International Institute of Information Technology Hyderabad

Discrete Structures (MA5.101)

Assignment 1

Deadline: September 28, 2020 (Monday), 23:55 PM

Total Marks: 50

Instructions: Submit ONLY handwritten scanned pdf file

in the moodle under Assignments directory.

1. If A, B and C are any three sets, then prove that $(A \triangle B) \triangle C = A \triangle (B \triangle C)$ without apply the Venn-Euler's diagram, where \triangle denotes the *symmetric difference* operation between two sets.

[10]

2. If $A = \{n \in N : n \text{ is a multiple of } 12\}$ and $B = \{n \in N : n \text{ is a multiple of } 18\}$, find (i) $A \cup B$, (ii) $A \cap B$, (iii) $(A \cup B) - (B \cap A)$, (iv) $A \times B$ and (v) $P(A \cup B)$.

 $[5 \times 2 = 10]$

- 3. Let U be the set of all quadrilaterals in a plane, and P, R, T and S are the subsets of U defined as follows:
 - P = set of all parallelograms
 - R = set of all rhombus
 - T = set of all rectangles
 - S = set of all squares

Find the relationships between P, R, T and S in terms of containment.

[10]

- 4. In a survey of 100 delegates attending a conference on Discrete Structures held at IIIT Hyderabad, the number of delegates who knew one or more of the 3 languages: English, French and Germany, was as follows: English 28, French 30, Germany 42; English and Germany 10; English and French 8; French and Germany 5. Only 3 people know all the three languages.
 - How many did not know any language at all?
 - How many knew only Germany?

[5 + 5 = 10]

- 5. Prove or disprove the following statements.
 - $(A B) \times C = (A \times C) (B \times C)$
 - $(A\triangle B) \times C = (A \times C)\triangle (B \times C)$

[5 + 5 = 10]

All the best!!!