Name : V Vikram Class : CSE 'C'

Subject: UCS1712---Graphics and Multimedia Lab

QUESTION:

Lab Exercise 5 2D Transformations in C++ using OpenGL

To apply the following 2D transformations on objects and to render the final output along with the original object.

- 1) Translation
- 2) Rotation
 - a) about origin
 - b) with respect to a fixed point (xr,yr)
- 3) Scaling with respect to
 - a) origin Uniform Vs Differential Scaling
 - b) fixed point (xf,yf)
- 4) Reflection with respect to
 - a) x-axis
 - b) y-axis
 - c) origin
 - d) the line x=y
- 5) Shearing
 - a) x-direction shear
 - b) y-direction shear

CODE:-

Main.cpp:

```
#include<GL/glut.h>
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
const int pi = 3.14;
int n,opt=0;
int tx, ty; //translation factors
int xr, yr; //rotation factors
int xf, yf; //scaling factors
double ang, angRad; //radian angle
double sx, sy;
double shx, shy; //shear factors
vector<pair<int, int>> vertices;
#include"temp header.h"
void myInit(void) {
    glClearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
    glColor3f(255.0f / 255.0f, 255.0f / 255.0f, 255.0f / 255.0f);
    glPointSize(4.0);
   glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
    glLoadIdentity();
    gluOrtho2D(-500.0, 500.0, -500.0, 500.0);
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    glutInit(&argc, argv);
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_SINGLE | GLUT_RGB);
    glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
    glutInitWindowPosition(100, 150);
    glutCreateWindow("Ex5 - 2D Transformations");
    cout << "\n\t----";</pre>
    cout << "\n\tEx5 - 2D Transformations";</pre>
    cout << "\n\t----";</pre>
    cout << "\nNo. of Vertices : ";</pre>
    cin >> n;
    int x, y;
        cin >> x >> y;
```

```
vertices.push_back({ x,y });
}
cout << "\nOptions :-";
cout << "\n\t1) Translation";
cout << "\n\t2) Rotation";
cout << "\n\t3) Scaling with respect to";
cout << "\n\t4) Reflection with respect to";
cout << "\n\t5) Shearing";
cout << "\n\t5) Shearing";
cout << "\n\tSelect option -> ";

cin >> opt;
glutDisplayFunc(menu_driven);
myInit();
glutMainLoop();
return 0;
}
```

