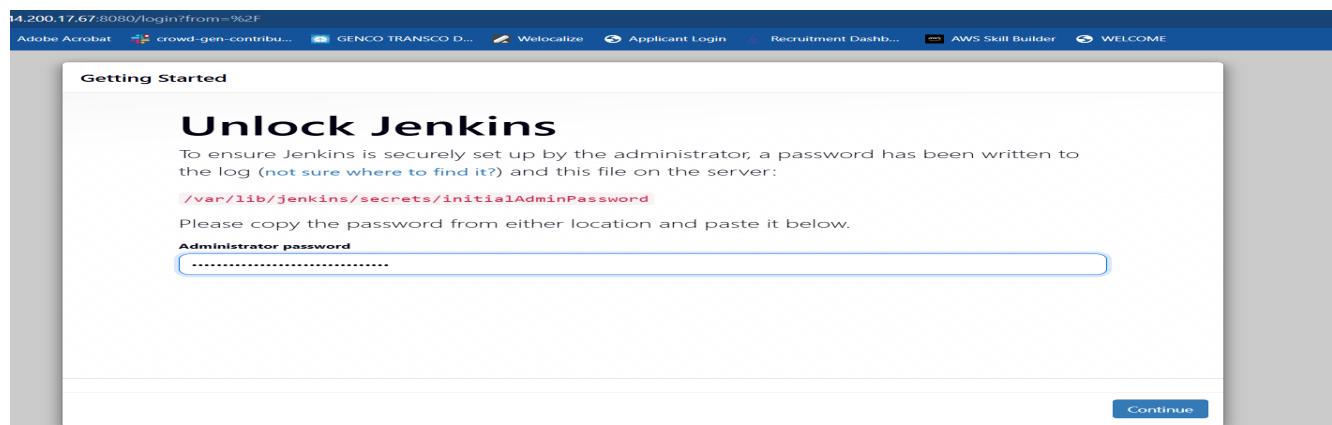
❖ Open Jenkins

<http://44.200.17.67:8080>

Unlock Jenkins:

```
sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
```

Install suggested plugins.



```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword  
1f584266e84b4fd5898fe1fdc4d0e30c  
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

❖ Install Required Plugins

From Manage Jenkins → Plugins:

- Git
- Docker Pipeline
- Kubernetes CLI
- SSH Pipeline

Restart Jenkins.

The screenshot shows the Jenkins Manage Jenkins interface, specifically the Plugins section. A search bar at the top contains the placeholder "Search available plugins". Below the search bar, there is a table with three rows of plugin information. The first row is for the "Docker Pipeline" plugin, which is currently selected (indicated by a checked checkbox). The second row is for the "SSH Pipeline Steps" plugin, and the third row is for the "Kubernetes CLI" plugin. Each row includes the plugin name, version, release date, and a "Health" status indicator (a green circle with the number 100). The "Install" button is visible at the top right of the table area.

Install	Name ↓	Released	Health
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Docker Pipeline 634.vedc7242b_ed4_7 pipeline DevOps Deployment docker	2 mo 23 days ago	76
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SSH Pipeline Steps 2.0.89.v8f758c756546 pipeline	18 days ago	100
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Kubernetes CLI 1.364.vadef8cb8b823 kubernetes	9 mo 19 days ago	96

Email Extension	Success
Mailer	Success
Theme Manager	Success
Dark Theme	Success
5 Loading plugin extensions	Success
Authentication Tokens API	Success
gs Docker Commons	Success
Docker Pipeline	Success
JSch dependency	Success
SSH Pipeline Steps	Success
Kubernetes Client API	Success
Kubernetes Credentials	Success
Kubernetes CLI	Success
Loading plugin extensions	Success

→ [Go back to the top page](#)
 (you can start using the installed plugins right away)

STEP 6 — Jenkins Credentials

Generate Docker Hub Access Token

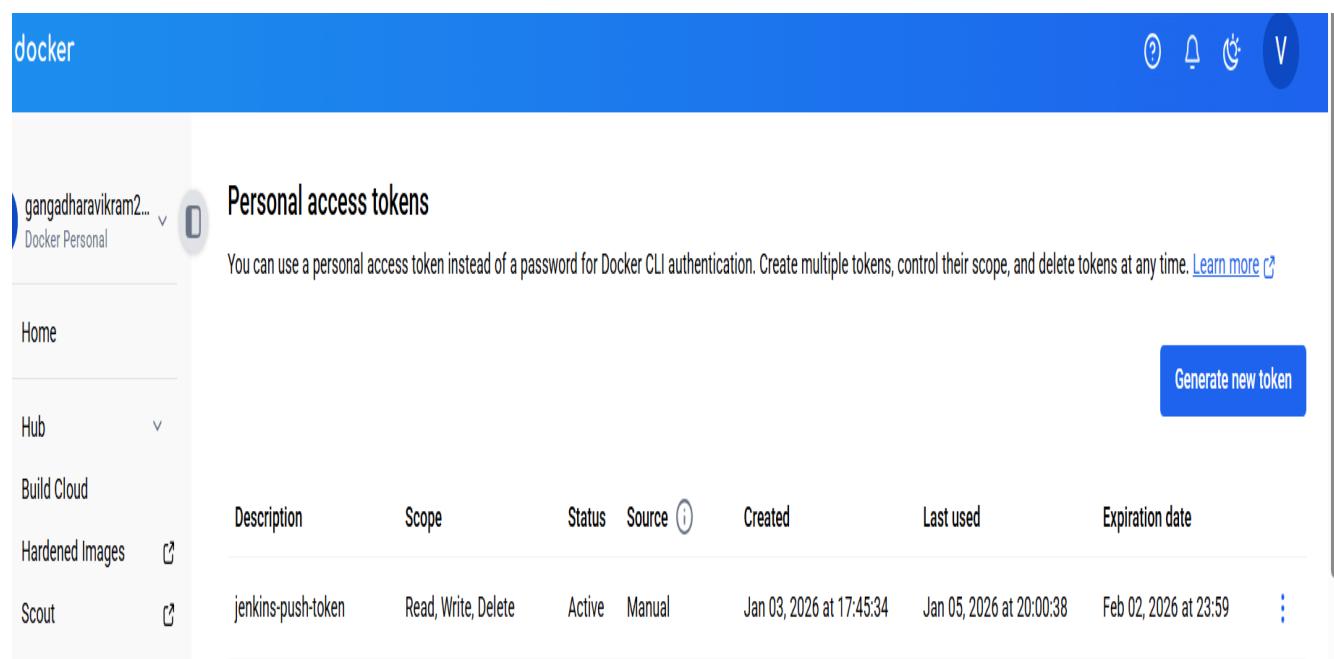
Open browser → go to:

<https://hub.docker.com/settings/security>

Click New Access Token

Name: Jenkins-token

Copy the token.



The screenshot shows the Docker Hub 'Personal access tokens' page. The user is logged in as 'gangadharavikram2...'. A single token is listed:

Description	Scope	Status	Source	Created	Last used	Expiration date
jenkins-push-token	Read, Write, Delete	Active	Manual	Jan 03, 2026 at 17:45:34	Jan 05, 2026 at 20:00:38	Feb 02, 2026 at 23:59

