

Project-2

Project: End-to-End DevOps Automation for Scalable Containerized Application Deployment

Company: Analytics Pvt Ltd

Role: DevOps Engineer

Description: Designed and implemented a complete DevOps automation pipeline for Analytics Pvt Ltd using Terraform, Ansible, Jenkins, Docker, and Kubernetes to enable scalable, high-availability application deployment. The solution automated infrastructure provisioning, CI/CD workflows, containerization, and Kubernetes-based production deployments.

Application Repo:

<https://github.com/hshar/website.git>

Problem Statement:

Analytics Pvt Ltd needed a reliable and scalable platform to:

- Automate application deployment and operations
- Handle increasing product demand
- Eliminate manual deployment processes
- Maintain consistent environments without modifying existing Docker containers
- Implement controlled release management with monthly production releases
- Enable seamless scaling of application workloads across multiple servers

The challenge was to implement this solution using modern DevOps practices while ensuring zero disruption to existing Docker images and development workflows.

Architecture Overview

Developer



GitHub (master)



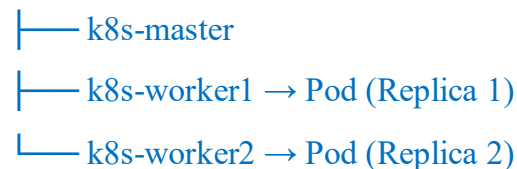
Jenkins Pipeline (jenkins-controller)



Docker Image (vikky9387/website)



Kubernetes Cluster



Application Running in Production

Server Mapping

Four EC2 instances were provisioned using Terraform:

EC2 Name	Purpose
jenkins-controller	Jenkins + Ansible
k8s-master	Kubernetes Control Plane
k8s-worker1	Kubernetes Worker Node
k8s-worker2	Kubernetes Worker Node

Tools Used

The project utilizes **GitHub** for version control, **Jenkins** for continuous integration and continuous deployment (CI/CD), **Docker** for containerization of the application, **Kubernetes** for container orchestration and management, **Terraform** for infrastructure provisioning, **Ansible** for configuration management and automation, and **AWS** as the cloud platform for hosting the complete infrastructure.

PHASE 1 — Launch Terraform Controller EC2

Create EC2 instance:

Launch an EC2 instance named Terraform controller and connect it through EC2 instance connect.

Attach IAM role with policies:

- [AmazonEC2FullAccess](#)
- [AmazonVPCFullAccess](#)
- [IAMFullAccess](#)

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console. The top section is titled 'Instances (1/1) Info'. It includes a search bar, a filter for 'Running' state, and a table of instances. The table has columns for Name, Instance ID, Instance state, Instance type, Status check, Alarm status, Availability Zone, and Public IPv4. One instance is listed: 'terraform-con...' with ID 'i-0a8ca382d24fd6ba6', state 'Running', type 't3.small', and status 'Initializing'. Below the table is a 'Modify IAM role' dialog. It shows the instance ID 'i-0a8ca382d24fd6ba6 (terraform-controller)' and a dropdown for the IAM role, currently set to 'TerraformAdminRole'. There are buttons for 'Cancel' and 'Update IAM role'.

Name	Instance ID	Instance state	Instance type	Status check	Alarm status	Availability Zone	Public IPv4
terraform-con...	i-0a8ca382d24fd6ba6	Running	t3.small	Initializing	View alarms +	us-east-1b	ec2-13-217...

PHASE 2 — Install Terraform

On terraform-controller:

```
sudo apt update
```

```
sudo apt install -y wget unzip
```

```
wget https://releases.hashicorp.com/terraform/1.14.3/terraform_1.14.3_linux_amd64.zip
```

```
unzip terraform_1.14.3_linux_amd64.zip
```

```
sudo mv terraform /usr/local/bin/
```

```
terraform -v
```

```

ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~$ sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y wget unzip

wget https://releases.hashicorp.com/terraform/1.14.3/terraform_1.14.3_linux_amd64.zip
unzip terraform_1.14.3_linux_amd64.zip
sudo mv terraform /usr/local/bin/
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Get:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease [126 kB]
Get:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease [126 kB]
Get:4 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Packages [15.0 MB]
Get:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease [126 kB]
Get:6 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe Translation-en [5982 kB]
Get:7 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Components [3871 kB]
Get:8 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 c-n-f Metadata [301 kB]
Get:9 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Packages [269 kB]
Get:10 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse Translation-en [118 kB]
Get:11 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Components [35.0 kB]
Get:12 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 c-n-f Metadata [8328
Get:13 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 Packages [1684 kB]
Get:14 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main Translation-en [311 kB]
Get:15 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 Components [175 kB]
Get:16 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 c-n-f Metadata [15
Get:17 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 Packages [1506
Get:18 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe Translation-en [306
Get:19 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 Components [378
Get:20 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 c-n-f Metadata
Get:21 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/restricted amd64 Packages [241

```

i-0a8ca382d24dfba6 (terraform-controller)

```

ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~$ terraform -v
Terraform v1.14.3
on linux_amd64
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~$ █

```

PHASE 3 — Workspace Setup

`mkdir analytics-devops`

`cd analytics-devops`

`mkdir terraform`

`cd terraform`

`ssh-keygen -t rsa`

```

ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~$ mkdir analytics-devops
cd analytics-devops
mkdir terraform
cd terraform
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ █

```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ ssh-keygen -t rsa
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_rsa):
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_rsa
Your public key has been saved in /home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:LCuRhSF7mR8xorHoVjIeFi58Iu80etl8Y4Dl6RR0MXg ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50
The key's randomart image is:
+---[RSA 3072]-----+
| .o o.=          |
|o..*.*E=         |
|+O+o*.=          |
|*.B+ B =         |
| += + B S        |
|. + = = o        |
|. + + *          |
|.   + .          |
|                 |
+-----[SHA256]-----+
```

PHASE 4 — Terraform Configuration

nano provider.tf

paste this:

```
provider "aws" {
  region = "us-east-1"
}
```

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ nano provider.tf
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$
```

```
GNU nano 2.9.2
provider "aws" {
  region = "us-east-1"
}
```

nano keypair.tf

paste this:

```
resource "aws_key_pair" "devops_key" {  
  key_name = "terraform-key"  
  public_key = file("~/ssh/id_rsa.pub")  
}
```

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ nano keypair.tf
```

```
GNU nano 7.2  
resource "aws_key_pair" "devops_key" {  
  key_name = "terraform-key"  
  public_key = file("~/ssh/id_rsa.pub")  
}
```

nano network.tf

paste this:

```
resource "aws_vpc" "devops_vpc" {  
  cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/16"  
  tags = { Name = "devops-vpc" }  
}  
  
resource "aws_internet_gateway" "devops_igw" {  
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id  
}
```

```
resource "aws_route_table" "devops_rt" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id

  route {
    cidr_block = "0.0.0.0/0"

    gateway_id = aws_internet_gateway.devops_igw.id
  }
}
```

```
resource "aws_subnet" "devops_subnet" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id
  cidr_block = "10.0.1.0/24"
  map_public_ip_on_launch = true
  tags = { Name = "devops-subnet" }
}
```

```
resource "aws_route_table_association" "devops_assoc" {
  subnet_id = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
  route_table_id = aws_route_table.devops_rt.id
}
```

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ nano network.tf
```

```
GNU nano 7.2
resource "aws_vpc" "devops_vpc" {
  cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/16"
  tags = { Name = "devops-vpc" }
}

resource "aws_internet_gateway" "devops_igw" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id
}

resource "aws_route_table" "devops_rt" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id
  route {
    cidr_block = "0.0.0.0/0"
    gateway_id = aws_internet_gateway.devops_igw.id
  }
}

resource "aws_subnet" "devops_subnet" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id
  cidr_block = "10.0.1.0/24"
  map_public_ip_on_launch = true
  tags = { Name = "devops-subnet" }
}

^G Help      ^O Write Out ^W Where Is  ^K Cut
```

nano security.tf

paste this:

```
resource "aws_security_group" "devops_sg" {
  name = "devops-sg"
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id

  # SSH
  ingress {
    from_port = 22
    to_port   = 22
    protocol  = "tcp"
    cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
  }

  # Jenkins
  ingress {
    from_port = 8080
    to_port   = 8080
    protocol  = "tcp"
    cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
  }

  # Kubernetes NodePort (for your website service)
  ingress {
    from_port = 30008
    to_port   = 30008
    protocol  = "tcp"
    cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
  }

  # Kubernetes API
  ingress {
    from_port = 6443
```

```
to_port    = 6443
protocol   = "tcp"
cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
}
```