Header.cpp:

```
void drawPolygon() {
    //X-Y axes
    glColor3f(0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
   glBegin(GL LINES);
   glVertex2d(-500, 0);
   glVertex2d(500, 0);
   glVertex2d(0, -500);
   glVertex2d(0, 500);
    glEnd();
    glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
   glColor3f(100.0f / 255.0f, 200.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f);
   glPointSize(4.0);
        int x = vertices[i].first;
        int y = vertices[i].second;
        glVertex2d(x, y);
    glEnd();
    glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
```

```
glColor3f(200.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f);
    glPointSize(4.0);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int x = vertices[i].first;
        int y = vertices[i].second;
        glVertex2d(x + tx, y + ty);
    glEnd();
void rotation origin() {
   glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
    glColor3f(200.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f);
   glPointSize(4.0);
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int x = vertices[i].first;
        int y = vertices[i].second;
        glVertex2d(round(x * cos(angRad) - y * sin(angRad)),
            round(x * sin(angRad) + y * cos(angRad)));
    glEnd();
void scaling origin() {
    glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
   glColor3f(\overline{200.0f} / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f);
   glPointSize(4.0);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int x = vertices[i].first;
        int y = vertices[i].second;
        glVertex2d(x * sx, y * sy);
    glEnd();
void rotation fixed pt() {
    vector<pair<int, int>> newvertices;
   vector<vector<double>> rotate(3, vector<double>(3, 0));
   vector<double> curr(3, 0), res(3, 0);
   rotate[0][0] = cos(angRad);
    rotate[0][1] = -1 * sin(angRad);
   rotate[0][2] = xr * (1 - cos(angRad)) + yr * sin(angRad);
   rotate[1][0] = sin(angRad);
    rotate[1][1] = cos(angRad);
    rotate[1][2] = yr * (1 - cos(angRad)) - xr * sin(angRad);
   rotate[2][2] = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        curr[0] = vertices[i].first;
        curr[1] = vertices[i].second;
        curr[2] = 1;
        res = vector<double>(3, 0);
        for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
```

```
for (int k = 0; k < 3; k++) {
                res[j] += rotate[j][k] * curr[k];
        newvertices.push back({ round(res[0]),round(res[1]) });
    glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
    glColor3f(200.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f);
    glPointSize(4.0);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int x = newvertices[i].first;
        int y = newvertices[i].second;
        glVertex2d(x, y);
    glEnd();
void scaling fixed pt() {
    vector<pair<int, int>> newvertices;
    vector<vector<double>> scale(3, vector<double>(3, 0));
   vector<double> curr(3, 0), res(3, 0);
    scale[0][0] = sx;
    scale[0][2] = xf * (1 - sx);
    scale[1][1] = sy;
   scale[1][2] = yf * (1 - sy);
    scale[2][2] = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        curr[0] = vertices[i].first;
        curr[1] = vertices[i].second;
        curr[2] = 1;
        res = vector<double>(3, 0);
        for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
            for (int k = 0; k < 3; k++) {
                res[j] += scale[j][k] * curr[k];
        newvertices.push back({ round(res[0]),round(res[1]) });
   glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
    glColor3f(200.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f);
    glPointSize(4.0);
        int x = newvertices[i].first;
        int y = newvertices[i].second;
        glVertex2d(x, y);
    glEnd();
void reflect x() {
```

```
vector<pair<int, int>> newvertices;
    vector<vector<double>> reflect(3, vector<double>(3, 0));
    vector<double> curr(3, 0), res(3, 0);
    reflect[0][0] = 1;
    reflect[1][1] = -1;
    reflect[2][2] = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        curr[0] = vertices[i].first;
        curr[1] = vertices[i].second;
        curr[2] = 1;
        res = vector<double>(3, 0);
            for (int k = 0; k < 3; k++) {
                res[j] += reflect[j][k] * curr[k];
        newvertices.push back({ round(res[0]),round(res[1]) });
    glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
   glColor3f(200.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f);
   glPointSize(4.0);
        int x = newvertices[i].first;
        int y = newvertices[i].second;
        glVertex2d(x, y);
    glEnd();
void reflect y() {
    vector<pair<int, int>> newvertices;
   vector<vector<double>> reflect(3, vector<double>(3, 0));
    vector<double> curr(3, 0), res(3, 0);
    reflect[0][0] = -1;
    reflect[1][1] = 1;
   reflect[2][2] = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        curr[0] = vertices[i].first;
        curr[1] = vertices[i].second;
        curr[2] = 1;
        res = vector<double>(3, 0);
        for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
            for (int k = 0; k < 3; k++) {
                res[j] += reflect[j][k] * curr[k];
        newvertices.push back({ round(res[0]),round(res[1]) });
    glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
```

```
glColor3f(200.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f);
   glPointSize(4.0);
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       int x = newvertices[i].first;
        int y = newvertices[i].second;
       glVertex2d(x, y);
   glEnd();
void reflect origin() {
   vector<pair<int, int>> newvertices;
    vector<vector<double>> reflect(3, vector<double>(3, 0));
   vector<double> curr(3, 0), res(3, 0);
   reflect[0][0] = -1;
   reflect[1][1] = -1;
   reflect[2][2] = 1;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       curr[0] = vertices[i].first;
        curr[1] = vertices[i].second;
       curr[2] = 1;
        res = vector<double>(3, 0);
        for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
                res[j] += reflect[j][k] * curr[k];
       newvertices.push back({ round(res[0]),round(res[1]) });
   glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
    glColor3f(200.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f);
   glPointSize(4.0);
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int x = newvertices[i].first;
        int y = newvertices[i].second;
       glVertex2d(x, y);
   glEnd();
void reflect line() {
   vector<pair<int, int>> newvertices;
   vector<vector<double>> reflect(3, vector<double>(3, 0));
   vector<double> curr(3, 0), res(3, 0);
   reflect[0][0] = 1;
   reflect[1][1] = 1;
   reflect[2][2] = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       curr[0] = vertices[i].first;
        curr[1] = vertices[i].second;
```

