Name: Vikram Surya R

Reg No: 19BCE1490

Essentials of Data Analytics

Tasks for Week-2: Time-series Forecasting

Understand time-series operations/functions and forecast the annual gdp growth rate of India based on given instructions.

Aim:

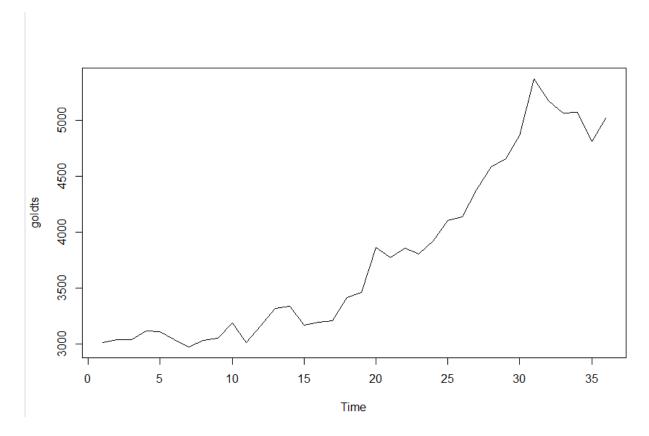
To understand time-series operations/functions and forecast the annual gdp growth rate of India based on given instructions.

gold.csv CODE:

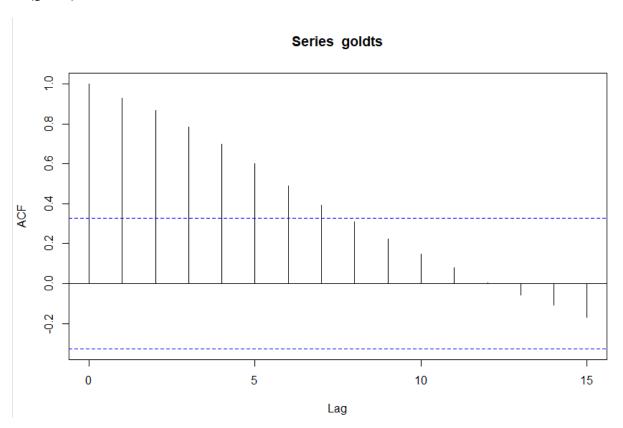
```
setwd("C:/Users/VIKRAM SURYA/Desktop/EDA_LAB")
gold<-read.csv("gold.csv")
library(dplyr)
library(forecast)
library(tseries)
View(gold)</pre>
```

*	Month [‡]	Price [‡]
1	1	3016
2	2	3044
3	3	3041
4	4	3121
5	5	3111
6	6	3043
7	7	2977
8	8	3036
9	9	3051
10	10	3191
11	11	3016
12	12	3164
13	13	3321
14	14	3338
15	15	3170
16	16	3194
17	17	3212
18	18	3420
19	19	3465

goldts<-ts(gold\$Price,start = min(gold\$Month),end = max(gold\$Month),frequency=1)
class(goldts)
plot(goldts)</pre>

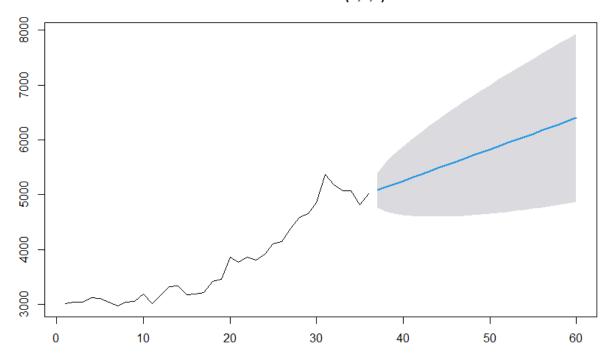


acf(goldts)



```
> adf.test(goldts)
         Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
data: goldts
Dickey-Fuller = -2.3526, Lag order = 3,
p-value = 0.4359
alternative hypothesis: stationary
> goldmodel=auto.arima(goldts,ic="aic",trace = TRUE)
 ARIMA(2,1,2) with drift ARIMA(0,1,0) with drift
                                  : Inf
                                  : 457.5809
 ARIMA(1,1,0) with drift
                                  : 459.3633
 ARIMA(0,1,1) with drift
                                  : 459.385
 ARIMA(0,1,0)
                                   : 459.9305
 ARIMA(1,1,1) with drift
                                  : 461.3121
 Best model: ARIMA(0,1,0) with drift
> goldf=forecast(goldmodel,level=c(95),h=24)
> goldf
   Point Forecast
                     Lo 95
         5081.371 4767.741 5395.001
         5138.743 4695.203 5582.283
38
39
         5196.114 4652.891 5739.338
         5253.486 4626.226 5880.746
40
41
         5310.857 4609.559 6012.155
         5368.229 4599.995 6136.462
42
         5425.600 4595.813 6255.387
43
44
         5482.971 4595.892 6370.051
45
         5540.343 4599.453 6481.233
46
         5597.714 4605.929 6589.500
47
         5655.086 4614.892 6695.279
48
         5712.457 4626.011 6798.904
49
         5769.829 4639.019 6900.638
50
         5827.200 4653.704 7000.696
51
         5884.571 4669.887 7099.255
52
         5941.943 4687.423 7196.463
53
         5999.314 4706.184 7292.444
54
         6056.686 4726.066 7387.305
55
         6114.057 4746.975 7481.139
         6171.429 4768.832 7574.025
56
         6228.800 4791.566 7666.034
57
58
         6286.171 4815.116 7757.227
         6343.543 4839.426 7847.660
59
         6400.914 4864.447 7937.382
60
> plot(goldf)
```

