САНКТ-ПЕТЕРБУРГСКИЙ НАЦИОНАЛЬНЫЙ ИССЛЕДОВАТЕЛЬСКИЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ ИТМО

ОТЧЕТ

по лабораторной работе 1

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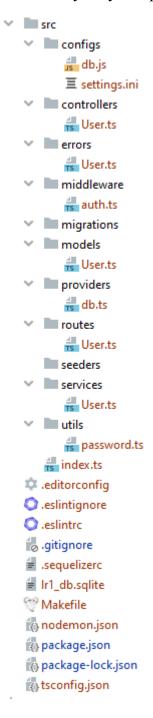
Цель работы:

Нужно написать свой boilerplate на express + sequelize / TypeORM + typescript. Должно быть явное разделение на:

- модели
- контроллеры
- роуты
- сервисы для работы с моделями (реализуем паттерн "репозиторий")

Ход работы:

Написанный мною boilerplate имеет следующую структуру:



Рассмотрим коды файлов папки src:

• models/User.ts

```
@Table
class User extends Model {
    @PrimaryKey
    @Column
    id: number
    @Column
    lastName: string
    @Column
    firstName: string
    @Unique
    @AllowNull( allowNull: false)
    @Column
    email: string
    @Unique
    @AllowNull( allowNull: false)
    @Column
    username: string
    @AllowNull( allowNull: false)
    @Column
    password: string
1}
export default User
```

• routes/User.ts

```
import UserController from "../controllers/User";
import express from "express";
import auth from "../middleware/auth"

const userRouter = express.Router()

const userController: UserController = new UserController()

userRouter.route( prefix: '/login').post(userController.login)
userRouter.route( prefix: '/register').post(userController.register)
userRouter.route( prefix: '/me').get(auth.auth, userController.me)
userRouter.route( prefix: '/reset').post(auth.auth, userController.updatePassword)
export default userRouter
```

• services/User.ts

```
import User from "../models/User"
import { hashPassword, checkPassword } from "../utils/password";
import UserError from "../errors/User";
class UserService {
    async create(userData: any): Promise<User> {
        userData.password = hashPassword(userData.password)
        const user = await User.creαte(userData)
        return user.toJSON()
    async getById(id: number): Promise<User> {
        const user: User | null = await User.findByPk(id)
        if (user != null) {
            return user.toJSON()
        throw new UserError("Invalid identifier")
    async get(email: string, password: string): Promise<User> {
        const user: User | null = await User.findOne( options: {
            where: {
               email: email,
            },
        })
        if (user != null && checkPαssword(password, user.password)) {
            return user.toJSON()
        throw new UserError("Invalid email/password")
    async update(userData: any): Promise<User> {
        if (userData.id == undefined) {
            throw new UserError("Id is undefined")
        await User.updαte(userData, options: { where: {
            id: userData.id
        }})
        let user: User = await this.getById(userData.id)
        return user
    async delete(id: number): Promise<void> {
        const user: User | null = await User.findByPk(id)
        if (user != null) {
            return user.destroy()
        }
        throw new UserError("Invalid identifier")
1}
```