Field	Value
Kind	Username with password
ID	dockerhub
Username	<i>your Docker Hub username</i>
Password	<i>your Docker Hub token</i>
Save	

Jenkins / Manage Jenkins / Credentials / System / Global credentials (unrestr...



New credentials

Kind

Username with password

Scope ?

Global (Jenkins, nodes, items, all child items, etc)

Username

vikky9387

Treat username as secret ?

Password

.....

ID ?

dockerhub

Create

Add GitHub credentials

Create GitHub token:

GitHub → Settings → Developer settings → Personal access tokens → Tokens (classic) → Generate

Select:

- repo
- workflow

Copy token.

Scopes you've selected are included in other scopes. Only the minimum set of necessary scopes has been saved.

GitHub Apps

OAuth Apps

Personal access tokens

Fine-grained tokens

Tokens (classic)

Personal access tokens (classic)

Generate new token ▾

Tokens you have generated that can be used to access the [GitHub API](#).

project 2 — repo, workflow

Last used within the last 2 weeks

[Delete](#)Expires on **Wed, Jan 28 2026**.

Personal access tokens (classic) function like ordinary OAuth access tokens. They can be used instead of a password for Git over HTTPS, or can be used to [authenticate to the API over Basic Authentication](#).



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In Jenkins:

Add new credential:

Field	Value
-------	-------

ID	github-token
----	--------------

Username your GitHub username

Password *paste GitHub token*

New credentials

Kind

Username with password

Scope ?

Global (Jenkins, nodes, items, all child items, etc)

Username

vikky9387

 Treat username as secret ?

Password

.....

ID ?

github-token

[Create](#)

GitHub Webhook

<http://44.200.17.67:8080/github-webhook/>

The screenshot shows the GitHub 'website' repository settings page. On the left, a sidebar lists various settings sections like General, Collaborators, and Webhooks. The 'Webhooks' section is currently selected and highlighted with a green preview button. On the right, a modal window titled 'Webhooks / Add webhook' is open. It contains instructions about sending POST requests to a payload URL with event details. The 'Payload URL' field is populated with 'http://44.200.17.67:8080/github-webhook/'. The 'Content type' dropdown is set to 'application/json'. There's a 'Secret' field which is empty. Under 'SSL verification', there's a note that SSL certificates are verified by default, with two radio buttons: 'Enable SSL verification' (selected) and 'Disable (not recommended)'. At the bottom, it asks 'Which events would you like to trigger this webhook?' with a single option 'Just the push event.' selected.

Create Jenkins Pipeline Job

Jenkins Dashboard → New Item

Name:

Website-CI-CD

Type: **Pipeline**

Pipeline Configuration

Build Trigger: GitHub hook trigger for GITScm polling

Scroll to **Pipeline** section:

Definition → **Pipeline script from SCM**

SCM: **Git**

Repository URL:

<https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git>

Credentials: select **github-token**

Branch:

*/master

Script Path:

Jenkinsfile

Save.

New Item

New Item

Enter an item name

Website-CI-CD

Select an item type



Freestyle project

Classic, general-purpose job type that checks out from up to one SCM, executes build steps serially, followed by post-build steps like archiving artifacts and sending email notifications.



Pipeline

Orchestrates long-running activities that can span multiple build agents. Suitable for building pipelines (formerly known as workflows) and/or organizing complex activities that do not easily fit in free-style job type.



Multi-configuration project

Suitable for projects that need a large number of different configurations, such as testing on multiple environments, platform-specific builds, etc.



Folder

Creates a container that stores nested items in it. Useful for grouping things together. Unlike view, which is just a filter, folder creates a separate namespace, so you can have multiple things of the same name as long as they are in different folders.

OK

Triggers

Set up automated actions that start your build based on specific events, like code changes or scheduled times.

- Build after other projects are built [?](#)
- Build periodically [?](#)
- GitHub hook trigger for GITScm polling [?](#)
- Poll SCM [?](#)
- Trigger builds remotely (e.g., from scripts) [?](#)

Pipeline

Define your Pipeline using Groovy directly or pull it from source control.

Definition

Pipeline script from SCM

SCM [?](#)

Git

Repositories [?](#)

Repository URL [?](#)

<https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git>



Credentials [?](#)

vikky9387/*****



+ Add

The screenshot shows the Jenkins Pipeline configuration page. It includes sections for 'Branches to build' (with a '*/master' entry), 'Repository browser' (set to '(Auto)'), 'Additional Behaviours' (with a '+ Add' button), and 'Script Path' (set to 'Jenkinsfile').

STEP 7 —Add Jenkinsfile to Repository

nano Jenkinsfile

paste this:

```
pipeline {
    agent any

    environment {
        DOCKER_IMAGE = "vikky9387/website"
    }

    stages {
        stage('Checkout') {
            steps {
                git branch: 'master',
                    credentialsId: 'github-token',
                    url: 'https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git'
            }
        }

        stage('Build Image') {
```

```

steps {
    sh 'docker build -t $DOCKER_IMAGE:latest .'
}

}

stage('Push Image') {
    steps {
        withCredentials([usernamePassword(credentialsId: 'dockerhub', usernameVariable: 'USER',
passwordVariable: 'PASS')]) {
            sh ""
            echo $PASS | docker login -u $USER --password-stdin
            docker push $DOCKER_IMAGE:latest
            ""
        }
    }
}

stage('Deploy to Kubernetes') {
    steps {
        sh ""
        kubectl apply -f k8s/deployment.yml
        kubectl apply -f k8s/service.yml
        ""
    }
}
}
}

```

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ nano Jenkinsfile
```

```

GNU nano 7.2
pipeline {
    agent any

    environment {
        DOCKER_IMAGE = "vikky9387/website"
    }

    stages {

        stage('Checkout') {
            steps {
                git branch: 'master',
                    credentialsId: 'github-token',
                    url: 'https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git'
            }
        }

        stage('Build Image') {
            steps {
                sh 'docker build -t $DOCKER_IMAGE:latest .'
            }
        }
    }
}

```

^{^G} Help ^{^O} Write Out ^{^W} Where Is ^{^R} Cut ^{^T} Execute
^{^X} Exit ^{^R} Read File ^{^\\} Replace ^{^U} Paste ^{^J} Justify ^

Commit & push.

```

git add .
git commit -m "Added Jenkins pipeline"
git push origin master

```

STEP 8 — Run Pipeline

In Jenkins:

Open Website-CI-CD → build triggers automatically

Watch console output.





Website-CI-CD

Permalinks

Builds

Today

#1 14:30

Website-CI-CD #1 / Console Output

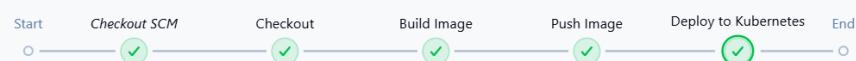
```
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // withCredentials
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // stage
[Pipeline] stage
[Pipeline] { (Deploy to Kubernetes)
[Pipeline] sh
+ kubectl apply -f k8s/deployment.yml
deployment.apps/website created
+ kubectl apply -f k8s/service.yml
service/website-service created
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // stage
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // withEnv
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // withEnv
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // node
[Pipeline] End of Pipeline
Finished: SUCCESS
```

Jenkins / Website-CI-CD #1 / Pipeline Overview

#1

Started 1 min 0 sec ago Queued 7.9 sec Took 15 sec

iph



Verification

On your k8s-master:

kubectl get pods

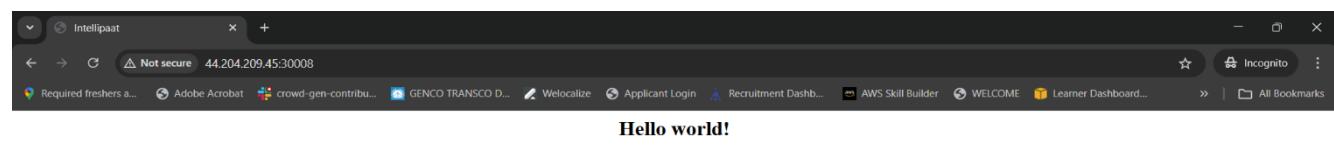
kubectl get svc

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ kubectl get pods
kubectl get svc
NAME                  READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
website-f7ddfb648-pbszs 1/1     Running   0          87s
website-f7ddfb648-vn5qh 1/1     Running   0          87s
NAME              TYPE        CLUSTER-IP      EXTERNAL-IP      PORT(S)        AGE
kubernetes       ClusterIP   10.96.0.1    <none>           443/TCP       35m
website-service   NodePort    10.100.184.33  <none>           80:30008/TCP  86s
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ █
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

Then open in browser:

<http://44.204.209.45:30008>



GitHub

Final Result

- ✓ Fully automated CI/CD pipeline
- ✓ Zero manual deployment
- ✓ Docker + Kubernetes production workflow
- ✓ Meets all DevOps lifecycle requirements

Project Implemented By:

Vikram Gangadhara.