Forecasts from ARIMA(0,1,0) with drift



STATISTICS:

gdp.csv CODE:

setwd("C:/Users/VIKRAM SURYA/Desktop/EDA_LAB")

gdp<-read.csv("gdp.csv")</pre>

library(dplyr)

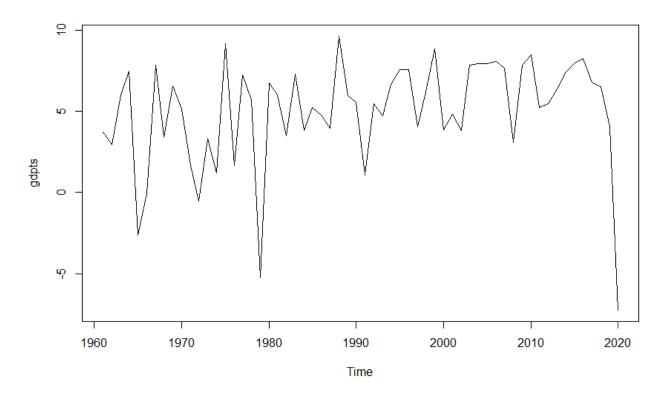
library(forecast)

library(tseries)

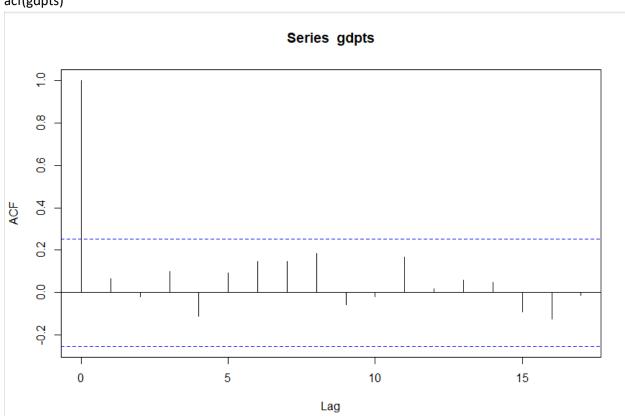
View(gdp)

1 1961 3.72274253 2 1962 2.93112774 3 1963 5.99435326 4 1964 7.45295012 5 1965 -2.63577011 6 1966 -0.05532877 7 1967 7.82596303 8 1968 3.38792918 9 1969 6.53970030 10 1970 5.15722974 11 1971 1.64293038 12 1972 -0.55330131 13 1973 3.29552113 14 1974 1.18533626 15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459 18 1978 5.71253209	_	Year [‡]	GDP_gr [‡]
3 1963 5.99435326 4 1964 7.45295012 5 1965 -2.63577011 6 1966 -0.05532877 7 1967 7.82596303 8 1968 3.38792918 9 1969 6.53970030 10 1970 5.15722974 11 1971 1.64293038 12 1972 -0.55330131 13 1973 3.29552113 14 1974 1.18533626 15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	1	1961	3.72274253
4 1964 7.45295012 5 1965 -2.63577011 6 1966 -0.05532877 7 1967 7.82596303 8 1968 3.38792918 9 1969 6.53970030 10 1970 5.15722974 11 1971 1.64293038 12 1972 -0.55330131 13 1973 3.29552113 14 1974 1.18533626 15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	2	1962	2.93112774
5 1965 -2.63577011 6 1966 -0.05532877 7 1967 7.82596303 8 1968 3.38792918 9 1969 6.53970030 10 1970 5.15722974 11 1971 1.64293038 12 1972 -0.55330131 13 1973 3.29552113 14 1974 1.18533626 15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	3	1963	5.99435326
6 1966 -0.05532877 7 1967 7.82596303 8 1968 3.38792918 9 1969 6.53970030 10 1970 5.15722974 11 1971 1.64293038 12 1972 -0.55330131 13 1973 3.29552113 14 1974 1.18533626 15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	4	1964	7.45295012
7 1967 7.82596303 8 1968 3.38792918 9 1969 6.53970030 10 1970 5.15722974 11 1971 1.64293038 12 1972 -0.55330131 13 1973 3.29552113 14 1974 1.18533626 15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	5	1965	-2.63577011
8 1968 3.38792918 9 1969 6.53970030 10 1970 5.15722974 11 1971 1.64293038 12 1972 -0.55330131 13 1973 3.29552113 14 1974 1.18533626 15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	6	1966	-0.05532877
9 1969 6.53970030 10 1970 5.15722974 11 1971 1.64293038 12 1972 -0.55330131 13 1973 3.29552113 14 1974 1.18533626 15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	7	1967	7.82596303
10 1970 5.15722974 11 1971 1.64293038 12 1972 -0.55330131 13 1973 3.29552113 14 1974 1.18533626 15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	8	1968	3.38792918
11 1971 1.64293038 12 1972 -0.55330131 13 1973 3.29552113 14 1974 1.18533626 15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	9	1969	6.53970030
12 1972 -0.55330131 13 1973 3.29552113 14 1974 1.18533626 15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	10	1970	5.15722974
13 1973 3.29552113 14 1974 1.18533626 15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	11	1971	1.64293038
14 1974 1.18533626 15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	12	1972	-0.55330131
15 1975 9.14991201 16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	13	1973	3.29552113
16 1976 1.66310364 17 1977 7.25476459	14	1974	1.18533626
17 1977 7.25476459	15	1975	9.14991201
	16	1976	1.66310364
18 1978 5.71253209	17	1977	7.25476459
	18	1978	5.71253209
19 1979 -5.23818270	19	1979	-5.23818270

