

- | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 10. Which is the shortcut for swap or flip the sheets visualization from a vertical to a horizontal display in Tableau? | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| (A) Ctrl - W | | | |
| (B) Ctrl - S | | | |
| (C) Ctrl - H | | | |
| (D) Ctrl - V | | | |
| 11. Which option is used to add calculations directly to a visualization? | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| (A) Dimensions | | | |
| (B) Measures | | | |
| (C) Create Calculated Field | | | |
| (D) Data pane | | | |
| 12. Which Tableau extension is suitable to save all the sheets and their connection information in a workbook file? | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| (A) .twbx | | | |
| (B) .twb | | | |
| (C) .twbs | | | |
| (D) .twbv | | | |
| 13. Which is actually an open-source JavaScript library, designed with the intention of visualizing data using today's web standards? | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| (A) D3 | | | |
| (B) D3.ts | | | |
| (C) D3.java | | | |
| (D) Both a and b | | | |
| 14. In Visual transitions, which button is used to change the format of the visualization? | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| (A) Reset | | | |
| (B) Radio | | | |
| (C) Submit | | | |
| (D) Select | | | |
| 15. When dealing with manufacturing data, which is collects production data directly from the machine, stores it in memory, and periodically sends it off to the data repository? | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| (A) Data Manager | | | |
| (B) Data Logger | | | |
| (C) Data Aggregator | | | |
| (D) Data Handler | | | |
| 16. Visual transitions handle missing data by filling | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| (A) Null values | | | |
| (B) Zero | | | |
| (C) Either Null or zero | | | |
| (D) Variables | | | |
| 17. _____ background support is used to focus more on background? | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| (A) White background | | | |
| (B) Dark background | | | |
| (C) Light Element on Dark Background | | | |
| (D) Grey background | | | |
| 18. Which Programming language does not support greater flexibility and control of the specific elements of the graphs? | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| (A) R | | | |
| (B) D3 | | | |
| (C) Python | | | |
| (D) Java | | | |
| 19. Some people use----- either alone or together with excel or via a programming language, for easier manipulation of graph elements and a professional look and feel. | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| (A) Adobe Illustrator | | | |
| (B) Adobe photoshop | | | |
| (C) Adobe editor | | | |
| (D) Adobe pdf | | | |
| 20. _____ site allows you to submit the visualization designs and to receive feedback on data visualization work in progress from readers. | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| (A) VizWiz | | | |
| (B) Junk Charts | | | |
| (C) HelpMeViz | | | |
| (D) Eager Eyes | | | |

PART - B (5 × 4 = 20 Marks)

Answer **any 5** Questions

- | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| 21. Summarize the data scrubbing process in visualization. | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| 22. Explain the ways to import or read a CSV file into a data frame in R with a sample code. | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| 23. Differentiate join and union in Tableau. | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| 24. Compare dimensions and measures in Tableau with an example. | 4 | 2 | 3 |

25. Create the web page to display the 'Hello world' using d3.js.
26. Differentiate domain, range and scale in D3.
27. Describe any five data blogs used in data visualization.

4	3	4
4	2	5
4	2	6

PART - C (5 × 12 = 60 Marks)

Answer **all** Questions

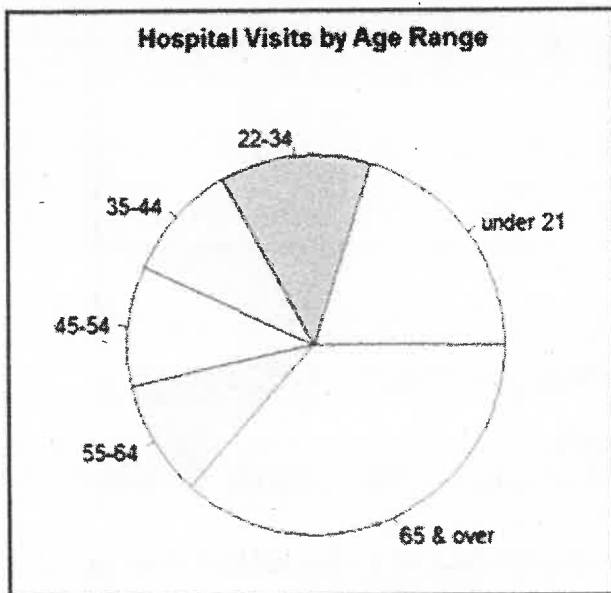
Marks BL CO

28. (a) Explain Infographics and data visualization with example. Differentiate them
(OR)
(b) Discuss the approaches to data visualization.

12 2 1

29. (a) An Online Survey collected the medical data set. The file includes many fields such as Patient_ID, Sex, Date_of_Birth, age, Height, weight, Bloodtype, Blood_pressure, Heart_rate, Smoker, Non_smoker, No_of_hospital_vist, State, Country_code, Phone_no. Write an R code to implement the age ranges and create the following pie chart visualization.

12 3 2



(OR)

- (b) Consider the medical data set to calculate BMI from the existing patient information such as the patient's weight and height. Write the procedure to calculate BMI and visualise the same

30. (a) Consider the following productSalesPromotionBurn table and write the procedure to draw the data pane, visualize the Promotion type as columns, Measure Values (the monthly promotion burn total) as rows, and Save the workbook.

12 3 3

Promotion type	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Social media	1332	295	70	402	7921	26588	32437	36330	29064	2906	2180	2812
Television	670	557	1179	363	2670	25837	28937	32410	3241	324	243	314
Radio	1159	942	330	535	6290	10376	11621	13016	1302	130	98	126
Print	702	1675	241	508	14820	15919	17829	19969	1997	200	150	193
Internet	2279	415	321	396	12532	2229	2496	2796	280	28	21	27

(OR)

- (b) Consider the following totals table, create a new column as an indicator using Create Calculated Field and display the output. The formula indicates that if the value of the current cell in the Change column is positive (greater than zero) then it's Up from the prior year (otherwise it is Dn from the prior year).

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	Measure Names	Totals	Change					
2	CY Sales	\$1,365,869	27%					
3	PY Sales	\$1,079,037	21%					
4	CY Spend	\$887,683	27%					
5	PY Spend	\$701,270	14%					
6								

31. (a) Explain the procedure to convert Stacked-to-Multiples using D3 with an example.

12 2 5

(OR)

- (b) Discuss the features used in Stacked Area via Nest example for better visualization.

32. (a) Explain how color can impact the overall tone of a visualization with an example.

12 2 6

(OR)

- (b) Describe about spaghetti graph. Discuss the strategies for avoiding the spaghetti graph.

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