BIOS Practice: PCI Device Enumeration 1



PCI device enumeration is mainly performed in two different ways, one is IO, and the other is the pciio protocol in UEFI. Let's first look at the first one.

PCI device enumeration using IO

First, let's write a function to read the PCI configuration space. This is written in assembly and is easy to understand:

```
1 | unsigned long PciRead(unsigned long index)
2
   {
3
       unsigned long pcidata;
                              //use 32bit registers
4
       //asm .386
5
       _asm xor eax, eax
                            //clear eax reg
                           //clear ebx reg
      _asm xor ebx, ebx
6
7
       _asm mov eax, index
                             //mov index address to eax
       _asm mov dx, 0x0CF8 //mov PCI index reg to dx
8
9
      _asm out dx, eax
                             //write index address to index reg
10
      _asm mov dx, 0x0CFC
                            //mov PCI data reg to dx
11
       _asm in eax, dx
                             //read data from data reg
12
       asm mov pcidata.eax //mov data to pcidata
13
       return pcidata;
14 }
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```

With this function, let's move on to the main text:

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```
void main()
1
2
3
      unsigned long i,bus,dev,func,pci_addr,pci_data,VendorID,DeviceID,SSID,SVID,ClassCode;
4
5
      printf("BusNo DevNo FuncNo DevID VenID SSID SVID Describe\n");
6
7
       for(bus=0;bus<256;bus++)
8
9
             for(dev=0;dev<32;dev++)
10
                  for(func=0;func<8;func++)</pre>
11
12
13
                       pci_addr=0x80000000+(bus<<16)+(dev<<11)+(func<<8);
                       pci_data=PciRead(pci_addr);
14
15
16
                       VendorID=pci_data & 0xffff;
17
                       //判断PCI设备是否存在
                        if(VendorID!=0xffff && VendorID!=0){
18
19
20
                        DeviceID=(pci_data>>16)& 0xffff;
21
22
                        index=(index&0xffffff00)+0x2c;
23
                        pci_data=PciRead(index);
24
                        SSID=(pci_data>>16)& 0xffff;
25
                        SVID=pci_data & 0xffff;
26
                        index=(index&0xffffff00)+0x08;
27
28
                        pci_data=PciRead(index);
29
                        ClassCode=(pci_data>>24) & 0xffff;
30
31
                }
32
33
34 }
```

Of course, the program logic is written, but the whole is not yet complete. What is this Classcode? It is the function category number. Let's take a look at the UEFL code:

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```
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```

Ok, then we create an array ourselves to correspond to the categories:

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```
1 char *Describe[20]={ "Function built before class codes were defined",
2
                            "Mass storage controller.",
3
                            "Network controller."
                            "Display controller.",
5
                            "Multimedia device.",
6
                            "Memory controller.",
                            "Bridge device.",
7
8
                            "Simple communications controllers.",
9
                            "Base system peripherals.",
10
                            "Input devices.",
                            "Docking stations.",
11
12
                            "Processors.",
13
                            "Serial bus controllers.".
14
                            "Wireless controllers."
15
                            "Intelligent IO controllers.",
16
                            "Satellite communications controllers.",
17
                            "Encryption/Decryption controllers.",
18
                            "Data acquisition and signal processing controllers.",
19
                            "Reserved.",
20
                            "Device does not exist.",
21
                                                              收起 へ
```

Now that we have everything, let's start working on the complete code.

```
#include<stdio.h>
1
2
   #include<conio.h>
3
4
   unsigned long PciRead(unsigned long index);
   unsigned long PciRead(unsigned long index)
6
7
8
       unsigned long pcidata;
9
       //asm .386
                              //use 32bit registers
10
       _asm xor eax, eax
                             //clear eax reg
11
       _asm xor ebx, ebx
                             //clear ebx reg
       _asm mov eax, index
                             //mov index address to eax
12
13
       _asm mov dx, 0x0CF8
                             //mov PCI index reg to dx
14
       _asm out dx, eax
                              //write index address to index req
15
       _asm mov dx, 0x0CFC //mov PCI data reg to dx
16
                              //read data from data req
       _asm in eax, dx
17
       _asm mov pcidata,eax
                             //mov data to pcidata
18
       return pcidata;
19 }
20
21
    char *Describe[20]={
                          "Function built before class codes were defined",
22
                           "Mass storage controller.",
23
                           "Network controller.",
24
                            "Display controller.",
25
                           "Multimedia device."
26
                           "Memory controller.",
27
                           "Bridge device.",
28
                           "Simple communications controllers.",
29
                           "Base system peripherals.",
30
                           "Input devices.",
31
                           "Docking stations.",
32
                            "Processors.",
33
                           "Serial bus controllers.",
                           "Wireless controllers.",
34
```

```
"Intelligent IO controllers.",36
35
                         "Satellite communications controllers.",37
                         "Encryption/Decryption controllers.",38
                          "Data acquisition and signal processing controllers.",39
                                                                                                               "Reserved.",
40
                            "Device does not exist.",
41
42
43
   void main()
44
45
      char *p;
      unsigned \ long \ i, bus, dev, func, pci\_addr, pci\_data, VendorID, DeviceID, SSID, SVID, ClassCode; \\
46
47
      printf("BusNo DevNo FuncNo DevID VenID SSID SVID Describe\n");
48
49
       for(bus=0;bus<256;bus++)
50
51
             for(dev=0; dev<32; dev++)
52
53
                  for(func=0;func<8;func++)</pre>
54
                    {
                       pci_addr=0x80000000+(bus<<16)+(dev<<11)+(func<<8);
55
                       pci_data=PciRead(pci_addr);
56
57
58
                       VendorID=pci_data & 0xffff;
                       //判断PCI设备是否存在
59
60
                        if(VendorID!=0xffff && VendorID!=0){
61
62
                        DeviceID=(pci_data>>16)& 0xffff;
63
64
                        index=(index&0xffffff00)+0x2c;
65
                        pci data=PciRead(index);
66
                        SSID=(pci_data>>16)& 0xffff;
67
                        SVID=pci_data & 0xffff;
68
69
                        index=(index&0xffffff00)+0x08;
70
                        pci_data=PciRead(index);
71
                        ClassCode=(pci data>>24) & 0xffff;
72
73
                        p=Describe[ClassCode];
                        printf(" %02x %02x %02x %04x %04x %04x %04x %s\n",bus,dev,func,DeviceID,VendorID,SSID,SVID,p);
74
75
76
                       }
77
                }
78
79
80
81
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```

Note: The code is just a general summary of the logic. The specific implementation depends on each platform (I don't know if the assembly can be read...)

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