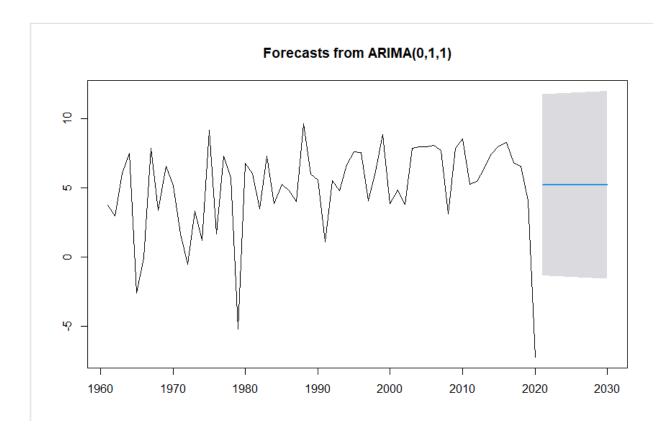
gdpts<-ts(gdp\$GDP_gr,start = min(gdp\$Year),end = max(gdp\$Year),frequency=1)
class(gdpts)
plot(gdpts)</pre>







```
> adf.test(gdpts)
        Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
data: gdpts
Dickey-Fuller = -4.7448, Lag order = 3,
p-value = 0.01
alternative hypothesis: stationary
Warning message:
In adf.test(gdpts) : p-value smaller than printed p-value
> gdpmodel=auto.arima(gdpts,ic="aic",trace = TRUE)
 ARIMA(2,1,2) with drift
 ARIMA(0,1,0) with drift
                                : 341.4397
 ARIMA(1,1,0) with drift
                                : 332.4653
: Inf
: 339.554
 ARIMA(0,1,1) with drift
 ARIMA(0,1,0)
 ARIMA(2,1,0) with drift
                                 : 326.0715
                                 : 327.9755
: Inf
 ARIMA(3,1,0) with drift
 ARIMA(2,1,1) with drift
                                 : Inf
 ARIMA(1,1,1) with drift
 ARIMA(3,1,1) with drift
                                 : Inf
 ARIMA(2,1,0)
                                  : 324.2097
                                  : 330.5929
 ARIMA(1,1,0)
 ARIMA(3,1,0)
                                 : 326.1139
                                  : 317.8228
 ARIMA(2,1,1)
                                  : 316.651
 ARIMA(1,1,1)
 ARIMA(0,1,1)
                                 : 314.6516
                                 : 316.6508
 ARIMA(0,1,2)
 ARIMA(1,1,2)
                                  : 316.6275
 Best model: ARIMA(0,1,1)
> gdpf=forecast(gdpmodel,level=c(95),h=10)
> gdpf
     Point Forecast
                       Lo 95
                                Hi 95
           5.177274 -1.376684 11.73123
2021
           5.177274 -1.401989 11.75654
2022
2023
           5.177274 -1.427197 11.78174
2024
           5.177274 -1.452309 11.80686
           5.177274 -1.477327 11.83187
2025
           5.177274 -1.502250 11.85680
2026
2027
           5.177274 -1.527082 11.88163
           5.177274 -1.551821 11.90637
5.177274 -1.576470 11.93102
2028
2029
2030
           5.177274 -1.601029 11.95558
> plot(gdpf)
```



STATISTICS:

INFERENCE:

1. gold.csv

The expected values for the coming 24 months have been plotted into a graph using time-series operations/functions and forecast command.

2. gdp.csv

The expected values for the coming 10 years have been plotted into a graph using time-series operations/functions and forecast command.