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Reg. No.	:	18 5001 194	Date	:	23/07/2021
Subject	:	UCS1712---Graphics and Multimedia Lab			

QUESTION :

Lab Exercise 1 : Study of Basic Output Primitives in C++ using OpenGL

a). To create an output window using OPENGL and to draw the following basic output primitives – POINTS, LINES, LINE_STRIP, LINE_LOOP, TRIANGLES, QUADS, QUAD_STRIP, POLYGON.

b) To create an output window and draw a checkerboard using OpenGL. c) To create an output window and draw a house using POINTS, LINES, TRIANGLES and QUADS/POLYGON.

CODE :

1-a.cpp :

```
#include<GL/glut.h>
void myInit_a() {
    glClearColor(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);

    glClearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
    glColor3f(255.0f / 255.0f, 0.0f / 255.0f, 0.0f / 255.0f);
    glPointSize(20);
    glEnable(GL_DEPTH_TEST);

    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
    glLoadIdentity();
    gluOrtho2D(0.0, 640.0, 0.0, 480.0);
}
void myDisplay_a() {
    glClearColor(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
```

```
/*POINT
glBegin(GL_POINTS);
glVertex2d(250,250);*/

/*LINE
glBegin(GL_LINES);
glVertex2f(200, 200);
glVertex2f(300, 300);*/

/*LINE_STRIP
glBegin(GL_LINE_STRIP);
glVertex2f(200, 200);
glVertex2f(300, 300);
glVertex2f(400, 200);*/

/*LINE_LOOP
glBegin(GL_LINE_LOOP);
glVertex2f(100.0f, 100.0f);
glVertex2f(400.0f, 100.0f);
glVertex2f(400.0f, 400.0f);
glVertex2f(100.0f, 400.0f);*/

/*TRIANGLE
glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES);
glVertex2f(100.0f, 100.0f);
glVertex2f(500.0f, 100.0f);
glVertex2f(300.0f, 300.0f);*/

/*QUAD
glBegin(GL_QUADS);
glVertex2f(300.0f, 200.0f);
glVertex2f(400.0f, 300.0f);
glVertex2f(300.0f, 400.0f);
glVertex2f(200.0f, 300.0f);*/

/*QUAD_STRIP
glBegin(GL_QUAD_STRIP);
glVertex2f(200.0f, 200.0f);
glVertex2f(400.0f, 200.0f);
glVertex2f(400.0f, 400.0f);
glVertex2f(200.0f, 400.0f);
glVertex2f(500.0f, 300.0f);*/

//POLYGON
glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
glVertex2f(200.0f, 200.0f);
glVertex2f(400.0f, 200.0f);
glVertex2f(400.0f, 300.0f);
glVertex2f(200.0f, 400.0f);
glVertex2f(200.0f, 400.0f);

glEnd();
```

```

        glFlush();
    }
    int main_a(int argc, char* argv[]) {
        glutInit(&argc, argv);
        glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_SINGLE | GLUT_RGB);
        glutInitWindowSize(230, 230);
        glutCreateWindow("Ex_1-a");
        glutDisplayFunc(myDisplay_a);
        myInit_a();
        glutMainLoop();
        return 1;
    }

```

1-b.cpp :

```

#include<GL/glut.h>
void myInit_b() {
    glClearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0);
    glPointSize(20);
    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
    glLoadIdentity();
    gluOrtho2D(0.0, 640.0, 0.0, 480.0);
}
int x = 50, y = 50;
bool isRed = true;

void whiteBox(int x, int y)
{
    glBegin(GL_LINE_LOOP);
    glVertex2i(x, y);
    glVertex2i(x, y + 50);
    glVertex2i(x + 50, y + 50);
    glVertex2i(x + 50, y);
    glEnd();
}

void redBox(int x, int y)
{
    glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
    glVertex2i(x, y);
    glVertex2i(x, y + 50);
    glVertex2i(x + 50, y + 50);
    glVertex2i(x + 50, y);
    glEnd();
}

void myDisplay_b(void)
{