• controllers/User.ts

```
class UserController {
    private userService: UserService = new UserService()
    login = async (request: any, response: any) => {
        const { email, password } = request.body
        try {
            const user: User = await this.userService.get(email, password)
            const token = jwt.sign( payload: {
               id: user.id,
               username: user.username,
            }, secretOrPrivateKey: "SUbGuVE~t[)ByQDjcV?LCa_c4};LI-_n")
            response.send({
                   username: user.username,
                   email: user.email,
                    token
               })
       catch (err) {
            response.status(400).send((err as UserError).message)
     register = async (request: any, response: any) => {
         const { body } = request
         try {
             const user = await this.userService.create(body)
             response.status(201).send(user)
         catch (err) {
             response.status(400).send((err as UserError).message)
     }
 me = async (request: any, response: any) => {
     if (request.user === undefined) {
         response.sendStatus( code: 401)
     }
      else {
         try {
             const user = await this.userService.getById(request.user.id)
             response.send({
                 id: user.id,
                 lastName: user.lastName,
                 firstName: user.firstName,
                 username: user.username,
                 email: user.email
             })
         catch (err) {
             if (err as UserError)
                response.status(400).send((err as UserError).message)
             else
                response.sendStatus( code: 500)
```

```
updatePassword = async (request: any, response: any) => {
        const { oldPassword, newPassword } = request.body
        try {
            console.log(request.body)
            const user: User = await this.userService.getById(request.user.id)
            if (checkPassword(oldPassword, user.password)) {
                user.password = hashPassword(newPassword)
                await this.userService.update(user)
                response.status(200).send("Password change successfully")
            else {
                response.sendStatus( code: 400)
        }
        catch (err) {
            response.status(400).send((err as Error).message)
1}
export default UserController
```

• utils/password.ts

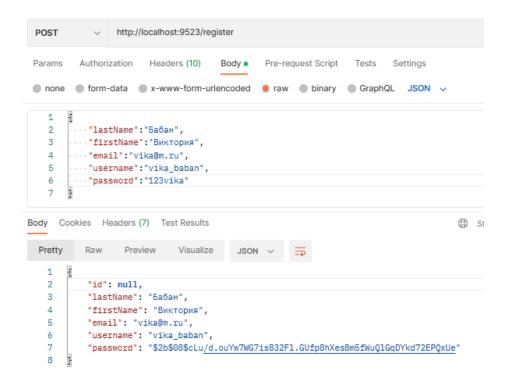
```
import bcrypt from "bcrypt";

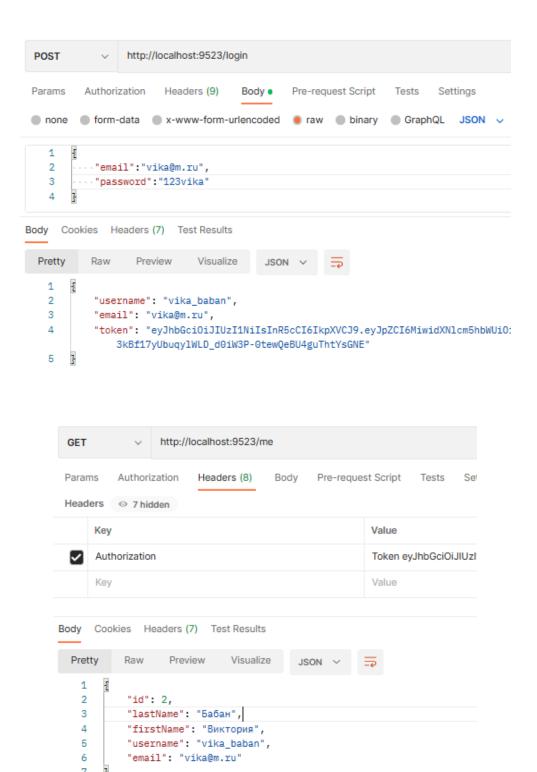
function hashPassword(password: string): string {
    return bcrypt.hashSync(password, bcrypt.genSaltSync(rounds: 8))
}

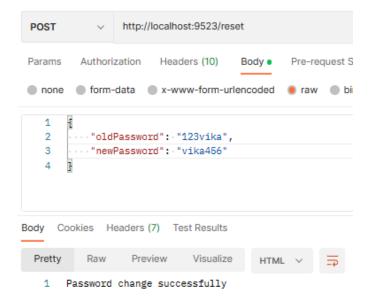
function checkPassword(password: string, hash: string): boolean {
    return bcrypt.compareSync(password, hash)
}

export { hashPassword, checkPassword }
```

Примеры:







Вывод:

В результате выполнения данной работы мною был написан boilerplate, в котором описана модели пользователя и реализованы контроллеры для эндпоинтов.