DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING BHARATHIAR UNIVERSITY COIMBATORE – 641 046



NAME OF THE CANDIDATE	:	
REGISTER NO.	:	

M.Sc.[COMPUTER SCIENCE]

SEMESTER – I

ADAVANCED JAVA PROGRAMMING LAB

24CS1C3

SEPTEMBER – 2023

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING BHARATHIAR UNIVERSITY COIMBATORE – 641 046

CERTIFICATE

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in pa	artial fulfillmen	t of the re	quirements	s for the I	Degree, Master o	f Scienc	ce in Com	puter S	Science
at D	epartment of C	Computer	Science, B	harathiar	University, Coin	nbatore	- 641 04	16, dur	ing the
perio	od November 20	023.							
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INDEX

S.NO DATE		TITLE	PG NO.	SIGNATURE		
1		Implementing Calculator using Swing Components				
2		Developing Registration form using swing component				
3		Calculation of Factorial using RMI				
4		Finding Even Number using RMI				
5		Employee details- JDBC				
6		Manipulation of Student Details- JDBC				
7		Employee Details Using XML				
8		Drawing a cylinder shape using HTML				
9		Multiplication Table using Javascript				
10		Javascript to sort Array of Numbers				
11		Java servlet to handle input from web browser using GET Method				
12		Java servlet using HTML form to accept data, GET and POST methods				
13		Java Servlet to Display Information				
14		JSP for generating factorial number				
15		Deploying and testing the sample web application using JSP.				

1. IMPLEMENTING CALCULATOR USING SWING COMPONENTS

```
package com.mycompany.advancedcalculator;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
public class AdvancedCalculator extends JFrame implements ActionListener {
  private JTextField display;
  private String operator;
  private double num1, num2;
  public AdvancedCalculator() {
    // Create the frame
    setTitle("Advanced Calculator");
    setSize(400, 600);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    setLayout(new BorderLayout());
    // Create the display
    display = new JTextField();
    display.setEditable(false);
    display.setFont(new Font("Arial", Font.PLAIN, 24));
    add(display, BorderLayout.NORTH);
    // Create the buttons
    JPanel buttonPanel = new JPanel();
    buttonPanel.setLayout(new GridLayout(5, 4));
    String[] buttons = {
```

```
"7", "8", "9", "/",
    "4", "5", "6", "*",
    "1", "2", "3", "-",
    "0", "C", "=", "+",
    "v", "sin", "cos", "tan",
    "^", "(", ")"
  };
  for (String text : buttons) {
    JButton button = new JButton(text);
    button.addActionListener(this);
    buttonPanel.add(button);
  }
  add(buttonPanel, BorderLayout.CENTER);
}
@Override
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
  String command = e.getActionCommand();
  if (command.charAt(0) >= '0' && command.charAt(0) <= '9') {
    display.setText(display.getText() + command);
  } else if (command.equals("C")) {
    display.setText("");
    operator = "";
  } else if (command.equals("=")) {
    num2 = Double.parseDouble(display.getText());
    display.setText(calculate(num1, num2, operator));
    operator = "";
  } else if (command.equals("V")) {
    num1 = Double.parseDouble(display.getText());
    display.setText(Double.toString(Math.sqrt(num1)));
  } else if (command.equals("sin")) {
```

```
num1 = Double.parseDouble(display.getText());
    display.setText(Double.toString(Math.sin(Math.toRadians(num1))));
  } else if (command.equals("cos")) {
    num1 = Double.parseDouble(display.getText());
    display.setText(Double.toString(Math.cos(Math.toRadians(num1))));
  } else if (command.equals("tan")) {
    num1 = Double.parseDouble(display.getText());
    display.setText(Double.toString(Math.tan(Math.toRadians(num1))));
  } else {
    if (!operator.isEmpty()) return; // Prevent multiple operators
    num1 = Double.parseDouble(display.getText());
    operator = command;
    display.setText("");
  }
}
private String calculate(double num1, double num2, String operator) {
  return switch (operator) {
    case "+" -> Double.toString(num1 + num2);
    case "-" -> Double.toString(num1 - num2);
    case "*" -> Double.toString(num1 * num2);
    case "/" -> num2 != 0 ? Double.toString(num1 / num2) : "Error";
    case "^" -> Double.toString(Math.pow(num1, num2));
    default -> "Error";
  };
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
  SwingUtilities.invokeLater(() -> {
    AdvancedCalculator calculator = new AdvancedCalculator();
    calculator.setVisible(true);
  });
}}
```

