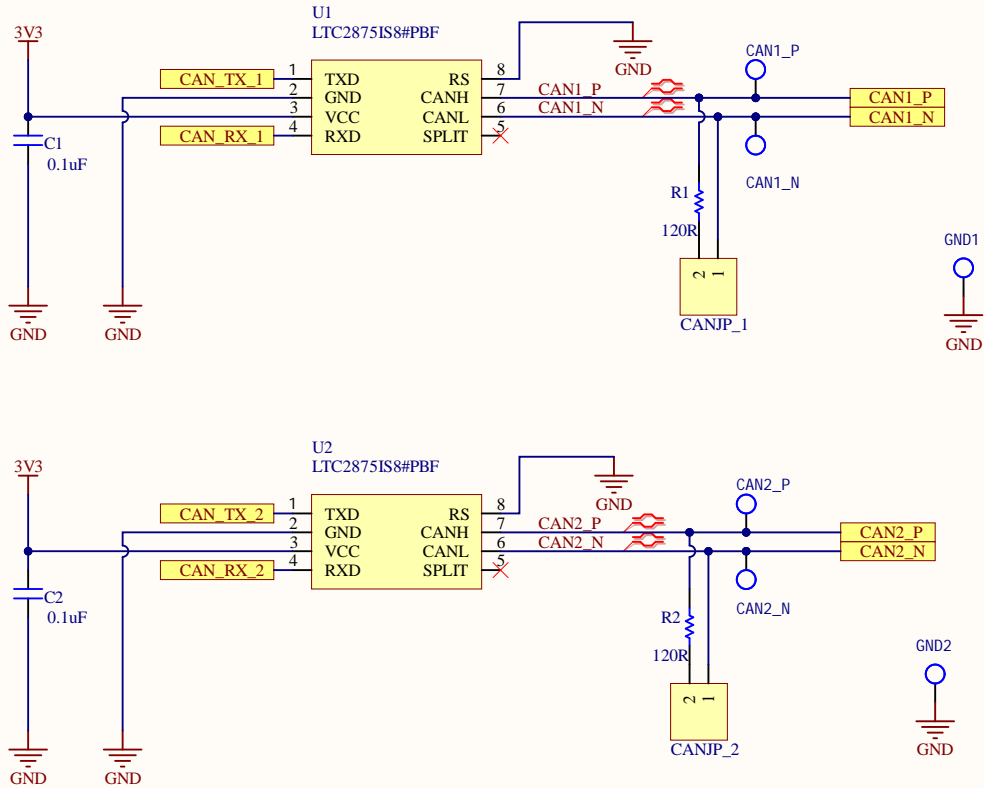
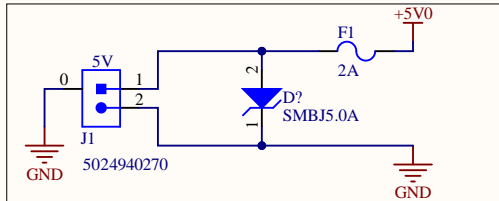