Internal cluster communication

```
ingress {
  from_port = 0
  to_port   = 0
  protocol  = "-1"
  self      = true
}
```

```
egress {
  from_port = 0
  to_port   = 0
  protocol  = "-1"
  cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
}
```

```
tags = {
  Name = "devops-sg"
}
}
```

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ nano security.tf
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ █
```

```

GNU nano 2.9.2
resource "aws_security_group" "devops_sg" {
  name     = "devops-sg"
  vpc_id   = aws_vpc.devops_vpc.id

  # SSH
  ingress {
    from_port     = 22
    to_port       = 22
    protocol      = "tcp"
    cidr_blocks   = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
  }

  # Jenkins
  ingress {
    from_port     = 8080
    to_port       = 8080
    protocol      = "tcp"
    cidr_blocks   = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
  }

  # Kubernetes NodePort (for your website service)
  ingress {
    from_port     = 30008
  }

```

^G Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut
 ^X Exit ^R Read File ^\ Undo ^_ Paste

nano instances.tf

paste this:

```

variable "ami" { default = "ami-0ecb62995f68bb549" }

resource "aws_instance" "jenkins" {
  ami           = var.ami
  instance_type = "t3.small"

  key_name     = aws_key_pair.devops_key.key_name
  subnet_id    = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
  vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.devops_sg.id]
  tags = { Name = "jenkins-controller" }
}

resource "aws_instance" "master" {

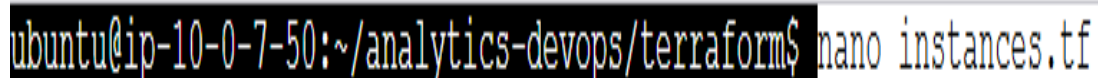
```

```
ami = var.ami
instance_type = "t3.small"
key_name = aws_key_pair.devops_key.key_name
subnet_id = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.devops_sg.id]
tags = { Name = "k8s-master" }
}
```

```
resource "aws_instance" "worker1" {
  ami = var.ami
  instance_type = "t3.small"
  key_name = aws_key_pair.devops_key.key_name
  subnet_id = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
  vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.devops_sg.id]
  tags = { Name = "k8s-worker1" }
}
```

```
resource "aws_instance" "worker2" {
  ami = var.ami
  instance_type = "t3.small"
  key_name = aws_key_pair.devops_key.key_name
  subnet_id = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
  vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.devops_sg.id]
  tags = { Name = "k8s-worker2" }
}
```

Save and exit



```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ nano instances.tf
```

```

GNU nano 7.2
variable "ami" { default = "ami-0ecb62995f68bb549" }

resource "aws_instance" "jenkins" {
  ami = var.ami
  instance_type = "t3.small"
  key_name = aws_key_pair.devops_key.key_name
  subnet_id = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
  vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.devops_sg.id]
  tags = { Name = "jenkins-controller" }
}

resource "aws_instance" "master" {
  ami = var.ami
  instance_type = "t3.small"
  key_name = aws_key_pair.devops_key.key_name
  subnet_id = aws_subnet.devops_subnet.id
  vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.devops_sg.id]
  tags = { Name = "k8s-master" }
}

resource "aws_instance" "worker1" {
  ami = var.ami
  instance_type = "t3.small"

```

[^]G Help [^]O Write Out [^]W Where Is [^]K Cut [^]T Exec

PHASE 5 — Deploy Infrastructure

[terraform init](#)

[terraform plan](#)

[terraform apply](#)

```

ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ terraform init
Initializing the backend...
Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding latest version of hashicorp/aws...
- Installing hashicorp/aws v6.27.0...
- Installed hashicorp/aws v6.27.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider
selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository
so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when
you run "terraform init" in the future.

Terraform has been successfully initialized!

You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see
any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands
should now work.

If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform,
rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other
commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ █

```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ terraform plan

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_instance.jenkins will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "jenkins" {
  + ami                  = "ami-0ecb62995f68bb549"
  + arn                  = (known after apply)
  + associate_public_ip_address = (known after apply)
  + availability_zone     = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_stop      = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_termination = (known after apply)
  + ebs_optimized         = (known after apply)
  + enable_primary_ipv6    = (known after apply)
  + force_destroy         = false
  + get_password_data      = false
  + host_id               = (known after apply)
  + host_resource_group_arn = (known after apply)
  + iam_instance_profile   = (known after apply)
}
```

i-0a8ca382d24fdfba6 (terraform-controller)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$ terraform apply -auto-approve

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_instance.jenkins will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "jenkins" {
  + ami                  = "ami-0ecb62995f68bb549"
  + arn                  = (known after apply)
  + associate_public_ip_address = (known after apply)
  + availability_zone     = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_stop      = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_termination = (known after apply)
  + ebs_optimized         = (known after apply)
  + enable_primary_ipv6    = (known after apply)
  + force_destroy         = false
  + get_password_data      = false
  + host_id               = (known after apply)
  + host_resource_group_arn = (known after apply)
  + iam_instance_profile   = (known after apply)
  + id                    = (known after apply)
  + instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = (known after apply)
  + instance_lifecycle     = (known after apply)
  + instance_state         = (known after apply)
  + instance_type          = "t3.small"
}
```

i-0a8ca382d24fdfba6 (terraform-controller)

Apply complete! Resources: 11 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-7-50:~/analytics-devops/terraform$
```

i-0a8ca382d24fdfba6 (terraform-controller)

Instances (5) Info Last updated less than a minute ago Connect Instance state Actions Launch instances									
Find Instance by attribute or tag (case-sensitive) Running									
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Instance ID	Instance state	Instance type	Status check	Alarm status	Availability Zone	Public IPv4	
<input type="checkbox"/>	k8s-master	i-0ec3f84eee2fcd06	Running	t3.small	Initializing	View alarms +	us-east-1c	-	
<input type="checkbox"/>	k8s-worker1	i-09db45f83a70daea3	Running	t3.small	Initializing	View alarms +	us-east-1c	-	
<input type="checkbox"/>	jenkins-contro...	i-034c60ff7a59f29ab	Running	t3.small	Initializing	View alarms +	us-east-1c	-	
<input type="checkbox"/>	k8s-worker2	i-0ffe284ff3e111254	Running	t3.small	Initializing	View alarms +	us-east-1c	-	

PHASE 6 — Configuration Management with Ansible

Install Ansible on Jenkins Controller

`sudo apt update`

`sudo apt install -y ansible`

`ansible --version`

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~$ sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y ansible
ansible --version
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Get:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease [126 kB]
Get:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease [126 kB]
Get:4 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Packages [15.0 MB]
Get:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease [126 kB]
Get:6 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe Translation-en [5982 kB]
Get:7 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Components [3871 kB]
Get:8 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 c-n-f Metadata [301 kB]
Get:9 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Packages [269 kB]
Get:10 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse Translation-en [118 kB]
Get:11 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Components [35.0 kB]
Get:12 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 c-n-f Metadata [8328 B]
Get:13 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 Packages [1684 kB]
Get:14 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main Translation-en [311 kB]
Get:15 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 Components [175 kB]
Get:16 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 c-n-f Metadata [15.8 kB]
Get:17 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 Packages [1506 kB]
Get:18 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe Translation-en [306 kB]
Get:19 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 Components [378 kB]
Get:20 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 c-n-f Metadata [31.4 kB]
Get:21 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/restricted amd64 Packages [2413 kB]
Get:22 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/restricted Translation-en [550 kB]
Get:23 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/restricted amd64 Components [212 B]
Get:24 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/restricted amd64 c-n-f Metadata [516 B]
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