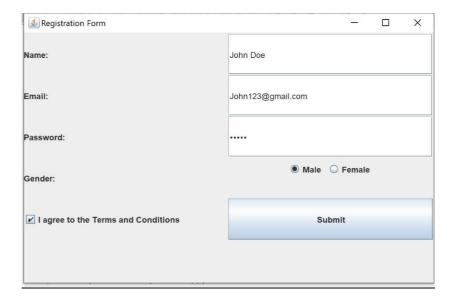
Advanced	l Calculator	_					
3.0 * 3.	3.0 * 3.0 = 9.0						
7	8	9	/	4			
5	6	*	1	2			
3		0	С	8			
+	√	sin	cos	tan			
^	()					

2. DEVELOPING REGISTRATION FORM USING SWING COMPONENT

```
package com.mycompany.registrationform;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
public class RegistrationForm extends JFrame implements ActionListener {
  private JTextField nameField, emailField, passwordField;
  private JRadioButton maleRadio, femaleRadio;
  private JCheckBox termsCheckBox;
  private JButton submitButton;
  public RegistrationForm() {
    // Create the frame
    setTitle("Registration Form");
    setSize(400, 400);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    setLayout(new GridLayout(6, 2));
    // Name Field
    add(new JLabel("Name:"));
    nameField = new JTextField();
    add(nameField);
    // Email Field
    add(new JLabel("Email:"));
    emailField = new JTextField();
    add(emailField);
```

```
// Password Field
  add(new JLabel("Password:"));
  passwordField = new JPasswordField();
  add(passwordField);
  // Gender Selection
  add(new JLabel("Gender:"));
  JPanel genderPanel = new JPanel();
  maleRadio = new JRadioButton("Male");
  femaleRadio = new JRadioButton("Female");
  ButtonGroup genderGroup = new ButtonGroup();
  genderGroup.add(maleRadio);
  genderGroup.add(femaleRadio);
  genderPanel.add(maleRadio);
  genderPanel.add(femaleRadio);
  add(genderPanel);
  // Terms and Conditions Checkbox
  termsCheckBox = new JCheckBox("I agree to the Terms and Conditions");
  add(termsCheckBox);
  // Submit Button
  submitButton = new JButton("Submit");
  submitButton.addActionListener(this);
  add(submitButton);
}
@Override
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
  if (e.getSource() == submitButton) {
    String name = nameField.getText();
    String email = emailField.getText();
    String password = passwordField.getText(); // Use getPassword() for JPasswordField
```

```
String gender = maleRadio.isSelected() ? "Male" : "Female";
    boolean termsAccepted = termsCheckBox.isSelected();
    if (termsAccepted) {
      JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(this, "Registration Successful!\n" +
           "Name: " + name + "\nEmail: " + email + "\nGender: " + gender);
    } else {
      JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(this, "You must agree to the terms and conditions.");
    }
  }
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
  SwingUtilities.invokeLater(() -> {
    RegistrationForm form = new RegistrationForm();
    form.setVisible(true);
  });
}
```





3. CALCULATION OF FACTORIAL USING RMI

```
package com.mycompany.factorialrmi;
import java.rmi.Remote;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
import java.rmi.server.UnicastRemoteObject;
import java.rmi.Naming;
import java.rmi.registry.LocateRegistry;
import java.util.Scanner;
// Remote Interface
interface FactorialService extends Remote {
  long factorial(int n) throws RemoteException;
}
// Implementation of Remote Interface
class FactorialServiceImpl extends UnicastRemoteObject implements FactorialService {
  protected FactorialServiceImpl() throws RemoteException {
    super();
  }
  @Override
  public long factorial(int n) throws RemoteException {
    if (n < 0) throw new IllegalArgumentException("Number must be non-negative");
    return (n == 0) ? 1 : n * factorial(n - 1);
  }
}
// RMI Server and Client in a Single Program
public class FactorialRMI {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
try {
      // Start the RMI registry
      LocateRegistry.createRegistry(1099);
      // Create and bind the remote object
      FactorialServiceImpl factorialService = new FactorialServiceImpl();
      Naming.rebind("FactorialService", factorialService);
      System.out.println("Factorial Service is running...");
      // Create a Scanner object for user input
      Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
      // Get a number from the user
      System.out.print("Enter a number to calculate its factorial: ");
      int number = scanner.nextInt();
      // Lookup the remote object and call the remote method
      FactorialService = (FactorialService) Naming.lookup("FactorialService");
      long result = service.factorial(number);
      // Print the result
      System.out.println("Factorial of " + number + " is " + result);
      scanner.close();
    } catch (Exception e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
  }
}
```