CAN Transceivers

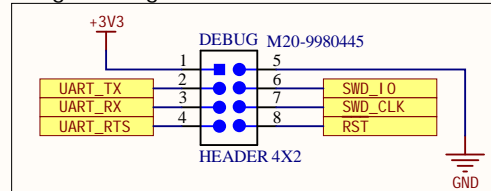


Connectors

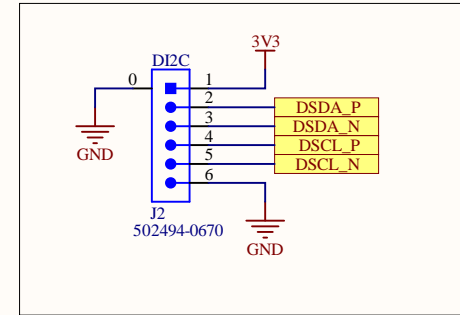
Power Connector



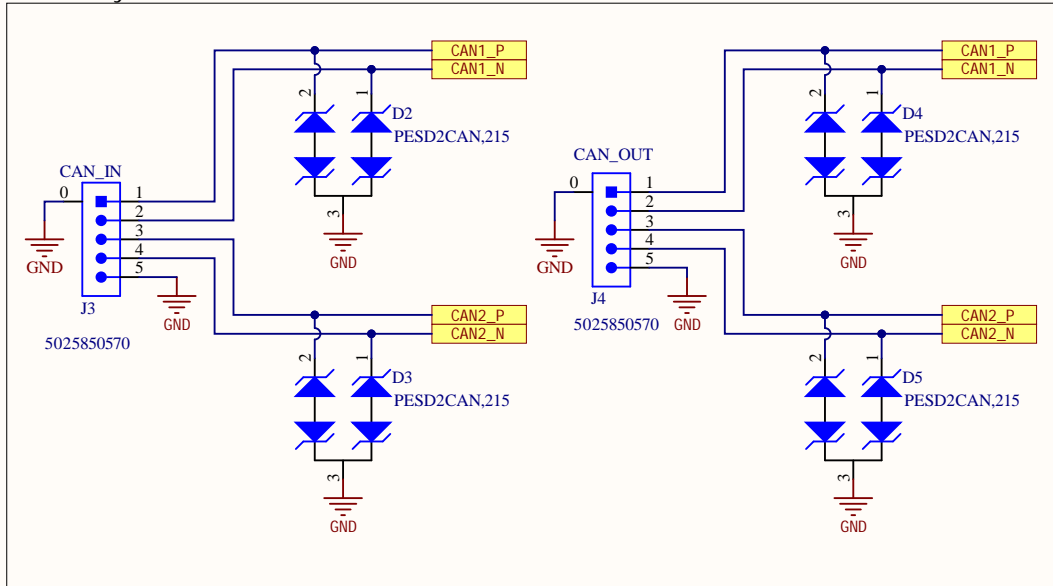
Programming Connector



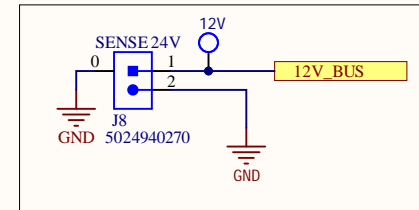
I2C Current Sensors



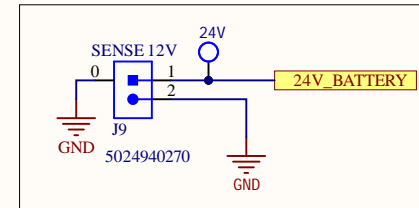
CAN Daisy Chain Connectors



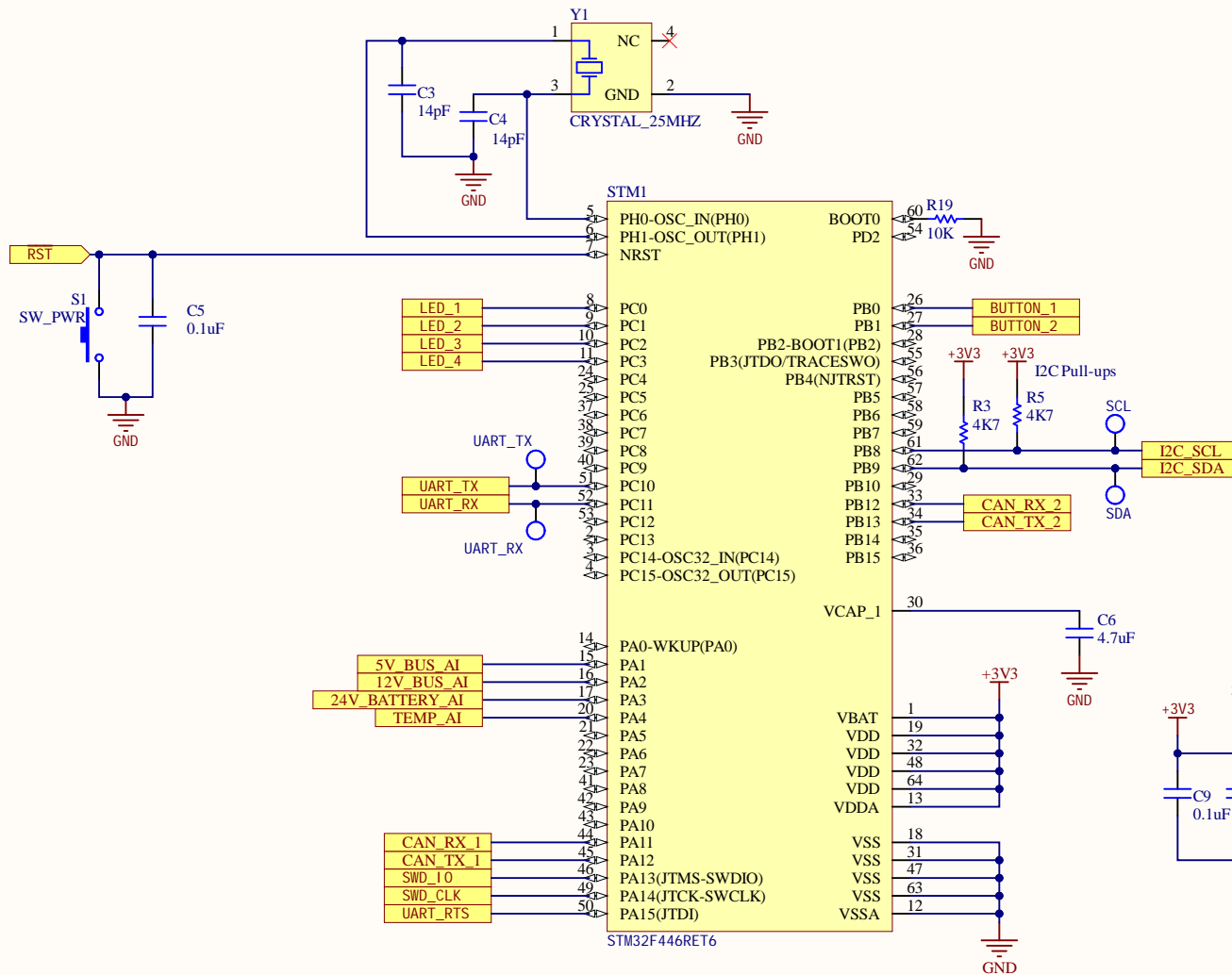
Motor Voltage