PublicDns: 44.200.17.67 PrivateDns: 10.0.1.98

```
No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binaries on this host.
ansible [core 2.16.3]
  config file = None
  configured module search path = ['/home/ubuntu/.ansible/plugins/modules', '/usr/share/ansible/plugins/modules']
  ansible python module location = /usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/ansible
  ansible collection location = /home/ubuntu/.ansible/collections:/usr/share/ansible/collections
  executable location = /usr/bin/ansible
  python version = 3.12.3 (main, Aug 14 2025, 17:47:21) [GCC 13.3.0] (/usr/bin/python3)
  jinja version = 3.1.2
  libyaml = True
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

Create Inventory

`mkdir ~/ansible`

`cd ~/ansible`

`nano hosts`

Paste this:

`[jenkins]`

`44.200.17.67`

`[k8s_master]`

`44.204.209.45`

`[k8s_workers]`

`44.200.197.111`

`3.237.82.87`

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~$ mkdir ~/ansible
cd ~/ansible
nano hosts
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$
```

GNU nano 7.2

```
[jenkins]
44.200.17.67
[k8s_master]
44.204.209.45
[k8s_workers]
44.200.197.111
3.237.82.87
```

PHASE 7 - SECURE SSH TRUST SETUP

On Controller

ssh-keygen -t rsa

cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ ssh-keygen -t rsa
cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_rsa):
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_rsa
Your public key has been saved in /home/ubuntu/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:Y5SMuZz8dhyglP5pcQwT8V/iLt0PfeY0FZTwsX/OTA ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98
The key's randomart image is:
+--[RSA 3072]-----+
|      *+.o      .. |
|    o++.... .. |
|  .o.o  o.. |
|  .o.o  E .|
|  .*.S  o.o |
|.  = o . . o.|
|..+ = + = + .|
|. + o o . + |
|o.. o.  o. |
+---[SHA256]-----+
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQgDtkPmkaYZB53FFjpRPd/M53yxp1Cu+uCo22jwycCX5Qvo19U01oM6eS3QWQJ7mxd9XOoWBFxTx4OHw/aJFnQyPjPnZ3KknmIRur7XUadv3GnD10R9p1fk4imQpFwFPHG11
sXJ43Uub7U2hggS93Ysxx8VsrFSJsaW8rGpdKnHuE77j1kREkolt13JbeydD9s+WNZAR1haZ7zC1g4y11GYf/spSQ/J2yqz+0Fos4D7Jw7N+11bhz2HMHjAS5jah5pkOTruiv1Sjd1LEHRPB8jr173pHaC2QXdtKoCjvc2r
5jjRtnZL6IAOmLiAzHkxO4r2ng2VuyAmh81Logmmx5z4rcBY93ePSggGYJPbzeFhTaocyAretN2az+qQ4yaDzNPqGtSNVzqGhAnDOZwnk5TL88nAM1AvuFXPggaubXb/KuZK/EP4kkQMTg/MS8RLy55CVpBMYrns2aQoRge8u
CB8nUa3N195FsFTNVJRhl/gSP0ejEzZGWNvtR+rw4v8M= ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

X

On Each Node (via EC2 Instance Connect)

```
mkdir -p ~/.ssh
```

```
nano ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

```
# paste public key
```

```
Save and exit
```

```
chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ mkdir -p ~/.ssh
nano ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

```
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQGDQDeoNfV5J+sMPlIDA+zXGL1HsgdopCTToBc+qh16SaQ1jhTmx8sgmF/C3pJQDfQAgDUD3phNm8Larpq/KvzTN6SwA3H5dPXOK/XksGS2iE7EmN7vALIPdyAmXC6PCNOz5O>
RLy55CVPbMYrnS2aQoRge8ucB8nUa3Ni95FsFtNvJRhL/gSPUejEZzGWNvtR+rw4v8M= ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98
```

^G Help	^O Write Out	^W Where Is	^X Cut	^T Execute	^C Location	M-U Undo	M-A Set Mark	M-I To Bracket	M-O Previous
^X Exit	^R Read File	^N Replace	^U Paste	^J Justify	^/ Go To Line	M-E Redo	M-C Copy	^Q Where Was	M-W Next

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)



```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ mkdir -p ~/.ssh
nano ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$
```

i-09db45f83a70daea3 (k8s-worker1)

```
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQgQDeoNfV5J+sMPlIDA+zXGLIHsqdopCTToBc+qh16SaQ1jhTmx8sgmF/C3pJQDfqAgDUD3phNm8Larpq/KvzTN6SwA3H5dPXOK/XksGS2ie7EmN7vALIPdtyAmXC6PCNOz5O>
3RLy55CVPbMYrnS2aQoRge8uCb8nUa3Ni95FsFtNvJRhL/gSPUejBZzGWNvtR+rw4v8M= ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98
```

```
^G Help      ^O Write Out  ^W Where Is   ^X Cut        ^T Execute    ^C Location   M-U Undo      M-R Set Mark   M-l To Bracket M-O Previous
^X Exit      ^R Read File  ^\ Replace    ^V Paste      ^J Justify    ^/ Go To Line  M-B Redo      M-C Copy      ^_ Where Was   M-N Next
```

i-09db45f83a70daea3 (k8s-worker1)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ mkdir -p ~/.ssh
nano ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$
```

i-0ffe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2)

```
GNU nano 7.2 /home/ubuntu/.ssh/authorized_keys *
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQDeoNfV5J+sMPlIDA+zXGL1HsqdopCTToBc+qh16SaQ1jhTmx8sgmF/C3pJQDfqAqDUD3phNm8Larpq/KvzTN6swA3H5dPXOK/XksGS2iE7EmN7vALIPdyAmXC6PCNO25O
RLy55CVPbMYrnS2aQoRge8uCb8nUa3Ni95FsFtNvJRhL/gSPUejBZzGWNvtR+rw4v8M= ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98
^G Help      ^O Write Out ^W Where Is  ^K Cut       ^T Execute   ^C Location  M-U Undo     M-A Set Mark M-J To Bracket M-Q Previous
^X Exit      ^R Read File ^\ Replace   ^P Paste     ^_ Justify   ^/ Go To Line M-E Redo     M-G Copy     ^Q Where Was  M-W Next
i-Offe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2) X
```

Controller Self-Trust

```
cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub >> ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

```
chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub >> ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
chmod 600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$
```

Verify

```
ansible all -i hosts -m ping
```

```

ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ ansible all -i hosts -m ping
44.200.17.67 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
44.200.197.111 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
3.237.82.87 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
44.204.209.45 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,

```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

PHASE 8 — Automated Installation Using Ansible

Server	Installation
jenkins-controller	Java + Jenkins
k8s-master	Docker + kubeadm + kubelet + kubectl
k8s-worker1	Docker + kubeadm + kubelet
k8s-worker2	Docker + kubeadm + kubelet

Step 1 — Create Playbook on Jenkins controller

```
cd ~/ansible
```

```
nano setup.yml
```

PASTE THIS:

```
---
```

```
- hosts: all
```

```
  become: yes
```

```
  tasks:
```

```
    - name: Update system
```

```
      apt:
```

```
        update_cache: yes
```

```
    - name: Install basic packages
```

```
      apt:
```

```
        name: ['curl','apt-transport-https','ca-certificates','gnupg']
```

```
        state: present
```

```
- hosts: jenkins
```

```
  become: yes
```

```
  tasks:
```

```
    - name: Install Java
```

```
      apt:
```

```
        name: openjdk-17-jdk
```

```
        state: present
```

```
    - name: Add Jenkins key
```

```
      shell: curl -fsSL https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key | tee  
/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc
```

```
    - name: Add Jenkins repo
```

```
      apt_repository:
```

```
        repo: deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc] https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-  
stable binary/
```

```
        state: present
```

```
apt:
  name: jenkins
  state: present
```

```
service:
  name: jenkins
  state: started
  enabled: yes
```

```
apt:
  name: docker.io
  state: present
```

```
service:
  name: docker
  state: started
  enabled: yes
```

```
shell: |
    curl -fsSL https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.29/deb/Release.key \
    | gpg --dearmor -o /usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg
```

```
shell: |
    echo "deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg] \
```

```
https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.29/deb/ "/" \
```

```
> /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list
```

- name: Install Kubernetes packages

apt:

name: ['kubelet','kubeadm','kubectl']

state: present

update_cache: yes

- name: Hold Kubernetes packages

shell: apt-mark hold kubelet kubeadm kubectl

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ nano setup.yml
```

```
GNU nano 7.2                                setup.yml *
--
- hosts: all
  become: yes
  tasks:
    - name: Update system
      apt:
        update_cache: yes