4. FINDING EVEN NUMBER USING RMI

```
package com.mycompany.evenoddrmiprogram;
import java.rmi.Remote;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
import java.rmi.server.UnicastRemoteObject;
import java.rmi.Naming;
import java.rmi.registry.LocateRegistry;
import java.util.Scanner;
// Remote Interface
interface EvenOddService extends Remote {
  boolean is Even (int number) throws Remote Exception;
}
// Implementation of Remote Interface
class EvenOddServiceImpl extends UnicastRemoteObject implements EvenOddService {
  protected EvenOddServiceImpl() throws RemoteException {
    super();
  }
  @Override
  public boolean isEven(int number) throws RemoteException {
    return number % 2 == 0;
  }
}
// RMI Server and Client in a Single Program
public class EvenOddRMIProgram {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    try {
      // Start the RMI registry
```

```
LocateRegistry.createRegistry(1099);
 // Create and bind the remote object
  EvenOddServiceImpl evenOddService = new EvenOddServiceImpl();
  Naming.rebind("EvenOddService", evenOddService);
  System.out.println("EvenOdd Service is running...");
 // Create a Scanner object for user input
  Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
 // Get a number from the user
  System.out.print("Enter a number to check if it is even or odd: ");
  int number = scanner.nextInt();
  // Lookup the remote object and call the remote method
  EvenOddService service = (EvenOddService) Naming.lookup("EvenOddService");
  boolean isEven = service.isEven(number);
 // Print the result
 if (isEven) {
    System.out.println(number + " is even.");
 } else {
    System.out.println(number + " is odd.");
 }
  scanner.close();
} catch (Exception e) {
 e.printStackTrace();
```

}

}

}



5. EMPLOYEE DETAILS- JDBC

```
package jdbc;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.Statement;
public class Jdbc {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    // JDBC URL for UCanAccess
    String jdbcUrl = "jdbc:ucanaccess://C:\\Users\\24CS\\Documents\\employees.accdb";
    // JDBC variables for opening, managing, and closing the connection
    Connection connection = null;
    Statement statement = null;
    ResultSet resultSet = null;
    try {
      // Establishing the connection
      connection = DriverManager.getConnection(jdbcUrl);
      // Creating a Statement object to execute the query
      statement = connection.createStatement();
      // Executing a query
      String sql = "SELECT id, name, position FROM employees";
      resultSet = statement.executeQuery(sql);
      // Processing the results
```

```
while (resultSet.next()) {
      int id = resultSet.getInt("id");
      String name = resultSet.getString("name");
      String position = resultSet.getString("position");
      System.out.printf("ID: %d, Name: %s, Position: %s%n", id, name, position);
    }
  } catch (SQLException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
  } finally {
    // Closing the resources
    try {
      if (resultSet != null) resultSet.close();
      if (statement != null) statement.close();
      if (connection != null) connection.close();
    } catch (SQLException e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
```