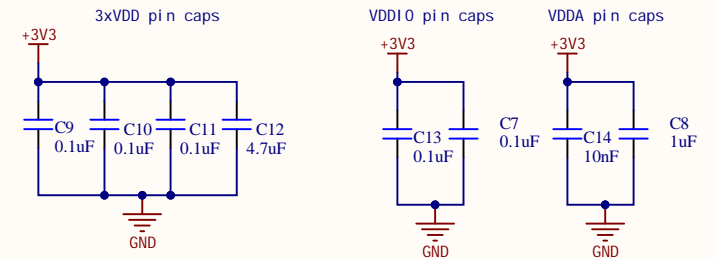
Battery Voltage



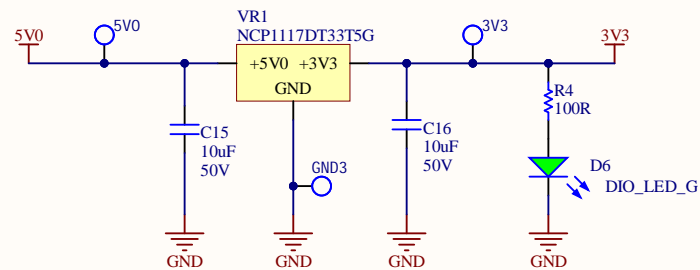
STM32F446RET6



Bypass Capacitors




5V-3.3V LDO



Current Calculations

Green LED voltage drop: 2.2V
 $I = (3.3 - 2.2V) / 120 = 10.83mA$

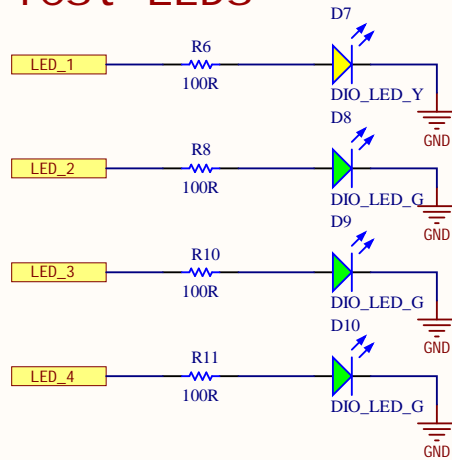
Title Power		UW Robotics 200 University Avenue Waterloo Ontario Canada N2L 3G6		
Size: Letter	Drawn By: Qinyang Bao, Nicole Rosario			