    - name: Install basic packages
      apt:
        name: ['curl','apt-transport-https','ca-certificates','gnupg']
        state: present

- hosts: jenkins
  become: yes
  tasks:
    - name: Install Java
      apt:
        name: openjdk-17-jdk
        state: present

    - name: Add Jenkins key
      shell: curl -fsSL https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key | tee /usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc

^G Help      ^O Write Out  ^W Where Is   ^K Cut        ^T Execute    ^C Location   M-U Undo      M-A Set Mark  M-~
^X Exit      ^R Read File  ^_ Replace    ^U Paste      ^J Justify    ^/_ Go To Line M-E Redo      M-C Copy      ^Q
```

Step 2 — Run Automation

```
ansible-playbook -i hosts setup.yml
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ ansible-playbook -i hosts setup.yml

PLAY [all] *****

TASK [Gathering Facts] *****
ok: [44.200.197.111]
ok: [44.200.17.67]
ok: [3.237.82.87]
ok: [44.204.209.45]

TASK [Update system] *****
changed: [44.200.17.67]
changed: [44.200.197.111]
changed: [3.237.82.87]
changed: [44.204.209.45]

TASK [Install basic packages] *****
changed: [44.200.197.111]
changed: [44.200.17.67]
changed: [3.237.82.87]
changed: [44.204.209.45]

PLAY [jenkins] *****

TASK [Gathering Facts] *****
ok: [44.200.17.67]
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

Step 3 — Verify

Jenkins:

[http:// 44.200.17.67:8080](http://44.200.17.67:8080)

44.200.17.67:8080/login?from=%2F

Adobe Acrobat crowd-gen-contribu... GENCO TRANSCO D... Welocalize Applicant Login Recruitment Dashb... AWS Skill Builder WELCOME

Getting Started

Unlock Jenkins

To ensure Jenkins is securely set up by the administrator, a password has been written to the log ([not sure where to find it?](#)) and this file on the server:

```
/var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
```

Please copy the password from either location and paste it below.

Administrator password

Continue

Kubernetes Nodes:

`docker --version`

`kubeadm version`

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ docker --version
kubeadm version
Docker version 28.2.2, build 28.2.2-0ubuntu1~24.04.1
kubeadm version: &version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"29", GitVersion:"v1.29.15", GitCommit:"0d0f172cdf9fd42d6fee3467374b58d3e168df0", GitTreeState:"clean", BuildDate:"2025-03-11T17:46:36Z", GoVersion:"go1.23.6", Compiler:"gc", Platform:"linux/amd64"}
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcd06 (k8s-master) ✕

PHASE 9 - Kubernetes Cluster Setup — Production Grade

Cluster Architecture

Role	Node
Kubernetes Master	44.204.209.45
Worker Node 1	44.200.197.111
Worker Node 2	3.237.82.87

🔑 STEP 1 — Disable Swap (ALL NODES)

`sudo swapoff -a`

`sudo sed -i 's/^/#/' /etc/fstab`

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ sudo swapoff -a
sudo sed -i '/ swap / s/^/#/' /etc/fstab
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ sudo swapoff -a
sudo sed -i '/ swap / s/^/#/' /etc/fstab
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$
```

i-09db45f83a70daea3 (k8s-worker1)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ sudo swapoff -a
sudo sed -i '/ swap / s/^/#/' /etc/fstab
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$
```

i-Offe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2)

◆ STEP 2 — Load Kernel Modules (ALL NODES)

```
sudo modprobe overlay
```

```
sudo modprobe br_netfilter
```

```
cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/modules-load.d/k8s.conf
```

```
overlay
```

```
br_netfilter
```

```
EOF
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ sudo modprobe overlay
sudo modprobe br_netfilter

cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/modules-load.d/k8s.conf
overlay
br_netfilter
EOF
overlay
br_netfilter
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ █
```

i-09db45f83a70daea3 (k8s-worker1)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ sudo modprobe overlay
sudo modprobe br_netfilter

cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/modules-load.d/k8s.conf
overlay
br_netfilter
EOF
overlay
br_netfilter
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ █
```

i-09db45f83a70daea3 (k8s-worker1)

```

ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ sudo modprobe overlay
sudo modprobe br_netfilter

cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/modules-load.d/k8s.conf
overlay
br_netfilter
EOF
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$

```

i-Offe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2)

◆ STEP 3 — Configure Network Parameters (ALL NODES)

```
cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf
```

```
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
```

```
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
```

```
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
```

```
EOF
```

```
sudo sysctl --system
```

```

ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
EOF

sudo sysctl --system
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/10-apparmor.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-bufferbloat.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-console-messages.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ipv6-privacy.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-kernel-hardening.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-magic-sysrq.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-map-count.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-network-security.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ptrace.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-zero-page.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/50-cloudimg-settings.conf ...
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/50-pid-max.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/99-cloudimg-ipv6.conf ...
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/99-protect-links.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/99-sysctl.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.conf ...

```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcd06 (k8s-master)

```

ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
EOF

sudo sysctl --system
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/10-apparmor.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-bufferbloat.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-console-messages.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ipv6-privacy.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-kernel-hardening.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-magic-sysrq.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-map-count.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-network-security.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ptrace.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-zero-page.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/50-cloudimg-settings.conf ...
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/50-pid-max.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/99-cloudimg-ipv6.conf ...
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/99-protect-links.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/99-sysctl.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.conf ...

```

i-09db45f83a70daea3 (k8s-worker1)

Public IP: 44.200.107.111 Private IP: 10.0.1.10

```

ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
EOF

sudo sysctl --system
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables=1
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/10-apparmor.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-bufferbloat.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-console-messages.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ipv6-privacy.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-kernel-hardening.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-magic-sysrq.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-map-count.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-network-security.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-ptrace.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/10-zero-page.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/50-cloudimg-settings.conf ...
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/50-pid-max.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/99-cloudimg-ipv6.conf ...
* Applying /usr/lib/sysctl.d/99-protect-links.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/99-sysctl.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf ...
* Applying /etc/sysctl.conf ...

```

i-0ffe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2)

◆ STEP 4 — Fix Container Runtime (ALL NODES)

`sudo mkdir -p /etc/containerd`

`containerd config default | sudo tee /etc/containerd/config.toml`

`sudo sed -i 's/SystemdCgroup = false/SystemdCgroup = true/' /etc/containerd/config.toml`

`sudo systemctl restart containerd`

`sudo systemctl restart kubelet`

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ sudo mkdir -p /etc/containerd
containerd config default | sudo tee /etc/containerd/config.toml
sudo sed -i 's/SystemdCgroup = false/SystemdCgroup = true/' /etc/containerd/config.toml
sudo systemctl restart containerd
sudo systemctl restart kubelet
disabled_plugins = []
imports = []
oom_score = 0
plugin_dir = ""
required_plugins = []
root = "/var/lib/containerd"
state = "/run/containerd"
temp = ""
version = 2

[cgroup]
  path = ""

[debug]
  address = ""
  format = ""
  gid = 0
  level = ""
  uid = 0

[grpc]
  address = "/run/containerd/containerd.sock"
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ sudo mkdir -p /etc/containerd
containerd config default | sudo tee /etc/containerd/config.toml
sudo sed -i 's/SystemdCgroup = false/SystemdCgroup = true/' /etc/containerd/config.toml
sudo systemctl restart containerd
sudo systemctl restart kubelet
disabled_plugins = []
imports = []
oom_score = 0
plugin_dir = ""
required_plugins = []
root = "/var/lib/containerd"
state = "/run/containerd"
temp = ""
version = 2

[cgroup]
  path = ""

[debug]
  address = ""
  format = ""
  gid = 0
  level = ""
  uid = 0

[grpc]
  address = "/run/containerd/containerd.sock"
```

i-09db45f83a70daea3 (k8s-worker1)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ sudo mkdir -p /etc/containerd
containerd config default | sudo tee /etc/containerd/config.toml
sudo sed -i 's/SystemdCgroup = false/SystemdCgroup = true/' /etc/containerd/config.toml
sudo systemctl restart containerd
sudo systemctl restart kubelet
disabled_plugins = []
imports = []
oom_score = 0
plugin_dir = ""
required_plugins = []
root = "/var/lib/containerd"
state = "/run/containerd"
temp = ""
version = 2

