Hypothesis Testing

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What is hypothesis testing?

- Data alone isn't enough.
- Interpretation from the data does matters.

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
5	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	Iris-setosa
6	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	Iris-setosa
7	5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
8	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
9	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	Iris-setosa
10	5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
11	4.8	3.4	1.6	0.2	Iris-setosa
12	4.8	3.0	1.4	0.1	Iris-setosa
13	4.3	3.0	1.1	0.1	Iris-setosa
14	5.8	4.0	1.2	0.2	Iris-setosa
15	5.7	4.4	1.5	0.4	Iris-setosa
16	5.4	3.9	1.3	0.4	Iris-setosa
17	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.3	Iris-setosa
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Data Set: Popular Trains in SCR

1	NAME	TYPE	DIVISION	DISTANCE TRAVELLED
	Palnadu	Exp.	Guntur	350KM
	Kakatiya	Pass.	Sec-bad	128KM
	Pinakini	Exp.	Vijayawada	399KM
	Golconda	Exp.	Guntur	458 KM
	LPI – BZA	Exp.	Vijayawada	349KM
	Repalli	Pass.	Guntur	401KM
	Narayanadri	Exp.	Guntakal	676KM
	SC - GNT	Exp.	Sec-bad	458KM
	Cocanada	Exp.	Vijayawada	652 KM
	NDKD - MCL	Pass.	Guntur	35KM

- HYPOTHESIS Investigation from the data
- H0 NULL HYPOTHESIS
 - H1 ALTERNATIVE HYPOTHESIS
 - Mutually Exclusive Events
 - Eg:
- 1) H0: India is going to win 99 medals in upcoming Tokyo Olympics.H1: India is not going to win 99 medals in upcoming Tokyo Olympics.
- 2) H0: Guntur Division has more no. of popular trains.H1: Guntur Division doesn't have more no. of popular trains.

3) H0: Vijayawada is the only division to have all Express trains. H1: Vijayawada is not only division to have all Express trains.

STEPS:

- 1) Initial Assumption.
- 2) Collecting the evidences (population sample).
- 3) Analyzing to reject NULL or not. (based on P value)
- 4) If null is proven to be false, we go for H1.

How to perform

- While analyzing the data/ evidences, we obtain P Value/ Significant value.
- If p<=0.05 (Reject H0)
- Else consider HO

• Methods to perform :

- 1) Chi Square Test
- 2) T Test
- 3) Anova Test



→ Chi Square Test

• If (1 Categorial Features and 1 Continous Features)

→ T Test

• If (Categorial data having more than 3 unique values)

→ Anova Test

• Errors:

- 1) Type -1 Error :
 - If HO was rejected by analysis, but indeed it's only true
- 2) Type-2 Error:
 - If HO is analyzed as True, but indeed it's not true.