Discrete Structures

IIIT Hyderabad

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Tutorial 15

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Introduction



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Question 1



Prove the following -

- In an group, $bc = ac \implies b = a$, and that $cb = ca \implies b = a$. And for an abelian group, $ab = ca \implies b = c$.
- 2 Prove that in an abelian group, $(ab)^n = a^n b^n$.

Question 2



Prove the following -

- **1** If H and K are subgroups of G, show that $H \cap K$ is a subgroup of G.
- Show that sub-group of cyclic group is cyclic.
- **3** Let H be a subgroup of a group G. Let $N = \{x | x \in G, xHx^{-1} = H\}$. Show that N is a sub-group of G.
- Let (A, *) be a group and B be a subset of A. If B is a finite set, then (B, *) must be a subgroup of (A, *) if * is closed under B.
- * (1969 Putnam Competition) Prove that no group is the union of two proper subgroups. Does the statement remain true if "two" is replaced by "three"?

Question 3



Find all sub-groups of the following -

$$0 < Z_{12}, \times >$$

$$3 < Z_{11}, \times >$$

Generalise for $< Z_{p^2q}, \times >$ and $< Z_{p^n}, \times >$