[cgroup]
  path = ""

[debug]
  address = ""
  format = ""
  gid = 0
  level = ""
  uid = 0

[grpc]
  address = "/run/containerd/containerd.sock"
```

i-Offe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2)

STEP 6 — Initialize Cluster (MASTER ONLY)

`sudo kubeadm init --pod-network-cidr=192.168.0.0/16`

Save the kubeadm join command printed at the end.

◆ STEP 7 — Configure kubectl (MASTER ONLY)

`mkdir -p $HOME/.kube`

`sudo cp /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config`

`sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config`

`export KUBECONFIG=$HOME/.kube/config`

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
sudo cp /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
export KUBECONFIG=$HOME/.kube/config
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

Verify:

`kubectl get nodes`

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ kubectl get nodes
NAME                STATUS    ROLES    AGE   VERSION
ip-10-0-1-46        NotReady control-plane 2m12s  v1.29.15
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

Expected:

k8s-master NotReady

◆ STEP 8 — Install Network Plugin (Calico)

kubectl apply -f

<https://raw.githubusercontent.com/projectcalico/calico/v3.27.0/manifests/calico.yaml>

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/projectcalico/calico/v3.27.0/manifests/calico.yaml
poddisruptionbudget.policy/calico-kube-controllers created
serviceaccount/calico-kube-controllers created
serviceaccount/calico-node created
serviceaccount/calico-cni-plugin created
configmap/calico-config created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/bgpconfigurations.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/bgpfilters.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/bgppeers.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/blockaffinities.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/caliconodestatuses.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/clusterinformations.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/felixconfigurations.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/globalnetworkpolicies.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/globalnetworksets.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/hostendpoints.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/ipamblocks.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/ipamconfigs.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/ipamhandles.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/ippools.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/ipreservations.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/kubecontrollersconfigurations.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/networkpolicies.crd.projectcalico.org created
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io/networksets.crd.projectcalico.org created
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/calico-kube-controllers created
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/calico-node created
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/calico-cni-plugin created
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcd06 (k8s-master)

◆ STEP 9 — Join Worker Nodes

Run on each worker node:

sudo kubeadm join 10.0.1.46:6443 --token 3d0yll.qsqgsrk5u2uzgbyi \

--discovery-token-ca-cert-hash

sha256:e624bfd29c5770b605ea5fcd693fb721f50f71dd1257f6bb18aa1fde4c06af08

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$ sudo kubeadm join 10.0.1.46:6443 --token 3d0yll.qsqgsrk5u2uzgbyi \
--discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:e624bfd29c5770b605ea5fcd693fb721f50f71dd1257f6bb18aa1fde4c06af08
[preflight] Running pre-flight checks
[preflight] Reading configuration from the cluster...
[preflight] FYI: You can look at this config file with 'kubectl -n kube-system get cm kubeadm-config -o yaml'
[kubelet-start] Writing kubelet configuration to file "/var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml"
[kubelet-start] Writing kubelet environment file with flags to file "/var/lib/kubelet/kubeadm-flags.env"
[kubelet-start] Starting the kubelet
[kubelet-start] Waiting for the kubelet to perform the TLS Bootstrap...
```

This node has joined the cluster:

- * Certificate signing request was sent to apiservert and a response was received.
- * The Kubelet was informed of the new secure connection details.

Run 'kubectl get nodes' on the control-plane to see this node join the cluster.

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-19:~$
```

i-09db45f83a70daea3 (k8s-worker1)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$ sudo kubeadm join 10.0.1.46:6443 --token 3d0yll.qsqgsrk5u2uzgbyi \
--discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:e624bfd29c5770b605ea5fcd693fb721f50f71dd1257f6bb18aa1fde4c06af08
[preflight] Running pre-flight checks
[preflight] Reading configuration from the cluster...
[preflight] FYI: You can look at this config file with 'kubectl -n kube-system get cm kubeadm-config -o yaml'
[kubelet-start] Writing kubelet configuration to file "/var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml"
[kubelet-start] Writing kubelet environment file with flags to file "/var/lib/kubelet/kubeadm-flags.env"
[kubelet-start] Starting the kubelet
[kubelet-start] Waiting for the kubelet to perform the TLS Bootstrap...

This node has joined the cluster:
* Certificate signing request was sent to apiserer and a response was received.
* The Kubelet was informed of the new secure connection details.

Run 'kubectl get nodes' on the control-plane to see this node join the cluster.

ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-93:~$
```

i-0ffe284ff3e111254 (k8s-worker2)

◆ STEP 10 — Final Cluster Verification (MASTER)

`kubectl get nodes`

Final expected state:

k8s-master Ready

k8s-worker1 Ready

k8s-worker2 Ready

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ kubectl get nodes
NAME                 STATUS    ROLES    AGE   VERSION
ip-10-0-1-19         Ready    <none>    41s   v1.29.15
ip-10-0-1-46         Ready    control-plane 3m41s v1.29.15
ip-10-0-1-93         Ready    <none>    19s   v1.29.15
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcd06 (k8s-master)

PHASE 10 - Application Deployment + Jenkins CI/CD Pipeline

Pipeline Architecture

Developer Commit → GitHub → Jenkins Pipeline

↓

Docker Build → Docker Hub

↓

Kubernetes Deployment (2 replicas)

STEP 1 — Jenkins Preparation

Install Required Software on Jenkins Server

```
sudo apt update
```

```
sudo apt install -y docker.io git
```

```
sudo usermod -aG docker jenkins
```

```
sudo systemctl restart jenkins
```

```
sudo systemctl restart docker
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y docker.io git
sudo usermod -aG docker jenkins
sudo systemctl restart jenkins
sudo systemctl restart docker
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Hit:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease
Hit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease
Hit:4 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease
Ign:5 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ InRelease
Hit:6 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Release
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
66 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
git is already the newest version (1:2.43.0-1ubuntu7.3).
git set to manually installed.
The following additional packages will be installed:
  bridge-utils containerd dns-root-data dnsmasq-base pigz runc ubuntu-fan
Suggested packages:
  ifupdown aufs-tools cgroupfs-mount | cgroup-lite debootstrap docker-buildx doc
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  bridge-utils containerd dns-root-data dnsmasq-base docker.io pigz runc ubuntu-
0 upgraded, 8 newly installed, 0 to remove and 66 not upgraded.
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

```
curl -fsSL https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.29/deb/Release.key | sudo gpg --dearmor -o
/usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg
```

```
https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.29/deb/ " | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list
```

```
sudo apt install -y kubectl
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

Copy content.

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

[illegible]

On Jenkins server:

```
sudo mkdir -p /var/lib/jenkins/.kube
```

```
sudo nano /var/lib/jenkins/.kube/config
```

```
# paste admin.conf content
```

Save and exit

```
sudo chown -R jenkins:jenkins /var/lib/jenkins/.kube
```

```
sudo chmod 600 /var/lib/jenkins/.kube/config
```

```
sudo systemctl restart jenkins
```

Verify:

```
sudo -u jenkins kubectl get nodes
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ sudo mkdir -p /var/lib/jenkins/.kube
sudo nano /var/lib/jenkins/.kube/config
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