```

```

glClearColor(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
glColor3f(128.0f / 255.0f, 0.0f / 255.0f, 0.0f / 255.0f);
glPointSize(1.0);

for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++)
{
    if (i % 2 == 0)
    {
        isRed = true;
    }
    else
    {
        isRed = false;
    }

    for (int j = 0; j < 8; j++)
    {
        if (isRed)
        {
            redBox(x, y);
            isRed = false;
        }
        else
        {
            whiteBox(x, y);
            isRed = true;
        }
        x += 50;
    }
    y += 50;
    x = 50;
}

redBox(300, 300);
whiteBox(350, 300);
glFlush();
}

int main_b(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    glutInit(&argc, argv);
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_SINGLE | GLUT_RGB);
    glutInitWindowSize(800, 600);
    glutCreateWindow("Ex_1-b");
    glutDisplayFunc(myDisplay_b);
    myInit_b();
    glutMainLoop();
    return 1;
}

```

1-c.cpp :

```
#include <GL\glut.h>

void myInit_c(void)
{
    glClearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0);
    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
    glLoadIdentity();
    gluOrtho2D(0.0, 500.0, 0.0, 400.0);
}

void myDisplay_c(void)
{
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT); // clears the screen
    glColor3f(0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f); // sets the drawing colour

    glPointSize(4.0);

    glBegin(GL_POLYGON);

    //bottom
    glVertex2i(20, 20);
    glVertex2i(320, 20);
    glVertex2i(320, 200);
    glVertex2i(20, 200);
    glEnd();

    // Window

    glColor3f(0.0f / 255.0f, 0.0f / 255.0f, 0.0f / 255.0f);
    glPointSize(4.0);
    glRectf(60, 60, 120, 120);

    //Door

    glColor3f(0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f);
    glBegin(GL_POLYGON);

    glVertex2i(150, 30);
    glVertex2i(210, 30);
    glVertex2i(210, 150);
    glVertex2i(150, 150);

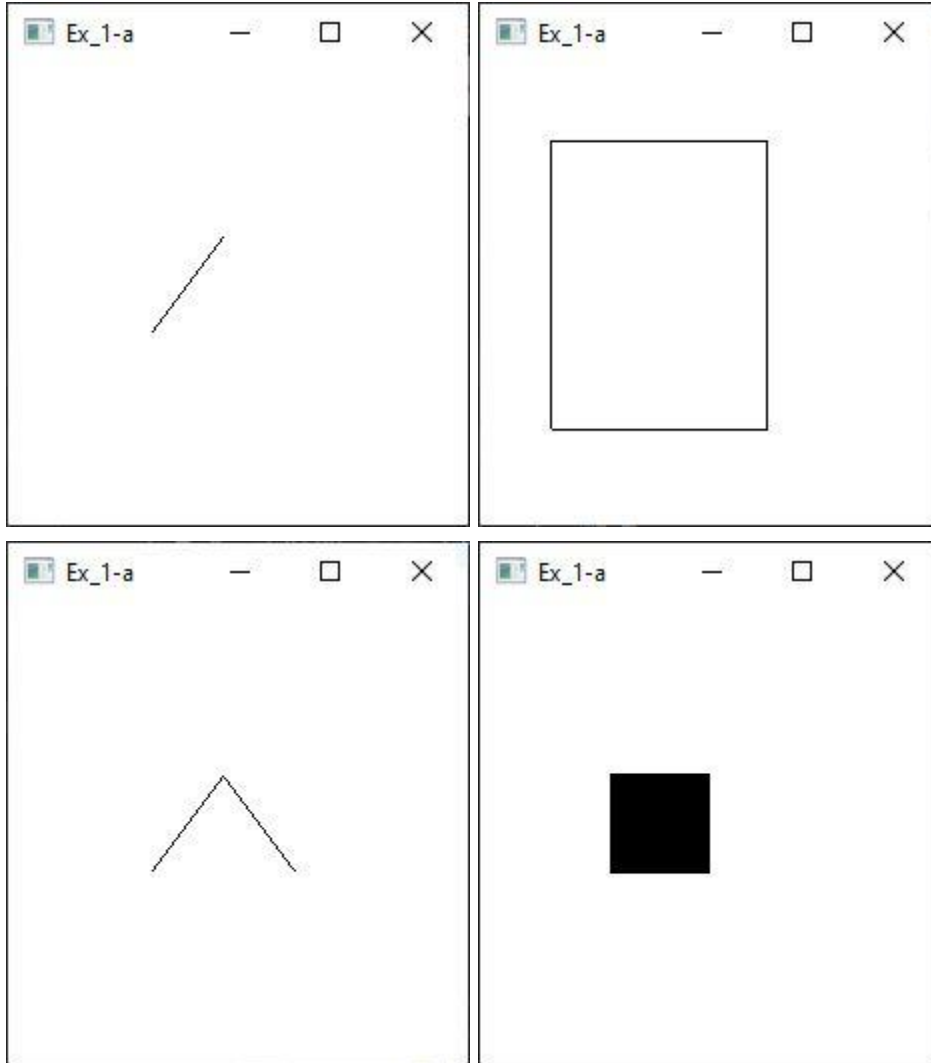
    glEnd();

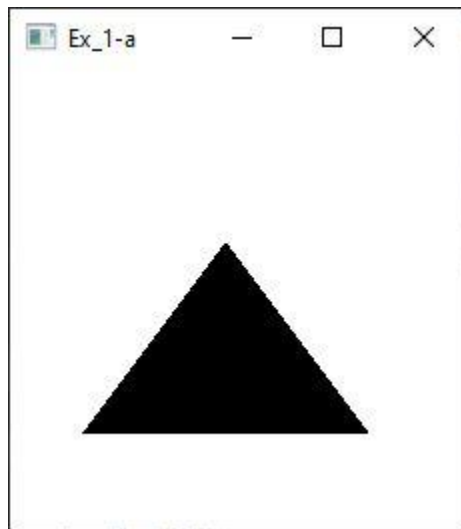
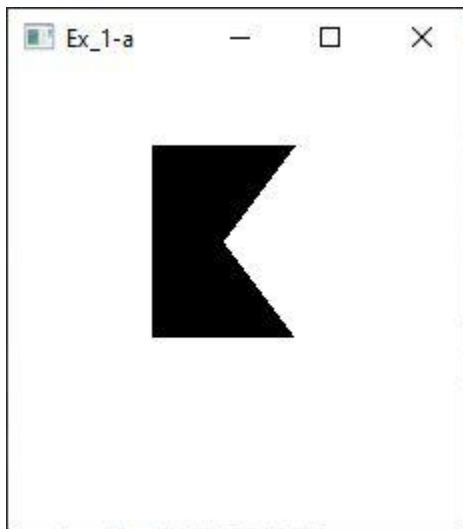
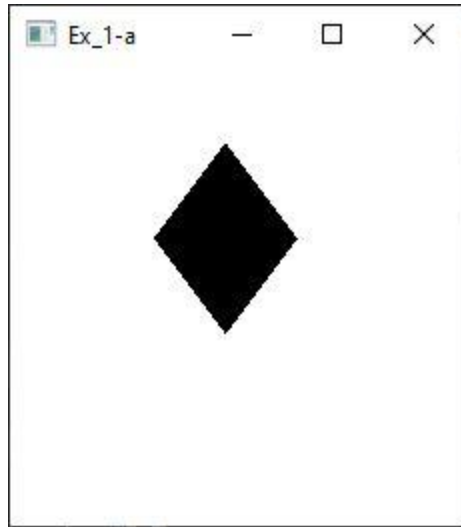
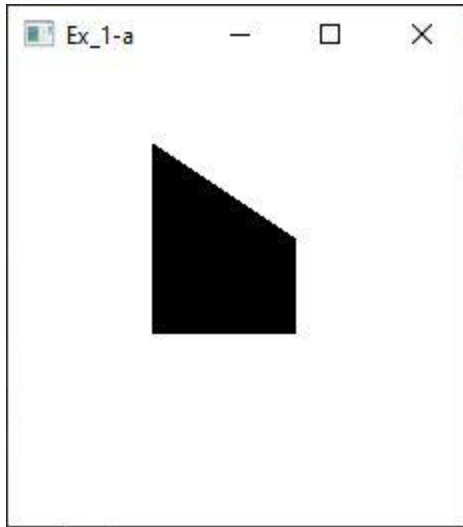
    //Triangle
    glColor3f(255.0f / 255.0f, 0.0f / 255.0f, 0.0f / 255.0f);
    glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
```

```
    glVertex2i(20, 200);  
    glVertex2i(320, 200);  
    glVertex2i(170, 310);  
    glEnd();  
  
    glFlush(); // sends all output to display;  
}  
int main(int argc, char** argv)  
{  
  
    glutInit(&argc, argv);  
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_SINGLE | GLUT_RGB);  
    glutInitWindowSize(640, 480);  
    glutInitWindowPosition(10, 10);  
    glutCreateWindow("Ex_1-c");  
  
    glutDisplayFunc(myDisplay_c);  
    myInit_c();  
    glutMainLoop();  
    return 0;  
}
```

