

Report Assignment 2 DD2380

GROUP 4:3

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Abstract

1 Introduction

1.1 Contribution

1.2 Outline

2 Related work

Example citation [1].

3 Proposed method

The AI is implemented using the Monte Carlo Tree Search (MCTS) algorithm. The algorithm is divided into four main steps: selection, expansion, simulation, and backpropagation. Every turn, the algorithm is called and starts to run iteratively for a certain amount of time.

Every node in the tree represents a state in the game. The root node is the current state of the game, and the children of the root node are the possible moves that can be made from the current state. A move is defined as all snakes in a team moving one step in a certain direction. If a move results in a collision, the move is invalid, and the node is not expanded. Thus, the number of children a node can vary, but is at most nine, since each snake can turn left or right, or go straight, and there are at most two snakes in a team.

3.1 Selection

In every iteration, there is a selection phase where the algorithm selects the best child node to explore. The selection starts from the root and then traverses down the tree, picking the best child at each level, until it reaches a leaf node, a node with no children.

The best child is selected based on the Upper Confidence Bound (UCB) formula. The formula is defined as:

$$UCB = \text{score}_i + C \sqrt{\frac{\ln N}{n_i}} \quad (1)$$

Where score_i is the average score of the node, N is the total times the parent node has been visited, n_i is the number of times the node has been visited, and C is a constant that controls the exploration-exploitation trade-off. The constant C was set to $\sqrt{2}$ in this implementation, but no empirical testing was done to determine the optimal value. If the node has not been visited, the UCB value is set to infinity to ensure that the node is selected at least once if its parent node has been visited.

3.2 Expansion

3.3 Simulation and Evaluation

3.4 Edge Cases

3.4.1 Head-To-Head Collisions

4 Experimental results

4.1 Analysis of Outcome

5 Summary and Conclusions

References

- [1] Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig. *Artificial Intelligence - A Modern Approach*. Number ISBN 978-0-13-207148-2. Pearson Education, 3rd edition, 2010.