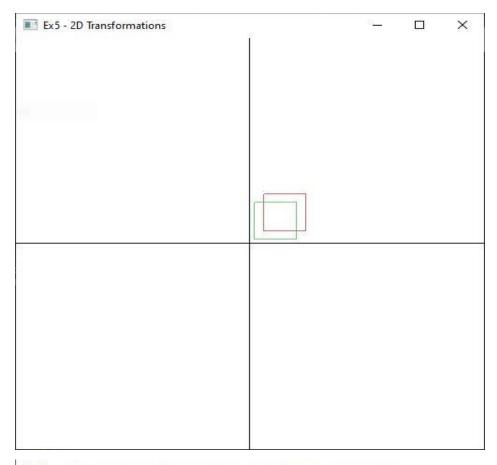
```
curr[2] = 1;
        res = vector<double>(3, 0);
        for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
            for (int k = 0; k < 3; k++) {
                res[j] += reflect[j][k] * curr[k];
       newvertices.push back({ round(res[0]),round(res[1]) });
   glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
   glColor3f(200.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f);
    glPointSize(4.0);
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int x = newvertices[i].first;
       int y = newvertices[i].second;
       glVertex2d(x, y);
    glEnd();
void shear x() {
   vector<pair<int, int>> newvertices;
   vector<vector<double>> shear(3, vector<double>(3, 0));
    vector<double> curr(3, 0), res(3, 0);
   shear[0][0] = 1;
    shear[1][1] = 1;
    shear[2][2] = 1;
    shear[0][1] = shx;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        curr[0] = vertices[i].first;
        curr[1] = vertices[i].second;
       curr[2] = 1;
        res = vector<double>(3, 0);
        for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
                res[j] += shear[j][k] * curr[k];
       newvertices.push back({ round(res[0]),round(res[1]) });
   glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
   glColor3f(200.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f);
   glPointSize(4.0);
   cout << "\nAlong X :";</pre>
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int x = newvertices[i].first;
        int y = newvertices[i].second;
       cout << "\n\t" << x << " " << y;
       glVertex2d(x, y);
```

```
glEnd();
void shear y() {
   vector<pair<int, int>> newvertices;
   vector<vector<double>> shear(3, vector<double>(3, 0));
    vector<double> curr(3, 0), res(3, 0);
    shear[0][0] = 1;
    shear[1][1] = 1;
    shear[2][2] = 1;
    shear[1][0] = shy;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        curr[0] = vertices[i].first;
        curr[1] = vertices[i].second;
        curr[2] = 1;
        res = vector<double>(3, 0);
        for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
            for (int k = 0; k < 3; k++) {
                res[j] += shear[j][k] * curr[k];
        newvertices.push back({ round(res[0]),round(res[1]) });
    glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
   glColor3f(200.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f, 100.0f / 255.0f);
    glPointSize(4.0);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int x = newvertices[i].first;
        int y = newvertices[i].second;
        cout << "\n\t" << x << " " << y;
        glVertex2d(x, y);
    glEnd();
void menu driven() {
    glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
   drawPolygon();
    char sub opt;
    switch (opt) {
    case 1:
        cout << "\nTranslation factor : ";</pre>
        cin >> tx >> ty;
        translation();
       break;
    case 2:
```

```
cout << "\nAngle of rotation : ";</pre>
    cin >> ang;
    angRad = ang * pi / 180;
    cout << "\n\t\ta) about origin ";</pre>
    cout << "\n\t\tb) with respect to a fixed point (xr,yr) ";</pre>
    cout << "\n\t\tSelect option -> ";
    cin >> sub opt;
    if (sub opt == 'a')
                                     rotation origin();
    else if (sub opt == 'b') {
        cout << "Rotate about : ";</pre>
        cin >> xr >> yr;
        rotation fixed pt();
    break;
case 3:
    cout << "\nScaling factor : ";</pre>
    cin >> sx >> sy;
    cout << "\n\t\ta) origin - Uniform Vs Differential Scaling";</pre>
    cout << "\n\t\tb) fixed point(xf, yf) ->";
    cout << "\n\t\tSelect option -> ";
    cin >> sub opt;
    if (sub opt == 'a')
                                     scaling origin();
    else if (sub opt == 'b') {
        cin >> xf >> yf;
       scaling fixed pt();
    break:
case 4:
    cout << "\n\t\ta) x-axis";</pre>
    cout << "\n\t\tc) origin";</pre>
    cout << "\n\t\td) the line x = y";
    cout << "\n\t\tSelect option -> ";
    cin >> sub opt;
    if (sub opt == 'a')
                                      reflect x();
    else if (sub opt == 'b') reflect y();
    else if (sub opt == 'c') reflect origin();
    else if (sub opt == 'd') reflect line();
    break;
case 5:
    cout << "\nShear amount : ";</pre>
```