Output:		
Result:		
<u>ivesuit.</u>		

6. MANIPULATION OF STUDENT DETAILS- JDBC

```
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.Statement;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class StudentManagement {
  // JDBC URL for UCanAccess
  private static final String JDBC_URL = "jdbc:ucanaccess://C:\\Users\\24CS\\Documents\\students.accdb";
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    // JDBC variables for opening, managing, and closing the connection
    Connection connection = null;
    Statement statement = null;
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    try {
      // Establishing the connection
      connection = DriverManager.getConnection(JDBC_URL);
      statement = connection.createStatement();
      // Menu for user interaction
      while (true) {
        System.out.println("Choose an option:");
        System.out.println("1. Add Student");
        System.out.println("2. Update Student");
        System.out.println("3. Delete Student");
        System.out.println("4. View All Students");
        System.out.println("5. Exit");
```

```
int choice = scanner.nextInt();
        scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
        switch (choice) {
          case 1: // Add Student
             System.out.print("Enter student name: ");
             String name = scanner.nextLine();
             System.out.print("Enter student age: ");
             int age = scanner.nextInt();
             String insertSQL = String.format("INSERT INTO students (name, age) VALUES ('%s', %d)", name,
age);
             statement.executeUpdate(insertSQL);
             System.out.println("Student added successfully.");
             break;
          case 2: // Update Student
             System.out.print("Enter student ID to update: ");
             int updateId = scanner.nextInt();
             scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
             System.out.print("Enter new name: ");
             String newName = scanner.nextLine();
             System.out.print("Enter new age: ");
             int newAge = scanner.nextInt();
             String updateSQL = String.format("UPDATE students SET name='%s', age=%d WHERE id=%d",
newName, newAge, updateId);
             statement.executeUpdate(updateSQL);
             System.out.println("Student updated successfully.");
             break;
          case 3: // Delete Student
             System.out.print("Enter student ID to delete: ");
             int deleteId = scanner.nextInt();
             String deleteSQL = String.format("DELETE FROM students WHERE id=%d", deleteId);
```

```
statement.executeUpdate(deleteSQL);
         System.out.println("Student deleted successfully.");
         break;
      case 4: // View All Students
         String selectSQL = "SELECT id, name, age FROM students";
         ResultSet resultSet = statement.executeQuery(selectSQL);
         System.out.println("ID\tName\tAge");
         while (resultSet.next()) {
           int id = resultSet.getInt("id");
           String studentName = resultSet.getString("name");
           int studentAge = resultSet.getInt("age");
           System.out.printf("%d\t%s\t%d%n", id, studentName, studentAge);
        }
         break;
      case 5: // Exit
         System.out.println("Exiting...");
         scanner.close();
         return;
      default:
         System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please try again.");
    }
} catch (SQLException e) {
  e.printStackTrace();
} finally {
  // Closing the resources
  try {
    if (statement != null) statement.close();
    if (connection != null) connection.close();
```

}

```
} catch (SQLException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Output:		
Result:		
<u>ivesuit.</u>		

7.Employee Details using XML:

```
package com.mycompany.mavenproject4;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileWriter;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class EmployeeDetailsForm {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    // Get employee details from user
    System.out.print("Enter Employee ID: ");
    String id = scanner.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Enter Employee Name: ");
    String name = scanner.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Enter Employee Position: ");
    String position = scanner.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Enter Employee Department: ");
    String department = scanner.nextLine();
    // Create XML file
    String xmlContent = createXml(id, name, position, department);
    saveToFile("employee.xml", xmlContent);
```

```
// Generate HTML file
  String htmlContent = createHtml(id, name, position, department);
  saveToFile("employee.html", htmlContent);
  // Open HTML file in the default browser
  openInBrowser("employee.html");
  scanner.close();
}
private static String createXml(String id, String name, String position, String department) {
  return "<?xml version=\"1.0\" encoding=\"UTF-8\"?>\n" +
     "<employees>\n" +
        <employee>\n" +
          <id>" + id + "</id>\n" +
          <name>" + name + "</name>\n" +
          <position>" + position + "</position>\n" +
          <department>" + department + "</department>\n" +
        </employee>\n" +
     "</employees>";
}
private static String createHtml(String id, String name, String position, String department) {
  return "<html>\n" +
     "<head><title>Employee Details</title></head>\n" +
     "<body>\n" +
     "<h1>Employee Details</h1>\n" +
     "ID: " + id + "\n" +
     "Name: " + name + "\n" +
     "<p>Position: " + position + "</p>\n" +
      "Department: " + department + "\n" +
     "</body>\n" +
     "</html>";
```

```
private static void saveToFile(String fileName, String content) {
    try (FileWriter fileWriter = new FileWriter(new File(fileName))) {
       fileWriter.write(content);
       System.out.println(fileName + " created successfully.");
    } catch (IOException e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
  }
  private static void openInBrowser(String fileName) {
    try {
       File htmlFile = new File(fileName);
       if (htmlFile.exists()) {
         String filePath = htmlFile.getAbsolutePath();
         // Open the HTML file in the default web browser
         if (System.getProperty("os.name").toLowerCase().contains("win")) {
           Runtime.getRuntime().exec("rundll32 url.dll,FileProtocolHandler" + filePath);
         } else if (System.getProperty("os.name").toLowerCase().contains("mac")) {
           Runtime.getRuntime().exec("open " + filePath);
         } else {
           Runtime.getRuntime().exec("xdg-open " + filePath);
         }
      }
    } catch (IOException e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
  }
}
```

Employee.xml:



Employee Details

ID: 001

Name: John Doe

Position: Team Leader

Department: Research and Development

8.Cylinder Shape using HTML

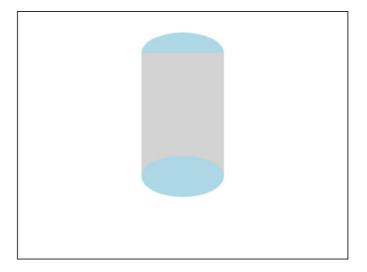
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Cylinder Drawing</title>
  <style>
    canvas {
      border: 1px solid #000;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Draw a Cylinder</h1>
  <canvas id="cylinderCanvas" width="400" height="300"></canvas>
  <script>
    const canvas = document.getElementById('cylinderCanvas');
    const ctx = canvas.getContext('2d');
    function drawCylinder(x, y, radius, height) {
      // Draw the top ellipse
      ctx.beginPath();
      ctx.ellipse(x, y, radius, radius / 2, 0, 0, Math.PI * 2);
      ctx.fillStyle = 'lightblue';
      ctx.fill();
      ctx.closePath();
```

```
// Draw the sides
ctx.fillStyle = 'lightgray';
ctx.fillRect(x - radius, y, radius * 2, height);

// Draw the bottom ellipse
ctx.beginPath();
ctx.ellipse(x, y + height, radius, radius / 2, 0, 0, Math.PI * 2);
ctx.fillStyle = 'lightblue';
ctx.fill();
ctx.closePath();
}

// Draw the cylinder at specified coordinates
drawCylinder(200, 50, 50, 150);
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Draw a Cylinder



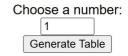
9. Multiplication Table using Javascript

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Multiplication Table</title>
  <style>
    body {
      display: flex;
      flex-direction: column;
      align-items: center;
      margin: 0;
      padding: 20px;
      font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
    }
    table {
      border-collapse: collapse;
      margin-top: 20px;
    }
    table, th, td {
      border: 1px solid #333;
      padding: 10px;
      text-align: center;
    }
    th {
      background-color: #f0f0f0;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
```

```
<h1>Multiplication Table</h1>
<label for="number">Choose a number:</label>
<input type="number" id="number" value="1" min="1" max="20">
<button id="generate">Generate Table</button>
<thead>
    Multiplier
     Result
   </thead>
  <!-- Table rows will be inserted here -->
  <script>
  document.getElementById('generate').addEventListener('click', function() {
    const number = parseInt(document.getElementById('number').value);
    const tableBody = document.querySelector('#multiplicationTable tbody');
    tableBody.innerHTML = "; // Clear previous results
    for (let i = 1; i \le 10; i++) {
     const row = document.createElement('tr');
     const multiplierCell = document.createElement('td');
     const resultCell = document.createElement('td');
     multiplierCell.textContent = `${number} x ${i}`;
     resultCell.textContent = number * i;
     row.appendChild(multiplierCell);
     row.appendChild(resultCell);
     tableBody.appendChild(row);
```

}		
}) ;		

Multiplication Table



Multiplier	Result
1 x 1	1
1 x 2	2
1 x 3	3
1 x 4	4
1 x 5	5
1 x 6	6
1 x 7	7
1 x 8	8
1 x 9	9
1 x 10	10