Date: 6/2/2020	Sheet of			
File: C:\Users\badpr\al\tum_projects\MarsRover2020-PCB\Projects\Safety\Rev2\POWER.SchDoc				

Test LEDs

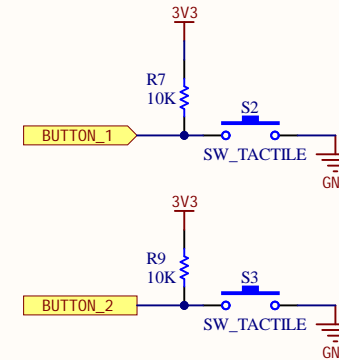
Current Calculations

Yellow LED voltage drop: 2.2V
 $I = (3.3 - 2.2V) / 120 = 10.83mA$

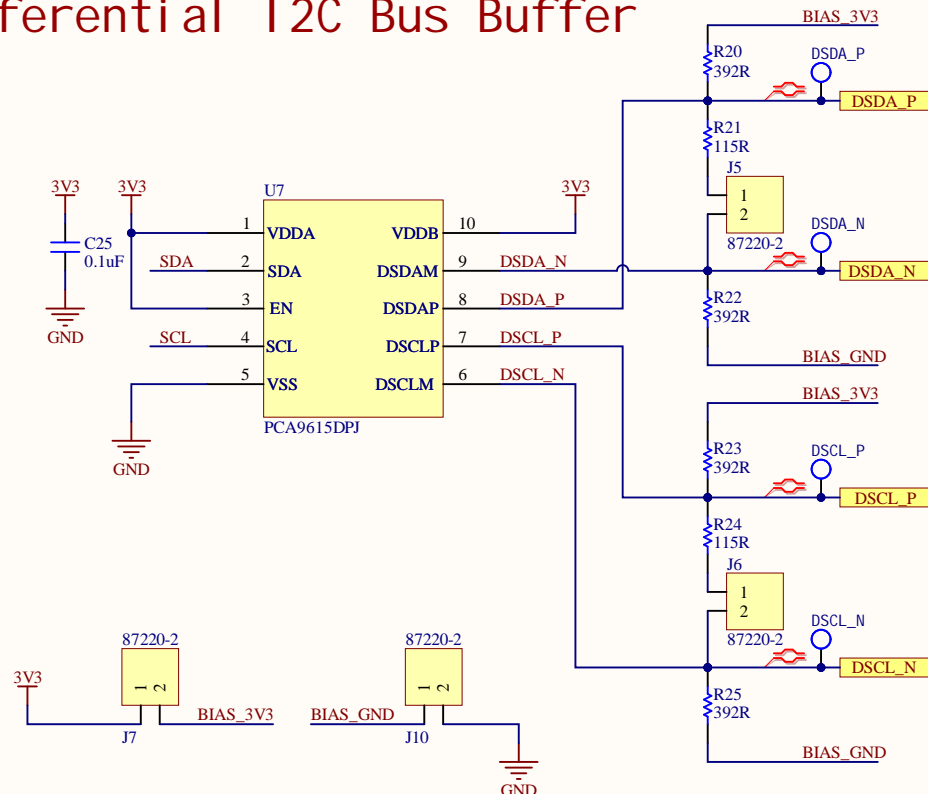
Green LED voltage drop: 2.2V
 $I = (3.3 - 2.2V) / 120 = 10.83mA$



Test Buttons



Differential I2C Bus Buffer



Termination resistor(s) should only be used on Safety board and last current sensor in the chain of current sensors (ie the first and last node).

Characteristic impedance of cable = $Z_0 = 100 \text{ Ohms}$
 Cable: <https://www.digikey.ca/product-detail/en/general-cable-carol-brand/C0601A-41-10/C0601AG-50-ND/7313814>
 Calculations & Theory: <http://www.ti.com/lit/an/snla031/snla031.pdf> pg3
 Terminating resistance = $Z_0 = 100 \text{ Ohm} = R_c = R_b$
 Bias resistors for FAILSAFE BIAS = $R_d = R_a$
 $V_{fbs} = V_{cc} \cdot (R_c / R_b) / (R_c / R_b + R_d + R_a)$
 Parallel terminating resistance = $100 / 100 = 50 \text{ Ohms}$, $V_{cc} = 3.3V$, $V_{fbs} = 0.2V$ (for FAILSAFE bias)
 Therefore, $R_a = R_d = (50 * 3.3 / 0.2 - 50) / 2 = 387.5 \text{ Ohms}$
 Recalculating total terminating resistance: $100 / ((387.5 * 2) = 88.6 \text{ Ohms}$
 88.6 is more than 10% diff from Z_0 , therefore recalculate R_c using $Z_0 = R_c / (R_a + R_d) = 100$
 $R_c = Z_0 * (R_a + R_d) / (R_a + R_d - Z_0) = 114.8 \text{ Ohms}$
 Using 1% tolerance: $R_c = 115 \text{ Ohms}$ $R_a = R_d = 392 \text{ Ohms}$
 Check:
 $R_c / (R_a + R_d) = 100.3 = Z_0$
 $F_{sb} = V_{cc} \cdot (R_c / R_b) / (R_c / R_b + R_d + R_a) = 3.3(115 / 100) / (115 / 100 + 2 * 392) = 0.21V$

1

2

3

4

Connectors
Connectors.SchDoc

CAN
CAN.SchDoc

MCU
MCU.SchDoc

Power
Power.SchDoc

CAN_H

CAN_L

LED_1

LED_2

LED_3

LED_4

SWD_IO

SWD_CLK

RST

ADC_1

ADC_2

ENC_1

ENC_2

LIM_1A

LIM_1B

I2C_SDA

I2C_SCL

UART_TX

UART_RX

UART_RTS

PWM_1

PWM_2

DIR_1

DIR_2

CAN_H

CAN_L

CAN_TX

CAN_RX

Support

Support.SchDoc

LIM_1A

LIM_1B

I2C_SDA

I2C_SCL

UART_TX

UART_RX

UART_RTS

PWM_1

PWM_2

CAN_TX

CAN_RX

LED_1

LED_2

LED_3

LED_4

SWD_IO

SWD_CLK

RST

ADC_1

ADC_2

ENC_1

ENC_2

LIM_1A

LIM_1B

I2C_SDA

I2C_SCL

UART_TX

UART_RX

UART_RTS

PWM_1

PWM_2

DIR_1

DIR_2

Title

Size

A4

Number

Revision

Date: 6/02/2020

Sheet of

File: C:\Users\...\Template.SchDoc

Drawn By:

1

2

3

4

Board Stack Report