OUTPUT SNAPSHOTS:

1) Translation :



C:\Vikram\Vikram_SEM-7\Graphics and Multimedia Lab\Ex-5\V5\V!

```
Ex5 - 2D Transformations

No. of Vertices : 4

Vertex_1 : 10 10

Vertex_2 : 100 10

Vertex_3 : 100 100

Vertex_4 : 10 100

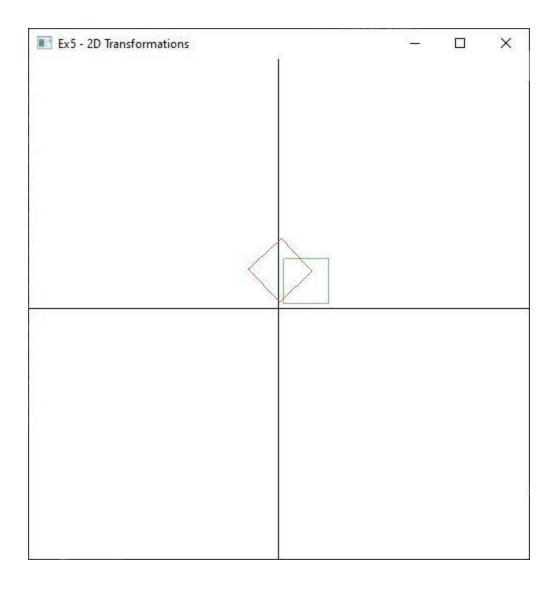
Options :-

1) Translation
2) Rotation
3) Scaling with respect to
4) Reflection with respect to
5) Shearing
Select option -> 1

Translation factor : 20 20
```

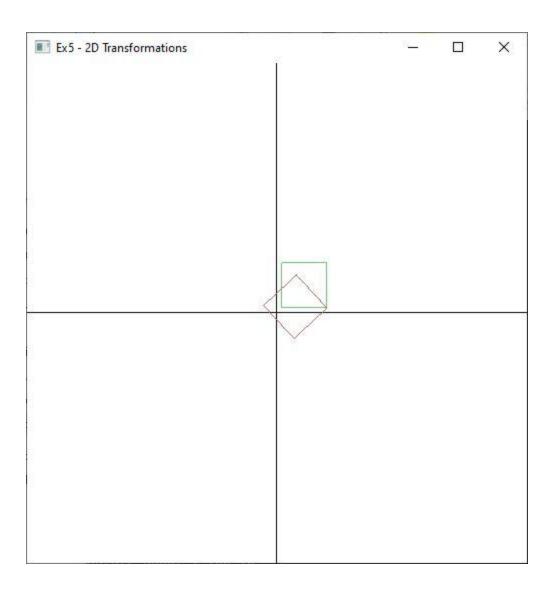
2) Rotation:

a) about origin:



```
C:\Vikram\Vikram_SEM-7\Graphics and Multimedia Lab\Ex-5\V5\V5\Debug\V5.exe
        Ex5 - 2D Transformations
No. of Vertices: 4
Vertex_1 : 100 10
Vertex 2 : 100 100
Vertex 3 : 10 100
Vertex_4 : 10 10
Options :-
        1) Translation
        2) Rotation
        3) Scaling with respect to
        4) Reflection with respect to
        5) Shearing
        Select option -> 2
Angle of rotation: 45
                a) about origin
                b) with respect to a fixed point (xr,yr)
                Select option -> a
```

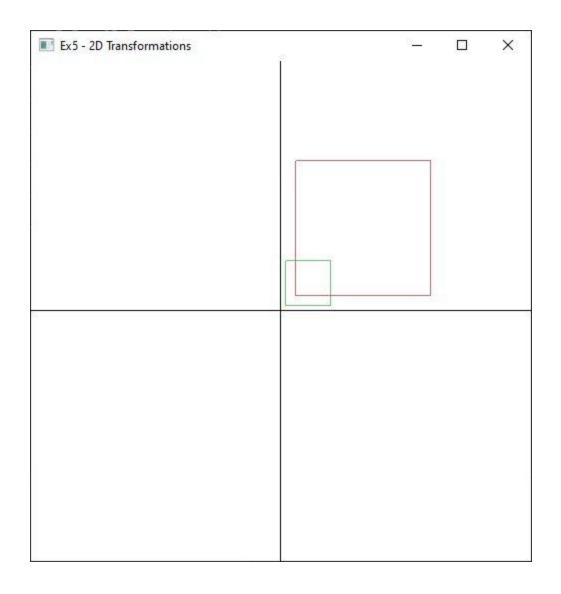
b) with respect to a fixed point (xr,yr):



```
C:\Vikram\Vikram_SEM-7\Graphics and Multimedia Lab\Ex-5\V5\V5\Debug\V5.exe
        Ex5 - 2D Transformations
No. of Vertices : 4
Vertex_1 : 10 10
Vertex_2 : 100 10
Vertex_3 : 100 100
Vertex 4 : 10 100
Options :-
        1) Translation
        2) Rotation
        3) Scaling with respect to
        4) Reflection with respect to
        5) Shearing
        Select option -> 2
Angle of rotation : 45
                a) about origin
                b) with respect to a fixed point (xr,yr)
                Select option -> b
Rotate about : 100 10
```

3) Scaling with respect to:

a) origin - Uniform Vs Differential Scaling:



```
C:\Vikram\Vikram_SEM-7\Graphics and Multimedia Lab\Ex-5\V5\V5\Debug\V5.exe
        Ex5 - 2D Transformations
No. of Vertices: 4
Vertex_1 : 10 10
Vertex 2 : 100 10
Vertex_3 : 100 100
Vertex_4 : 10 100
Options :-
        1) Translation
        2) Rotation
        3) Scaling with respect to
        4) Reflection with respect to
        5) Shearing
        Select option -> 3
Scaling factor: 3 3
                a) origin - Uniform Vs Differential Scaling
                b) fixed point(xf, yf) ->
                Select option -> a
```

b) fixed point (xf,yf):

