

compound_interest

September 24, 2023

1 Compound interest

Suppose you decide to invest 1.000 euros in a bank account that offers an annual interest rate of 5%. However, the interest is compounded quarterly. How much money will you have after 3 years?

1.0.1 without function

```
[1]: # variable_name = value
future_value_3_year = 1000*pow((1+0.05/4), 4*3)
# print() - shows/outputs text in the console.
print(f"After {3} years, the investment will be worth {future_value_3_year:.2f}␣
↪euros.")
```

After 3 years, the investment will be worth 1160.75 euros.

1.0.2 with function (only time argument)

```
[2]: def specific_compound_interest(t):
    """
    Calculate the future value of an investment using the compound interest␣
    ↪formula when initial deposit is 1000,
    annual interest rate is 0.05, compounding frequency 4 times.

    Parameters:
    - t (int or float): Time the money is invested for (in years).

    Returns:
    - A (float): Future value of the investment, including interest.
    """
    P = 1000
    r = 0.05
    n = 4
    A = P * (1 + r/n)**(n*t)
    return A

years = 3
fv_3_year_with_function = specific_compound_interest(years)
```

```
print(f"After {years} years, the investment will be worth_
↪{fv_3_year_with_function:.2f} euros.")
```

After 3 years, the investment will be worth 1160.75 euros.

1.0.3 with function (everything are arguments)

```
[3]: def compound_interest(P, r, n, t):
      """
      Calculate the future value of an investment using the compound interest_
      ↪formula.

      Parameters:
      - P (float): Principal investment amount (initial deposit).
      - r (float): Annual interest rate (in decimal form, e.g., 5% is 0.05).
      - n (int): Number of times interest is applied per year (compounding_
      ↪frequency).
      - t (int or float): Time the money is invested for (in years).

      Returns:
      - A (float): Future value of the investment, including interest.
      """
      A = P * (1 + r/n)**(n*t)
      return A

      # Example usage:
      P = 1000
      r = 0.05
      n = 4
      t = 3
      future_value = compound_interest(P, r, n, t)
      print(f"After {t} years, the investment will be worth {future_value:.2f} euros.
      ↪")
```

After 3 years, the investment will be worth 1160.75 euros.

1.0.4 Plotting graph from n1 to n2 years

```
[4]: # Additional packages
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

[5]: def plot_compound_interest(years):
      """Plot the compound interest graph over a range of time values."""

      # Generate an array of time values from 0 to years
      time_values = np.linspace(0, years, 10000) # 500 points between n1 and n2
```

```

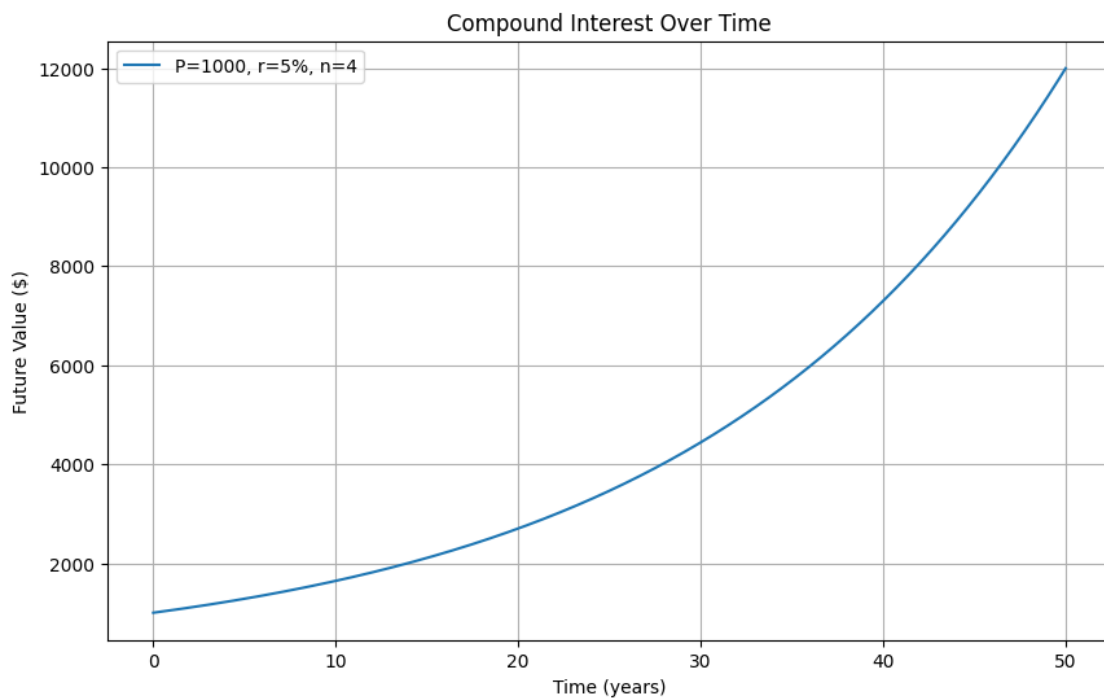
future_values = specific_compound_interest(time_values)

# Plotting
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(time_values, future_values, label=f"P={1000}, r={5}%, n={4}")
plt.title("Compound Interest Over Time")
plt.xlabel("Time (years)")
plt.ylabel("Future Value ($)")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

years = 50 # compounding time (e.g., 10 years)

plot_compound_interest(years)

```



[]: