

Name: Vinayak Madan Shete

Roll No.: TYCOC303

Div: C Batch: C4

Course Name: Design and Analysis of Algorithms Laboratory

Course Code: BCE5412

=====

Assignment 06: Implementing Job Assignment Problem.

=====

Input:

```
// Program to solve Job Assignment problem
// using Branch and Bound
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define N 4

// state space tree node
struct Node
{
    // stores parent node of current node
    // helps in tracing path when answer is found
    Node* parent;

    // contains cost for ancestors nodes
    // including current node
    int pathCost;

    // contains least promising cost
    int cost;
```

```

    // contain worker number
    int workerID;

    // contains Job ID
    int jobID;

    // Boolean array assigned will contains
    // info about available jobs
    bool assigned[N];
};

// Function to allocate a new search tree node
// Here Person x is assigned to job y
Node* newNode(int x, int y, bool assigned[],
              Node* parent)
{
    Node* node = new Node;

    for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
        node->assigned[j] = assigned[j];
    node->assigned[y] = true;

    node->parent = parent;
    node->workerID = x;
    node->jobID = y;

    return node;
}

// Function to calculate the least promising cost
// of node after worker x is assigned to job y.
int calculateCost(int costMatrix[N][N], int x,

```

```
        int y, bool assigned[])  
{  
    int cost = 0;  
  
    // to store unavailable jobs  
    bool available[N] = {true};  
    // start from next worker  
    for (int i = x + 1; i < N; i++)  
    {  
        int min = INT_MAX, minIndex = -1;  
  
        // do for each job  
        for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)  
        {  
            // if job is unassigned  
            if (!assigned[j] && available[j] &&  
                costMatrix[i][j] < min)  
            {  
                // store job number  
                minIndex = j;  
  
                // store cost  
                min = costMatrix[i][j];  
            }  
        }  
        // add cost of next worker  
        cost += min;  
  
        // job becomes unavailable  
        available[minIndex] = false;  
    }  
}
```

```

        return cost;
    }
    // Comparison object to be used to order the heap
    struct comp
    {
        bool operator()(const Node* lhs,
                        const Node* rhs) const
        {
            return lhs->cost > rhs->cost;
        }
    };
    // print Assignments
    void printAssignments(Node *min)
    {
        if(min->parent==NULL)
            return;
        printAssignments(min->parent);
        cout << "Assign Worker " << char(min->workerID + 'A')
              << " to Job " << min->jobID << endl;
    }
    // Finds minimum cost using Branch and Bound.
    int findMinCost(int costMatrix[N][N])
    {
        // Create a priority queue to store live nodes of
        // search tree;
        priority_queue<Node*, std::vector<Node*>, comp> pq;

        // initialize heap to dummy node with cost 0
        bool assigned[N] = {false};
        Node* root = newNode(-1, -1, assigned, NULL);
        root->pathCost = root->cost = 0;
    }

```

```

root->workerID = -1;
// Add dummy node to list of live nodes;
pq.push(root);
// Finds a live node with least cost,
// add its childrens to list of live nodes and
// finally deletes it from the list.
while (!pq.empty())
{
    // Find a live node with least estimated cost
    Node* min = pq.top();
    // The found node is deleted from the list of
    // live nodes
    pq.pop();
    // i stores next worker
    int i = min->workerID + 1;
    // if all workers are assigned a job
    if (i == N)
    {
        printAssignments(min);
        return min->cost;
    }
    // do for each job
    for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
    {
        // If unassigned
        if (!min->assigned[j])
        {
            // create a new tree node
            Node* child = newNode(i, j, min->assigned, min);
            // cost for ancestors nodes including current node
            child->pathCost = min->pathCost + costMatrix[i][j];

```

```

        // calculate its lower bound
        child->cost = child->pathCost +
            calculateCost(costMatrix, i, j, child->assigned);
        // Add child to list of live nodes;
        pq.push(child);
    }
}
}

// Driver code
int main()
{
    // x-coordinate represents a worker
    // y-coordinate represents a job
    int costMatrix[N][N] =
    {
        {9, 2, 7, 8},
        {6, 4, 3, 7},
        {5, 8, 1, 8},
        {7, 6, 9, 4}
    };
    /* int costMatrix[N][N] =
    {
        {82, 83, 69, 92},
        {77, 37, 49, 92},
        {11, 69, 5, 86},
        { 8, 9, 98, 23}
    };
    */
    /* int costMatrix[N][N] =
    {

```

```

        {2500, 4000, 3500},
        {4000, 6000, 3500},
        {2000, 4000, 2500}
    };*/

    /*int costMatrix[N][N] =
    {
        {90, 75, 75, 80},
        {30, 85, 55, 65},
        {125, 95, 90, 105},
        {45, 110, 95, 115}
    };*/

    cout << "\nOptimal Cost is "
          << findMinCost(costMatrix);

    return 0;
}

```

Output:

```

Assign Worker A to Job 1
Assign Worker B to Job 0
Assign Worker C to Job 2
Assign Worker D to Job 3
13

```

=====