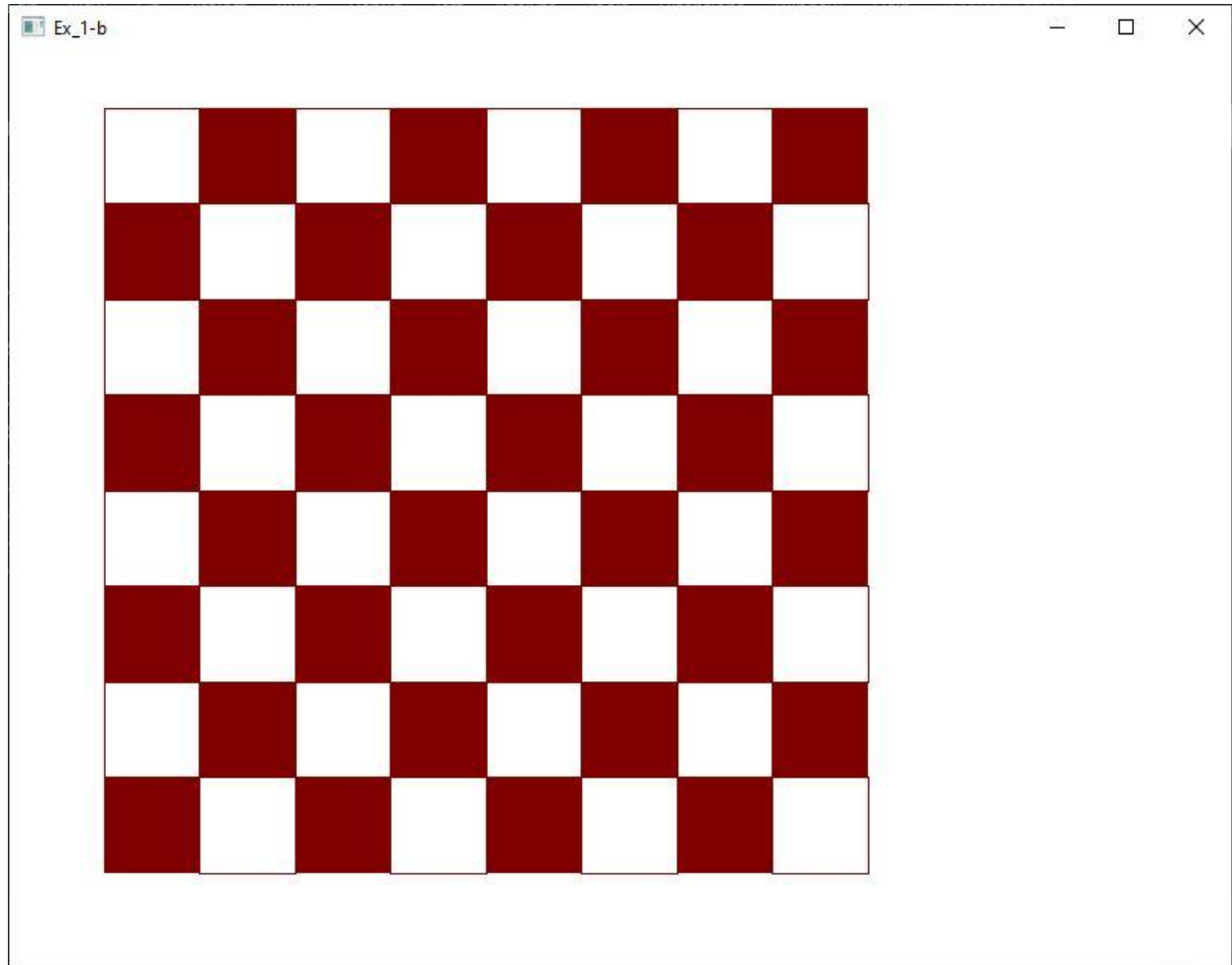
OUTPUT SNAPSHOTS :-

Part-A:

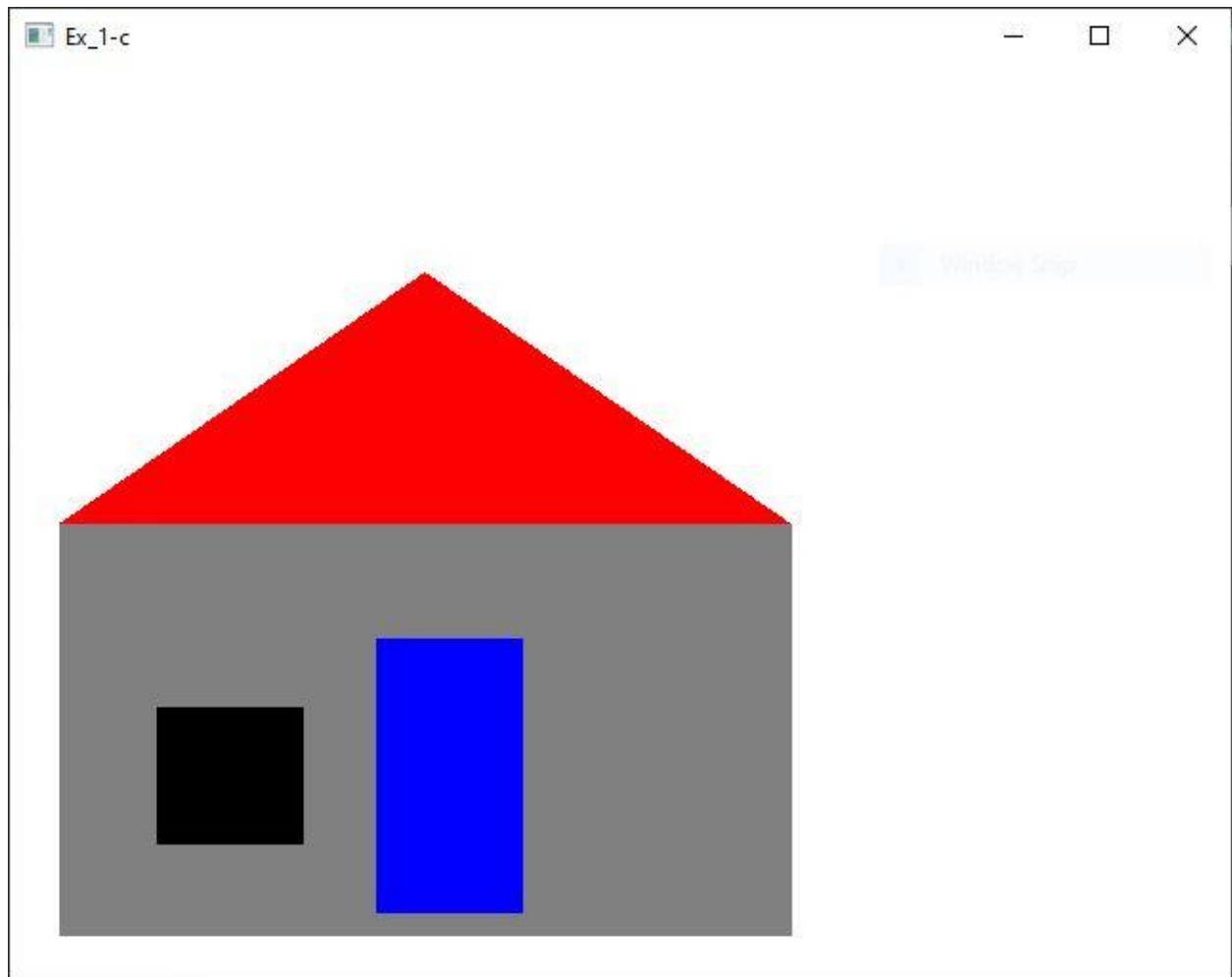




Part-B:



Part-C:



CONCLUSION :

Thus the above mentioned basic Output Primitives were studied and implemented in C++ using OpenGL.