Ex5 - 2D Transformations	Ĩ	\$9 <u>.</u>	×
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7.			8

```
C:\Vikram\Vikram_SEM-7\Graphics and Multimedia Lab\Ex-5\V5\V5\Debug\V5.exe
        Ex5 - 2D Transformations
No. of Vertices: 4
Vertex_1 : 10 10
Vertex 2 : 100 10
Vertex_3 : 100 100
Vertex_4 : 10 100
Options :-
        1) Translation
        2) Rotation
        3) Scaling with respect to
        4) Reflection with respect to
        5) Shearing
        Select option -> 3
Scaling factor: 3 3
                a) origin - Uniform Vs Differential Scaling
                b) fixed point(xf, yf) ->
                Select option -> b
Scale about : 10 10
```

4) Reflection with respect to:

a) x-axis:

Ex5 - 2D Transformations	ř	\$2 <u></u>	×
\$6			- 5

```
C:\Vikram\Vikram_SEM-7\Graphics and Multimedia Lab\Ex-5\V5\V5\Debug'
         Ex5 - 2D Transformations
No. of Vertices: 4
Vertex_1 : 10 10
Vertex_2 : 100 10
Vertex_3 : 100 100
Vertex_4 : 10 100
Options :-
         1) Translation
         2) Rotation
        3) Scaling with respect to4) Reflection with respect to
         5) Shearing
         Select option -> 4
                  a) x-axis
                  b) y - axis
                  c) origin
                  d) the line x = y
                  Select option -> a
```

b) y-axis:

Ex5 - 2D Transformations	85	<u> </u>	×
			8

```
Ex5 - 2D Transformations
No. of Vertices : 4
Vertex_1 : 10 10
Vertex 2 : 100 10
Vertex_3 : 100 100
Vertex_4 : 10 100
Options :-
        1) Translation
        2) Rotation
        3) Scaling with respect to4) Reflection with respect to
        5) Shearing
        Select option -> 4
                  a) x-axis
                 b) y - axis
c) origin
                  d) the line x = y
                 Select option -> b
```

c) origin:

Ex5 - 2D Transformations	\$9 <u>.</u>	×
		6

```
C:\Vikram\Vikram_SEM-7\Graphics and Multimedia Lab\Ex-5\V5\V5\
        Ex5 - 2D Transformations
No. of Vertices: 4
Vertex 1 : 10 10
Vertex_2 : 100 10
Vertex 3 : 100 100
Vertex_4 : 10 100
Options :-
        1) Translation
        2) Rotation
        3) Scaling with respect to
        4) Reflection with respect to
        5) Shearing
        Select option -> 4
                a) x-axis
                b) y - axis
                c) origin
                d) the line x = y
                Select option -> c
```

5) Shearing:

a) x-direction shear:

Ex5 - 2D Transformations	n,	_	×
		_	
8			8

```
Ex5 - 2D Transformations
No. of Vertices : 4
Vertex_1 : 10 10
Vertex 2 : 100 10
Vertex_3 : 100 100
Vertex_4 : 10 100
Options :-
        1) Translation
        2) Rotation
       3) Scaling with respect to
        4) Reflection with respect to
        5) Shearing
        Select option -> 5
Shear amount : 2 2
                a) x-direction shear
                b) y-direction shear
                Select option -> a
Along X :
        30 10
        120 10
        300 100
        210 100
```

b) y-direction shear:

Ex5 - 2D Transformations	î	\$ <u>-</u>	×
	<u> </u>		

```
C:\Vikram\Vikram_SEM-7\Graphics and Multimedia Lab\Ex-5'
        Ex5 - 2D Transformations
No. of Vertices: 4
Vertex_1 : 10 10
Vertex 2 : 100 10
Vertex 3 : 100 100
Vertex_4 : 10 100
Options :-
        1) Translation
        2) Rotation
        3) Scaling with respect to
        4) Reflection with respect to
        5) Shearing
        Select option -> 5
Shear amount : 2 2
                a) x-direction shear
                b) y-direction shear
                Select option -> b
Along Y :
        10 30
        100 210
        100 300
        10 120
```

CONCLUSION:

Thus, the 2D transformations on objects were applied and rendered the final output along with the original object.