Instructions

- 1. All electronic devices are to be turned off and put away.
- 2. This is a 50-minute closed-book quiz.
- 3. Answer the questions in the spaces provided.
- 4. Final answers to written questions should be rounded to THREE DECIMAL PLACES or left in fraction form unless otherwise specified
- 5. Only question pages will be marked.
- 6. You may tear off the last two pages and use them for rough work. All pages will be collected at the end of the quiz.
- 7. Only a non-programmable, non-graphical calculator with a pink-tie or blue-goggle sticker will be allowed. No other aids are allowed.
- 8. A reference sheet has been included with this quiz, and can be found at the end of the quiz. You may CAREFULLY detach the rough work pages and reference sheet if you like.

Marking Scheme:

Questions	Out of
1 - 9	9
10	8
11	9
Total	26

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS COVER PAGE.

Part 1: Multiple Choice - Each question is worth 1 mark

Please CLEARLY CIRCLE your answer selection on this page. Do NOT simply write your choice next to the question. If you do, the question will not be graded. Each question has one correct answer. Choose the best answer.

1. Let X and Y be discrete random variables with a joint probability function given by:

$$f(x, y) = \frac{x+y}{k}$$
, for x = 0, 1, 2; y = 5, 6; 0, otherwise

What is the value of k that makes this a valid joint pf?

A) 28

B) 40

C) 35

D) 39

2. You are given the following joint probability function, f(x, y), for the random variables X and Y in the table below:

у

X

f(x,y)	1	2	3
0	0.1	0.2	0.1
2	0.1	0.1	0.1
4	0.2	0	0.1

What is P(X < Y)?

A) 0.3

B) 0.4

C) 0.5

D) 0.6

3. You are given the following joint probability function, f(x, y), for the random variables X and Y in the table below:

у

f(x,y)	1	2	3	
1	0	0	0.2	
2	0.1	0.2	0.1	
3	0.2	0.1	0.1	

What is $f_X(2)$?

A) 0.2

B) 0.3

C) 0.4

D) 0.5

4. You are given the following joint probability function, f(x, y), for the random variables X and Y in the table below:

у

f(x,y)	1	2	3
1	0.1	0.2	0.1
2	0.2	0	0.1
3	0.2	0	0.1

Calculate P(X = 2 | Y = 1).

A) 1/2

X

- B) 2/3
- C) 1/3
- D) 2/5

5. Suppose that a box contains 6 red, 2 green, and 4 white balls. Two balls are randomly selected without replacement. Let X represent the number of red balls selected, and let Y represent the number of green balls selected. What is P(X = 1, Y = 1).

- A) 2/11
- B) 1/6
- C) 1/12
- D) 1/11

6. Suppose that two fair dice are rolled at once. Let X represent the sum on the two dice. Let Y represent the number of prime numbers rolled on the two dice. The joint probability function for X and Y is denoted by f(x, y). Determine f(7,2).

- A) 1/36
- B)

1/6

- C) 1/3
- D) 1/18

7. A message sent by a transmitter has probability equal to 0.95 of successful transmission on any attempt. Assume that transmission attempts are independent, and that a message will be repeatedly sent until transmission is successful.

Suppose that 18 messages have been successfully transmitted. Which of the following represents the probability that, of the 18 messages, 10 were transmitted successfully on the first attempt, 5 required two attempts, and 3 required 3 or more attempts?

A)
$$\frac{18!}{10!5!3!}(0.95)^{10}(0.0475)^5(0.0025)^3$$

B)
$$\frac{18!}{10!5!3!} \left(\frac{5}{9}\right)^{10} \left(\frac{5}{18}\right)^5 \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^3$$

C)
$$\frac{10!5!3!}{18!} \left(\frac{5}{9}\right)^{10} \left(\frac{5}{18}\right)^5 \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^3$$

D)
$$\frac{10!5!3!}{18!}(0.95)^{10}(0.0475)^5(0.0025)^3$$

8. Eleven voters are selected randomly from a very large population consisting of 55% Tories, 15% Whigs, and 30% Liberal-Democrats. Let X represent the number of Tories selected in the sample. Let Y represent the number of Whigs selected in the sample. What is Var(11 - X - Y)? **Hint:** Let Z = 11 - X - Y.

9. A group of 50 people from a large city were selected randomly and asked about their smoking habits. They were classified as: *regular smoker*, *ex-smoker*, or someone who *never smoked*. The counts are given in the table below:

Smoker Type	Regular Smoker	Ex-Smoker	Never Smoked
Count	5	25	20

You can assume that one person's smoking type is independent of another. Suppose that 7 people are selected randomly (without replacement). We will now define our random variables. Let X_1 represent the number of regular smokers. Let X_2 represent the number of ex-smokers, and let X_3 represent the number of those who never smoked in the sample.

What is $P(X_1 = 1, X_2 = 4, X_3 = 2)$?

Part 2: Written Answer / Short Answer Questions

Final answers can be left in fraction form OR rounded to THREE DECIMAL PLACES.

For full credit, you need to show all necessary work. Unjustified answers will not receive full credit.

10. Suppose that the discrete random variables X and Y have joint probability function f(x,y) given in the following table, where k is a positive constant. (8 marks)

у

X

f(x,y)	0	1	2	3
1	0.2	0.15	k	0.3
2	0.05	0.1	0	0.05

a. What is the value of k so that f(x, y) is a valid joint probability function? (2 marks)

b. Compute P(X > Y). *(2 marks)*

c. Determine the conditional probability function of X given that Y = 1. Please organize your results in table form. (2 marks)

d. Let D = Y/X. Determine the probability function of D. Please organize your results in table form. (2 marks)

- **11.** Suppose three fair coins are tossed and the total number of heads obtained is recorded. This experiment is repeated ten times independently. *(9 marks)*
 - **a.** The results of the experiment have been organized in the frequency table below:

Number of heads	0	1	2	3	Total
Frequency observed	1	3	4	2	10

What is the probability of observing the results in the table (to 3 d.p.)? Please clearly define the random variables. When answering this question, please ensure that you clearly define the probability function that will be used to answer this question, along with all associated parameter values, and the range of the random variables, along with any constraints / restrictions. *(5 marks)*

b. Let Y represent the number of times you observed 1 or 3 heads. Clearly state the distribution of Y, with all necessary parameters, and determine the probability function of Y, including the range of values of Y. *(2 marks)*

c. What is Var(Y)? (2 marks)

Summary of Discrete Distributions

Notation and Parameters	Probability Function $f(x)$	Mean E(X)	Variance $Var(X)$
Discrete Uniform (a, b) $b \ge a$ a, b integers	$ \frac{1}{b-a+1} $ $ x = a, a+1,, b $	<u>a+b</u> 2	$\frac{(b-a+1)^2-1}{12}$
Hypergeometric(N, r, n) $N = 1, 2,$ $n = 0, 1,, N$ $r = 0, 1,, N$	$\frac{\binom{r}{x}\binom{N-r}{n-x}}{\binom{N}{n}}$ $x = \max(0, n - N + r),$, $\min(r, n)$	$\frac{nr}{N}$	$\frac{nr}{N}\Big(1-\frac{r}{N}\Big)\frac{N-n}{N-1}$
Binomial (n, p) $0 \le p \le 1, q = 1 - p$ n = 1, 2,	$\binom{n}{x} p^x q^{n-x}$ $x = 0, 1, \dots, n$	np	npq
Bernoulli(p) $0 \le p \le 1, q = 1 - p$	$p^x q^{1-x}$ $x = 0,1$	p	pq
Negative Binomial (k,p) 0 $k = 1,2,$	${x+k-1 \choose x} p^k q^x$ $= {-k \choose x} p^k (-q)^x$ $x = 0,1, \dots$	kq p	$\frac{kq}{p^2}$
Geometric(p) 0	pq^{x} $x = 0,1,$	$\frac{q}{p}$	$\frac{q}{p^2}$
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Poisson}(\lambda) \\ \lambda \geq 0 \end{array}$	$\frac{e^{-\lambda}\lambda^x}{x!}$ $x = 0,1, \dots$	λ	λ
$\begin{aligned} & \text{Multinomial}(n; p_1, p_2,, p_k) \\ & 0 \leq p_i \leq 1 \\ & i = 1, 2,, k \\ & \text{and } \sum_{i=1}^k p_i = 1 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{split} f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_k) &= \\ \frac{n!}{x_1! x_2! \dots x_k!} p_1^{x_1} p_2^{x_2} \dots p_k^{x_k} \\ x_i &= 0, 1, \dots, n \\ i &= 1, 2, \dots, k \\ \text{and } \sum_{i=1}^n x_i = n \end{split}$	$E(X_i) = np_i$ $i = 1,, k$	$Var(X_i) = np_i(1 - p_i)$ $i = 1, 2,, k$

Summary of Continuous Distributions

Notation and Parameters	Probability Density Function $f(x)$	Mean E(X)	Variance Var(X)
Uniform (a, b) $b > a$	$\frac{1}{b-a}$ $a \le x \le b$	$\frac{a+b}{2}$	$\frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$
Exponential(θ) $\theta > 0$	$\frac{1}{\theta}e^{-x/\theta}$ $x \ge 0$	θ	θ^2
$N(\mu, \sigma^{2}) = G(\mu, \sigma)$ $\mu \in \mathbb{R}, \sigma > 0$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma}e^{-(x-\mu)^2/(2\sigma^2)}$ $x \in \mathbb{R}$	μ	σ^2

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