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Roll No.: SYCOC303 Course Name: Project Based Learning - II

Div: C Batch: C4 Course Code: BCE4409

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## **Problem Statement:**

1. Write a update, delete trigger on clientmstr table. The System should keep track of the records that ARE BEING updated or deleted. The old value of updated or deleted records should be added in audit\_trade table. (separate implementation using both row and statement triggers)

## 1.1) Row-Level Trigger:

```
SQL> --Row Trigger
SQL> create or replace trigger trig_ex after update or delete on clientmstr
 2 for each row
 3 DECLARE
 4 op varchar2(10);
 5 BEGIN
 6 if updating then
 7 op:='update';
 8 insert into audit_trade values(:old.id,:old.name,:old.phone_no,op);
 9 end if;
10 if deleting then
11 op:='delete';
12 insert into audit_trade values(:old.id,:old.name,:old.phone_no,op);
13 end if;
14 END;
15 /
Trigger created.
SQL>
```

```
SQL> update clientmstr set name='MNO' where id=104;
1 row updated.
SQL> select *from audit_trade;
       ID NAME
                     PHONE_NO OPERATION
      104 JKL
                     5656565656 update
SQL> delete from clientmstr where id=104;
1 row deleted.
SQL> select *from audit_trade;
                 PHONE_NO OPERATION
       ID NAME
      104 JKL
                   5656565656 update
      104 MNO
                   5656565656 delete
SQL>
```

## 1.2) Statement-Level Trigger:

```
SQL> select *from audit_trade;
no rows selected
SQL>
```

```
SQL> create or replace trigger trig_ex2 after update or delete on clientmstr
2    DECLARE
3    op varchar2(10);
4    BEGIN
5    if updating then
6    op:='update';
7    end if;
8    if deleting then
9    op:='delete';
10    end if;
11    insert into audit_trade values (", op);
12    END;
13 /
```

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- 2. Write a before trigger for Insert, update event considering following requirement: Emp(e no, e name, salary)
- I) Trigger action should be initiated when salary is tried to be inserted is less than Rs. 50,000/-
- II) Trigger action should be initiated when salary is tried to be updated for value less than Rs.50,000/-

Action should be rejection of update or Insert operation by displaying appropriate error message.

Also the new values expected to be inserted will be stored in new table Tracking(e\_no, salary).

```
SQL> create table EMP2
 2 (
 3 e_no number,
 4 salary number
   );
Table created.
SQL> create table Tracking
 3 e_no number,
 4 salary number
 5);
Table created.
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trig_ex3
 2 BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON EMP2
 3 FOR EACH ROW
 4 DECLARE
 5
       v_salary NUMBER;
 6 BEGIN
 7
         -- Check if the new salary is less than Rs. 50,000/-
 8
        IF :NEW.salary < 50000 THEN
 9
            -- Display error message and reject the operation
      INSERT INTO Tracking (e_no, salary) VALUES (:NEW.e_no, :NEW.salary);
10
            RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Salary cannot be less than Rs. 50,000/-');
12
        END IF;
13 END;
14
   _/
Trigger created.
```

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## 3. Write a Database trigger for following requirements:

Employee salary of last three month is stored in the emp\_sal table. emp\_sal(emp\_no, sal1,sal2,sal3)

Before inserting salary into emp\_sal table, if salary of employee in any of the last three month is greater than Rs. 50,000/- then entry of average salary along with emp\_no needs to be inserted into new table emp\_new(emp\_no, avg\_sal)

```
SQL> create table emp_sal
 2 (
 3 emp_no number,
 4 sal1 number,
 5 sal2 number,
 6 sal3 number
Table created.
SQL> create table emp new
 3 emp_no number,
 4 avg_sal number
 5 );
Table created.
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trig_ex4
 2 BEFORE INSERT ON emp_sal
 3 FOR EACH ROW
 4 DECLARE
        v avg sal NUMBER;
 7
        v_avg_sal := (:NEW.sal1 + :NEW.sal2 + :NEW.sal3) / 3;
        IF :NEW.sal1 > 50000 OR :NEW.sal2 > 50000 OR :NEW.sal3 > 50000 THEN
            INSERT INTO emp_new (emp_no, avg_sal) VALUES (:NEW.emp_no, v_avg_sal);
10
11 END;
12 /
Trigger created.
SQL>
```

```
Trigger created.

SQL> insert into emp_sal values(101,50012,32000,65000);

1 row created.

SQL> select *from emp_sal;

EMP_NO SAL1 SAL2 SAL3

101 50012 32000 65000

SQL> select *from emp_new;

EMP_NO AVG_SAL

101 49004

SQL>
```

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