# **Order Processing DB**

### ORDER PROCESSING DB

#### **CUSTOMER**



### **ORDER**

orderno	odate	custno	ord_amt
---------	-------	--------	---------

### ORDER\_ITEM

orderno	itemno	quantity
---------	--------	----------

#### **ITEM**



### **SHIPMENT**

orderno	warehouseno	ship_date
0.0.0		

#### **WAREHOUSE**

warehouseno city

# **Queries Used to CREATE and INSERT**

```
create table customer (custno int primary key, cname varchar(20), city
varchar(20));
    create table Oorder(orderno int primary key, odate date, custno int
foreign key references customer, ord_amt int);
    create table order_item(orderno int foreign key references Oorder, itemno
int primary key);
    create table item (itemno int foreign key references order_item,
unit_price int);
    create table warehouse(warehouseno int primary key, city varchar(20));
    create table shipment(orderno int foreign key references Oorder,
```

```
warehouseno int foreign key references warehouse, ship date date );
    insert into customer values(1001, 'Ben', 'Bangalore');
    insert into customer values(1002, 'Vikas', 'Delhi');
    insert into customer values(1003, 'Tilly', 'Singapore');
    insert into customer values(1004, 'John', 'Mumbai');
    insert into customer values(1005, 'Brad', 'Kansas');
    insert into Oorder values (2001, '2017-04-13', 1001, 20000);
    insert into Oorder values(2002, '2017-06-16', 1003, 30000);
    insert into Oorder values (2003, '2017-10-27', 1004, 25000);
    insert into Oorder values (2004, '2017-01-30', 1001, 10000);
    insert into Oorder values (2005, '2017-07-02', 1005, 15000);
    insert into order item values(2002,3001);
    insert into order item values (2003, 3002);
    insert into order item values (2004, 3003);
    insert into order item values(2004,3004);
    insert into order item values (2005, 3005);
    insert into order item values (2001, 3006);
    insert into order item values(2005,3007);
    insert into item values (3001, 3000);
    insert into item values (3002, 3000);
    insert into item values (3003, 4000);
    insert into item values(3004,5000);
    insert into item values (3005, 3000);
    insert into item values (3006,6000);
    insert into item values (3007,7000);
    insert into warehouse values(1, 'Bangalore');
    insert into warehouse values(2,'Mysore');
    insert into warehouse values(3, 'Tirichy');
    insert into warehouse values(4, 'Salem');
    insert into warehouse values(5,'kanyakumari');
    insert into warehouse values(6, 'Bangalore');
    insert into warehouse values(7, 'Bangalore');
    insert into shipment values (2001, 1, '2017-04-13');
    insert into shipment values (2003, 6, '2017-04-13');
    insert into shipment values (2005, 7, '2017-04-13');
    insert into shipment values(2003,2,'2017-09-10');
    insert into shipment values (2004, 3, '2017-03-11');
```

```
insert into shipment values(2002,4,'2017-01-13');
insert into shipment values(2005,5,'2017-02-15');
```

### WEBSITE USED FOR MYSQL

Link: http://sqlfiddle.com/

# Queries

1. Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and foreign keys.

```
create table customer (custno int primary key, cname varchar(20), city
varchar(20));
    create table Oorder(orderno int primary key, odate date, custno int
foreign key references customer, ord_amt int);
    create table order_item(orderno int foreign key references Oorder, itemno
int primary key);
    create table item (itemno int foreign key references order_item,
unit_price int);
    create table warehouse(warehouseno int primary key, city varchar(20));
    create table shipment(orderno int foreign key references Oorder,
warehouseno int foreign key references warehouse, ship_date date );
```

2. Enter at least five tuples for each relation.

```
insert into customer values(1001, 'Ben', 'Bangalore');
insert into customer values(1002, 'Vikas', 'Delhi');
insert into customer values(1003, 'Tilly', 'Singapore');
insert into customer values(1004, 'John', 'Mumbai');
insert into customer values(1005, 'Brad', 'Kansas');
```

```
insert into Oorder values (2001, '2017-04-13', 1001, 20000);
insert into Oorder values (2002, '2017-06-16', 1003, 30000);
insert into Oorder values (2003, '2017-10-27', 1004, 25000);
insert into Oorder values (2004, '2017-01-30', 1001, 10000);
insert into Oorder values (2005, '2017-07-02', 1005, 15000);
insert into order item values (2002, 3001);
insert into order item values (2003, 3002);
insert into order item values (2004, 3003);
insert into order item values (2004, 3004);
insert into order item values (2005, 3005);
insert into order item values (2001, 3006);
insert into order item values (2005, 3007);
insert into item values (3001, 3000);
insert into item values (3002,3000);
insert into item values (3003, 4000);
insert into item values (3004,5000);
insert into item values (3005, 3000);
insert into item values (3006,6000);
insert into item values(3007,7000);
insert into warehouse values(1, 'Bangalore');
insert into warehouse values(2,'Mysore');
insert into warehouse values(3,'Tirichy');
insert into warehouse values(4, 'Salem');
insert into warehouse values(5,'kanyakumari');
insert into warehouse values(6, 'Bangalore');
insert into warehouse values(7, 'Bangalore');
insert into shipment values(2001,1,'2017-04-13');
insert into shipment values (2003, 6, '2017-04-13');
insert into shipment values (2005, 7, '2017-04-13');
insert into shipment values (2003, 2, '2017-09-10');
insert into shipment values (2004, 3, '2017-03-11');
insert into shipment values (2002, 4, '2017-01-13');
insert into shipment values (2005, 5, '2017-02-15');
```

3. Produce a listing: custname, No\_of\_orders, Avg\_order\_amount, where the middle column is the total number of orders by the customer and the last column is the average order amount for that customer.

```
select cname,count(*), avg(ord_amt) from customer,Oorder
where customer.custno = Oorder.custno group by cname;
```

cname	count(*)	avg(ord_amt)
Ben	2	15000
Brad	1	15000
John	1	25000
Tilly	1	30000

4. List the orderno for orders that were shipped from all the warehouses that the company has in a specific city.

```
select distinct orderno from shipment
where warehouseno in
(select all warehouseno from warehouse where city = 'Bangalore');
```

# orderno

2001

5. Demonstrate the deletion of an item from the ITEM table and demonstrate a method of handling the rows in the ORDER\_ITEM table that contains this particular item.

```
delete from item where itemno = 3007;
```

### **Before**

itemno	unit_price
3001	3000
3002	3000
3003	4000
3004	5000
3005	3000
3006	6000
3007	7000

# After

itemno	unit_price
3001	3000
3002	3000
3003	4000
3004	5000
3005	3000
3006	6000

```
update order_item
set orderno = 2002
where itemno = 3006;
```

# Before

orderno	itemno
2002	3001
2003	3002
2004	3003
2004	3004
2005	3005
2001	3006
2005	3007

# After

orderno	itemno
2002	3001
2003	3002
2004	3003
2004	3004
2005	3005
2002	3006
2005	3007