10. Javascript to sort array of numbers

Source Code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Sort Array of Numbers</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Sort Array of Numbers</h1>
  <input type="text" id="numberArray" placeholder="Enter numbers separated by commas">
  <button id="sortAscending">Sort Ascending</button>
  <button id="sortDescending">Sort Descending</button>
  <h2>Sorted Array:</h2>
  <script>
    document.getElementById('sortAscending').addEventListener('click', function() {
      const input = document.getElementById('numberArray').value;
      const numberArray = input.split(',').map(num => parseFloat(num.trim()));
      const sortedArray = numberArray.sort((a, b) => a - b);
      document.getElementById('result').textContent = sortedArray.join(', ');
    });
    document.getElementById('sortDescending').addEventListener('click', function() {
      const input = document.getElementById('numberArray').value;
      const numberArray = input.split(',').map(num => parseFloat(num.trim()));
      const sortedArray = numberArray.sort((a, b) => b - a);
      document.getElementById('result').textContent = sortedArray.join(', ');
    });
```

<pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pre>/html></pre>				
	•			

Sort Array of Numbers

3,1,4,5,9,2

Sort Ascending

Sort Descending

Sorted Array:

9, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1

11. Java Servlet - Handling input using GET Method

Source Code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Form Handling</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Form Handling Example</h1>
  <form action="FormServlet" method="get">
    <label for="name">Name:</label>
    <input type="text" id="name" name="name" required><br><br>
    <input type="submit" value="Submit (GET)">
  </form>
  <form action="FormServlet" method="post">
    <label for="email">Email:</label>
    <input type="email" id="email" name="email" required><br><br>
    <input type="submit" value="Submit (POST)">
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

NewServlet.java

import java.io.IOException; import java.io.PrintWriter;

import javax.servlet.ServletException; import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet; import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;

import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest; import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;

```
@WebServlet(name = "FormServlet", urlPatterns = {"/FormServlet"}) public class FormServlet extends
HttpServlet {
@Override
protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
processRequest(request, response);
}
@Override
protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws
ServletException, IOException {
processRequest(request, response);
}
private void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
throws ServletException, IOException { response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) { String name = request.getParameter("name"); String email =
request.getParameter("email");
out.println("<html>"); out.println("<head>");
out.println("<title>Form Handling Results</title>"); out.println("</head>");
out.println("<body>");
out.println("<h1>Form Handling Results</h1>");
if (name != null) {
out.println("Name: " + name + "");
}
```

```
if (email != null) {
out.println("Email: " + email + "");
}
out.println("</body>"); out.println("</html>");
}
}
}
```

Output:

Enter Your Name:

Nandhini	Submit
----------	--------

Input Received via GET Method

Hello, Nandhini!

12.JAVA SERVLET USING HTML FORM TO ACCEPT DATA, GET AND POST METHODS

Source Code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Form Handling</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Form Handling Example</h1>
<form action="FormServlet" method="get">
<label for="name">Name:</label>
<input type="text" id="name" name="name"><br><br>
<input type="submit" value="Submit (GET)">
</form>
<form action="FormServlet" method="post">
<label for="email">Email:</label>
<input type="text" id="email" name="email"><br><br>
<input type="submit" value="Submit (POST)">
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

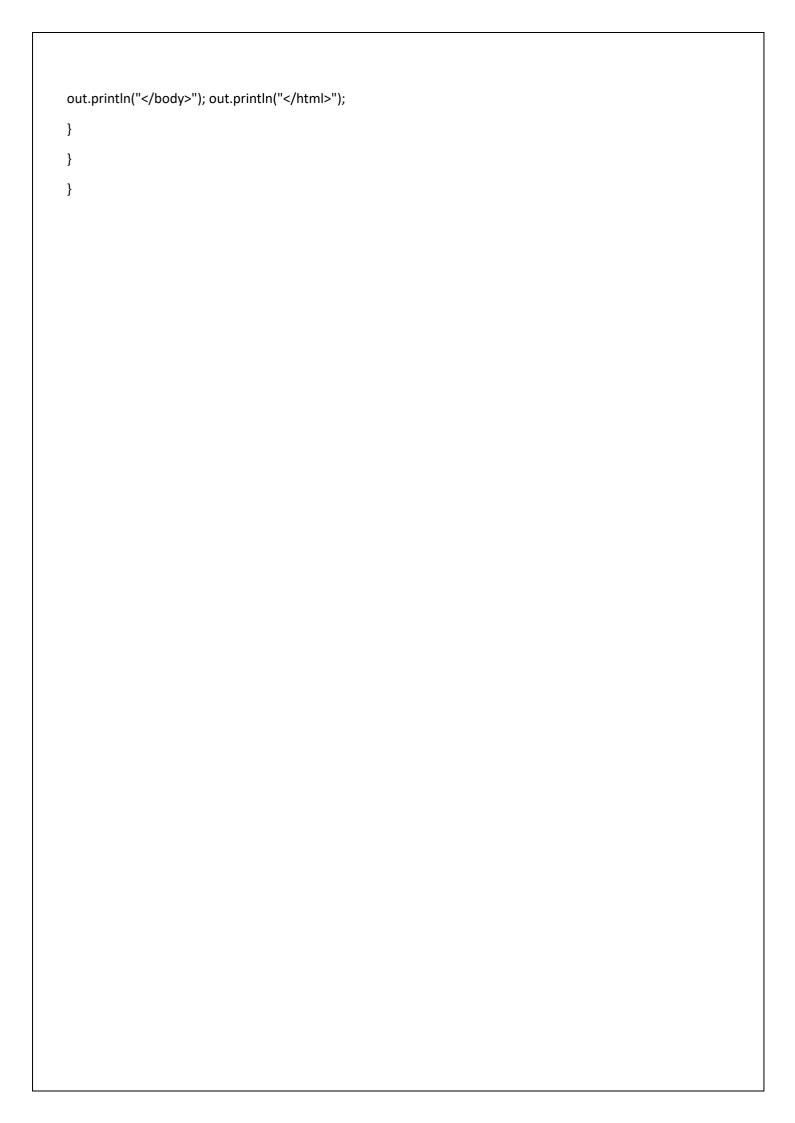
Newservlet.java

import java.io.IOException; import java.io.PrintWriter;

import javax.servlet.ServletException; import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet; import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;

import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest; import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;

```
@WebServlet(name = "FormServlet", urlPatterns = {"/FormServlet"}) public class FormServlet extends
HttpServlet {
@Override
protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
processRequest(request, response);
}
@Override
protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws
ServletException, IOException {
processRequest(request, response);
}
private void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
throws ServletException, IOException { response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) { String name = request.getParameter("name"); String email =
request.getParameter("email");
out.println("<html>"); out.println("<head>");
out.println("<title>Form Handling Results</title>"); out.println("</head>");
out.println("<body>");
out.println("<h1>Form Handling Results</h1>");
if (name != null) {
out.println("Name: " + name + "");
}
if (email != null) {
out.println("Email: " + email + "");
}
```



Form Servlet Demo

Name: Nandhini

Email: nandhini@gmail.com

Submit

Form Data Received

Name: Nandhini

Email: nandhini@gmail.com

13. Java Servlet to display Information

Source Code:

```
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
@WebServlet(name = "InfoServlet", urlPatterns = {"/InfoServlet"})
public class InfoServlet extends HttpServlet {
  @Override
  protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
      throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
    try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
      out.println("<html>");
      out.println("<head>");
      out.println("<title>Information Display</title>");
      out.println("</head>");
      out.println("<body>");
      out.println("<h1>Information Display</h1>");
      out.println("Welcome to the Information Servlet!");
```

```
out.println("<h2>Details:</h2>");
out.println("");
out.println("Name: John Doe");
out.println("Email: johndoe@example.com");
out.println("Position: Software Engineer");
out.println("");
out.println("</body>");
out.println("</html>");
}
```

Information Display

Welcome to the Information Page!

Details:

Name: John Doe

Email: johndoe@example.com

Position: Software Engineer

<u>14.JSP – Generating Factorial Number</u>

Source Code:

```
<html>
<body>
<form action="Factorial.jsp">
Enter a value for n: <input type="text" name="val">
<input type="submit" value="Submit">
</form>
</body>
</html>
<html>
<body>
<%!
long n, result; String str;
long fact(long n) { if(n==0)
return 1; else
return n*fact(n-1);
}
%>
<%
str = request.getParameter("val"); n = Long.parseLong(str);
result = fact(n);
%>
<b>Factorial value: </b> <%= result %>
```

/hadva		

Outrost		
Output:		
Result:		

15.Deploying and Testing the	e Sample Web Application using JSP
Source Code:	