```
GNU nano 7.2 /var/lib/jenkins/.kube/config *
apiVersion: v1
clusters:
- cluster:
  certificate-authority-data: LS0tLS1CRUdJTiBDRVJUSUZJQ0FURSB0tLS0tCk1JSURCVENDQWUyZ0F3SUJBZ01JYjRlR1h1ZVQxd3RFFZSktvWklodmNOQVFFTEJRCQdGVGVVU0UJFR0ExVUUKQXhNS2EzVmlaPj
  server: https://10.0.1.46:6443
  name: kubernetes
contexts:
- context:
  cluster: kubernetes
  user: kubernetes-admin
  name: kubernetes-admin@kubernetes
current-context: kubernetes-admin@kubernetes
kind: Config
preferences: {}
users:
- name: kubernetes-admin
  user:
    client-certificate-data: LS0tLS1CRUdJTiBDRVJUSUZJQ0FURSB0tLS0tCk1JSURCVENDQWUyZ0F3SUJBZ01JR0VzcEx6eDdaOE13RFFZSktvWklodmNOQVFFTEJRCQdGVGVVU0UJFR0ExVUUKQXhNS2EzVmlaPj
    client-key-data: LS0tLS1CRUdJTiBSU0EgUFJGVkFURSB1R0tLS0tCk1JSURCVENDQWUyZ0F3SUJBZ01JR0VzcEx6eDdaOE13RFFZSktvWklodmNOQVFFTEJRCQdGVGVVU0UJFR0ExVUUKQXhNS2EzVmlaPj
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)



```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ sudo chown -R jenkins:jenkins /var/lib/jenkins/.kube
sudo chmod 600 /var/lib/jenkins/.kube/config
sudo systemctl restart jenkins
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ sudo -u jenkins kubectl get nodes
NAME                STATUS    ROLES    AGE     VERSION
ip-10-0-1-19        Ready    <none>    5m10s   v1.29.15
ip-10-0-1-46        Ready    control-plane  8m10s   v1.29.15
ip-10-0-1-93        Ready    <none>    4m48s   v1.29.15
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

STEP 2 — GitHub Integration

Configure Git

```
git config --global user.name "Vikky9387"
```

```
git config --global user.email gangadharavikram2002@gmail.com
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ git config --global user.name "Vikky9387"
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ git config --global user.email "gangadharavikram2002@gmail.com"
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

GitHub Authentication

GitHub → Settings → Developer Settings → Personal Access Token

Scopes: repo, workflow

Use the token as the Git password when pushing.

Settings / Developer Settings

Q Type 17 to search

scopes you've selected are included in other scopes. Only the minimum set of necessary scopes has been saved.

GitHub Apps

OAuth Apps

Personal access tokens

Fine-grained tokens

Tokens (classic)

Personal access tokens (classic)

Generate new token

Tokens you have generated that can be used to access the [GitHub API](#).

project 2 — repo, workflow

Last used within the last 2 weeks

Delete

Expires on Wed, Jan 28 2026.

Personal access tokens (classic) function like ordinary OAuth access tokens. They can be used instead of a password for Git over HTTPS, or can be used to [authenticate to the API over Basic Authentication](#).

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STEP 3 - Connect Jenkins to GitHub

Part A — Prepare Your GitHub Repository

Fork the project

Open in browser:

<https://github.com/hshar/website.git>

Click **Fork** → select your GitHub account.

Now your repository becomes:

<https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git>

Clone it on Jenkins server

Clone:

`git clone https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git`

`cd website`

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible$ git clone https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git
cd website
Cloning into 'website'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 124, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (32/32), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (16/16), done.
remote: Total 124 (delta 24), reused 16 (delta 16), pack-reused 92 (from 3)
Receiving objects: 100% (124/124), 103.61 KiB | 17.27 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (48/48), done.
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

STEP 4 — Docker Setup

nano Dockerfile

paste this:

```
FROM nginx:latest
```

```
COPY . /usr/share/nginx/html
```

Save and exit

Commit:

```
git add .
```

```
git commit -m "Added Dockerfile for containerization"
```

```
git push origin master
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ nano Dockerfile
```

```
GNU nano 7.2
FROM nginx:latest
COPY . /usr/share/nginx/html
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ git add .
git commit -m "Added Dockerfile for containerization"
git push origin master
[master 70e4812] Added Dockerfile for containerization
 1 file changed, 2 insertions(+)
 create mode 100644 Dockerfile
Username for 'https://github.com': vikky9387
Password for 'https://vikky9387@github.com':
Enumerating objects: 4, done.
Counting objects: 100% (4/4), done.
Delta compression using up to 2 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 383 bytes | 383.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 0), reused 1 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
To https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git
 6010978..70e4812 master -> master
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

STEP 5 — Kubernetes Manifests

Go to your project directory:

```
cd ~/ansible/website
```

Create folder:

```
mkdir k8s
```

```
cd k8s
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ mkdir k8s
cd k8s
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website/k8s$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

nano deployment.yml

paste this:

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
```

```
kind: Deployment
```

```
metadata:
```

```
  name: website
```

```
spec:
```

```
  replicas: 2
```

```
  selector:
```

```
    matchLabels:
```

```
      app: website
```

```
  template:
```

```
    metadata:
```

```
      labels:
```

```
        app: website
```

spec:

containers:

- name: website

image: vikky9387/website:latest

ports:

- containerPort: 80

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website/k8s$ nano deployment.yml
```

GNU nano 7.2

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: website
spec:
  replicas: 2
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: website
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: website
    spec:
      containers:
      - name: website
        image: vikky9387/website:latest
        ports:
        - containerPort: 80
```

nano service.yml

paste this:

apiVersion: v1

kind: Service

metadata:

name: website-service

spec:

type: NodePort

selector:

app: website

ports:

- port: 80

targetPort: 80

nodePort: 30008

save & exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website/k8s$ nano service.yml
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

Public IP: 44.200.17.67 | Private IP: 10.0.1.22

```
GNU nano 7.2
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: website-service
spec:
  type: NodePort
  selector:
    app: website
  ports:
    - port: 80
      targetPort: 80
      nodePort: 30008
```

Commit & Push

```
cd ~/ansible/website
```

```
git add k8s
```

```
git commit -m "Added Kubernetes deployment and service manifests"
```

```
git push origin master
```

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website/k8s$ cd ~/ansible/website
git add k8s
git commit -m "Added Kubernetes deployment and service manifests"
git push origin master
[master 961ccf3] Added Kubernetes deployment and service manifests
 2 files changed, 31 insertions(+)
  create mode 100644 k8s/deployment.yml
  create mode 100644 k8s/service.yml
Username for 'https://github.com': vikky9387
Password for 'https://vikky9387@github.com':
Enumerating objects: 6, done.
Counting objects: 100% (6/6), done.
Delta compression using up to 2 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (5/5), done.
Writing objects: 100% (5/5), 686 bytes | 686.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 5 (delta 1), reused 3 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (1/1), completed with 1 local object.
To https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git
    70e4812..961ccf3  master -> master
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

Prepare Jenkins

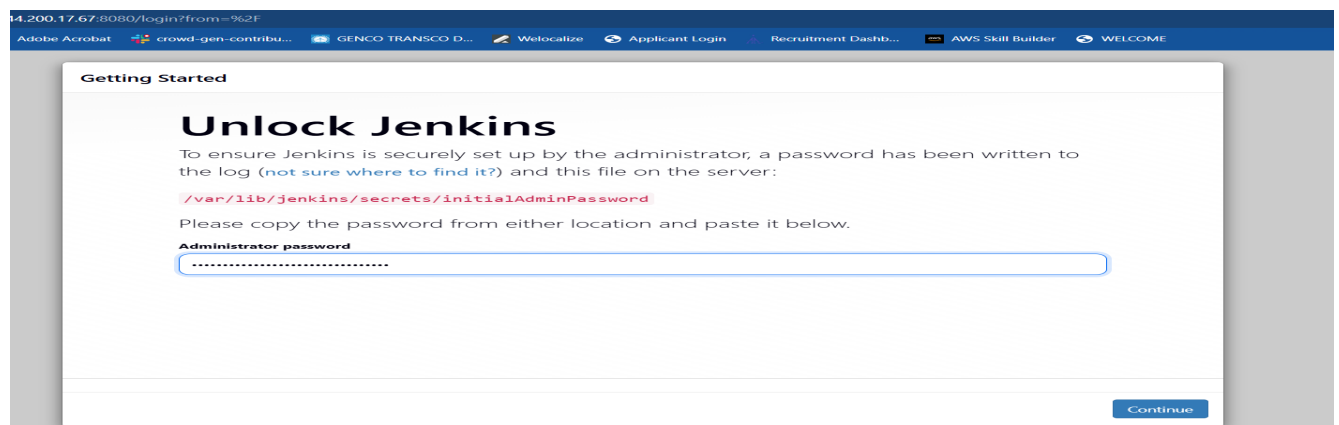
◆ Open Jenkins

http:// 44.200.17.67:8080

Unlock Jenkins:

```
sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
```

Install suggested plugins.



