

```

# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-

import pandas as pd
import sklearn
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.model_selection import \
    train_test_split
import pydotplus
import collections
import xlswriter
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler

#read dataset-define model-predict on
# test data-graph

class decision_tree():

    def __init__(self):
        self.scaler = MinMaxScaler()

    def dataset_next_day(self,path):
        # data processing for part 1
        df = pd.read_csv(path)
        y = df['NEXTDAYPRECIPFLAG']
        x = df[df.columns[1: -2]]
        X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = \
            train_test_split(
                x, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
        self.scaler.fit(X_train)
        x_train = self.scaler.transform(X_train)
        x_test = self.scaler.transform(X_test)
        return X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test

    def dataset_day_after_tomorrow(self,path):
        # data processing for part 2
        df = pd.read_csv(path)
        df.drop(df.tail(1).index,inplace=True)
        y = df['day_after_tomorrow']
        x = df[df.columns[1: -1]]
        x.drop(['NEXTDAYPRECIPAMT'],
                axis = 1, inplace = True)
        X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = \
            train_test_split(
                x, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
        self.scaler.fit(X_train)
        x_train = self.scaler.transform(X_train)
        x_test = self.scaler.transform(X_test)
        return X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test

    def model_tree(self,depth,crit,
                   X_train, y_train):
        #define decision tree model
        clf = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(
            criterion=crit,max_depth=depth)
        clf = clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
        return clf

    def pred(self,model,X_test):

```

```

#make prediction on test dataset
prediction=model.predict(X_test)
return prediction

def t_p_r(self,y_test,prediction):
    # calcualte true positive rate
    y_t=list(y_test)
    type(y_t)
    count_tp=0
    p=prediction
    for i in range (len(prediction)):
        if y_t[i]==p[i]:
            count_tp+=1
    trp=count_tp/len(p)
    return trp*100

def writegraphtofile(self,classifier,
                    features, classnames,
                    pathname):
    # write tree to image
    dot_data = tree.export_graphviz(
        classifier, out_file=None,
        class_names=classnames,
        feature_names=features,
        filled=True, rounded=True,
        special_characters=True)
    graph = pydotplus.graph_from_dot_data(
        dot_data)
    colors = ('lightblue', 'pink')
    edges = collections.defaultdict(list)
    for edge in graph.get_edge_list():
        edges[edge.get_source()].append(
            int(edge.get_destination()))
    for edge in edges:
        edges[edge].sort()
        for i in range(2):
            dest = graph.get_node(
                str(edges[edge][i]))[0]
            dest.set_fillcolor(
                colors[i])
    graph.write_png(pathname)

# predict precipitation for part 1 and 2

class prediction():
    #prediction class
    def __init__(self) :
        self.t=decision_tree()

    def pred_next_day(self,path,
                    depth,crit,
                    png_path):
        # predicting next day preciptation
        X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test=\
            self.t.dataset_next_day(path)
        model= self.t.model_tree(
            depth,crit,X_train, y_train)
        prediction=self.t.pred(model,X_test)
        tpr=self.t.t_p_r(y_test,prediction)

```

```

features=X_train.columns
self.t.writegraphToFile(model,
                        features,
                        ('F', 'T'),
                        png_path)

return tpr

def pred_day_after_tomorrow(self, path,
                            depth, crit,
                            png_path):

    # predicting for part 2
    X_train, X_test, \
    y_train, y_test=\
        self.dataset_day_after_tomorrow(path)
    model= self.t.model_tree(
        depth, crit, X_train, y_train)
    prediction=self.t.pred(model, X_test)
    tpr=self.t.t_p_r(y_test, prediction)
    features=X_train.columns
    self.t.writegraphToFile(model,
                            features ,
                            ('F', 'T'),
                            png_path)

    return tpr

#fetch and run

class run():
    #last class -> fetch file, display
    # and save results
    def __init__(self):
        self.t=prediction()
    def next_day(self):
        # for next day prediction with
        # criterion entropy
        path='/content/file.csv'
        p="/content/entropy/depth"
        crit='entropy'
        print('*'*10, 'entropy', '*'*10)
        for depth in range(4,20):
            png_path=p+str(depth)+'.png'
            tpr=self.t.pred_next_day(
                path, depth, crit, png_path)
            print('depth of the model=', depth,
                  "and true positive rate=",
                  tpr)

        # for next day prediction
        # with criterion gini
        p="/content/gini/depth"
        crit='gini'
        print('*'*10, 'gini', '*'*10)
        for depth in range(4,20):
            png_path=p+str(depth)+'.png'
            tpr=self.t.pred_next_day(path, depth,
                                     crit,
                                     png_path)
            print('depth of the model=', depth,
                  "and true positive rate=", tpr)

```

```

def day_after_tomorrow(self):
    # for day after tomorrow prediction
    # with criterion entropy
    path='/content/file.csv'
    p="/content/entropy/depth"
    crit='entropy'
    print('***10, 'entropy', '***10)
    for depth in range(4,20):
        png_path=p+str(depth)+'.png'
        tpr=self.t.pred_day_after_tomorrow(path,
                                            depth,
                                            crit,
                                            png_path)

        print('depth of the model=',depth,
              "and true positive rate=",tpr)

    # for day after tomorrow prediction
    # with criterion gini
    p="/content/gini/depth"
    crit='gini'
    print('***10, 'gini', '***10)
    for depth in range(4,20):
        png_path=p+str(depth)+'.png'
        tpr=self.t.pred_day_after_tomorrow(path,
                                            depth,crit,
                                            png_path)

        print('depth of the model=',depth,
              "and true positive rate=",tpr)

df = pd.read_pickle('Cleaned_Dataset.pkl')
df.to_csv('DatasetCleaned.csv')
path='DataCleaned.csv'
t=run()
t.next_day()
t.day_after_tomorrow()

```