```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
1f584266e84b4fd5898fe1fdc4d0e30c
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$
```

i-034c60ff7a59f29ab (jenkins-controller)

◆ Install Required Plugins

From Manage Jenkins → Plugins:

- Git
- Docker Pipeline
- Kubernetes CLI
- SSH Pipeline

Restart Jenkins.

Manage Jenkins ▾ / Plugins

Search available plugins

Install

Install	Name ↓	Released	Health
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Docker Pipeline 634.vedc7242b_eda_7 pipeline DevOps Deployment docker Build and use Docker containers from pipelines. <div>This plugin is up for adoption! We are looking for new maintainers. Visit our Adopt a Plugin initiative for more information.</div>	2 mo 23 days ago	76
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SSH Pipeline Steps 2.0.89.v8f758c756546 pipeline Jenkins pipeline steps which provides SSH facilities such as command execution or file transfer for continuous delivery.	18 days ago	100
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Kubernetes CLI 1.364.vadef8cb8b823 kubernetes	9 mo 19 days ago	96

	Email Extension	✓ Success
	Mailer	✓ Success
	Theme Manager	✓ Success
	Dark Theme	✓ Success
5	Loading plugin extensions	✓ Success
	Authentication Tokens API	✓ Success
gs	Docker Commons	✓ Success
ess	Docker Pipeline	✓ Success
	JSch dependency	✓ Success
	SSH Pipeline Steps	✓ Success
	Kubernetes Client API	✓ Success
	Kubernetes Credentials	✓ Success
	Kubernetes CLI	✓ Success
	Loading plugin extensions	✓ Success

→ [Go back to the top page](#)
(you can start using the installed plugins right away)

STEP 6 — Jenkins Credentials

Generate Docker Hub Access Token

Open browser → go to:

<https://hub.docker.com/settings/security>

Click New Access Token

Name: Jenkins-token

Copy the token.

docker

gangadharavikram2...
Docker Personal

Personal access tokens

You can use a personal access token instead of a password for Docker CLI authentication. Create multiple tokens, control their scope, and delete tokens at any time. [Learn more](#)

Generate new token

Description	Scope	Status	Source ⓘ	Created	Last used	Expiration date	
jenkins-push-token	Read, Write, Delete	Active	Manual	Jan 03, 2026 at 17:45:34	Jan 05, 2026 at 20:00:38	Feb 02, 2026 at 23:59	⋮

Field	Value
Kind	Username with password
ID	dockerhub
Username	<i>your Docker Hub username</i>
Password	<i>your Docker Hub token</i>
Save	

Jenkins / Manage Jenkins ▾ / Credentials / System / Global credentials (unrestr... 🔍 ⚙️ 👤

New credentials

Kind
Username with password ▾

Scope ?
Global (Jenkins, nodes, items, all child items, etc) ▾

Username
vikky9387

☐ Treat username as secret ?

Password
.....

ID ?
dockerhub

Create

Add GitHub credentials

Create GitHub token:

GitHub → Settings → Developer settings → Personal access tokens → Tokens (classic) → Generate

Select:

- repo
- workflow

Copy token.

Settings / Developer Settings

scopes you've selected are included in other scopes. Only the minimum set of necessary scopes has been saved.

Personal access tokens (classic)

Generate new token

Tokens you have generated that can be used to access the [GitHub API](#).

project 2 — repo, workflow

Last used within the last 2 weeks

Delete

Expires on Wed, Jan 28 2026.

Personal access tokens (classic) function like ordinary OAuth access tokens. They can be used instead of a password for Git over HTTPS, or can be used to [authenticate to the API over Basic Authentication](#).

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In Jenkins:

Add new credential:

Field	Value
-------	-------

ID	github-token
----	--------------

Username your GitHub username

Password *paste GitHub token*

Jenkins / Manage Jenkins / Credentials / System / Global credentials (unrestr...

New credentials

Kind

Username with password

Scope ?

Global (Jenkins, nodes, items, all child items, etc)

Username

vikky9387

☐ Treat username as secret ?

Password

.....

ID ?

github-token

Create

GitHub Webhook

<http://44.200.17.67:8080/github-webhook/>

website

Q Type to search

Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights Settings

General

is

Collaborators

Moderation options

and automation

branches

tags

rules

Actions

Models Preview

Webhooks

Copilot

Environments

Codespaces

Pages

ity

Webhooks / Add webhook

We'll send a POST request to the URL below with details of any subscribed events. You can also specify which data format you'd like to receive (JSON, x-www-form-urlencoded, etc). More information can be found in [our developer documentation](#).

Payload URL *

http://44.200.17.67:8080/github-webhook/

Content type *

application/json

Secret

SSL verification

By default, we verify SSL certificates when delivering payloads.

☒ Enable SSL verification ☐ Disable (not recommended)

Which events would you like to trigger this webhook?

☒ Just the push event.

Create Jenkins Pipeline Job

Jenkins Dashboard → New Item

Name:

Website-CI-CD

Type: **Pipeline**

Pipeline Configuration

Build Trigger: ☒ GitHub hook trigger for GITScm polling

Scroll to **Pipeline** section:

Definition → **Pipeline script from SCM**

SCM: **Git**

Repository URL:

<https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git>

Credentials: select **github-token**

Branch:

*/master

Script Path:

Jenkinsfile

Save.

New Item

Enter an item name

Website-CI-CD

Select an item type

**Freestyle project**

Classic, general-purpose job type that checks out from up to one SCM, executes build steps serially, followed by post-build steps like archiving artifacts and sending email notifications.

**Pipeline**

Orchestrates long-running activities that can span multiple build agents. Suitable for building pipelines (formerly known as workflows) and/or organizing complex activities that do not easily fit in free-style job type.

**Multi-configuration project**

Suitable for projects that need a large number of different configurations, such as testing on multiple environments, platform-specific builds, etc.

**Folder**

Creates a container that stores nested items in it. Useful for grouping things together. Unlike view, which is just a filter, a folder creates a separate namespace, so you can have multiple things of the same name as long as they are in different folders.

OK

Triggers

Set up automated actions that start your build based on specific events, like code changes or scheduled times.

- ☐ Build after other projects are built ?
- ☐ Build periodically ?
- ☒ GitHub hook trigger for GITScm polling ?
- ☐ Poll SCM ?
- ☐ Trigger builds remotely (e.g., from scripts) ?

Pipeline

Define your Pipeline using Groovy directly or pull it from source control.

Definition

Pipeline script from SCM

SCM ?

Git

Repositories ?

Repository URL ?

https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git

Credentials ?

vikky9387/*****

+ Add

Branches to build ?

Branch Specifier (blank for 'any') ?

*/master

+ Add Branch

Repository browser ?

(Auto) v

Additional Behaviours

+ Add

Script Path ?

Jenkinsfile

STEP 7 —Add Jenkinsfile to Repository

nano Jenkinsfile

paste this:

```
pipeline {  
  agent any  
  
  environment {  
    DOCKER_IMAGE = "vikky9387/website"  
  }  
  
  stages {  
  
    stage('Checkout') {  
      steps {  
        git branch: 'master',  
          credentialsId: 'github-token',  
          url: 'https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git'  
      }  
    }  
  
    stage('Build Image') {
```

```
steps {  
    sh 'docker build -t $DOCKER_IMAGE:latest .'}  
}
```

```
stage('Push Image') {  
    steps {  
        withCredentials([usernamePassword(credentialsId: 'dockerhub', usernameVariable: 'USER',  
passwordVariable: 'PASS')]) {  
            sh '''  
                echo $PASS | docker login -u $USER --password-stdin  
                docker push $DOCKER_IMAGE:latest  
            '''  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
stage('Deploy to Kubernetes') {  
    steps {  
        sh '''  
            kubectl apply -f k8s/deployment.yml  
            kubectl apply -f k8s/service.yml  
        '''  
    }  
}
```

Save and exit

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-98:~/ansible/website$ nano Jenkinsfile
```

```
GNU nano 7.2
pipeline {
  agent any

  environment {
    DOCKER_IMAGE = "vikky9387/website"
  }

  stages {

    stage('Checkout') {
      steps {
        git branch: 'master',
          credentialsId: 'github-token',
          url: 'https://github.com/Vikky9387/website.git'
      }
    }

    stage('Build Image') {
      steps {
        sh 'docker build -t $DOCKER_IMAGE:latest .'
      }
    }
  }
}
```

^G Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut ^T Execute ^
^X Exit ^R Read File ^\ Replace ^U Paste ^J Justify ^

Commit & push.

`git add .`

`git commit -m "Added Jenkins pipeline"`

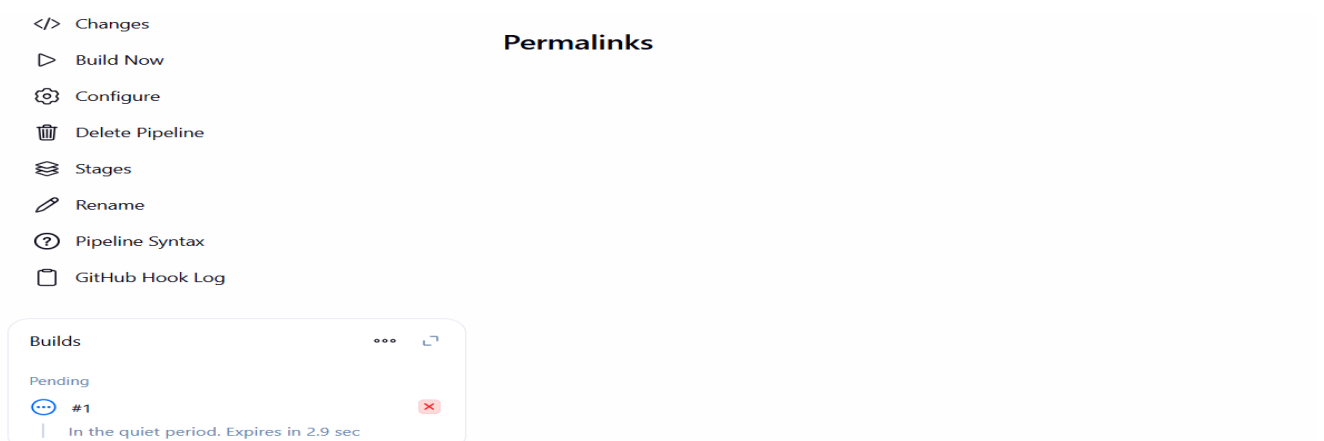
`git push origin master`

STEP 8 — Run Pipeline

In Jenkins:

Open Website-CI-CD → build triggers automatically

Watch console output.



Status

Changes

Build Now

Configure

Delete Pipeline

Stages

Rename

Pipeline Syntax

GitHub Hook Log

Website-CI-CD

Permalinks

Builds

Today

✓

#1

14:30

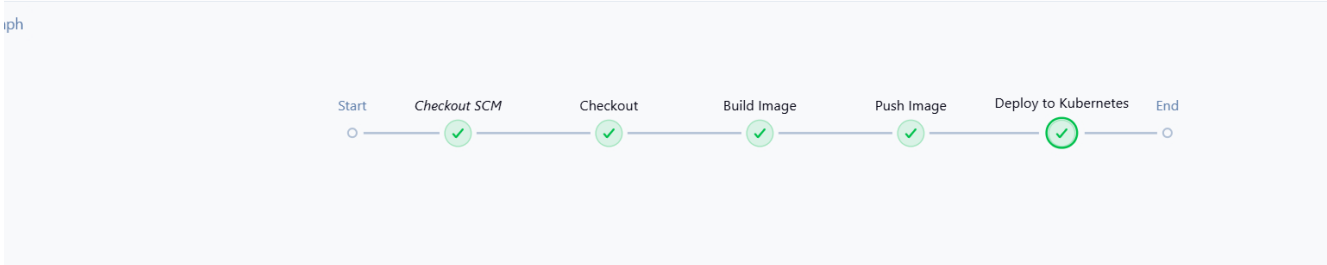
Website-CI-CD / #1 / Console Output

```
latest digest: sha256:eb0e31200c73da200058a1300a033c0410332e2aa3000910c900420073101 size: 1905
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // withCredentials
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // stage
[Pipeline] stage
[Pipeline] { (Deploy to Kubernetes)
[Pipeline] sh
+ kubectl apply -f k8s/deployment.yml
deployment.apps/website created
+ kubectl apply -f k8s/service.yml
service/website-service created
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // stage
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // withEnv
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // withEnv
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // node
[Pipeline] End of Pipeline
Finished: SUCCESS
```

Jenkins / Website-CI-CD / #1 / Pipeline Overview

#1

Started 1 min 0 sec ago Queued 7.9 sec Took 15 sec



Verification

On your k8s-master:

`kubectl get pods`

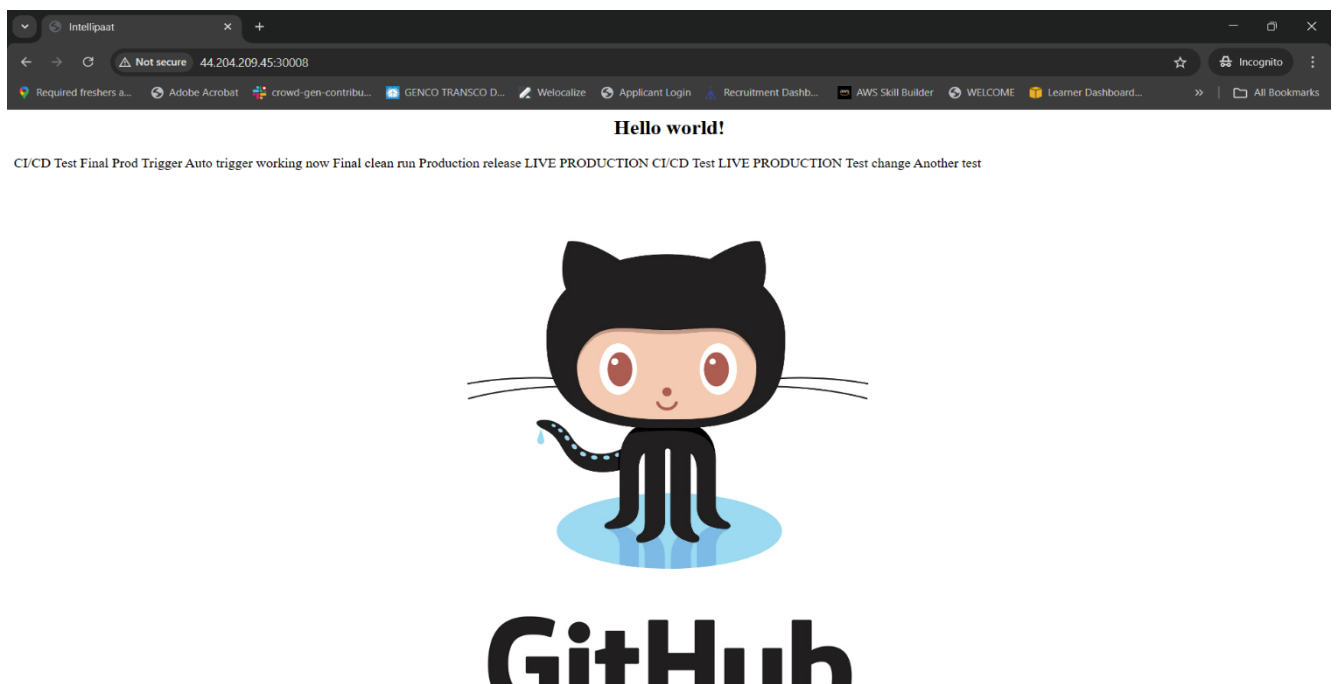
`kubectl get svc`

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$ kubectl get pods
kubectl get svc
NAME                                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
website-f7ddfb648-pbszs            1/1     Running   0           87s
website-f7ddfb648-vn5qh            1/1     Running   0           87s
NAME                                TYPE          CLUSTER-IP   EXTERNAL-IP   PORT(S)          AGE
kubernetes                          ClusterIP     10.96.0.1    <none>        443/TCP          35m
website-service                      NodePort      10.100.184.33 <none>        80:30008/TCP     86s
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-46:~$
```

i-0ec3f84eee2fcdf06 (k8s-master)

Then open in browser:

<http://44.204.209.45:30008>



Final Result

- ✓ Fully automated CI/CD pipeline
- ✓ Zero manual deployment
- ✓ Docker + Kubernetes production workflow
- ✓ Meets all DevOps lifecycle requirements

Project Implemented By:

Vikram Gangadhara.